



Maricopa Association of Governments

Pedestrian Plan 2000

Final Report



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Maricopa Association of Governments
Pedestrian Plan 2000

Final Report

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Maricopa Association of Governments

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Final Report

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of the findings and recommendations of the study conducted by the Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) in 1999.

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Executive Summary

The purpose of this plan is to provide a comprehensive overview of the current pedestrian environment in Maricopa County and to identify key areas for improvement. This document serves as a guide for local governments and transportation planners to create safer, more accessible walking environments for all residents.

The plan is organized into several sections, including an introduction, a description of the current pedestrian environment, a list of goals and objectives, and a series of recommendations for implementation. The recommendations are categorized into short-term, medium-term, and long-term actions, providing a clear roadmap for future development.

Key findings from the current environment assessment include the need for improved sidewalk infrastructure, enhanced crosswalk safety, and the promotion of active transportation modes like walking and cycling. The plan emphasizes the importance of community involvement and collaboration between local governments, transportation agencies, and citizens to achieve these goals.

By implementing the strategies outlined in this plan, Maricopa County can create a more vibrant and walkable community, where everyone can safely and comfortably reach their destinations on foot.





ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This Plan was prepared under the direction of the Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG), with the assistance of its Pedestrian Working Group, a volunteer advisory committee representing member agencies. Additional public input came through the continual involvement of a public stakeholders group.

MAG Pedestrian Working Group

The MAG Pedestrian Working Group consists of representatives of MAG member agencies, the development, architecture and landscape architecture communities. The Working Group will annually review and update the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* and develop activities to educate the region about the benefits of walking.

Chairman, Michael Branham, Surprise

Bruce Meyers, Arizona Department of Administration

Michael Eagan, American Society of Landscape Architects

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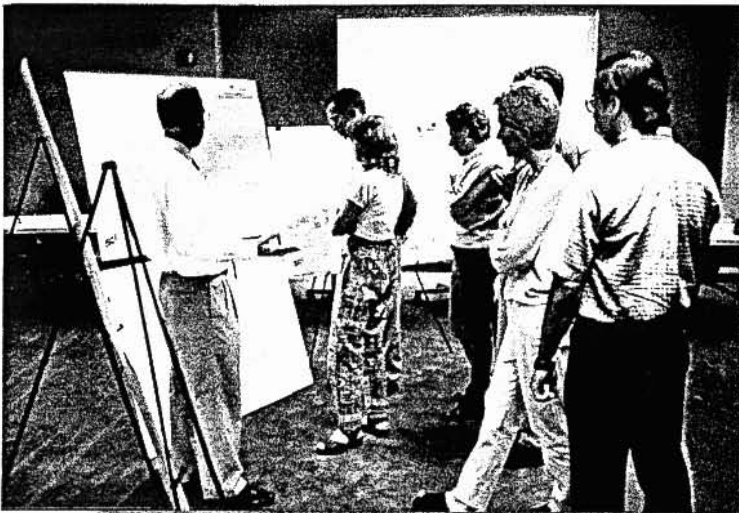
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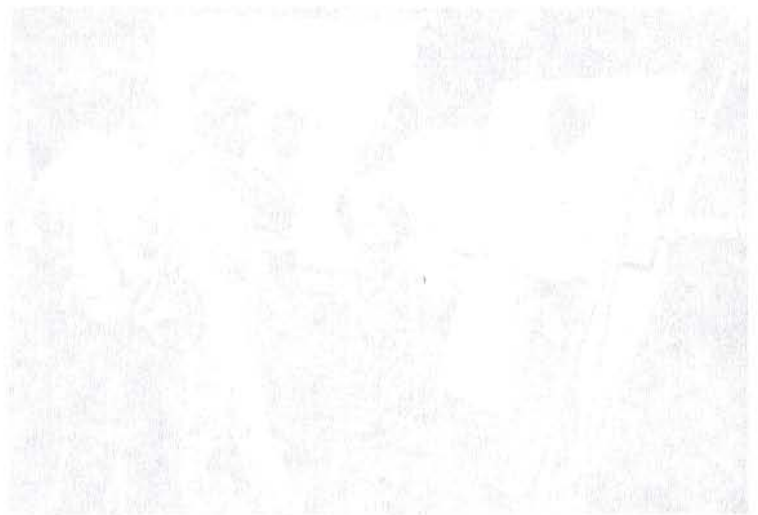


We also wish to thank the Stakeholder Group for providing their time and valuable comments on the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* as part of the public involvement process.



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DEFINITION OF TERMS

- ADA – the federal Americans with Disabilities Act
- Barriers – vertical screening placed in buffers, commonly trees and shrubs, concrete (jersey) barriers, etc.
- Buffer – the distance between the edge of the pavement and the edge of a sidewalk, commonly used for landscaping
- Districts – potential pedestrian activity level areas; districts are stratified into four levels representing the four general classifications of pedestrian intensity areas outlined in the 1995 *MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*.
- *Latent Demand Model* – a travel demand model that estimates the level of potential pedestrian activity that could occur along a roadway corridor if conditions throughout the transportation network were ideal for walking
- Linked Trips – trips that either start or finish with walking, but also have a non-walking component to the trip (i.e., bicycle, car, or transit)
- MAG – the Maricopa Association of Governments
- Non-linked Trips – trips that occur entirely by walking
- *Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* – adopted by MAG in 1995 to help identify general pedestrian principles and recommendations as well as pedestrian area types and associated design guidelines
- Pedestrian Design Assistance Program – a MAG sponsored competitive funding program initiated in 1996 which implements MAG's *Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*
- Pedestrian Level of Service – the "grade" calculated by the *RPC Model* ("A" is the best, "F" is the worst); the Level of Service Category reflects the quality of the walking environment, from a pedestrian's perception of safety or comfort.
- Stakeholders Group – a volunteer group assisting the MAG Pedestrian Working Group in developing the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000*





- Pedestrian Working Group – principle group working on the *Pedestrian Plan 2000*, comprised of staff from member jurisdictions representing planning, transportation, transit, engineering, landscape architecture, bicycle and trail planning
- *Roadside Pedestrian Conditions (RPC) Model* – a statistically calibrated pedestrian model that measures the perceived safety or comfort of pedestrians walking alongside the roadway
- TAZ – Traffic Analysis Zone; a geometric area used in aggregating socio-economic data used in travel demand modeling.
- TEA-21 – the *Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century*, federal transportation and planning legislation
- TIP – Transportation Improvement Plan; a five-year plan for transportation improvements compiled from MAG's member agencies transportation needs
- Trip Generators and Attractors – trip origins (e.g., residences) and destinations (e.g., business, schools, parks, trailheads, etc.) respectively.
- Unadjusted Lateral Separation – the minimum distance, between the centerline of the right-most motor vehicle travel way and the centerline of a sidewalk, required to achieve a particular Pedestrian Level of Service





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INTRODUCTION

The Phoenix metropolitan area is one of the largest in the United States with a population of nearly 3 million distributed over approximately 1000 square miles. Due to the low density, land use uniformity, and geographic extents of the metropolitan area, the motor vehicle is the predominant mode of transportation in the Valley. Traffic congestion is a daily feature of the major roadways and its impacts

to the metropolitan community are extensive. As the metropolitan area continues to expand and traffic congestion increases, Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) and its member agencies are seeking ways to better serve the mobility needs of the Region's population, industry, and visitors. A greater focus on multi-modal solutions is occurring with numerous initiatives underway to better use the existing transportation infrastructure.



Pedestrian improvements abound in many areas within the Region

Simultaneously, the Region's tremendous growth has given the metropolitan community a greater appreciation for the way pedestrian facilities help create a sense of community while broadening the transportation choices of the Region's residents and visitors. As a result, there are now a number of

high-quality pedestrian facilities in a variety of settings. The Maricopa Region has a topography that is conducive to walking and for a significant part of the year, walking is pleasant. However, to a large extent the existing transportation system provides minimal accommodation. While the vast majority of roadways with significant traffic have sidewalks, many sidewalks are located immediately adjacent to motor vehicle travel lanes carrying significant volumes of high speed traffic resulting in uninviting walking conditions.

MAG is a leader in promoting improvement in the Valley's streetside environments to better accommodate pedestrian travel. Past pedestrian planning efforts conducted by MAG and its member agencies have led to a variety of pedestrian-oriented policies, programs, and roadway improvements. Prominent among these are the *1993 Pedestrian Plan*, the creation of the MAG Pedestrian Working Group, a region-wide household travel survey, the publication of the *1995 Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*, the "Walking and Bicycling Into the 21st Century" Conference Series, and the Pedestrian Design Assistance Program. Evidence is plentiful throughout the Region of the increasing trend of planning and building more pedestrian-accommodating roadways.



Plan Purpose

In 1998, the MAG Regional Council adopted a work program that specifically directed the production of an update to the *1993 Pedestrian Plan*. This update, identified as the *Pedestrian Plan 2000*, outlines programs and actions to promote better pedestrian accommodation throughout the Region's transportation system. It incorporates a unique approach: it provides flexible design tools, specifically roadside Performance Guidelines, to assist MAG member agencies in creating better walking environments within the existing or new roadway network. Following the *Plan Goals and Objectives* section these new planning & design tools are outlined.

PLAN GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Goals and objectives are an integral part of any plan because they provide direction and focus to an overall vision. For the *Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) Pedestrian Plan 2000*, they are the result of community input and translation of this input into tasks that address where MAG can take specific actions, or support and encourage actions on the part of their member jurisdictions and agencies. Whether through action or support, the MAG Plan can play an integral part in increasing and enhancing the pedestrian experience in the MAG Region.

Definitions

Goal: A "Goal" is a long-term end toward which programs or activities are ultimately directed. It broadly addresses a desired outcome that supports the Plan Purpose.

Objective: An "Objective" is a specific, measurable, intermediate end that is achievable and allows measurement of progress towards a goal.

Plan Purpose

The purpose of the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* is to identify and recommend programs and actions that guide and encourage the development of pedestrian areas and facilities and ultimately increase walking as a viable mode of transportation throughout the Region. The Pedestrian Working Group developed five broad goal categories as follows:

Land Use

Goal I Promote and guide land use that is conducive to pedestrians and results in a mode shift away from automobiles and towards pedestrians.





Objective 1.1. Provide and maintain a safe, convenient and enjoyable walking environment that responds to the varied needs of a diverse walking population.

Objective 1.2. Incorporate the *MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* into policies, street and development standards to provide safe, convenient and enjoyable walking.

Objective 1.3. Promote and foster coordination between jurisdictions in the planning and implementation of bicycle, trails, transit, pedestrian and other alternative transportation modes.

Public Awareness

Goal II Develop a variety of educational programs to promote the benefits of pedestrian-oriented design. Initiate demonstration projects to illustrate these benefits using potential pedestrian demand and pedestrian design techniques.

Objective 2.1. Construct facilities that demonstrate successful pedestrian design.

Objective 2.2. Conduct public education and involvement campaigns to assist and encourage people to walk.

Objective 2.3. Promote workplace walking incentive programs.

Objective 2.4. Distribute the *MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* to a broader audience.

Objective 2.5. Improve motorists' understanding of the need to share the roadway with non-motorized travelers, especially at intersections and crosswalks.

Objective 2.6. Implement pedestrian safety education programs to improve observance of traffic laws, and to promote safety for pedestrians of all ages.

Objective 2.7. Distribute the *Pedestrian Plan 2000* to a broad audience.



Incorporating pedestrian facilities into new development is an objective for the Region.

Funding

Goal III Provide funding for pedestrian facility development that results in walking as a key form of transportation in the region.

Objective 3.1. Provide dedicated and on-going pedestrian funding sources to ensure the construction of pedestrian areas and facilities.



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Objective 3.2. Identify and encourage funding to fully integrate pedestrian projects and programs in all transportation and development projects.

Objective 3.3. Provide a staff position at the local level to oversee pedestrian programs and facilities to maximize pedestrian potential in all planning and development projects.

Objective 3.4. Evaluate proposed pedestrian projects using the objective criteria developed in this Plan (e.g. the *Latent Demand* and the *Roadside Pedestrian Conditions Models*) to help gauge how the projects will meet potential pedestrian travel demand and to what extent the proposed projects will improve walking conditions.

Objective 3.5. Promote the benefits of pedestrian projects and remove barriers to their acceptance through the funding of demonstration projects.

Objective 3.6. Publicize and market successful existing pedestrian areas and projects in order to support increased funding.

Design for People

Goal IV Develop, build and maintain a diversity of pedestrian facilities that recognize the region's character, variety and intensity of land use patterns, and is responsive to the region's diverse population.

Objective 4.1. Build new pedestrian facilities that accommodate the needs of all types of pedestrians in new developments and retrofit existing areas to accommodate pedestrians.

Linkage

Goal V Provide a regional pedestrian network that identifies and safely links on- and off-street transportation modes with pedestrian areas and destinations.

Objective 5.1. Integrate appropriate pedestrian facilities into all levels of planning, design, construction and maintenance activities relative to transportation as defined by design performance guidelines in the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000*.

Objective 5.2. Link primarily transportation related pedestrian facilities to other pedestrian support facilities, such as urban trails, bicycle facilities, pathways, etc.

Objective 5.3. Include pedestrian needs in regional and local trail and bicycle plans.

Objective 5.4. Use pedestrian linkages to transit to maximize connec-



tions between origins and destinations.

Objective 5.5. Include a pedestrian element in all local General Plans.

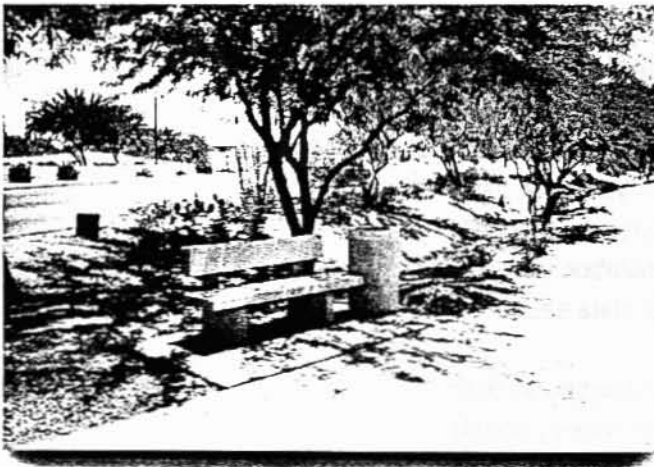
THE ROADWAY DESIGN PERFORMANCE GUIDELINES

One of the major regional initiatives reflected throughout the goals and objectives of the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* is to establish performance guidelines for pedestrian facilities within road right-of-ways. Establishing regionwide performance guidelines, as opposed to rigid roadway cross-sections, gives design flexibility to MAG's member agencies. Providing this flexibility within performance guidelines, as opposed to prescriptive cross-sectional standards, will ensure that roadways will meet the needs of other travel modes while simultaneously encouraging pedestrian travel

throughout the MAG Region. The Maricopa Association of Governments recognizes that its constituent members have unique goals, challenges, and constraints with respect to their transportation networks and right-of-ways. Accordingly, roadway performance guidelines are the best way to achieve these regional goals.



Cross-sectional design flexibility is a central approach in the MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000.



There are two major steps to creating these performance guidelines. First, geographic areas, as defined by roadway corridors, within the MAG Region are classified, or mapped, into the differing categories of potential pedestrian activity they represent. This classification is necessary to establish the appropriate performance guidelines for roadways serving differing levels of potential pedestrian activity in the Valley. For example, higher performing pedestrian facilities should be provided in areas where many people could be induced to use sidewalks and other pedestrian facilities. In areas where there would be relatively few travelers inclined to use walking to get to their destination(s), the guidelines for pedestrian facility performance should not be as high. By considering potential pedestrian usage, MAG member agencies will be better able to balance the cost of improvements with the benefits generated.



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The second step in the process is to establish appropriate roadside design performance guidelines for the categories of pedestrian trip activity. These performance guidelines establish the lateral separation between the roadway travel lanes and the roadside sidewalk area based upon factors such as traffic volume, speed, and vehicle mix as well as geometric cross-sectional features of the roadway. These performance guidelines are outlined below following an overview of the first step in the process.

Potential Pedestrian Trip Activity: The Latent Demand Model

The geographic identification, mapping, and classification of potential pedestrian trip activity areas in the Region was accomplished using a travel demand modeling analysis called the *Latent Demand Model*. It applies a travel demand theory similar to that used in motor vehicle and transit travel forecasting, but with adjustments based on specific travel characteristics of the pedestrian. The *Latent Demand Model* uses much of the same socio-economic data as is used in MAG's transportation forecasting model.

The *Model* estimates potential pedestrian activity in the corridor area of individual roadway network segments, based upon the frequency and proximity of adjacent trip attractors and generators. The *Model* assumes that there are no inhibitions to pedestrian travel other than distance - it reflects the travel market *potential* of every study network corridor area with no constraints due to current walking conditions.

Approximately 1000 miles of major roadways in the MAG Region were selected to provide a regional coverage. Two planning horizons were analyzed: existing land use and future land use. Data inputs for the existing conditions analysis were: existing public schools & universities; public parks & urban trails; population density, income levels, and employment values within MAG's traffic analysis zonal data. For the future land use planning scenario, existing urban features (e.g., public schools, parks, trails, etc.) were analyzed along with future population and employment projections as anticipated in MAG's 2020 land use zonal data sets.

The study corridor areas were analyzed and ranked regionally according to their latent travel demand, or potential pedestrian activity. The regional ranking results (on a zero to one hundred percent scale) are reflected in the map, Figure ES-1.¹

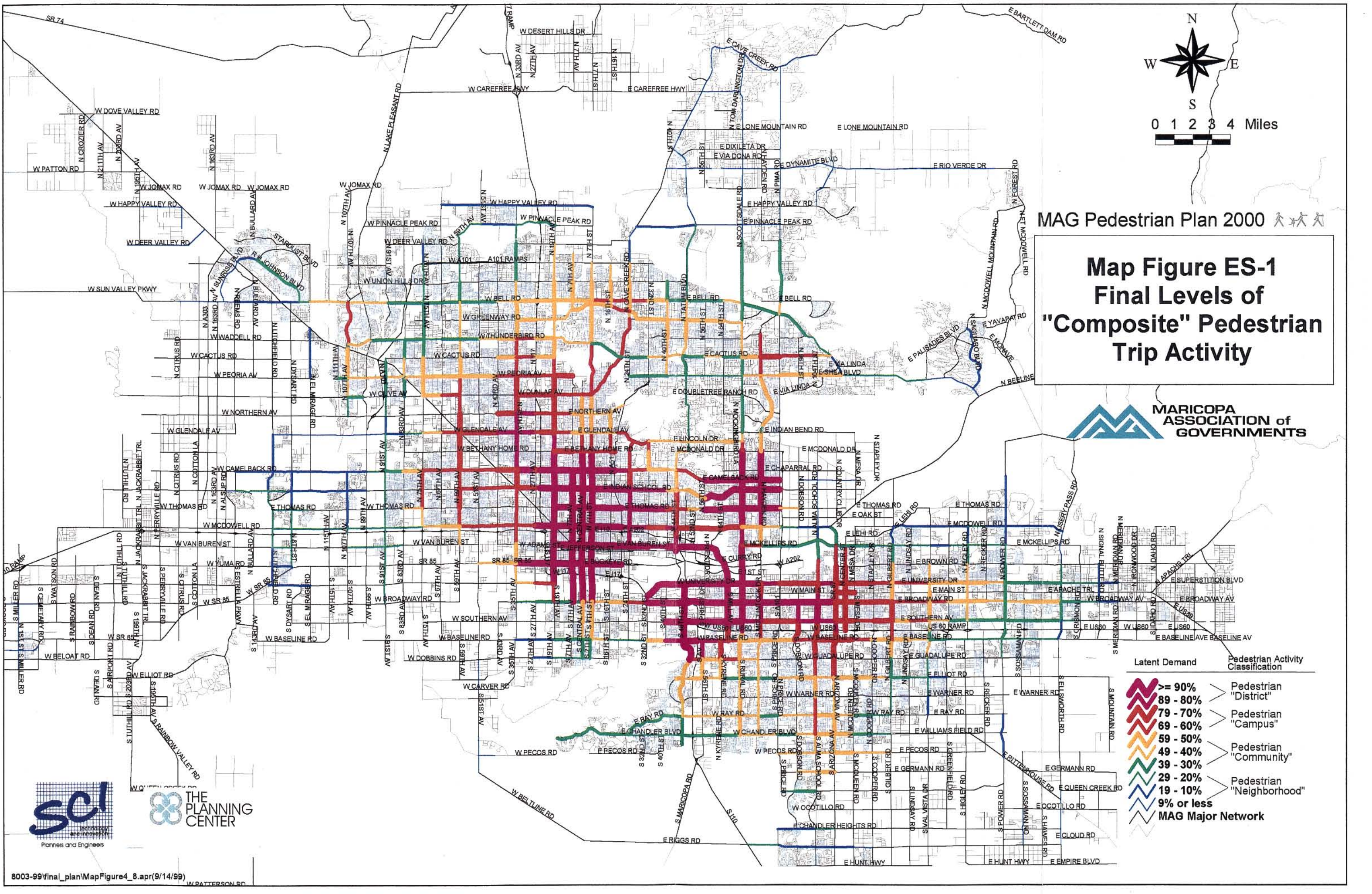
¹ Note: If the ranking of a roadway corridor not included in the study corridor network is desired, one may interpolate the rankings of the surrounding network to determine the approximate ranking for the roadway corridor of interest.



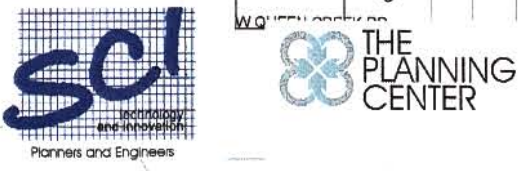


MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000 人々人

Map Figure ES-1 Final Levels of "Composite" Pedestrian Trip Activity



| Latent Demand | Pedestrian Activity Classification |
|---------------|------------------------------------|
| 90%+ | Pedestrian "District" |
| 89 - 80% | Pedestrian "Campus" |
| 79 - 70% | |
| 69 - 60% | |
| 59 - 50% | Pedestrian "Community" |
| 49 - 40% | |
| 39 - 30% | |
| 29 - 20% | Pedestrian "Neighborhood" |
| 19 - 10% | |
| 9% or less | MAG Major Network |



Pedestrian Activity District Classifications

The *Latent Demand* modeling results are stratified into groups approximately representing the four general classifications of pedestrian (activity intensity) areas outlined in the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*. The stratification schedule of the Latent Demand Scores into the four general pedestrian (activity) area types is:

- Latent Demand 100% to 80% = **Highest potential** for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**District**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which are "...areas of high intensity with a wide variety of land uses with a regional appeal..."
- Latent Demand 79% to 60% = **Second highest potential** for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**Campus**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which are "...high intensity areas with a single or limited mix of land uses..."
- Latent Demand 59% to 30% = **Third highest potential** for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**Community**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which are "...areas of low to medium intensity..."
- Latent Demand 29% to 0% = **Fourth highest potential** for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**Neighborhood**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which are "...areas of low intensity with a limited mix of land uses..."

This classification then permits the establishment of appropriate roadside walking environment performance guidelines in the Region.

Performance Guidelines: The Roadside Pedestrian Conditions Model

Depending on roadway and traffic conditions, providing a sidewalk is the first step in better accommodating and encouraging pedestrian travel. However, the amount of separation (or buffering) between the pedestrian travel way and moving traffic



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stream is a major factor in how pedestrians perceive the safety of their environment.

The *1995 Pedestrian Area Design Guidelines* listed many factors that affect pedestrians' sense of safety, or accommodation, alongside the roadway. These include:

...on-street parking as a buffer for pedestrians from moving vehicles...(Principle #9); ...the intensity and speed of traffic...which is adjacent to the sidewalk (Principle #10); ... separate (the walkways) from the curb whenever possible...provide a bikelane or on-street parking as a buffer...(Recommendation #13); and ...use traffic calming to limit the speed of vehicles...(Recommendation #15) among others.

These are the some of the factors affecting the perceptions of the Region's pedestrians. Accordingly, an objective, reliable scientific method that reflects the pedestrians' sense of comfort while walking along a given roadway was selected to help produce the performance guidelines. The method, or measure, is the *Roadside Pedestrian Conditions (RPC) Model*. The *Model* was developed in 1998 and has already been adopted by several metropolitan areas and state departments of transportation across the United States. It uses measurable traffic and roadway variables such as:

- Lateral separation between pedestrians and motor vehicle traffic (including the presence, and width of sidewalks)
- Amount and speed of motor vehicle traffic
- Percentage of heavy vehicles (trucks)
- Number of travel lanes
- Presence of a paved shoulder, bikelane, or on-street parking
- Width of buffer between sidewalk and roadway
- Trees or other "protective" barriers in the buffer

Based upon these factors, the *RPC Model* produces statistically calibrated results that are stratified into six grades, or levels of service (see Table ES-1). Level "A" reflects the best conditions for pedestrians and Level "F" represents the worst conditions. The *RPC Model* was used to develop the tables and matrices of the performance guidelines for roadside design.

TABLE ES-1 *RPC Model Levels of Service*

| LEVEL OF SERVICE CATEGORIES | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Level-of-Service | RPC Score |
| A | ≤ 1.5 |
| B | > 1.5 and ≤ 2.5 |
| C | > 2.5 and ≤ 3.5 |
| D | > 3.5 and ≤ 4.5 |
| E | > 4.5 and ≤ 5.5 |
| F | > 5.5 |



Pedestrian Facility Performance Guidelines: Using the Matrices

Following a decision to incorporate a sidewalk in a roadway design, perhaps the single most important design consideration is determining the appropriate amount and type of lateral separation and buffering between the sidewalk and the motor vehicle travel lanes. Mentioned in the *1995 Design Guidelines*, the appropriate amount and type of separation and buffering depends on traffic and geometric conditions – simple cross-section standards do not allow roadway designers the flexibility to provide the *target quality* walking environment, particularly with regard to the sense of safety or comfort afforded to pedestrians. While the *1995 Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* can be referenced for shade canopy and other pedestrian facility environment aspects, this *Plan* focuses on guidelines for lateral separation and buffering.



The 1995 Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines provide guidance on the location of amenities within the pedestrian environment.

Accordingly, such design guidance, in the form of performance standards rather than prescriptive roadway cross-sections, is developed as the major component of this *Plan*. The format of these performance guidelines allows roadway designers to consider various design options in achieving the minimum walking environment quality according to the roadway's classification of potential pedestrian activity, or district.

Accordingly, minimum walking environment quality thresholds (or pedestrian levels of service) are established in Figure ES-2. These performance thresholds establish that roadways within areas with the highest potential to serve pedestrian trip activity (or a mode shift) in the MAG Region should provide the highest quality walking environment with respect to pedestrians' sense of safety. Tables ES5-1A through C and Table ES5-2 have been developed using the *RPC Model* to determine the roadway cross-sectional geometry necessary to meet these performance thresholds. These tables provide planners and engineers with design information to achieve the performance guidelines for roadways. Step-by-step instructions for using these tables are provided below.

Step 1: Establish the target pedestrian level of service.

Based on the results of the *Latent Demand Score* analysis, the roadway corridors shown on the *Final Composite Levels of Pedestrian Trip Activity* (Figure ES-1) were



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classified into different categories. Roadways that are within the first regional category, the "District" (bright purple on Figure ES-1), have the highest level of potential trip activity, and should therefore provide the best quality of service to pedestrians – Pedestrian Level of Service "A". Roadways in the second highest category, the "Campus" (red-orange corridor areas on the map) should, at the minimum, meet Level of Service "B" walking conditions. Roadways in the third and fourth highest regional categories (yellow, green, and blue corridors on the map) should, at the minimum, meet Level of Service "C" walking conditions. Local jurisdictions may choose to meet a higher quality of service for pedestrians along a particular route due to other mitigating factors.

| | |
|---|--|
| <u>Pedestrian Level of Service "A"</u> | |
| Latent Demand 100 to 80 = | Highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "District" area type from the 1995 Guidelines. |
| <u>Pedestrian Level of Service "B"</u> | |
| Latent Demand 79 to 60 = | Second highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "Campus" area type from the 1995 Guidelines. |
| <u>Pedestrian Level of Service "C"</u> | |
| Latent Demand 59 to 30 = | Third highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "Community" area type from the 1995 Guidelines. |
| Latent Demand 29 to 0 = | Fourth highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "Neighborhood" area type from the 1995 Guidelines. |

FIGURE ES-2. Roadside Pedestrian Level of Service Thresholds

Step 2: Determine the *unadjusted* lateral separation needed to achieve the target level of service.

After determining the roadway's Pedestrian District, the roadway designer should reference one of the following tables:

- Table ES5-1A: Pedestrian "District" (Level of Service "A" conditions)
- Table ES5-1B: Pedestrian "Campus" (Level of Service "B" conditions)
- Table ES5-1C: Pedestrian "Community" and "Neighborhood" (Level of Service "C" conditions)

Based on the existing roadway traffic conditions (or anticipated ultimate conditions, if conditions are expected to change significantly), find the corresponding *unadjusted* lateral separation necessary to achieve the target walking condition for pedestrians. This *unadjusted* lateral separation is the amount of separation needed between the sidewalk and the roadway, given no other protective design features such as street trees, on-street parking, or other parallel protective barriers.



Table ES5-1A Unadjusted Lateral Separation* - Pedestrian "District" (Latent Demand: 100-80)

| All values below produce Pedestrian (safety) Level of Service "A" in unscreened conditions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|--|
| Posted Speed | Truck % | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and Laneage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 60,000 | | 50,000 | | 40,000 | | 30,000 | | 25,000 | | 20,000 | | 17,500 | | 15,000 | | 12,500 | | 10,000 | | 7,500 | | 5,000 | | 2,500 | | 1,000 | |
| | | 6L | 6L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 4L | 2L | 4L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | |
| Speed > 55 mph | > 4% | 120 | 113 | 104 | 120 | 94 | 108 | 88 | 102 | 94 | 120 | 89 | 115 | 108 | 102 | 94 | 84 | 73 | 56 | 39 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 83 | 78 | 71 | 83 | 64 | 75 | 60 | 70 | 64 | 83 | 61 | 79 | 75 | 70 | 64 | 57 | 49 | 37 | 24 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 60 | 56 | 51 | 60 | 46 | 53 | 42 | 50 | 46 | 60 | 43 | 57 | 53 | 50 | 46 | 40 | 34 | 25 | 16 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 41 - 50 mph | > 4% | 92 | 87 | 80 | 92 | 72 | 83 | 67 | 78 | 72 | 92 | 68 | 88 | 83 | 78 | 72 | 64 | 55 | 42 | 28 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 68 | 63 | 58 | 68 | 52 | 61 | 48 | 57 | 52 | 68 | 49 | 64 | 61 | 57 | 52 | 46 | 39 | 29 | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 51 | 48 | 44 | 51 | 39 | 46 | 36 | 43 | 39 | 51 | 37 | 49 | 46 | 43 | 39 | 34 | 29 | 21 | 13 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 30 - 40 mph | > 4% | 71 | 66 | 60 | 71 | 54 | 63 | 50 | 59 | 54 | 71 | 51 | 67 | 63 | 59 | 54 | 48 | 41 | 30 | 20 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 55 | 51 | 47 | 55 | 42 | 49 | 39 | 46 | 42 | 55 | 39 | 52 | 49 | 46 | 42 | 37 | 31 | 23 | 14 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 44 | 41 | 37 | 44 | 33 | 39 | 30 | 36 | 33 | 44 | 31 | 42 | 39 | 36 | 33 | 29 | 24 | 17 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed < 30 mph | > 4% | 53 | 50 | 45 | 53 | 40 | 47 | 37 | 44 | 40 | 53 | 38 | 51 | 47 | 44 | 40 | 36 | 30 | 22 | 13 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 44 | 41 | 37 | 44 | 33 | 39 | 30 | 36 | 33 | 44 | 31 | 42 | 39 | 36 | 33 | 29 | 24 | 17 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 38 | 35 | 31 | 38 | 28 | 33 | 25 | 31 | 28 | 38 | 26 | 36 | 33 | 31 | 28 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |

* Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk

Note: The above table was developed with the assumption that all roadways have raised curbing along the travel lane edge. For roadways with an open-shoulder cross section, refer to the RPC Model equation in the Technical Appendix.

Table ES5-1B Unadjusted Lateral Separation* - Pedestrian "Campus" (Latent Demand: 79-60)

| All values below produce Pedestrian (safety) Level of Service "B" in unscreened conditions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Posted Speed | Truck % | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and Laneage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 60,000 | | 50,000 | | 40,000 | | 30,000 | | 25,000 | | 20,000 | | 17,500 | | 15,000 | 12,500 | 10,000 | 7,500 | 5,000 | 2,500 | 1,000 |
| | | 6L | 6L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 4L | 2L | 4L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L |
| Speed > 55 mph | > 4% | 67 | 63 | 58 | 67 | 52 | 60 | 48 | 56 | 52 | 67 | 49 | 64 | 60 | 56 | 52 | 46 | 39 | 29 | 19 | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 45 | 42 | 38 | 45 | 34 | 40 | 31 | 37 | 34 | 45 | 32 | 43 | 40 | 37 | 34 | 30 | 25 | 18 | 10 | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 31 | 29 | 26 | 31 | 23 | 27 | 21 | 25 | 23 | 31 | 21 | 30 | 27 | 25 | 23 | 20 | 16 | 11 | 5 | | |
| Speed 41 - 50 mph | > 4% | 51 | 47 | 43 | 51 | 38 | 45 | 35 | 42 | 38 | 51 | 36 | 48 | 45 | 42 | 38 | 34 | 28 | 20 | 12 | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 36 | 33 | 30 | 36 | 27 | 32 | 24 | 29 | 27 | 36 | 25 | 34 | 32 | 29 | 27 | 23 | 19 | 13 | 7 | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 26 | 24 | 22 | 26 | 19 | 23 | 17 | 21 | 19 | 26 | 17 | 25 | 23 | 21 | 19 | 16 | 13 | 8 | 3 | | |
| Speed 30 - 40 mph | > 4% | 38 | 35 | 32 | 38 | 28 | 33 | 26 | 31 | 28 | 38 | 26 | 36 | 33 | 31 | 28 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 7 | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 28 | 26 | 23 | 28 | 20 | 25 | 19 | 23 | 20 | 28 | 19 | 27 | 25 | 23 | 20 | 18 | 14 | 9 | 4 | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 22 | 20 | 18 | 22 | 15 | 19 | 14 | 17 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 1 | | |
| Speed < 30 mph | > 4% | 27 | 25 | 23 | 27 | 20 | 24 | 18 | 22 | 20 | 27 | 18 | 26 | 24 | 22 | 20 | 17 | 13 | 9 | 3 | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 22 | 20 | 18 | 22 | 15 | 19 | 14 | 17 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 1 | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 18 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 18 | 11 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 4 | NS | | |

* Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk

"NS" indicates that a sidewalk is not necessary to achieve the designated Pedestrian Safety Comfort Level

Note: The above table was developed with the assumption that all roadways have raised curbing along the travel lane edge. For roadways with an open-shoulder cross section, refer to the RPC Model equation in the Technical Appendix.

Table ES5-1C Unadjusted Lateral Separation* - Pedestrian "Community" (Latent Demand: 59-30) and "Neighborhood" (Latent Demand: 29-0)

| All values below produce Pedestrian (safety) Level of Service "C" in unscreened conditions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|--|
| Posted Speed | Truck % | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and Laneage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 60,000 | | 50,000 | | 40,000 | | 30,000 | | 25,000 | | 20,000 | | 17,500 | | 15,000 | | 12,500 | | 10,000 | | 7,500 | | 5,000 | | 2,500 | | 1,000 | |
| | | 6L | 6L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 4L | 2L | 4L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | |
| Speed > 55 mph | > 4% | 36 | 33 | 30 | 36 | 26 | 32 | 24 | 29 | 26 | 36 | 25 | 34 | 32 | 29 | 26 | 23 | 19 | 13 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 23 | 21 | 18 | 23 | 16 | 20 | 14 | 18 | 16 | 23 | 15 | 21 | 20 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 14 | 13 | 11 | 14 | 9 | 12 | 8 | 11 | 9 | 14 | 8 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 2 | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 41 - 50 mph | > 4% | 26 | 24 | 21 | 26 | 18 | 23 | 17 | 21 | 18 | 26 | 17 | 24 | 23 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 17 | 15 | 14 | 17 | 11 | 15 | 10 | 13 | 11 | 17 | 10 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 3 | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 11 | 10 | 8 | 11 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 11 | 6 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 3 | NS | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 30 - 40 mph | > 4% | 18 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 18 | 11 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 4 | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 13 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 7 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 1 | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 9 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 | NS | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed < 30 mph | > 4% | 12 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 12 | 7 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 1 | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 9 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | NS | NS | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 6 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | NS | NS | NS | | | | | | | | | |

* Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk
 "NS" indicates that a sidewalk is not necessary to achieve the designated Pedestrian Safety Comfort Level

Note: The above table was developed with the assumption that all roadways have raised curbing along the travel lane edge. For roadways with an open-shoulder cross section, refer to the RPC Model equation in the Technical Appendix.

Table ES5-2 Alternative Buffer Widths¹ (in feet)

| Un-adjusted Separation in feet (from Table 1) | Planted Buffer ² - Tree Spacing (feet on center) | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 200 o.c. | 100 o.c. | 60 o.c. | 40 o.c. | 20 o.c. | 10 o.c. |
| | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width |
| 125 | 109 | 67 | 47 | 36 | 23 | 15 |
| 120 | 105 | 64 | 45 | 35 | 22 | 14 |
| 115 | 100 | 62 | 43 | 33 | 21 | 14 |
| 110 | 96 | 59 | 41 | 32 | 20 | 13 |
| 105 | 91 | 56 | 39 | 30 | 19 | 13 |
| 100 | 86 | 53 | 37 | 29 | 18 | 12 |
| 95 | 82 | 50 | 35 | 27 | 17 | 11 |
| 90 | 77 | 48 | 33 | 26 | 17 | 11 |
| 85 | 73 | 45 | 31 | 24 | 16 | 10 |
| 80 | 68 | 42 | 29 | 23 | 15 | 10 |
| 75 | 64 | 39 | 28 | 21 | 14 | 9 |
| 70 | 59 | 37 | 26 | 20 | 13 | 8 |
| 65 | 55 | 34 | 24 | 18 | 12 | 8 |
| 60 | 50 | 31 | 22 | 17 | 11 | 7 |
| 55 | 46 | 28 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 7 |
| 50 | 41 | 25 | 18 | 14 | 9 | 6 |
| 45 | 36 | 23 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 6 |
| 40 | 32 | 20 | 14 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| 35 | 27 | 17 | 12 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 30 | 23 | 14 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 4 |
| 25 | 18 | 12 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4* |
| 20 | 14 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4* |
| 15 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4* | 4* |
| 10 | 5 | 4* | 4* | 4* | 4* | 4* |

1. Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk

2. Parking has a tremendous effect on providing a greater sense of safety to the pedestrians alongside the roadway, but it has limited application (on-street parking is not a viable option on roadways with higher operating speeds)

* Buffer limited by practical planting width



Step 3: (Optional) Explore options to reduce the unadjusted lateral separation (or buffer) width.

In many cases, there will not be sufficient right-of-way width to provide the recommended unbuffered area between the sidewalk and roadway. For these reasons, or aesthetic considerations, the roadway designer may choose other methods to achieve the same level of service for pedestrians, but with a reduced lateral separation, or buffer width. There are numerous alternatives to reduce buffer width depending on the roadway, traffic, and adjoining land use conditions:

- **On-Street Parking:** On-street parking can provide a protective “wall of steel” between the pedestrian and the traffic stream. Depending on the percentage of anticipated occupied parking spaces, this type of “buffer” can reduce the amount of unadjusted lateral separation by up to 50 feet. This measure, however, often is limited by the function of the roadway, types of adjoining land uses, and local jurisdictional parking management policies.
- **Bicycle Lanes or Undesignated Shoulders:** Roadway cross-sectional elements such as wide curb lanes, striped bicycle lanes, and undesignated paved shoulders provide a sense of separation between the pedestrian way and the traffic stream. As such, they contribute to lateral separation by an amount equal to their actual cross-sectional width.
- **Vertical Barriers:** Vertical barriers are often used in constrained cross-sections where no space is available for other protective measures. Barrier walls can drastically reduce the amount of unadjusted separation, however they are an expensive solution recommended only for the most severely constrained conditions.
- **Street Trees and Landscaped Buffers:** Shade trees and landscaping between the sidewalk and the roadway are very effective buffering techniques that can be achieved at relatively low cost. With due consideration for clear recovery areas and minimum planting widths, the lateral separation, or buffer, can be reduced dramatically to meet right-of-way constraints while achieving the minimum target pedestrian level of service in the roadside environment.

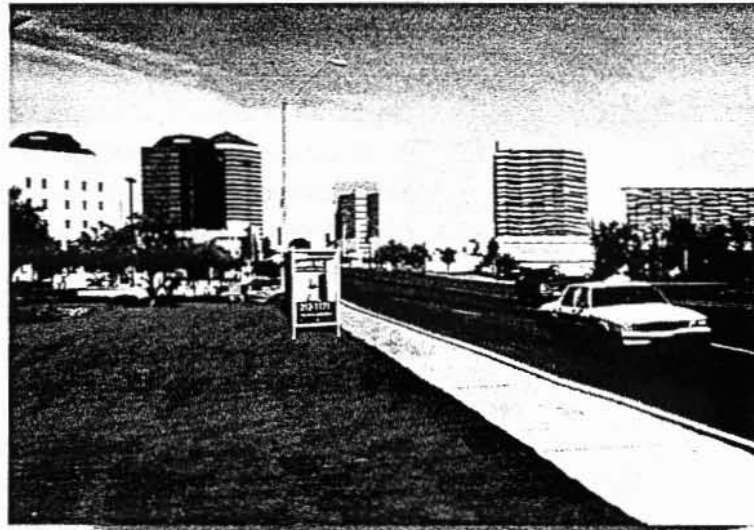
Table ES5-2 shows *Alternative Buffer Widths* that can be provided if street trees are used to reduce the unadjusted lateral separation between the sidewalk and the roadway. It is reflective of the positive effect of tree spacing on pedestrians’ sense of safety with respect to motor vehicle traffic. As with Tables ES5-1A through C, this table was derived using the *RPC Model* in conjunction with direct observations and roadway evaluations throughout the MAG region.



Executive Summary

In summary, this section of the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* provides roadside design performance guidelines primarily focused on pedestrians' perception of personal safety and comfort in the roadside environment. While this is an important ingredient in improving the regional pedestrian environment, other parts of the pedestrian transportation system must be enhanced as well to achieve the overall objectives of the Maricopa Association of Governments. These include: meeting ADA accessibility standards, improved pedestrian accommodation & safety at intersections and mid-block crossings, and providing the shade canopy and street furniture and other pedestrian travel amenities covered in the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* and applicable local, state, and national roadway and traffic design guidelines. Objectives such as these along with minimizing pedestrian-vehicle conflicts and street crossing distances at intersections are integral to the overall improvement in the Region and should be pursued with equal vigor as improving the roadside walking environment.

*Thomas Road "Before":
Lack of sidewalk buffering
results in a walking condition
(level of service) "E" under these
roadway conditions.*



ACTION PLAN

This section provides a summary of necessary actions and programs to meet the Regional goals and objectives outlined in Section 2 of this *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000*. This Action Plan was developed through interaction among the standing MAG Pedestrian Working Group, the Public Stakeholders Group, the consultant team, and MAG staff. It consists of specific short term (one year), mid-term (2-3 years) and long-term (4-5 years) programs and activities that are necessary to bring about an increase in walking trips in the Region and a corresponding decrease in traffic congestion. Table ES6-1 presents the Action Plan in a tabular matrix form.



*Thomas Road "After":
A buffered lateral separation
provides a better ("Level of
Service "B") walking environment
under the same traffic conditions.*



Action Plan and Timeframe

| MAG Role* | Action (Task or Program) | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | On-going |
|-----------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| | LAND USE | | | | | | |
| Action | 1. Supplement MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines with recent pedestrian design and ADA standards. | | | | | | |
| Action | 2. Revise MAG specifications and details to incorporate MAG Pedestrian Design Guidelines. | | | | | | |
| Action | 3. Broaden membership of the MAG Pedestrian Working Group (PWG) to ensure representation of various jurisdictions and multi-modal planners. | | | | | | |
| Action | 4. Create an Advisory Membership category to the MAG PWG to broaden representation to business groups, homebuilders, special interest groups, etc. | | | | | | |
| | PUBLIC AWARENESS | | | | | | |
| Action | 5. Expand the scope and financial support of the MAG Design Assistance Program. | | | | | | |
| Action | 6. Develop Public Service Announcements on the benefits of walking and/or other MAG Pedestrian programs. | | | | | | |
| Action | 7. Develop a pedestrian-oriented educational session to present at regional planning, bicycle, trail, and/or transportation conferences. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 8. Encourage regional planning, design, and environmental awards programs to include a Pedestrian Project award category. | | | | | | |
| Action | 9. Continue to present the Walking and Bicycling into the 21 st Century Pedestrian Conference. | | | | | | |
| Action | 10. Develop a MAG Pedestrian Awards Program and tie into the Walking and Bicycling into the 21 st Century Conference. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 11. Develop an audio/visual program on the MAG Pedestrian Program or on pedestrian oriented design for presentations to community organizations. | | | | | | |
| Action | 12. Host a National Pedestrian Conference in the Phoenix metropolitan region. | | | | | | |
| Support | 13. Support and expand Rideshare programs to implement pedestrian specific programs. | | | | | | |
| Action | 14. Develop an annual budget for the continued publication of the <i>MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000</i> document and supplements. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 15. Develop a brochure of the <i>MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000</i> document for easy distribution, and specifically target Planning and Zoning departments of member agencies. | | | | | | |
| Action | 16. Develop a supplement to the original <i>MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000</i> document that includes summaries of recent regional pedestrian projects and their economic benefits. | | | | | | |
| | FUNDING | | | | | | |
| Support | 17. Support the interpretation and revision of state legislation and policies to allow use of state transportation funds for pedestrian facilities. | | | | | | |
| Action | 18. Recommend changes to the Congestion Management rating system based on the <i>Latent Demand</i> and <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions</i> models and their associated tables. | | | | | | |
| Action | 19. Continue funding for a MAG pedestrian planner to provide support to pedestrians as a vital component of a region-wide multi-modal transportation system. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 20. Encourage all MAG jurisdictions to establish a pedestrian planner position to ensure that pedestrian needs are integrated into all projects. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 21. Use MAG's <i>Latent Demand</i> and <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions</i> models as evaluation tools to select federally funded transportation projects. | | | | | | √ |

***MAG Role:**

Action: A "MAG Action" is a specific course of action designed to achieve an objective implemented by MAG staff or by the Pedestrian Working Group. This is the "who" of the Goals and Objectives.

Support: A "MAG Support" is a specific course of action designed to achieve an objective that is implemented by MAG member agencies, and which can be supported by MAG staff and/or the Pedestrian Working Group.



| MAG Role | Action (Task or Program) | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | On-going |
|----------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Support | 22. Encourage the use of the Pedestrian <i>Latent Demand Model</i> and the <i>Roadside Pedestrian Condition Model</i> in project evaluations at the local level. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 23. Continue funding for the MAG design assistance program. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 24. Continue MAG staff and Pedestrian Working Group participation in the Long Range Transportation Plan update process and in the development of the Transportation Improvement Program. | | | | | | |
| | DESIGN FOR PEOPLE | | | | | | |
| Action | 25. Use MAG's <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions Model</i> to determine the degree to which projects provide appropriate pedestrian design. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 26. Develop a model ordinance for the inclusion of pedestrian oriented design as an integral part of infrastructure development in all plan review processes. | | | | | | |
| Support | 27. Encourage jurisdictions to use the <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions Model</i> to promote more pedestrian-oriented design. | | | | | | |
| | LINKAGE | | | | | | |
| Action | 28. Demonstrate that appropriate pedestrian accommodations are occurring when evaluating Federally funded projects including the Congestion Management Rating System. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 29. Encourage the inclusion of pedestrian design in the transit design guidelines being prepared by RPTA, and in other local design standards and guidelines. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 30. Encourage inclusion of the RPC and PLD Models in rating pedestrian projects. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 31. Encourage jurisdictions to maintain connectivity between transportation related pedestrian facilities and other transportation modes such as transit and bicycles. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 32. Provide coordination between member jurisdictions on open space and multi-modal transportation planning. | | | | | | √ |

***MAG Role:**

Action: A "MAG Action" is a specific course of action designed to achieve an objective that is implemented either by MAG staff or by the Pedestrian Working Group. This is the "who" of the Goals and Objectives.

Support: A "MAG Support" is a specific course of action designed to achieve an objective that is implemented by MAG's member jurisdictions or agencies, and which can be supported by MAG staff and its policies and/or the Pedestrian Working Group.





SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION

Throughout the Maricopa region residents are increasingly concerned with how transportation affects their quality of life. The demand for transportation choices is not unique to this region. People are choosing to live in communities that offer transportation choices for all residents – not just those who drive automobiles. Nationwide, the private and public sectors are responding to citizen and consumer demand with new communities that accommodate and even encourage walking. In the Maricopa Region, downtown improvements have recognized the benefits of

pedestrians to economic development and downtown revitalization. New communities such as Anthem and McDowell Mountain Ranch include separate pedestrian pathway systems that link shopping centers, parks, and schools with residential neighborhoods. Irrigation canals have been reinvented as alternative transportation routes, and riverbeds are eyed for their potential as alternative transportation links between open spaces, neighborhoods and communities. Specific pedestrian improvements in downtowns throughout the region have included wider sidewalks, angled parking, plentiful shade trees, benches and drinking fountains.

This plan was developed to ensure that pedestrian sensitive design becomes commonplace through-

out the Region and that pedestrian facilities are included in all projects, specifically transportation facilities as they continue to be planned, developed and/or retrofitted.



*Pedestrian improvements
abound in many areas within
the Region*

Purpose of the Plan

In May 1998, the Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) Regional Council adopted the fiscal year 1999 Pedestrian Work Program that included a pedestrian component, and specifically identified development of an update to the MAG Regional Pedestrian Plan.

This Plan is intended to assist the MAG Pedestrian Working Group and therefore MAG's member agencies by:

1. Providing guidance for future targeted activities and programs that will result in increasing the number of people in the Region who walk instead of drive single-occupancy vehicles.
2. Identifying potential capital investment projects that will contribute to an expanded, safer, and improved environment for walking in the region.



3. Identifying actions and policies that will help the group use existing and potential opportunities and bypass existing and potential constraints to increasing the number of people who walk instead of drive single-occupancy vehicles in the region.
4. Providing guidance for evaluating potential projects on a regional basis.

The *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* identifies and recommends programs and actions to encourage the development of pedestrian areas. These will help reduce congestion by increasing the number and percentage of walking trips throughout the Region.

Background

The Maricopa Association of Governments is a regional organization that develops policies and makes decisions in areas such as transportation, air quality, water quality, solid waste and human services. The region encompasses metropolitan Phoenix and includes the many cities, towns and Indian communities within the Maricopa County who work together to ensure a better quality of life for nearly three million residents. Governed by a Regional Council that includes 24 city mayors and other lead elected officials, MAG is the forum for ensuring an effective allocation of regional resources.

Transportation is one of the major components of regional planning performed by MAG. Mandates or direction for this planning often comes from the Federal level. The Federal Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21) states that "The plans and programs for each metropolitan area shall provide for the development and integrated management and operation of transportation systems and facilities (including pedestrian walkways and bicycle transportation facilities) that will function as an intermodal transportation system for the State and the United States." TEA-21 also states that "The process for developing the plans and programs shall provide for consideration of all modes of transportation and shall be continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive to the degree appropriate, based on the complexity of the transportation problems to be addressed." The *Pedestrian Plan 2000* is one way in which MAG is responding to this legislation, though their pedestrian planning efforts precede TEA-21.

The Maricopa Association of Governments has been a leader in promoting the many benefits of making the regional street-side environments more conducive to safe pedestrian travel. The *Pedestrian Plan 2000* exemplifies a commitment to



continuing this significant improvement in the overall environment of the region.

In July 1993, the MAG Regional Council adopted its Long Range Transportation Plan Summary and Update which included the first *Pedestrian Plan for the MAG Region*. This plan identified policies to encourage walking, and suggested areas where these policies might be best implemented.

The *1993 Plan* goals included:

- Improve the environment for people who use walking as a transportation mode of necessity
- Provide economic development benefits from pedestrian areas
- Strengthen and develop existing connections within the multi-modal system and develop guidance for site and right-of-way design to support walking
- Encourage local land use planning, zoning and design policies that support the most direct routes between destinations and the development of communities where walking is a viable mode of transportation
- Identify infrastructure to support walking as a transportation mode

MAG initiated a variety of projects and programs to implement the *1993 Plan* and encourage walking in the region. They are described below:

The Maricopa Association of Governments Pedestrian Working Group

- Established in 1994 to promote increased awareness of walking as an alternative mode of travel and improve facilities for people who walk
- Appointed staff from member jurisdictions representing planning, transportation, transit, engineering, landscape architecture, bicycle and trail planning and representatives from the development and planning communities.
- Principle group working on the *Pedestrian Plan 2000*
- Represented on the MAG Enhancement Fund Working Group
- Reviews and makes recommendations on Design Assistance Grants (see below)
- Oversees the organization of the "Walking and Bicycling Into the 21st Century Conference" Series
- Successfully lobbied for representation on regional transportation planning and funding committees
- Provides input into regional pedestrian facility prioritization through the project selection process



1994 Pedestrian Survey

- Pedestrian Working Group-sponsored survey of approximately 10,000 area residents, documented reasons for walking and not walking in the MAG Region
- Concerns about pedestrian facilities voiced in the survey provided the basis for the development of the 1995 *MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*

1995 Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines

- Enhanced the adopted 1993 MAG Plan (incorporated into the Long Range Transportation Plan by reference)
- Identifies general pedestrian principals and recommendations
- Identifies pedestrian area types found in the MAG Region, and proposes policies and design guidelines to promote walking
- Intended for use by professional planners, engineers and MAG member agencies
- Award recognition by Arizona Chapter of the American Society of Landscape Architects, and the Arizona Chapter of American Planning Association

"Walking and Bicycling Into the 21st Century" Conference Series

- Co-Sponsorship by the MAG Pedestrian Working Group, the Arizona Department of Transportation, the Regional Public Transportation Authority, the Federal Highway Administration and the Governor's Arizona Bicycle Task Force
- Five annual conferences starting in 1994 as the "Walking into the 21st Century" conference to increase local awareness about pedestrian facility design and the benefits of walking
- 1996 Pedestrian Working Group collaboration with the Arizona Governors Bicycle Task Force resulted in renaming the series "Walking and Bicycling into the 21st Century"
- Since 1997, professionals from throughout the United States focus on a specific pedestrian facility design issue which represents a common pedestrian challenge in the region, and provides written recommendations to resolve the challenge
- Nationally known speakers, interactive workshops, site tours and experiential simulations
- Attended by planners, engineers, design professionals and pedestrian ad-





vocates statewide

Pedestrian Design Assistance Program

- A competitive funding program initiated in 1996 to implement the *MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*
- The Maricopa Association of Governments has provided \$290,000 in design assistance to develop pedestrian plans and limited construction documents for eight areas in the region, leveraging over \$3million in pedestrian facility enhancements
- Pedestrian facilities projects include prototypical designs such as mid-block crossings, neighborhood traffic calming, wash crossings, ADA accessibility, etc.

Pedestrian Plan 2000 Stakeholders Group

- Volunteer group assisting the Pedestrian Working Group on *Pedestrian Plan 2000*
- Input, analysis and feedback from a broader spectrum of viewpoints
- Representatives from other professional expertise within municipalities, homeowners associations, planning associations, etc.

These MAG programs, policies and funding opportunities continue to increase awareness about the need for safer, more enjoyable and usable pedestrian areas throughout the Region. This awareness is demonstrated throughout the region through the construction of locally funded facilities for pedestrians, changes in land use that support walking, and the incorporation of pedestrian sensitive design standards into locally adopted design guidelines and ordinances.





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SECTION 2: EXISTING CONDITIONS AND TRENDS

The Maricopa region has a topography that is conducive to walking. The mountains throughout the metropolitan area provide a stunning backdrop to the flat terrain of the central Valley which is excellent for both walking and bicycling. The numerous public parks, irrigation canals, and utility corridors represent opportunities for an increasing number of urban trails to provide Valley residents and visitors with choices for alternative transportation and recreation. For a significant part of the year, the Sonoran desert climate allows people to walk and bicycle to destinations throughout the Region.



The flat terrain of the Salt River Valley is conducive to walking.



The Phoenix metropolitan area is one of the largest in the United States with a population of nearly 3 million distributed over approximately 1000 square miles. The developed urbanized area is extensive, demonstrated by the 60 mile distance across the east-west extent of the metropolitan area. Urbanization of the Valley continues in all directions largely unchecked by any natural barriers. While there are some areas with a high density and mix of land use, the urban form is predominately composed of relatively homogenous, low-density land uses.

A grid patterned roadway and street network is the primary characteristic of the transportation system. Due to the low density, land use uniformity, and geographic extents of the metropolitan area, the motor vehicle is the predominant mode of travel in the Valley. Traffic congestion is a daily feature

of the major roadways and its impacts to the metropolitan community are extensive, one of which is the degradation of air quality to a federal Environmental Protection Agency classification of "non-attainment".

As the metropolitan area continues its outward expansion and the existing transportation network's capacity is exceeded, MAG and many of its member agencies

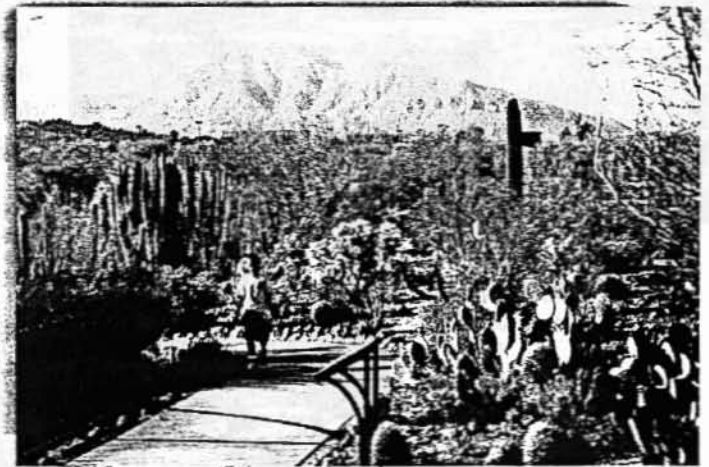




are seeking ways to better serve the mobility needs of the Region's population and industry. A greater focus on multi-modal solutions is occurring with numerous initiatives underway to use the existing transportation infrastructure. These initiatives include: the expansion of public transit (with both fixed and flexible routes); the provision of bikeways (both on-road and off-road facilities); the creation of a regional system of urban trails for its recreation, health, and alternative transportation benefits; and the improvement of the pedestrian environment within the existing streetscape.

The tremendous growth in the MAG region has given the larger community a greater appreciation of the type of pedestrian facilities that help create a sense of community and broaden the transportation choices of the Valley's residents and visitors. As a result, there are now a number of high quality pedestrian facilities in a variety of settings. Primarily downtown improvement initiatives have embraced the need to create comfortable and inviting environments. Examples are throughout the Valley and are evident in Phoenix, Tempe, Glendale, Mesa, Peoria, Guadalupe, Scottsdale, and other jurisdictions. Sidewalks are being added, better street lighting provided, and amenities such as benches and drinking fountains, shade trees, artist-designed bus shelters have made pedestrian settings more enjoyable. Retrofitting existing sidewalks for ADA compliance is taking place. New development guidelines enacted by MAG member agencies have led to a substantial level of private investment in public walkways, traffic calming and street redesign.

MAG has been a leader in promoting improvement in the Valley's streetside environments to better accommodate pedestrian travel. Past pedestrian planning efforts conducted by MAG and its member agencies have led to a variety of pedestrian-oriented policies, programs and roadway improvements. In the 1990's several MAG studies have focused on



The Region's parks, trails and canals offer numerous transportation and recreational choices.



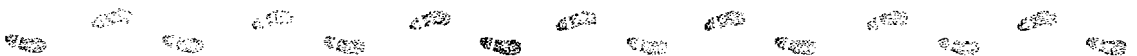
pedestrian issues, including the *1993 Pedestrian Plan*, which was an update to the MAG Long Range Transportation Plan (adopted by the MAG Regional Council that same year). In 1994, MAG established its Pedestrian Working Group, which in 1995 helped develop the *Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*. The *Design Guidelines* recommend a broad framework of pedestrian-oriented planning and land use policies, as well as specific design principles aimed at improving the safety and comfort of walking environments. In addition to developing the *Design Guidelines*, the Pedestrian Working Group cosponsors the annual *Walking into the 21st Century* conferences.

Through the Pedestrian Design Assistance Program, a competitive program that funds designs which implement the regional design guidelines, MAG has leveraged more than three million dollars in pedestrian facility enhancements throughout the Region. The best practice methods of pedestrian design implemented through the Pedestrian Design Assistance Program are available to all MAG member agencies to help improve the environment for walking throughout the Region.

In May of 1998, the MAG Regional Council adopted the fiscal year 1999 Pedestrian Work Program that included a pedestrian component, and specifically directed the production of an update to the MAG *1993 Pedestrian Plan*. This update, now identified as the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000*, outlines programs and actions to encourage the development of pedestrian areas.



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SECTION 3: PLAN GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Goals and objectives are an integral part of any plan because they provide direction and focus to an overall vision. For the *Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) Pedestrian Plan 2000*, they are the result of community input and translation of this input into tasks that address where MAG can take specific actions or support and encourage actions on the part of their member jurisdictions and agencies. Whether through action or support, the MAG Plan can play an integral part in increasing and enhancing the pedestrian experience in the MAG Region.

Definitions

Goal: A "Goal" is a long-term end toward which programs or activities are ultimately directed. It broadly addresses a desired outcome that supports the Plan Purpose.

Objective: An "Objective" is a specific, measurable, intermediate end that is achievable and allows measurement of progress towards a goal.

Plan Purpose

The purpose of the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* is to identify and recommend programs and actions that guide and encourage the development of pedestrian areas and facilities and ultimately increase walking as a viable mode of transportation throughout the region. The Pedestrian Working Group developed five broad goal categories as follows:

Land Use

Goal I Promote and guide land use that is conducive to pedestrians and results in a mode shift away from automobiles and towards pedestrians.

Objective 1.1. Provide and maintain a safe, convenient and enjoyable walking environment that responds to the varied needs of a diverse walking population.

Objective 1.2. Incorporate the *MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* into policies, street and development standards to provide safe, convenient and enjoyable walking.

Objective 1.3. Promote and foster coordination between jurisdictions in



the planning and implementation of bicycle, trails, transit, pedestrian and other alternative transportation modes.

Public Awareness

Goal II Develop a variety of educational programs to promote the benefits of pedestrian-oriented design. Initiate demonstration projects to illustrate these benefits using potential pedestrian demand and pedestrian design techniques.

Objective 2.1. Construct facilities that demonstrate successful pedestrian design.

Objective 2.2. Conduct public education and involvement campaigns to assist and encourage people to walk.

Objective 2.3. Promote workplace walking incentive programs.

Objective 2.4. Distribute the *MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* to a broader audience.

Objective 2.5. Improve motorists' understanding of the need to share the roadway with non-motorized travelers, especially at intersections and crosswalks.

Objective 2.6. Implement pedestrian safety education programs to improve observance of traffic laws, and to promote safety for pedestrians of all ages.

Objective 2.7. Distribute the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* to a broad audience.

Funding

Goal III Provide funding for pedestrian facility development that results in walking as a key form of transportation in the region.

Objective 3.1. Provide dedicated and on-going pedestrian funding sources to ensure the construction of pedestrian areas and facilities.

Objective 3.2. Identify and encourage funding to fully integrate pedestrian projects and programs in all transportation and development projects.

Objective 3.3. Provide staff positions at the local level to oversee pedestrian programs and facilities to maximize pedestrian potential in all planning and development projects.

Objective 3.4. Evaluate proposed pedestrian projects using the objective criteria developed in this Plan (e.g. the *Latent Demand* and the





Roadside Pedestrian Conditions Models) to help gauge how the projects will meet potential pedestrian travel demand and to what extent the proposed projects will improve walking conditions.

Objective 3.5. Promote the benefits of pedestrian projects and remove barriers to their acceptance through the funding of demonstration projects.

Objective 3.6. Publicize and market successful existing pedestrian areas and projects in order to support increased funding.

Design for People

Goal IV Develop, build and maintain a diversity of pedestrian facilities that recognize the region's character, variety and intensity of land use patterns, and is responsive to the region's diverse population.

Objective 4.1. Build new pedestrian facilities that accommodate the needs of all types of pedestrians in new developments and retrofit existing areas to accommodate pedestrians.

Linkage

Goal V Provide a regional pedestrian network that identifies and safely links on and off-street transportation modes with pedestrian areas and destinations.

Incorporating pedestrian facilities into new development is an important objective for the Region.



Objective 5.1. Integrate appropriate pedestrian facilities into all levels of planning, design, construction and maintenance activities relative to transportation as defined by design performance guidelines in the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000*.

Objective 5.2. Link primarily transportation related pedestrian facilities to other pedestrian support facilities, such as urban trails, bicycle facilities, pathways, etc.

Objective 5.3. Include pedestrian needs in regional and local trail and bicycle plans.

Objective 5.4. Use pedestrian linkages to transit to maximize connections between origins and destinations.

Objective 5.5. Include a pedestrian element in all local General Plans.



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SECTION 4: POTENTIAL PEDESTRIAN TRIP ACTIVITY IDENTIFICATION - LATENT DEMAND

One of the major regional initiatives reflected throughout the goals and objectives of the *Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) Pedestrian Plan 2000* is to establish performance guidelines for pedestrian facilities. Establishing regionwide performance guidelines, as opposed to rigid roadway cross-sections, gives the planners and engineers of MAG member agencies design flexibility. Providing flexibility within the performance guidelines ensures that roadways will be designed to meet local needs while simultaneously encouraging pedestrian activity throughout the MAG Region.

There are two basic steps to creating these performance guidelines. First, areas, or roadway corridors, within the MAG region are classified, or mapped, into the differ-

ing categories of potential pedestrian activity they represent. This classification is necessary to establish the appropriate performance guidelines for roadways serving differing levels of potential pedestrian activity in the Valley. For example, the highest performing pedestrian facilities should be provided in areas where many people could be induced to use sidewalks and other pedestrian facilities. In

areas where there would be relatively few travelers inclined to walk to their destination(s), the guidelines for pedestrian facility performance should be less stringent. By considering potential pedestrian usage, MAG member agencies will be better able to balance the cost of improvements with the benefits generated.

As previously mentioned, the focus of the *Pedestrian Plan 2000* is to establish performance guidelines which allow planners and engineers of the implementing jurisdictions flexibility to achieve optimum results through whatever design means they wish. The Maricopa Association of Governments recognizes that its constituent members have unique goals, challenges, and constraints with respect to their transportation networks and rights-of-way. The purpose of the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* is to provide a dynamic action plan to bring about improved

Cross-sectional design flexibility is a central approach in the MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000.





walkability, hence a mode shift and improved air quality to the Region. Accordingly, roadway performance guidelines are the best way to achieve these regional goals. Section 5 covers the development and recommended use of the performance guidelines.

Identifying and Classifying the Areas of Potential Pedestrian Activity

Identifying and classifying areas of potential pedestrian activity within the Region has been an activity conducted by MAG staff in the past, beginning with the *1993 MAG Pedestrian Plan* to help:

- Establish roadway design performance guidelines for pedestrian travel
- Provide guidance for targeted activities and programs to promote walking
- Identify capital investment projects
- Assist the MAG Pedestrian Working Group in guiding institutional programs to increase the number of people who walk in the Region
- Provide guidance for evaluating regional projects

In the *1993 MAG Pedestrian Plan*, areas representing a high potential for pedestrian activity associated with traveling to work were identified. The *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* established four general classifications of pedestrian (activity intensity) area types with corresponding recommended design guidelines. However, the document neither identified these areas nor provided an objective method to identify these areas geographically now or in the future. Accordingly, a major aspect of this Plan update is the geographic identification and classification of potential pedestrian trip activity areas. The process used to accomplish this was a unique travel demand modeling analysis. It is outlined below.

The Latent Demand Model: Methodology

In order to perform a travel demand analysis for the walking mode, a methodology was employed that recognizes the unique impediments to that mode. Unlike automobile travel, pedestrian travel often does not occur due to a number of obstacles, one of which is relatively poor accommodation of pedestrians within the existing transportation network. Depending on traffic conditions, examples of poor accommodation include lack of sidewalks, lack of separation between the sidewalk and the traffic stream, or lack of "protective" buffering between the sidewalk and the





motor vehicle travel way. Consequently, existing pedestrian counts generally do not indicate the level of potential pedestrian trip activity on a roadway. Therefore, alternative or surrogate measures are needed to estimate the potential amount of pedestrian activity along roadway corridors.

The method used for the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* is the *Latent Demand Model*. It applies a travel demand theory similar to that used in motor vehicle and transit travel forecasting, but with adjustments based on specific travel characteristics of the pedestrian. The *Latent Demand Model* uses similar socio-economic data as is used in MAG's regional transportation model.

The *Latent Demand Model* provides planners with the ability to quantify the level of pedestrian activity that would occur if conditions were ideal for walking. It is a method that estimates pedestrian travel potential in the vicinity of a roadway corridor, based on the proximity of surrounding attractors. This method is used to estimate the potential walking activity for four general trip types:

- Work trips
- School trips
- Shopping trips
- Recreational trips

The *Model* quantifies the influence of existing schools and parks on pedestrian trip activity. It also is used to identify potential pedestrian trip activity areas affected by auto-ownership, or lack thereof, of the existing population.

The *Latent Demand Model* estimates potential pedestrian activity within a roadway corridor, based upon the frequency and proximity of adjacent trip attractors and generators. The *Latent Demand Model* also considers the amount of pedestrian travel that a trip destination is likely to attract - for example, a shopping center near high density housing would potentially attract much higher numbers of pedestrians than a similar center in an area of lower density housing. The *Model* assumes that there are no inhibitions to pedestrian travel other than distance - it reflects the travel market *potential* of every analyzed road corridor with no constraints due to walking conditions.

The *Latent Demand Model* compiles and aggregates latent pedestrian demand for each corridor segment, so that planners can view the cumulative effects of all nearby trip attractors and generators. The *Model* is applied in a Geographic Infor-



mation System (GIS) format, therefore it can be updated as development occurs and demographics change. The technical aspects of the *Latent Demand Model* are outlined in the separately-bound "Technical Appendix".

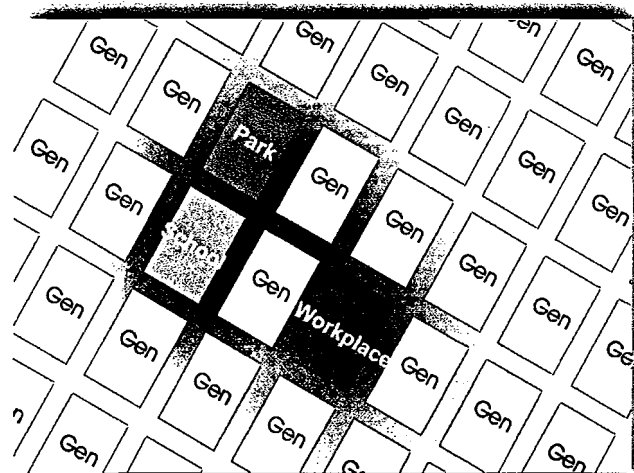
Results of the Latent Demand Model Analysis

The *Latent Demand Model* was used to identify the latent, or potential, pedestrian activity for all geographic areas defined in the MAG traffic analysis zone map. The areas represented around major roadway corridor segments in the MAG region were the focus of the latent demand analysis; accordingly, approximately 1,000 miles of major roadways in the MAG region were selected to provide regional coverage. The raw scores and data results of the analysis for the MAG region are tabulated in spreadsheet (Excel 4.0) formats. Tables showing the scores of each roadway study segment, arranged by roadway name (in alphabetical order), are in the appendix of this document. An example (excerpt) is shown in Table 4.1. The ranking results are reflected in the maps at the end of this section. The roadway segments are also ranked within each jurisdiction for individual jurisdictional use (see the separately-bound Technical Appendix)

Two planning horizons were analyzed: existing land use patterns and future land use patterns. Existing land development patterns in the region were first analyzed to determine and rank the study network's segments for their latent travel demand, or potential pedestrian activity. Inputs for this planning horizon are: existing public schools and universities; public parks and urban trails; population density, income levels, and employment values within MAG's traffic analysis zonal data. For the future land use planning scenario, existing urban features (e.g., public schools, parks, trails, etc.) were analyzed along with future population and employment projections as anticipated in MAG's Year 2020 land use zonal data sets. The following sections describe the mapped analysis results.

Mapped Latent Demand Analysis Results - Existing Land Use

For the purpose of identifying and classifying the Region's geographic areas, potential pedestrian trip activity is separated into two groups: non-linked trips and linked trips. In brief, non-linked trips are those that occur entirely by walking. In



The darker shading indicates the relative amount of latent pedestrian activity on a street network based on the cumulative effects of trip generators and attractors.



TABLE 4.1 Example Latent Demand Model analysis printout.

| Seg_ID | Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Compo-site Activity Level | Compo-site Activity Level | | | | |
|--------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | | | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale |
| | | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 36460 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | | | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43636 | max 34050 | max 52203 | | | | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 |
| 381 | E Baseline Rd | S 40th Street | S 48th Street | 3,555 | 307 | 9,264 | 15,167 | 2,940 | 28 | 27 | 32 | 6,668 | 307 | 14,383 | 15,167 | 2,940 | 32 | 87 | 87 | 9 | | | | |
| 405 | E Baseline Rd | N McQueen Rd | S Stapley Dr | 3,897 | 46 | 10,448 | 24,572 | 2,166 | 37 | 32 | 36 | 7,692 | 46 | 17,503 | 29,786 | 2,166 | 46 | 63 | 63 | 7 | | | | |
| 408 | E Baseline Rd | S lindsay Rd | S Val Vista Dr | 1,450 | - | 8,672 | 37,209 | 7,396 | 49 | 11 | 36 | 3,274 | - | 14,383 | 37,209 | 7,396 | 50 | 26 | 50 | 5 | | | | |
| 407 | E Baseline Rd | S Gilbert Rd | S lindsay Rd | 2,285 | - | 9,932 | 39,559 | 9,868 | 55 | 18 | 40 | 4,008 | - | 14,518 | 39,559 | 9,868 | 54 | 34 | 55 | 6 | | | | |
| 408 | E Baseline Rd | S Stapley Dr | S Gilbert Rd | 3,684 | - | 10,336 | 39,137 | 10,192 | 56 | 25 | 39 | 6,886 | - | 15,658 | 39,137 | 10,192 | 58 | 49 | 58 | 6 | | | | |
| 409 | E Baseline Rd | S Val Vista DR | N Greenfield RD | 912 | - | 5,841 | 25,897 | 6,087 | 35 | 7 | 25 | 3,170 | - | 12,703 | 25,897 | 6,087 | 38 | 22 | 38 | 4 | | | | |
| 410 | E Baseline Rd | N Greenfield Rd | S Higley Rd | 853 | - | 4,287 | 13,338 | 4,692 | 21 | 6 | 17 | 3,900 | - | 12,881 | 13,664 | 4,692 | 26 | 25 | 28 | 3 | | | | |
| 411 | E Baseline Rd | S Higley Rd | N Recker RD | 859 | 17 | 2,844 | 3,952 | 3,163 | 10 | 7 | 11 | 3,574 | 17 | 10,735 | 3,952 | 3,163 | 17 | 29 | 29 | 3 | | | | |
| 441 | E Baseline Rd | S Mcclintock Dr | S Price Rd | 5,198 | 2,949 | 13,974 | 12,654 | 12,159 | 42 | 40 | 49 | 5,849 | 2,949 | 15,096 | 12,654 | 12,159 | 39 | 57 | 57 | 6 | | | | |
| 782 | E Baseline Rd | S 19th Avenue | S 7th Avenue | 1,076 | 69 | 5,025 | 19,497 | 12,304 | 34 | 8 | 22 | 1,583 | 69 | 8,044 | 19,497 | 12,304 | 33 | 13 | 34 | 4 | | | | |
| 793 | E Baseline Rd | S 7th Avenue | S Central Avenue | 1,312 | 69 | 5,775 | 17,835 | 15,145 | 36 | 10 | 25 | 1,898 | 69 | 8,723 | 17,835 | 15,145 | 35 | 15 | 36 | 4 | | | | |

the *Latent Demand Model*, potential non-linked trips represent *latent* trip activity. Figure 4-1 in this document’s appendix reflects the regional ranking of the study segments corridors serving this type of latent, or potential pedestrian activity under existing land use conditions.

Linked trips are the walking portions of trips whose origins and destinations are so far apart that travel by a way other than walking (e.g. automobile, bicycling or riding the bus) is required to arrive in the general vicinity of the destination. Once in the vicinity of the destination, the remainder of the trip is made afoot. One example of a linked trip is a person who takes transit to a downtown area and then walks to different destinations within that area. The *Model* estimates, and then ranks roadway corridor areas wherein the walking portion of the linked trip is likely to be made (see Map Figure 4-2). The *Model* estimates linked trip potential also in an environment in which adverse walking conditions are not a deterrent to pedestrian trip activity.

Figure 4-3 (in this document’s appendix) displays the mapped results of the *Latent Demand* estimation and subsequent segments’ ranking to potentially serve “captive” pedestrian activity. These are the corridor areas around which there is relatively low-income population who tend to have lower auto ownership and hence are more “captive” to the walking mode of transportation. The estimation and ranking was made using a similar gravity relationship, or modeling, as used to estimate the linked and non-linked pedestrian activity levels.

A composite map of the combined *maximum* ranking of the roadway corridor areas for latent pedestrian activity based on existing land use patterns is shown in Figure 4-4 in the Appendix of this document.

Mapped Latent Demand Analysis Results - Future Land Use

The potential, or latent, pedestrian activity levels were analyzed for future land



development in a manner similar to that for existing land use patterns. Social and demographic projections for the Year 2020 (stratified by traffic analysis zone) served as revised inputs to this analysis. Figures 4-5 and 4-6 in the appendix display the results of the latent demand modeling of non-linked and linked potential pedestrian activity levels, respectively. A composite map in the appendix of this document, Figure 4-7, depicts the combined ranking of the major roadway corridors for Figures 4-5 & -6. The color coding of the segments represents each study roadway's, or corridor area, ranking on a zero to one hundred percent scale, relative to all other regional roadways.

Pedestrian Activity District Classifications

The ranked results of the *Latent Demand* modeling provide the opportunity to classify roadway corridors within the MAG Region into their potential pedestrian activity area types, or districts. This classification permits the establishment of appropriate roadside walking environment performance guidelines in the Valley. The *Latent Demand* results (on a zero to one hundred percentage scale) are stratified into four groups to represent the four general classifications of pedestrian (activity intensity) areas outlined in the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*. For the purposes of determining the potential activity district classification for a specific roadway corridor area, a composite map, combining the rankings of the roadway corridors for both existing and future year scenarios is shown on Figure 4-8, Final Composite Ranking at the end of this Section. If the ranking of a roadway or street not included in the study network is desired, one may interpolate the rankings of the surrounding network to determine the approximate ranking for the roadway of interest.

The stratification schedule of the *Latent Demand* results into the four general pedestrian (activity) area types or districts is:

- Latent Demand 100% to 80% = **Highest potential** for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**District**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which are "...areas of high intensity with a wide variety of land uses with a regional appeal..."
- Latent Demand 79% to 60% = **Second highest potential** for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**Campus**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which





are "...high intensity areas with a single or limited mix of land uses..."

Latent Demand 59% to 30% =

Third highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**Community**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which are "...areas of low to medium intensity..."

Latent Demand 29% to 0% =

Fourth highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "**Neighborhood**" area type from the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* which are "...areas of low intensity with a limited mix of land uses..."



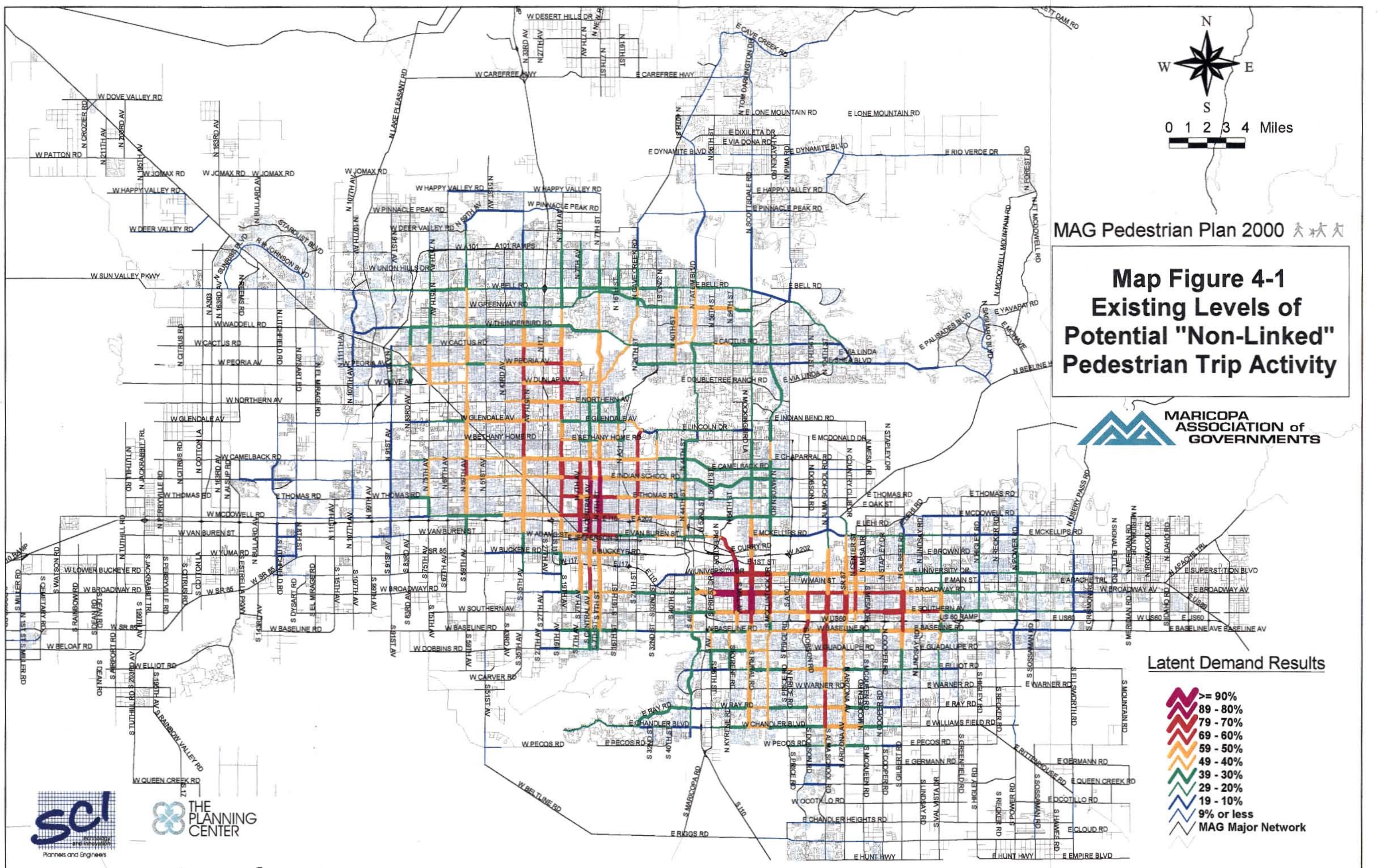
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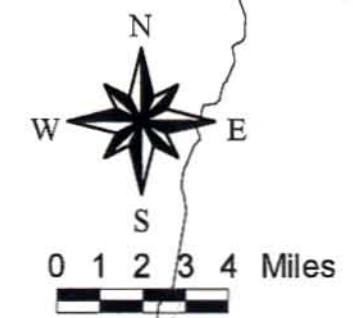
**Map Figure 4-1
Existing Levels of
Potential "Non-Linked"
Pedestrian Trip Activity**



Latent Demand Results

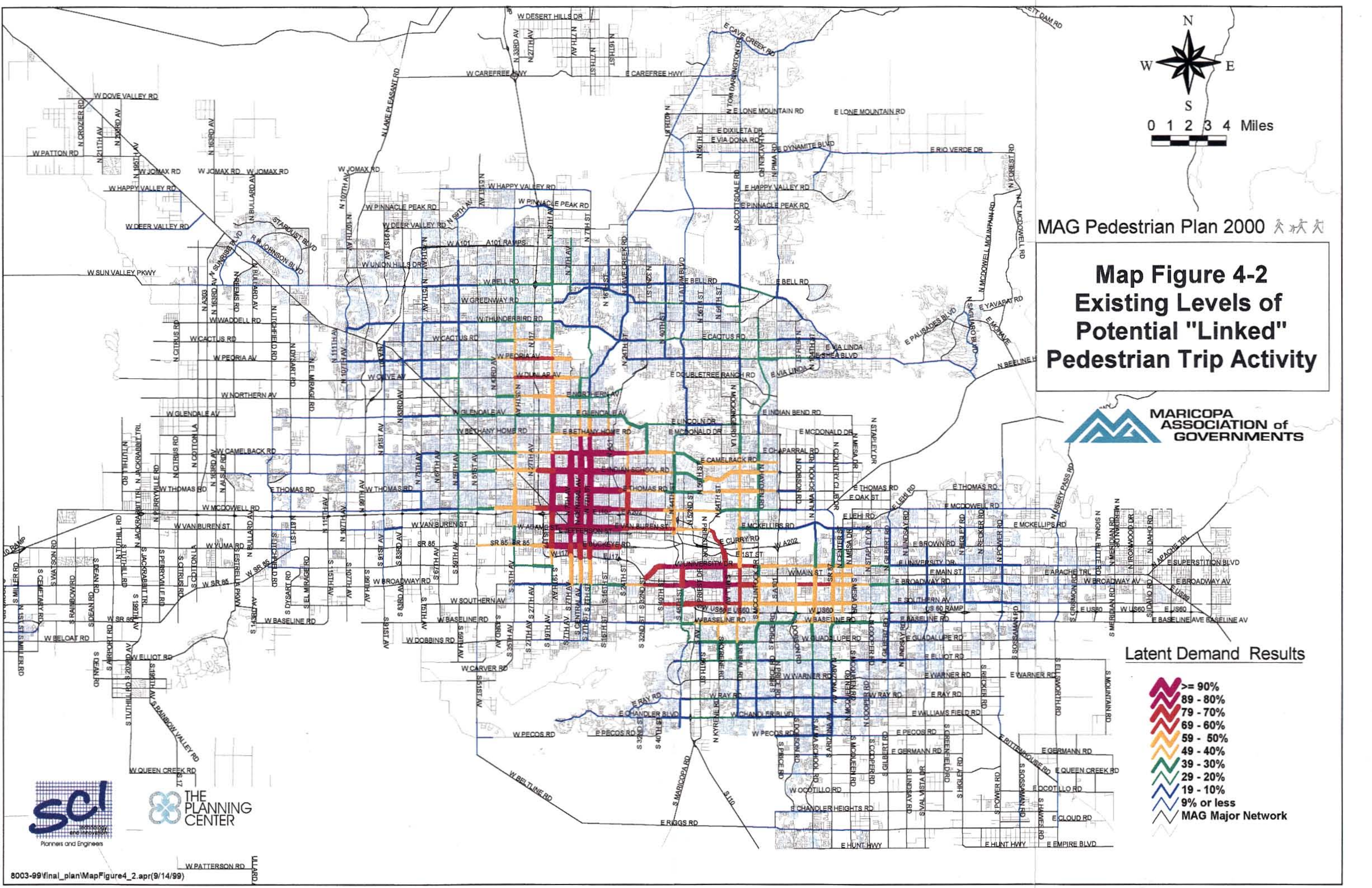
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- 79 - 70%
- 69 - 60%
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- 9% or less
- MAG Major Network





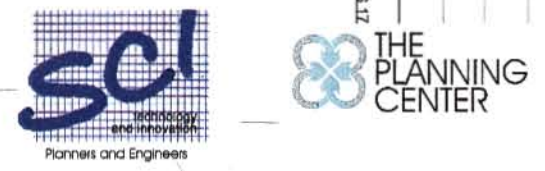
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**Map Figure 4-2
Existing Levels of
Potential "Linked"
Pedestrian Trip Activity**



Latent Demand Results

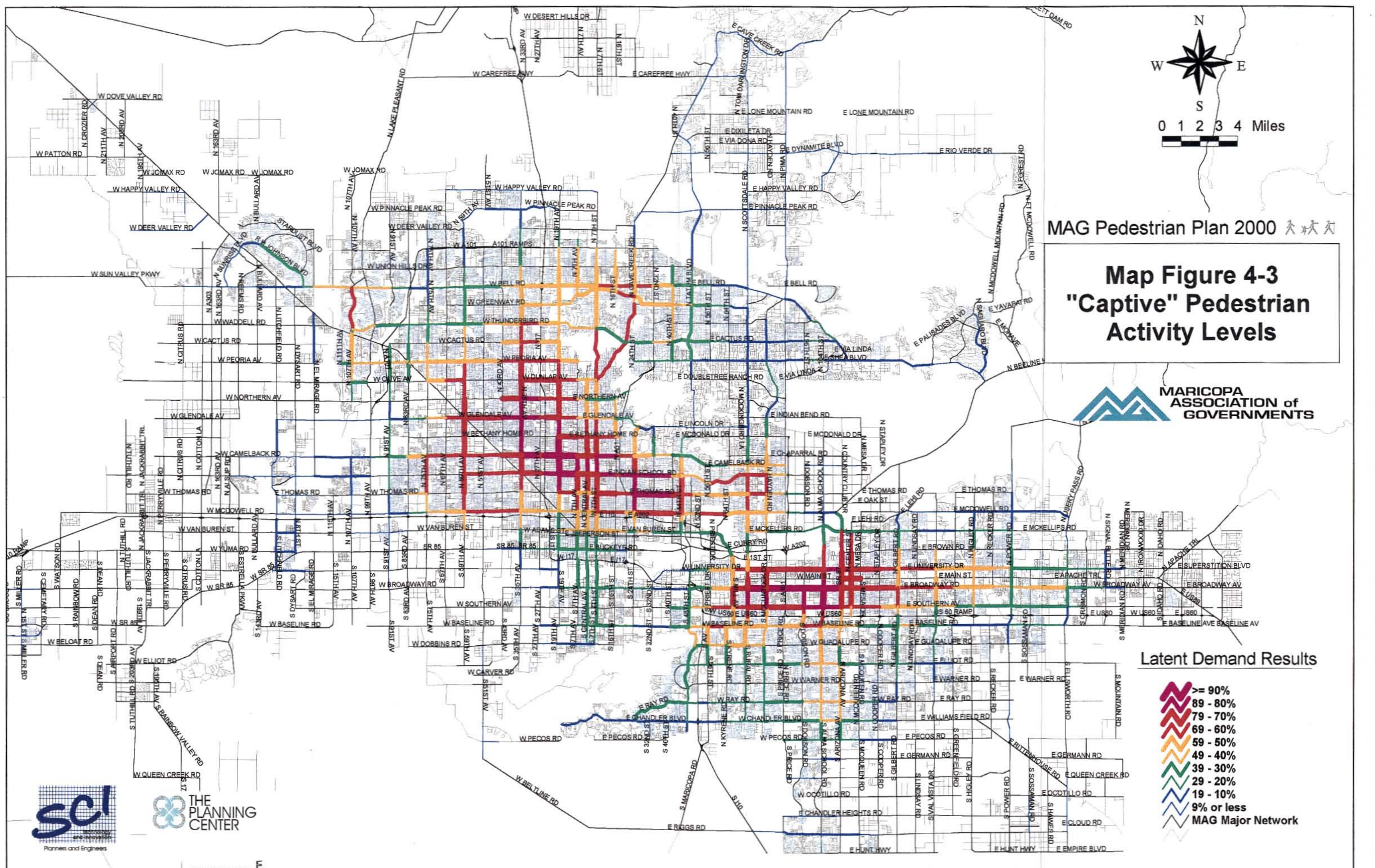
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- MAG Major Network





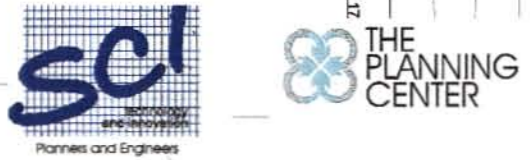
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**Map Figure 4-3
"Captive" Pedestrian
Activity Levels**



Latent Demand Results

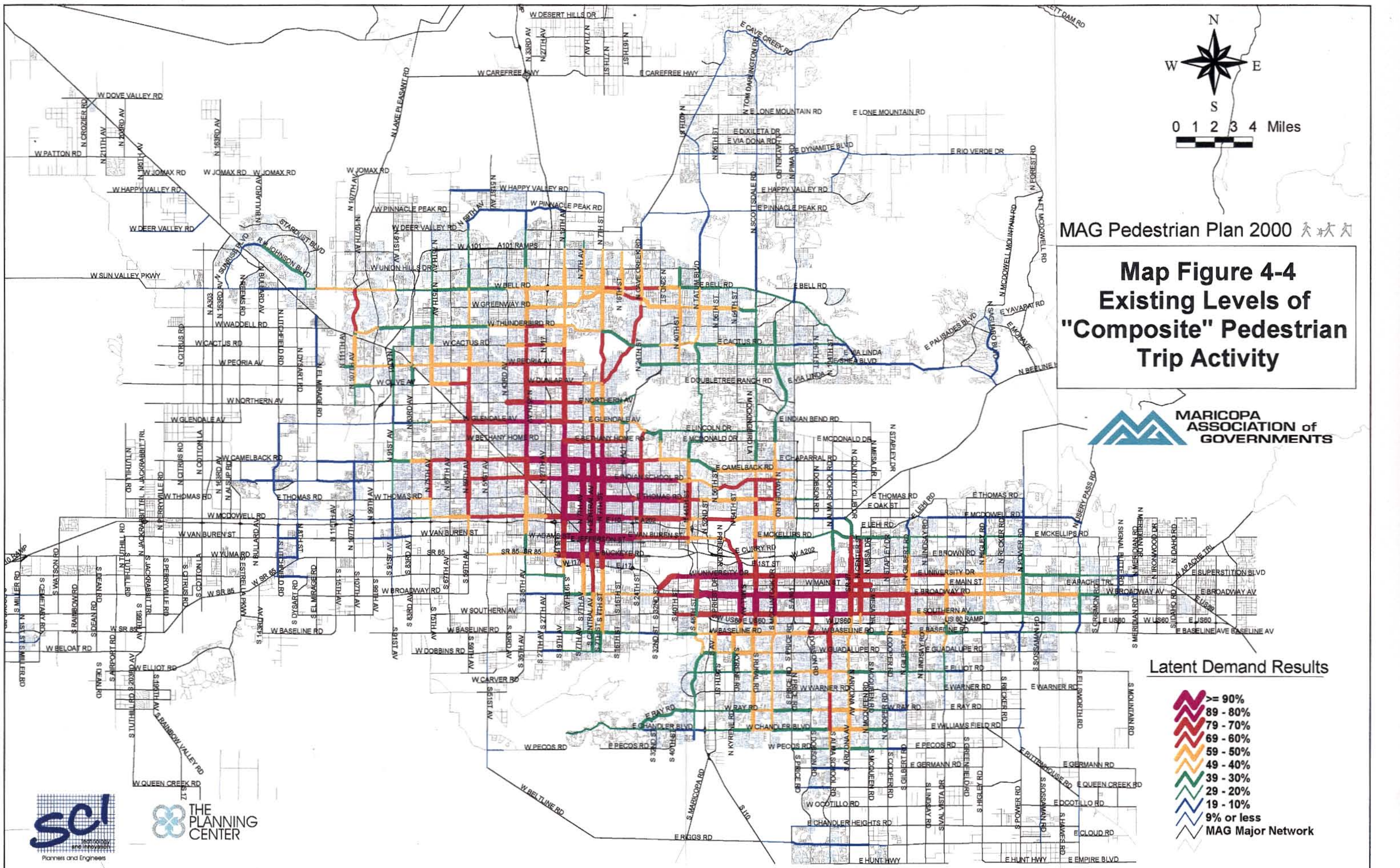
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- 9% or less
- MAG Major Network





MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000

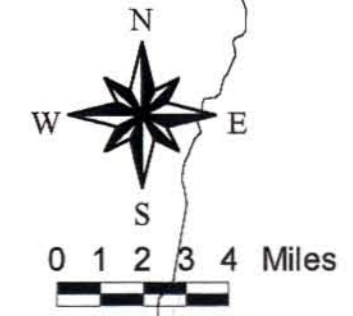
**Map Figure 4-4
Existing Levels of
"Composite" Pedestrian
Trip Activity**



Latent Demand Results

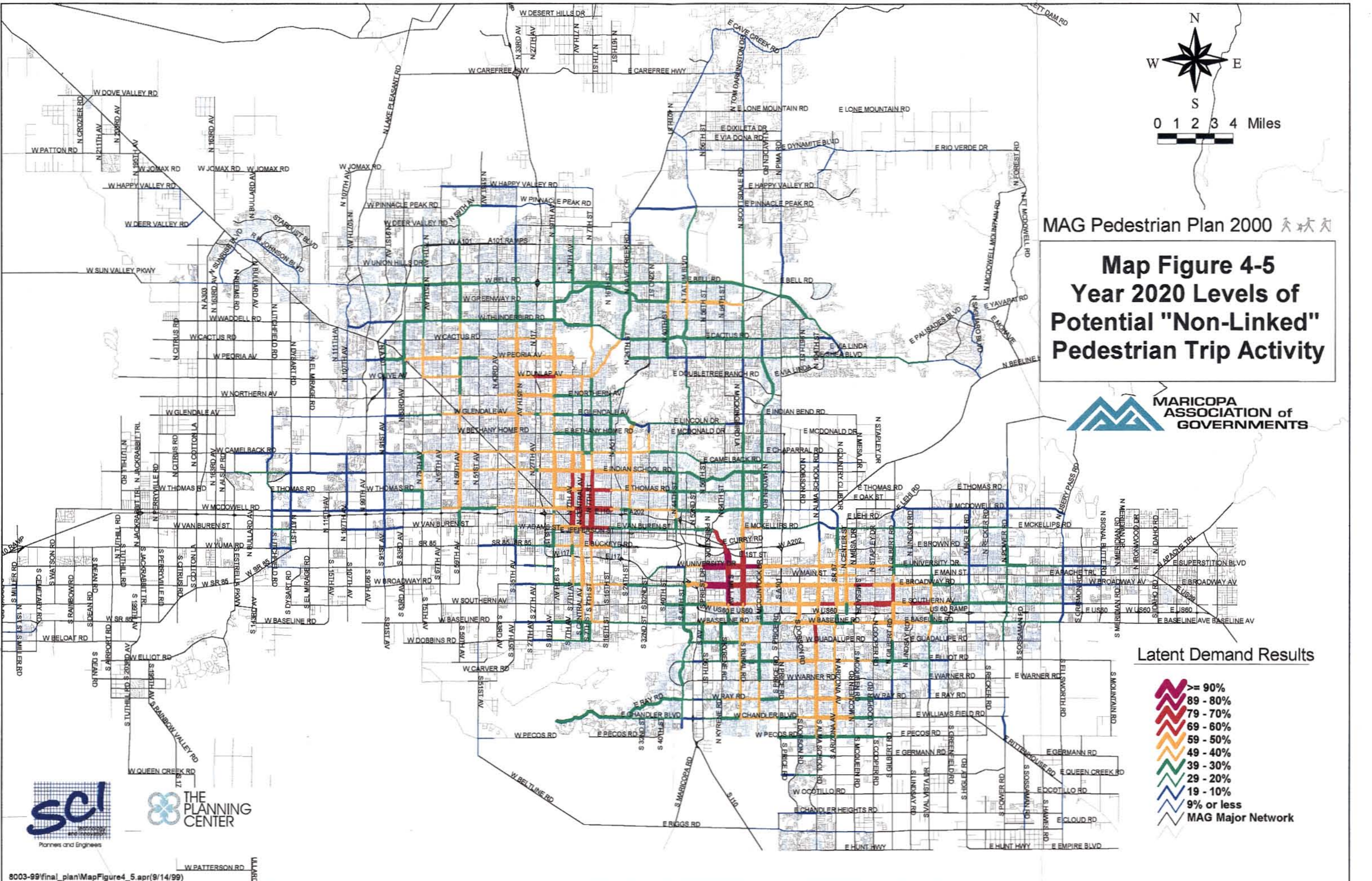
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- 9% or less
- MAG Major Network



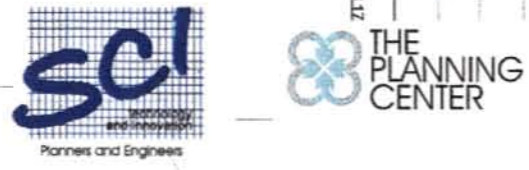
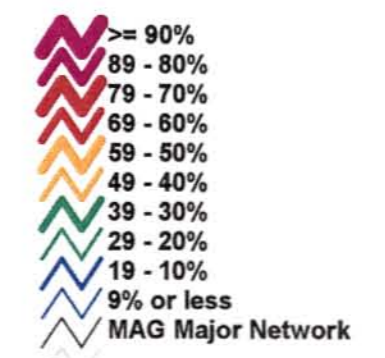


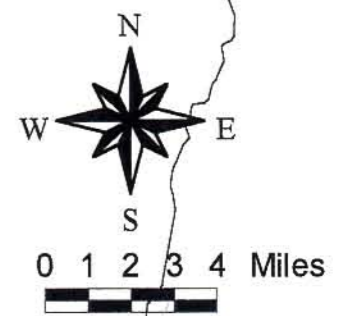
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**Map Figure 4-5
Year 2020 Levels of
Potential "Non-Linked"
Pedestrian Trip Activity**



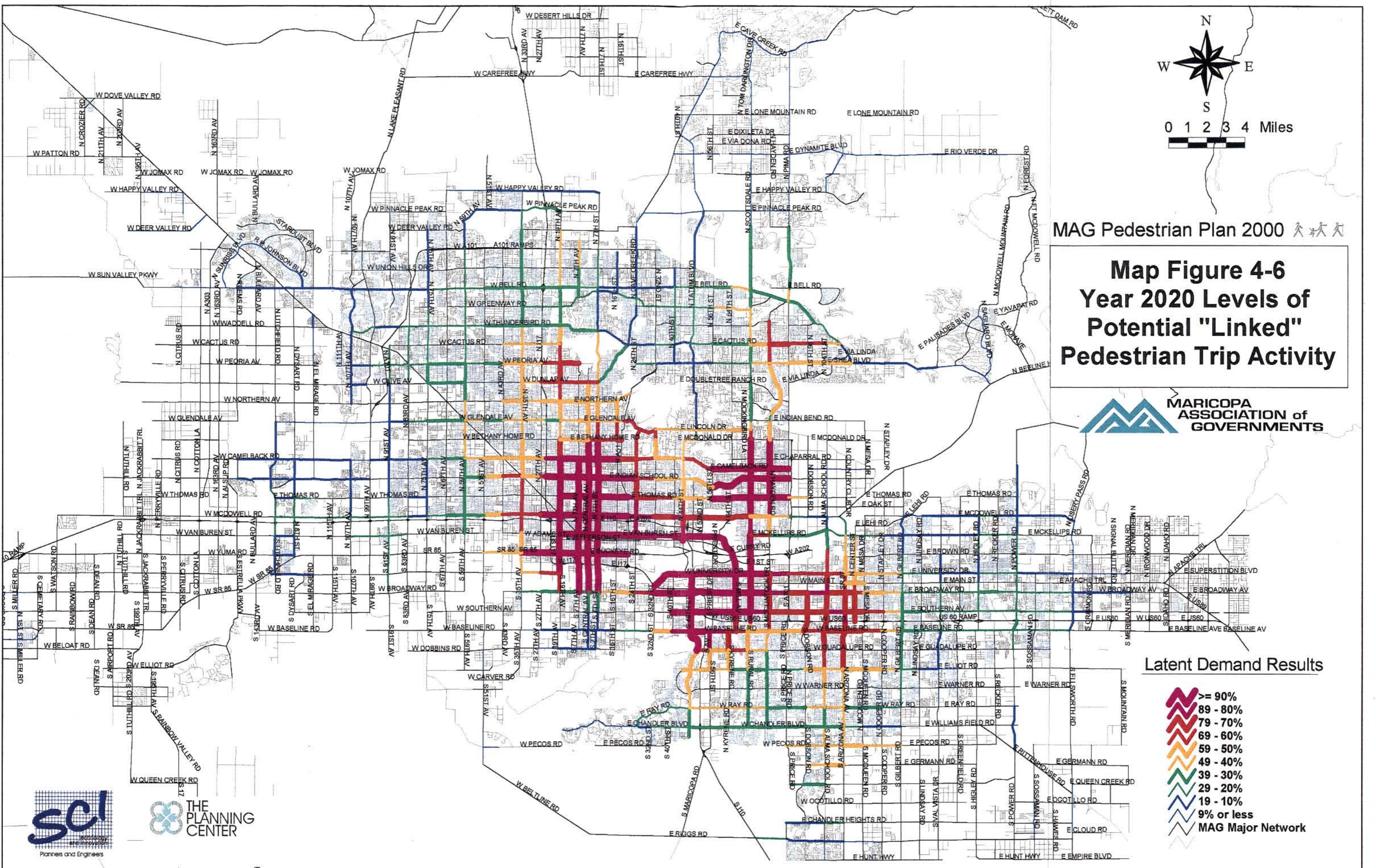
Latent Demand Results



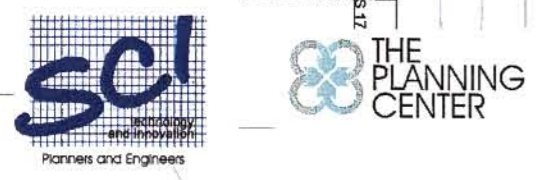
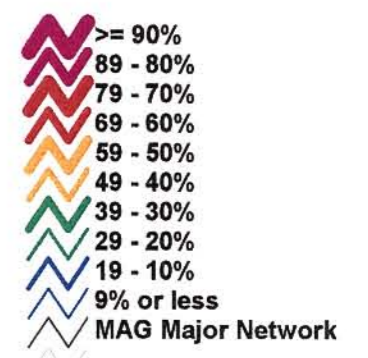


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Map Figure 4-6 Year 2020 Levels of Potential "Linked" Pedestrian Trip Activity



Latent Demand Results



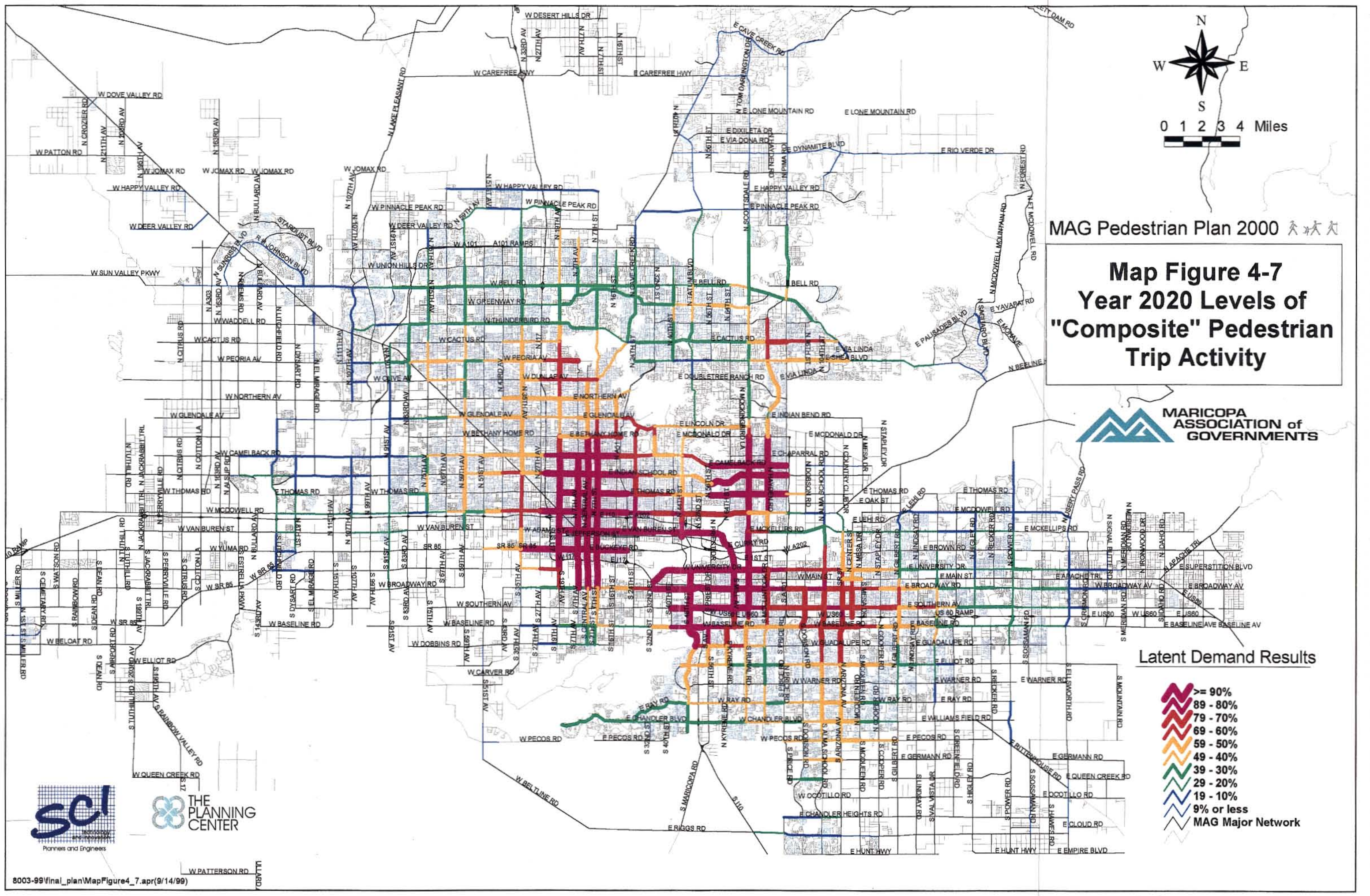
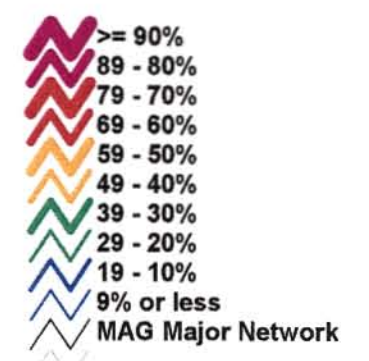


MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000

Map Figure 4-7 Year 2020 Levels of "Composite" Pedestrian Trip Activity



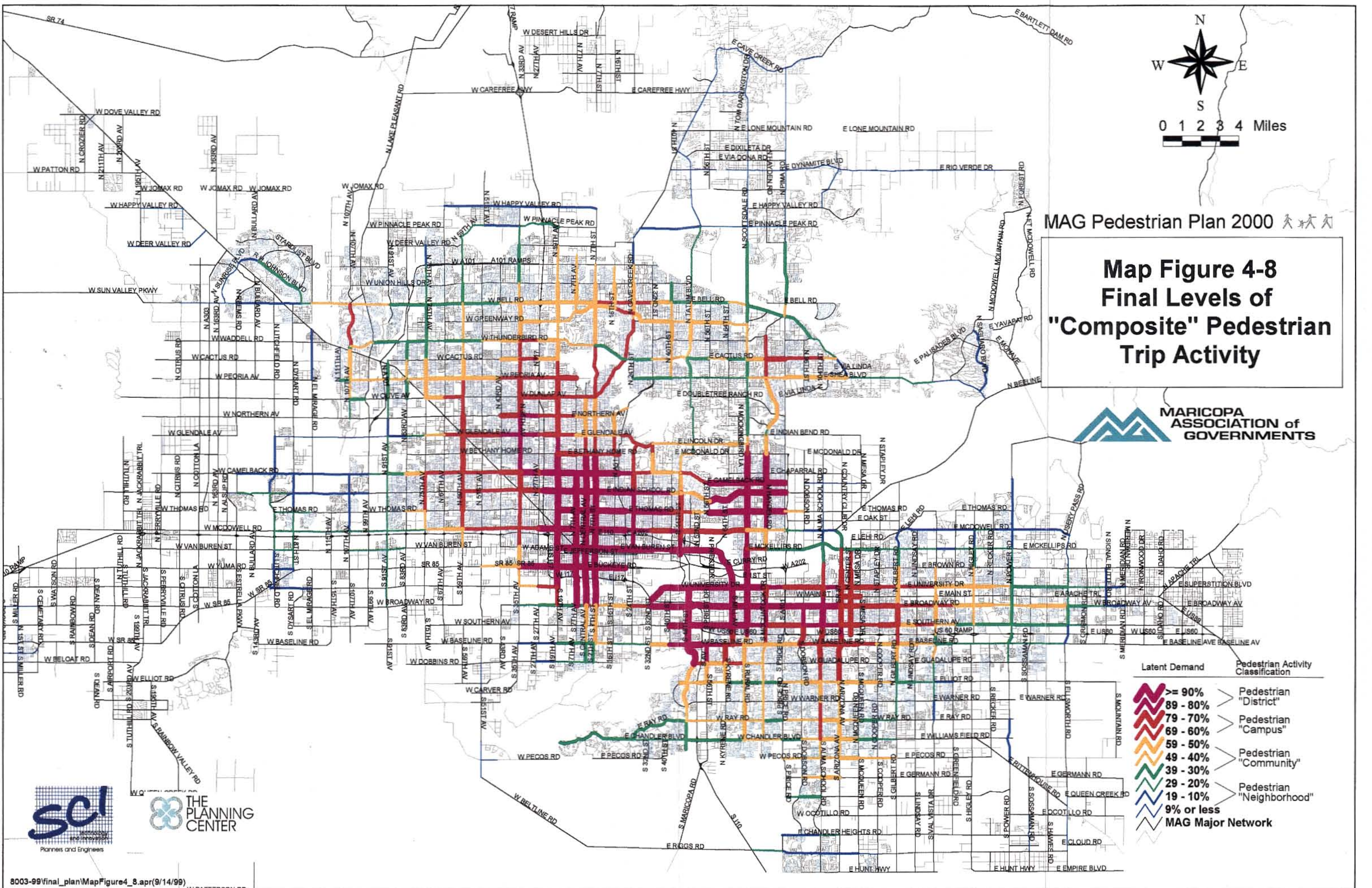
Latent Demand Results





MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000

**Map Figure 4-8
Final Levels of
"Composite" Pedestrian
Trip Activity**



| Latent Demand | Pedestrian Activity Classification |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| Dark Red | ≥ 90% |
| Red | 89 - 80% |
| Orange-Red | 79 - 70% |
| Orange | 69 - 60% |
| Yellow-Orange | 59 - 50% |
| Yellow | 49 - 40% |
| Light Green | 39 - 30% |
| Green | 29 - 20% |
| Light Blue | 19 - 10% |
| Dark Blue | 9% or less |
| Thick Blue Line | MAG Major Network |





SECTION 5: ROADSIDE FACILITY PERFORMANCE GUIDELINES

A central objective of the *Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG) Pedestrian Plan 2000* is to establish performance guidelines for pedestrian facilities within road rights-of-way. This is a continuation of the initiative begun earlier in the 1990's by the Pedestrian Working Group. While the *MAG 1995 Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* established characteristics of pedestrian areas and desired general roadway cross-sections, its influence on roadway design throughout the Valley has been limited due, in part, to the prescriptive nature of its roadway cross sections. Therefore, recasting the *1995 Design Guidelines* by instead establishing regionwide *performance* guidelines, as opposed to rigid roadway cross-sections, will give the designers and engineers of MAG member agencies the design flexibility that will ensure the future transportation facilities will better accommodate walking in the MAG region. It is from this perspective that the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000's* roadside design performance guidelines have been developed.

As briefly introduced in the preceding Section, there are several important steps to establishing these performance guidelines for roadways within the MAG region. First, areas within the MAG region are classified, or mapped, into levels of potential pedestrian activity. This has been accomplished using the *Latent Demand Model* as documented in the previous Section. Second, roadway (or roadside pedestrian facility) environment quality or "performance" is defined, and methods or measures are established that best reflect the walking experience of residents and visitors in the metropolitan area. An objective measure selected to accurately reflect the pedestrians' response to motor vehicle traffic allows the development of roadway (or roadside) cross-sectional performance guidelines appropriate for the levels of potential pedestrian activity in the Region. This objective measure is used to determine the quality of the walking environment for the various levels of potential pedestrian activity, particularly with regard to the sense of safety or comfort experienced by pedestrians. For example, areas, or roadways within the Region where there would be many pedestrians using sidewalks and other pedestrian facilities should have the highest performing pedestrian facilities with respect to pedestrians' sense of safety. Conversely, areas, or roadway corridors, where there would be relatively few people walking should certainly accommodate pedestrians, but perhaps with a lesser quality walking environment (i.e., lesser buffering of the pedestrian facility with respect to adjacent motor vehicle traffic). The following subsections detail the last two of the aforementioned steps in the creation of the MAG roadway (or roadside) performance guidelines.

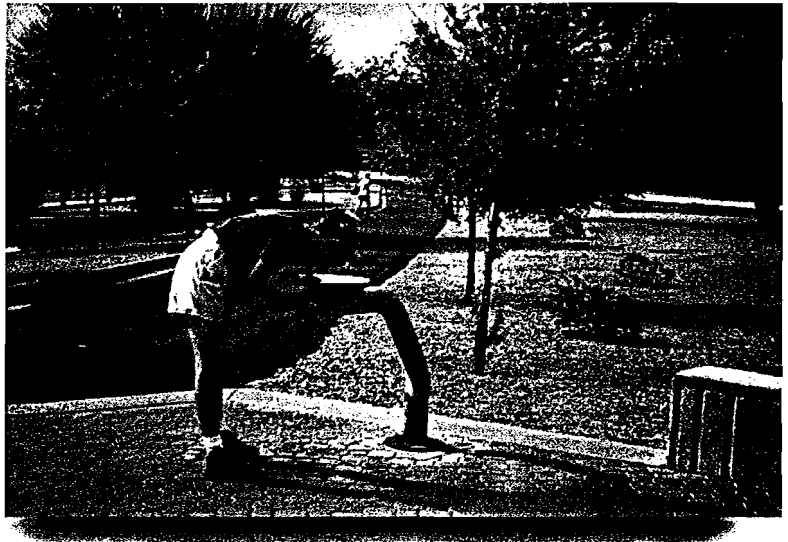


Defining the Pedestrian Environment

In addition to the effects of distance between trip beginning and ending points, the condition of the walking environment has a tremendous effect on pedestrians and their mode choice. Unlike operators of motor vehicles, pedestrians are directly exposed to the effects of motor vehicle traffic as well as a host of other environmental conditions. Accordingly, the walking environment, *as perceived by pedestrians*, is an important consideration in shaping the emerging transportation system of the Region.

Pedestrians' perception of the walking environment can be classified into two broad categories:

- 1) safety, or comfort with respect to other users of the roadway, and
- 2) enjoyment of the travel environment (visual quality, pedestrian amenities, etc.).



The enjoyment aspect, or quality of the pedestrian environment is discussed in detail in MAG's *1995 Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines*, and the reader should reference those guidelines for information on recommended shade canopy, architectural lighting, street furnishings and fountains, sidewalk paving materials, courtyard design, sign design, and building orientation.

The 1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines provide guidance on the location of amenities within the pedestrian environment.

This section of the report dwells primarily on pedestrians' perception of personal safety and comfort while walking along the roadway. While pedestrian safety at intersections and mid-block crossings is an important aspect of the walking environment, design treatments are covered in the *1995 Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines* as well as in numerous local, state, and national roadway and traffic design guidelines. Objectives such as minimizing pedestrian-vehicle conflicts and street crossing distances at intersections are integral to the overall improvement for pedestrians in the Region and should be pursued with equal vigor as improving the roadside walking environment. The *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* provides guidance for the design of roadway cross sections, particularly the roadside portions, which better accommodate and encourage pedestrian travel. Accordingly, the following methods focus on influencing the roadside design *between* intersections.



Measuring the Performance of the Roadside Environment: *The Roadside Pedestrian Condition (RPC) Model*

Depending on roadway and traffic conditions, providing a sidewalk is the first step in better accommodating and encouraging pedestrian travel. However, the amount of separation (or buffering) between the pedestrian travel way and the traffic stream is a major factor in how pedestrians perceive the safety of their environment.

The *MAG 1995 Pedestrian Area Design Guidelines* listed many factors which affect the pedestrians' sense of safety, or accommodation, along the roadway. These include: ...*on-street parking as a buffer for pedestrians from moving vehicles...*(Principle #9); ...*the intensity and speed of traffic...which is adjacent to the sidewalk* (Principle #10); ... *separate* (the walkways) *from the curb whenever possible...provide a bikelane or on-street parking as a buffer...*(Recommendation #13); and ...*use traffic calming to limit the speed of vehicles...*(Recommendation

#15) among others. These are some of the factors affecting the perceptions of the Region's pedestrians. Accordingly, an objective, reliable scientific method that reflects the pedestrians' sense of comfort while walking along a given roadway was selected to help produce the performance guidelines. The method, or measure, is the *Roadside Pedestrian Conditions (RPC) Model*. The *Model* was developed in 1998 and has been adopted by several metropolitan areas and state departments of transportation across the United States. It uses measurable and readily available traffic and roadway variables such as:



Sidewalk in the Valley - but are pedestrians comfortable walking here?

- Lateral separation between pedestrians and motor vehicle traffic (including the presence and width of sidewalks and buffers)
- Amount and speed of motor vehicle traffic
- Percentage of heavy vehicles
- Number of travel lanes
- Presence of a paved shoulder, bikelane, or on-street parking
- Trees or other "protective" barriers in the buffer

Based upon these factors, the *RPC Model* produces statistically calibrated results that are stratified into six grades, or levels of service (see Table 5-1). Level "A"



reflects the best conditions for pedestrians and Level "F" represents the worst conditions. For details on how the *RPC Model* was developed and calculated, see the Technical Appendix (a separate document).

As part of the study effort in developing this Plan, a sampling of arterial roadways from across the Region were evaluated using the *RPC Model* to demonstrate the applicability and results of this model. The roadways evaluated were selected from various portions of the MAG Region representing various walking conditions. The roadway characteristics, data input, and results of the evaluation are shown in the Technical Appendix, separately bound. While the *RPC Model* is being used for a number of planning and design applications across the United States (see Figure 5-2), in the MAG Region it is specifically used to develop the tables and matrices of the performance guidelines for roadside design.

Pedestrian Facility Performance Guidelines: Using the Matrices

One of the single most important cross-section design considerations, besides the decision of when to incorporate a sidewalk, is the appropriate amount of lateral separation and buffering between the sidewalk and the motor vehicle travel way. Lateral separation and buffering is essential in providing an appropriate sense of safety and comfort to pedestrians. Mentioned in the *1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Design Guidelines*, the appropriate amount and type of separation and buffering depends on traffic and geometric conditions. Simple cross-section standards do not allow roadway designers the flexibility to provide the *target quality* walking environment, particularly with regard to the sense of safety or comfort afforded to pedestrians.

Accordingly, such design guidance, in the form of performance standards rather than prescriptive roadway cross-sections, is developed as the major component of this *Plan*. The format of these performance guidelines allows roadway designers to consider various design options in achieving the minimum walking environment quality according to the roadway corridor's classification of potential pedestrian activity.

TABLE 5-1 *RPC Model Levels of Service*

| LEVEL OF SERVICE CATEGORIES | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Level-of-Service | RPC Score |
| A | ≤ 1.5 |
| B | > 1.5 and ≤ 2.5 |
| C | > 2.5 and ≤ 3.5 |
| D | > 3.5 and ≤ 4.5 |
| E | > 4.5 and ≤ 5.5 |
| F | > 5.5 |

Applications of RPC Model Throughout the United States

- Network evaluation
- Sidewalk project prioritization
- Traffic calming
- Roadway design
- Mainstream pedestrian planning

FIGURE 5-2



Minimum walking environment quality thresholds (or pedestrian levels of service) are established in Figure 5-3. These performance thresholds establish that roadways within areas with the highest potential to serve pedestrian trip activity (or a mode shift) in the MAG Region should provide the highest quality walking environment with respect to pedestrians' sense of safety. While the actual mathematical *RPC Model* can be used in an iterative design mode to determine the roadway cross-sectional geometry necessary to meet these performance thresholds, for design convenience, Tables 5-1A through C and Table 5-2 have been developed. These tables provide planners and engineers with design information to achieve the performance guidelines for roadways. Step-by-step instructions for using these tables are provided below.

Step 1: Establish the target pedestrian level of service.

Based on the results of the *Latent Demand Score* analysis, the roadway corridors shown on the *Final Composite Levels of Pedestrian Trip Activity* (Figure 4-8) were classified into different categories. Roadways that are within the first regional category, the "District"

| | |
|---|--|
| <u>Pedestrian Level of Service "A"</u> | |
| Latent Demand 100 to 80 = | Highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "District" area type from the <i>1995 Guidelines</i> . |
| <u>Pedestrian Level of Service "B"</u> | |
| Latent Demand 79 to 60 = | Second highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "Campus" area type from the <i>1995 Guidelines</i> . |
| <u>Pedestrian Level of Service "C"</u> | |
| Latent Demand 59 to 30 = | Third highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "Community" area type from the <i>1995 Guidelines</i> . |
| Latent Demand 29 to 0 = | Fourth highest potential for pedestrian activity. Represents the "Neighborhood" area type from the <i>1995 Guidelines</i> . |

FIGURE 5-3. Roadside Pedestrian Level of Service Thresholds

(bright purple on Figure 4-8), have the highest level of potential trip activity, and should therefore provide the best quality of service to pedestrians – Pedestrian Level of Service "A". Roadways in the second highest category, the "Campus" (red-orange corridor areas on the map) should, at the minimum, meet Level of Service "B" walking conditions. Roadways in the third and fourth highest regional categories (yellow, green, and blue corridors on the map) should, at the minimum, meet Level of Service "C" walking conditions.

Local jurisdictions may choose to meet a higher quality of service for pedestrians



along a particular route due to other mitigating factors. For example, if a roadway within a "Community" category has the potential to make many important connections within a low income area, the local jurisdiction may decide to provide a better walking condition, Level of Service "B" or "A", for the planned pedestrian facility. Another example could be when a "Campus" category roadway corridor has many wide intersections that are difficult for pedestrians to cross comfortably; the local jurisdiction may decide to provide a higher roadside pedestrian level of service to improve the corridors' overall walking environment.

Step 2: Determine the *unadjusted* lateral separation needed to achieve the target level of service.

After determining the roadway's pedestrian category, the roadway designer should reference one of the following tables:

- Table 5-1A: Pedestrian "District" (Level of Service "A" conditions)
- Table 5-1B: Pedestrian "Campus" (Level of Service "B" conditions)
- Table 5-1C: Pedestrian "Community" or "Neighborhood" (Level of Service "C" conditions)

Based on the existing roadway traffic conditions (or anticipated ultimate conditions, if conditions are expected to change significantly), find the corresponding *unadjusted* lateral separation necessary to achieve the target walking condition for pedestrians. This *unadjusted* lateral separation is the amount of separation needed between the sidewalk and the roadway, given no other protective design features such as street trees, on-street parking, or other parallel protective barriers.

Step 3: (Optional) Explore options to reduce the unadjusted lateral separation (or buffer) width.

In many cases, there will not be sufficient right-of-way width to provide the recommended unbuffered area between the sidewalk and roadway. For these reasons, or aesthetic considerations, the roadway designer may choose other methods to achieve the same level of service for pedestrians, but with a reduced lateral separation, or buffer width. Depending on the roadway, traffic, and adjoining land use conditions there are numerous buffer width reduction alternatives:

- **On-Street Parking:** On-street parking can provide a protective "wall of steel" between the pedestrian and the traffic stream. Depending on the percentage of anticipated occupied parking spaces, this type of "buffer"





can reduce the amount of unadjusted lateral separation by up to 50 feet. This measure, however, often is limited by the function of the roadway, types of adjoining land uses, and local jurisdictional parking management policies.

- **Bicycle Lanes or Undesignated Shoulders:** Roadway cross-sectional elements such as wide curb lanes, striped bicycle lanes, and undesignated paved shoulders provide a sense of separation between the pedestrian way and the traffic stream. As such, they contribute to lateral separation by an amount equal to their actual cross-sectional width.
- **Vertical Barriers:** Vertical barriers are often used in constrained cross-sections where no space is available for other protective measures. Barrier walls can drastically reduce the amount of unadjusted separation, however they are an expensive solution recommended only for the most severely constrained conditions.
- **Street Trees and Landscaped Buffers:** Street trees and landscaping between the sidewalk and the roadway are very effective buffering techniques that can be achieved at relatively low cost. With due consideration for clear recovery areas and minimum planting widths, the lateral separation, or buffer, can be reduced dramatically to meet right-of-way constraints while achieving the minimum target pedestrian level of service in the road-side environment.

Table 5-2 shows *Alternative Buffer Widths* that can be used if street trees are implemented to reduce the unadjusted lateral separation between the sidewalk and the roadway. It is reflective of the positive effect of *tree spacing* on pedestrians' sense of safety with respect to motor vehicle traffic. As with Tables 5-1A through C, this table was derived using the *RPC Model* in conjunction with direct observations and roadway evaluations throughout the MAG region.

Table 5-1A Unadjusted Lateral Separation* - Pedestrian "District" (Latent Demand: 100-80)

| All values below produce Pedestrian (safety) Level of Service "A" in unscreened conditions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|--|
| Posted Speed | Truck % | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and Laneage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 60,000 | | 50,000 | | 40,000 | | 30,000 | | 25,000 | | 20,000 | | 17,500 | | 15,000 | | 12,500 | | 10,000 | | 7,500 | | 5,000 | | 2,500 | | 1,000 | |
| | | 6L | 6L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 4L | 2L | 4L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | |
| Speed > 55 mph | > 4% | 120 | 113 | 104 | 120 | 94 | 108 | 88 | 102 | 94 | 120 | 89 | 115 | 108 | 102 | 94 | 84 | 73 | 56 | 39 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 83 | 78 | 71 | 83 | 64 | 75 | 60 | 70 | 64 | 83 | 61 | 79 | 75 | 70 | 64 | 57 | 49 | 37 | 24 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 60 | 56 | 51 | 60 | 46 | 53 | 42 | 50 | 46 | 60 | 43 | 57 | 53 | 50 | 46 | 40 | 34 | 25 | 16 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 41 - 50 mph | > 4% | 92 | 87 | 80 | 92 | 72 | 83 | 67 | 78 | 72 | 92 | 68 | 88 | 83 | 78 | 72 | 64 | 55 | 42 | 28 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 68 | 63 | 58 | 68 | 52 | 61 | 48 | 57 | 52 | 68 | 49 | 64 | 61 | 57 | 52 | 46 | 39 | 29 | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 51 | 48 | 44 | 51 | 39 | 46 | 36 | 43 | 39 | 51 | 37 | 49 | 46 | 43 | 39 | 34 | 29 | 21 | 13 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 30 - 40 mph | > 4% | 71 | 66 | 60 | 71 | 54 | 63 | 50 | 59 | 54 | 71 | 51 | 67 | 63 | 59 | 54 | 48 | 41 | 30 | 20 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 55 | 51 | 47 | 55 | 42 | 49 | 39 | 46 | 42 | 55 | 39 | 52 | 49 | 46 | 42 | 37 | 31 | 23 | 14 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 44 | 41 | 37 | 44 | 33 | 39 | 30 | 36 | 33 | 44 | 31 | 42 | 39 | 36 | 33 | 29 | 24 | 17 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed < 30 mph | > 4% | 53 | 50 | 45 | 53 | 40 | 47 | 37 | 44 | 40 | 53 | 38 | 51 | 47 | 44 | 40 | 36 | 30 | 22 | 13 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 44 | 41 | 37 | 44 | 33 | 39 | 30 | 36 | 33 | 44 | 31 | 42 | 39 | 36 | 33 | 29 | 24 | 17 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 38 | 35 | 31 | 38 | 28 | 33 | 25 | 31 | 28 | 38 | 26 | 36 | 33 | 31 | 28 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |

* Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk

Note: The above table was developed with the assumption that all roadways have raised curbing along the travel lane edge. For roadways with an open-shoulder cross section, refer to the RPC Model equation in the Technical Appendix.

Table 5-1B Unadjusted Lateral Separation* - Pedestrian "Campus" (Latent Demand: 79-60)

| All values below produce Pedestrian (safety) Level of Service "B" in unscreened conditions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|--|
| Posted Speed | Truck % | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and Laneage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 60,000 | | 50,000 | | 40,000 | | 30,000 | | 25,000 | | 20,000 | | 17,500 | | 15,000 | | 12,500 | | 10,000 | | 7,500 | | 5,000 | | 2,500 | | 1,000 | |
| | | 6L | 6L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 4L | 2L | 4L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | |
| Speed > 55 mph | > 4% | 67 | 63 | 58 | 67 | 52 | 60 | 48 | 56 | 52 | 67 | 49 | 64 | 60 | 56 | 52 | 46 | 39 | 29 | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 45 | 42 | 38 | 45 | 34 | 40 | 31 | 37 | 34 | 45 | 32 | 43 | 40 | 37 | 34 | 30 | 25 | 18 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 31 | 29 | 26 | 31 | 23 | 27 | 21 | 25 | 23 | 31 | 21 | 30 | 27 | 25 | 23 | 20 | 16 | 11 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 41 - 50 mph | > 4% | 51 | 47 | 43 | 51 | 38 | 45 | 35 | 42 | 38 | 51 | 36 | 48 | 45 | 42 | 38 | 34 | 28 | 20 | 12 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 36 | 33 | 30 | 36 | 27 | 32 | 24 | 29 | 27 | 36 | 25 | 34 | 32 | 29 | 27 | 23 | 19 | 13 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 26 | 24 | 22 | 26 | 19 | 23 | 17 | 21 | 19 | 26 | 17 | 25 | 23 | 21 | 19 | 16 | 13 | 8 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 30 - 40 mph | > 4% | 38 | 35 | 32 | 38 | 28 | 33 | 26 | 31 | 28 | 38 | 26 | 36 | 33 | 31 | 28 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 28 | 26 | 23 | 28 | 20 | 25 | 19 | 23 | 20 | 28 | 19 | 27 | 25 | 23 | 20 | 18 | 14 | 9 | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 22 | 20 | 18 | 22 | 15 | 19 | 14 | 17 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed < 30 mph | > 4% | 27 | 25 | 23 | 27 | 20 | 24 | 18 | 22 | 20 | 27 | 18 | 26 | 24 | 22 | 20 | 17 | 13 | 9 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 22 | 20 | 18 | 22 | 15 | 19 | 14 | 17 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 18 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 18 | 11 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 4 | NS | | | | | | | | | |

* Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk

"NS" indicates that a sidewalk is not necessary to achieve the designated Pedestrian Safety Comfort Level

Note: The above table was developed with the assumption that all roadways have raised curbing along the travel lane edge. For roadways with an open-shoulder cross section, refer to the RPC Model equation in the Technical Appendix.

**Table 5-1C Unadjusted Lateral Separation* - Pedestrian "Community" (Latent Demand: 59-30)
and "Neighborhood" (Latent Demand: 29-0)**

| All values below produce Pedestrian (safety) Level of Service "C" in unscreened conditions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|--------|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Posted Speed | Truck % | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and Laneage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 60,000 | 50,000 | 40,000 | | 30,000 | | 25,000 | | 20,000 | | 17,500 | | 15,000 | 12,500 | 10,000 | 7,500 | 5,000 | 2,500 | 1,000 |
| | | 6L | 6L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 4L | 2L | 4L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L |
| Speed > 55 mph | > 4% | 36 | 33 | 30 | 36 | 26 | 32 | 24 | 29 | 26 | 36 | 25 | 34 | 32 | 29 | 26 | 23 | 19 | 13 | 7 |
| | 2 - 4% | 23 | 21 | 18 | 23 | 16 | 20 | 14 | 18 | 16 | 23 | 15 | 21 | 20 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 2 |
| | 0 - 2% | 14 | 13 | 11 | 14 | 9 | 12 | 8 | 11 | 9 | 14 | 8 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 2 | NS |
| Speed 41 - 50 mph | > 4% | 26 | 24 | 21 | 26 | 18 | 23 | 17 | 21 | 18 | 26 | 17 | 24 | 23 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 3 |
| | 2 - 4% | 17 | 15 | 14 | 17 | 11 | 15 | 10 | 13 | 11 | 17 | 10 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 3 | NS |
| | 0 - 2% | 11 | 10 | 8 | 11 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 11 | 6 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 3 | NS | NS |
| Speed 30 - 40 mph | > 4% | 18 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 18 | 11 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 4 | NS |
| | 2 - 4% | 13 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 7 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 1 | NS |
| | 0 - 2% | 9 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 | NS | NS |
| Speed < 30 mph | > 4% | 12 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 12 | 7 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 1 | NS |
| | 2 - 4% | 9 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | NS | NS |
| | 0 - 2% | 6 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | NS | NS | NS |

* Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk

"NS" indicates that a sidewalk is not necessary to achieve the designated Pedestrian Safety Comfort Level

Note: The above table was developed with the assumption that all roadways have raised curbing along the travel lane edge. For roadways with an open-shoulder cross section, refer to the RPC Model equation in the Technical Appendix.



Table 5-2 Alternative Buffer Widths¹ (in feet)

| Un-adjusted Separation in feet (from Table 1) | Planted Buffer ² - Tree Spacing (feet on center) | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 200 o.c. | 100 o.c. | 60 o.c. | 40 o.c. | 20 o.c. | 10 o.c. |
| | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width |
| 125 | 109 | 67 | 47 | 36 | 23 | 15 |
| 120 | 105 | 64 | 45 | 35 | 22 | 14 |
| 115 | 100 | 62 | 43 | 33 | 21 | 14 |
| 110 | 96 | 59 | 41 | 32 | 20 | 13 |
| 105 | 91 | 56 | 39 | 30 | 19 | 13 |
| 100 | 86 | 53 | 37 | 29 | 18 | 12 |
| 95 | 82 | 50 | 35 | 27 | 17 | 11 |
| 90 | 77 | 48 | 33 | 26 | 17 | 11 |
| 85 | 73 | 45 | 31 | 24 | 16 | 10 |
| 80 | 68 | 42 | 29 | 23 | 15 | 10 |
| 75 | 64 | 39 | 28 | 21 | 14 | 9 |
| 70 | 59 | 37 | 26 | 20 | 13 | 8 |
| 65 | 55 | 34 | 24 | 18 | 12 | 8 |
| 60 | 50 | 31 | 22 | 17 | 11 | 7 |
| 55 | 46 | 28 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 7 |
| 50 | 41 | 25 | 18 | 14 | 9 | 6 |
| 45 | 36 | 23 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 6 |
| 40 | 32 | 20 | 14 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| 35 | 27 | 17 | 12 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 30 | 23 | 14 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 4 |
| 25 | 18 | 12 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4* |
| 20 | 14 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4* |
| 15 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4* | 4* |
| 10 | 5 | 4* | 4* | 4* | 4* | 4* |

1. Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk
 2. Parking has a tremendous effect on providing a greater sense of safety to the pedestrians alongside the roadway, but it has limited application (on-street parking is not a viable option on roadways with higher operating speeds)
 * Buffer limited by practical planting width



Example Application of the Roadside Performance Guidelines

An example of the application of guidelines portrayed in these tables in achieving pedestrian facility performance standards is illustrated below. Sonoran Central Boulevard is a typical (but fictional) roadway in the MAG region. According to Figure 4-8, this roadway is (hypothetically) in the second highest potential pedestrian activity category, "Campus". Accordingly, the minimum performance of its roadside environment should be a Pedestrian Level of Service "B", as determined in Figure 5-3. Sonoran Central Boulevard is a six-lane, 40 mph-posted arterial carrying 33,000 vehicles per day with approximately three percent trucks. It is in a completely developed area in the Region and the traffic volume is not expected to increase beyond approximately 35,000 vehicles per day. Like many of the roadways in the MAG region, it has sidewalks behind the curb. See Figure 5-4 for its existing (half) cross-section. Current roadside conditions of Sonoran Central Boulevard are relatively poor: Pedestrian Level of Service "E" (4.65) as determined by

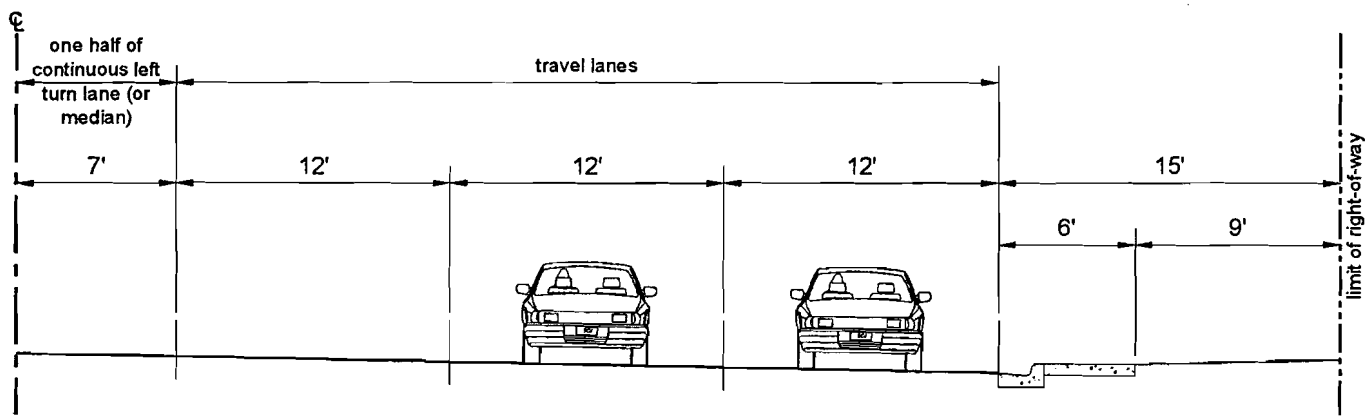


FIGURE 5-4. Example Roadway Redesign: Sonoran Central Blvd. - Existing - Pedestrian Level of Service "E"

the *RPC Model*. It is desired, due to the potential for adjoining land redevelopment, that the roadway be "redeveloped" with a much-improved pedestrian environment.

There are several ways that an improved roadside walking environment (to at least the target Pedestrian Level of Service "B") can be achieved for this example roadway. The roadway designer would first use Table 5-1B to determine the required unadjusted lateral separation. The designer would find that for the design conditions, 23 feet of unadjusted lateral separation is needed to achieve a Level "B" walking condition (see Figure 5-5). However, the designer does not have 23 feet of right-of-way available behind the curb (plus whatever sidewalk width is desired),



All values below produce Pedestrian (safety) Level of Service "B" in unscreened conditions

| Posted Speed | Truck % | Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and Laneage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------|---|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| | | 60,000 | | 50,000 | | 40,000 | | 30,000 | | 25,000 | | 20,000 | | 17,500 | | 15,000 | | 12,500 | | 10,000 | | 7,500 | | 5,000 | | 2,500 | | 1,000 | |
| | | 6L | 6L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 6L | 4L | 4L | 2L | 4L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L | 2L |
| Speed > 55 mph | > 4% | 67 | 53 | 58 | 57 | 52 | 60 | 48 | 56 | 52 | 57 | 49 | 64 | 60 | 56 | 52 | 46 | 39 | 29 | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 45 | 42 | 38 | 45 | 34 | 40 | 31 | 37 | 34 | 45 | 32 | 43 | 40 | 37 | 34 | 30 | 25 | 18 | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 31 | 29 | 26 | 31 | 23 | 27 | 21 | 25 | 23 | 31 | 21 | 30 | 27 | 25 | 23 | 20 | 16 | 11 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 41 - 50 mph | > 4% | 51 | 47 | 43 | 51 | 38 | 46 | 35 | 42 | 38 | 51 | 36 | 48 | 45 | 42 | 38 | 34 | 28 | 20 | 12 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 36 | 33 | 30 | 36 | 27 | 32 | 24 | 29 | 27 | 36 | 25 | 34 | 32 | 29 | 27 | 23 | 19 | 13 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 26 | 24 | 22 | 26 | 19 | 23 | 17 | 21 | 19 | 26 | 17 | 25 | 23 | 21 | 19 | 16 | 13 | 8 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed 30 - 40 mph | > 4% | 38 | 35 | 32 | 38 | 28 | 33 | 26 | 31 | 28 | 38 | 26 | 36 | 33 | 31 | 28 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 28 | 26 | 23 | 28 | 20 | 25 | 19 | 23 | 20 | 28 | 19 | 27 | 25 | 23 | 20 | 18 | 14 | 9 | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 22 | 20 | 18 | 22 | 15 | 19 | 14 | 17 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed < 30 mph | > 4% | 27 | 25 | 23 | 27 | 20 | 24 | 18 | 22 | 20 | 27 | 18 | 26 | 24 | 22 | 20 | 17 | 13 | 9 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 - 4% | 22 | 20 | 18 | 22 | 15 | 19 | 14 | 17 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 - 2% | 18 | 16 | 14 | 18 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 18 | 11 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 4 | NS | | | | | | | | | |

* Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk
 NS indicates that a sidewalk is not necessary to achieve the designated Pedestrian Safety Comfort Level

FIGURE 5-6. Sonoran Central Boulevard Redevelopment Example: Determining unadjusted lateral separation.

nor does she want to (initially) consider taking motor vehicle laneage away (more on that alternative later). Therefore, the designer would investigate options to reduce this "unbuffered" lateral separation using street trees and landscaped sidewalk buffers. Accordingly, the roadway designer would locate the first value greater than 23 feet in the

first left-hand column of *Table 2 Alternative Buffer Widths*. By scanning across the "25" foot row, several buffer width options are shown for various tree spacings. For example, by placing street trees 40 feet on center (o.c.) along Sonoran Central Boulevard, only 7 feet of buffer is needed between the sidewalk and the outside edge of the travel lane, see Figure 5-6. If the right-of-way width couldn't accommodate 7 feet of buffer space (plus sidewalk widths) on both sides of the street, street trees could be spaced even closer together - 20' o.c. - resulting in a buffer width need of only 5 feet (assuming the clear recovery area is maintained for motor vehicles). Figure 5-7 illustrates the resulting cross-section of the roadway that will achieve a pedestrian level of service "B" using the tree buffered alternative.

There are numerous other design alternatives that can be considered in this example to achieve a relatively high quality pedestrian level of service. For example, up to two traffic lanes could be converted to a variety of combinations of bicycle lanes, buffer, and sidewalk widths. In this particular case, a four-lane configuration could still serve the travel needs of the motor vehicle traffic (motor vehicle LOS is "B" for the six lane configuration; motor vehicle LOS would be "D" for a 4-lane configuration) and greatly enhanced conditions for bicycling and walking within the



| Un-adjusted Separation in feet (from Table 1) | Planted Buffer ² - Tree Spacing (feet on center) | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 200 o.c. | 100 o.c. | 50 o.c. | 40 o.c. | 20 o.c. | 10 o.c. |
| | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width | Buffer Width |
| 125 | 109 | 87 | 47 | 38 | 23 | 15 |
| 120 | 105 | 84 | 45 | 35 | 22 | 14 |
| 115 | 100 | 82 | 43 | 33 | 21 | 14 |
| 110 | 98 | 59 | 41 | 32 | 20 | 13 |
| 105 | 81 | 58 | 38 | 30 | 19 | 13 |
| 100 | 98 | 53 | 37 | 29 | 18 | 12 |
| 95 | 82 | 50 | 35 | 27 | 17 | 11 |
| 90 | 77 | 48 | 33 | 26 | 17 | 11 |
| 85 | 73 | 45 | 31 | 24 | 16 | 10 |
| 80 | 68 | 42 | 28 | 23 | 15 | 10 |
| 75 | 64 | 39 | 28 | 21 | 14 | 9 |
| 70 | 59 | 37 | 28 | 20 | 13 | 8 |
| 65 | 55 | 34 | 24 | 18 | 12 | 8 |
| 60 | 50 | 31 | 22 | 17 | 11 | 7 |
| 55 | 48 | 28 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 7 |
| 50 | 41 | 25 | 18 | 14 | 9 | 6 |
| 45 | 38 | 23 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 6 |
| 40 | 32 | 20 | 14 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| 35 | 27 | 17 | 12 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 30 | 23 | 14 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 4 |
| 25 | 18 | 12 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4* |
| 20 | 14 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 4* |
| 15 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 4* | 4* |
| 10 | 5 | 4* | 4* | 4* | 4* | 4* |

1. Includes all space between outside edge of travel lane to inside edge of sidewalk
 2. Parking has a tremendous effect on providing a greater sense of safety to the pedestrians alongside the roadway, but it has limited application (on-street parking is not a viable option on roadways with higher operating speeds)
 * Buffer limited by practical planting width

MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000

roadway corridor.

In summary, this section of the *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000* provides roadside design performance guidelines primarily focused on pedestrians' perception of personal safety and comfort in the roadside environment. While this is an important ingredient in improving the regional pedestrian environment, other parts of the pedestrian transportation system must be enhanced as well to achieve the overall objectives of the Maricopa Association of Governments. These include: meeting ADA accessibility standards, improved pedestrian accommodation & safety at intersections and mid-block

FIGURE 5-6. Sonoran Central Boulevard Redevelopment Example: Determining unadjusted lateral separation.

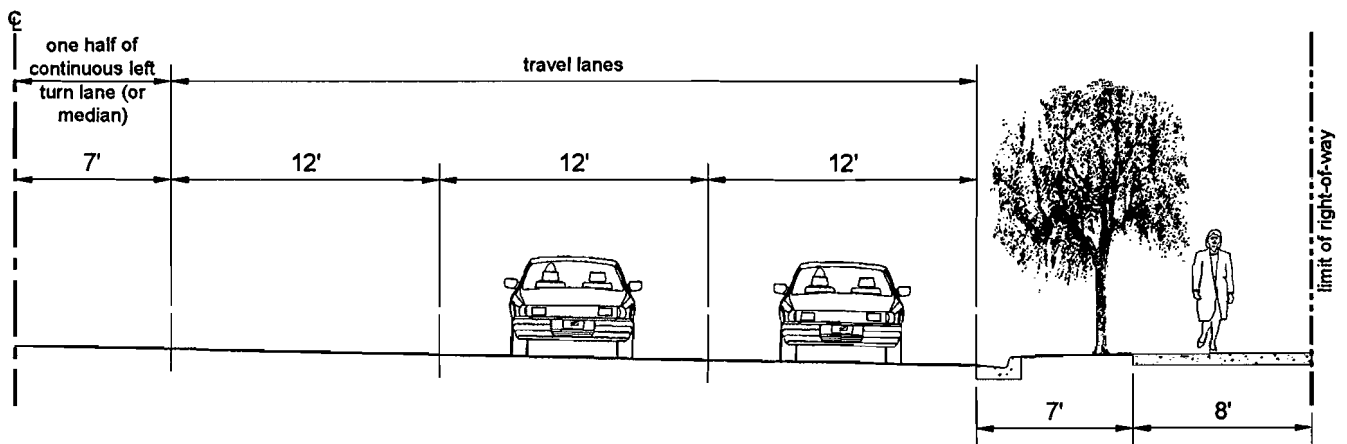


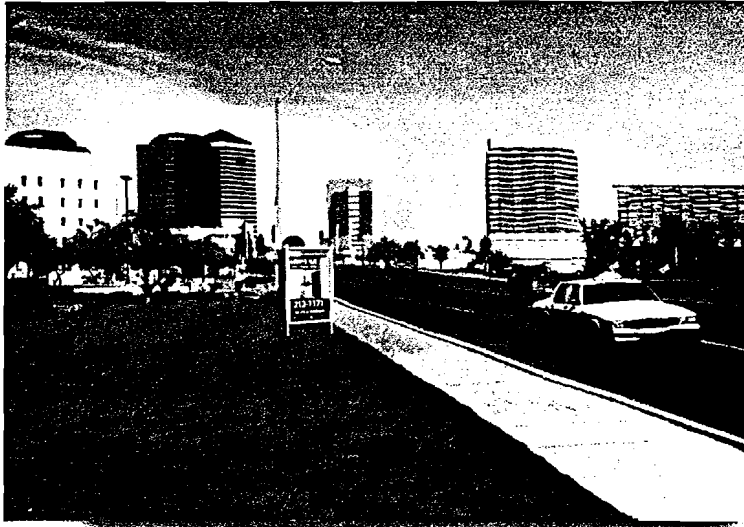
FIGURE 5-7. Example of Alternative Buffer within Sonoran Central Blvd. - Pedestrian Level of Service "B"





crossings, and providing the shade canopy and street furniture and other pedestrian travel amenities covered in the 1995 MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines and applicable local, state, and national roadway and traffic design guidelines. Objectives such as these along with minimizing pedestrian-vehicle conflicts and street crossing distances at intersections are integral to the overall improvement in the Region and should be pursued with equal vigor as improving the roadside walking environment.

crossings and street crossing distances at intersections are integral to the overall improvement in the Region and should be pursued with equal vigor as improving the roadside walking environment.



*Thomas Road "Before":
Lack of sidewalk buffering
results in a walking condition
(level of service) "E" under
these roadway conditions.*



*Thomas Road "After":
A buffered lateral separation
provides a better ("Level of
Service "B") walking
environment under the same
traffic conditions.*



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SECTION 6: ACTION PLAN

This section provides a summary of necessary actions and programs to meet the Regional goals and objectives outlined in Section 3 of this *MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000*. This Action Plan was developed through interaction among the standing MAG Pedestrian Working Group, the Public Stakeholders Group, and the consultant team & MAG staff. It consists of specific short term (one year), mid-term (2-3 years) and long-term (4-5 years) programs and activities that are necessary to bring about an increase in walking trips in the Region and a corresponding decrease in traffic congestion. Table 6-1 presents the Action Plan in a tabular matrix form.



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Action Plan and Timeframe

| MAG Role* | Action (Task or Program) | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | On-going |
|-----------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| | LAND USE | | | | | | |
| Action | 1. Supplement MAG Pedestrian Area Policies and Design Guidelines with recent pedestrian design and ADA standards. | █ | | | | | |
| Action | 2. Revise MAG specifications and details to incorporate MAG Pedestrian Design Guidelines. | █ | | | | | |
| Action | 3. Broaden membership of the MAG Pedestrian Working Group (PWG) to ensure representation of various jurisdictions and multi-modal planners. | | █ | █ | | | |
| Action | 4. Create an Advisory Membership category to the MAG PWG to broaden representation to business groups, homebuilders, special interest groups, etc. | | | | █ | █ | |
| | PUBLIC AWARENESS | | | | | | |
| Action | 5. Expand the scope and financial support of the MAG Design Assistance Program. | █ | | | | | |
| Action | 6. Develop Public Service Announcements on the benefits of walking and/or other MAG Pedestrian programs. | █ | | | █ | █ | |
| Action | 7. Develop a pedestrian-oriented educational session to present at regional planning, bicycle, trail, and/or transportation conferences. | █ | | | | | √ |
| Support | 8. Encourage regional planning, design, and environmental awards programs to include a Pedestrian Project award category. | █ | | | | | |
| Action | 9. Continue to present the Walking and Bicycling into the 21 st Century Pedestrian Conference. | | █ | █ | | | |
| Action | 10. Develop a MAG Pedestrian Awards Program and tie into the Walking and Bicycling into the 21 st Century Conference. | | █ | █ | | | √ |
| Action | 11. Develop an audio/visual program on the MAG Pedestrian Program or on pedestrian oriented design for presentations to community organizations. | | █ | █ | | | |
| Action | 12. Host a National Pedestrian Conference in the Phoenix metropolitan region. | | | | █ | █ | |
| Support | 13. Support and expand Rideshare programs to implement pedestrian specific programs. | | █ | █ | | | |
| Action | 14. Develop an annual budget for the continued publication of the <i>MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000</i> document and supplements. | █ | | | | | √ |
| Action | 15. Develop a brochure of the <i>MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000</i> document for easy distribution, and specifically target Planning and Zoning departments of member agencies. | | █ | █ | | | |
| Action | 16. Develop a supplement to the original <i>MAG Pedestrian Plan 2000</i> document that includes summaries of recent regional pedestrian projects and their economic benefits. | | | | █ | █ | |
| | FUNDING | | | | | | |
| Support | 17. Support the interpretation and revision of state legislation and policies to allow use of state transportation funds for pedestrian facilities. | | █ | █ | | | |
| Action | 18. Recommend changes to the Congestion Management rating system based on the <i>Latent Demand</i> and <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions</i> models and their associated tables. | █ | | | | | |
| Action | 19. Continue funding for a MAG pedestrian planner to provide support to pedestrians as a vital component of a region-wide multi-modal transportation system. | █ | | | | | √ |
| Support | 20. Encourage all MAG jurisdictions to establish a pedestrian planner position to ensure that pedestrian needs are integrated into all projects. | | █ | █ | | | √ |
| Action | 21. Use MAG's <i>Latent Demand</i> and <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions</i> models as evaluation tools to select federally funded transportation projects. | █ | | | | | √ |

***MAG Role:**

Action: A "MAG Action" is a specific course of action designed to achieve an objective implemented by MAG staff or by the Pedestrian Working Group. This is the "who" of the Goals and Objectives.

Support: A "MAG Support" is a specific course of action designed to achieve an objective that is implemented by MAG member agencies, and which can be supported by MAG staff and/or the Pedestrian Working Group.



| MAG Role | Action (Task or Program) | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | On-going |
|----------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| Support | 22. Encourage the use of the Pedestrian <i>Latent Demand Model</i> and the <i>Roadside Pedestrian Condition Model</i> in project evaluations at the local level. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 23. Continue funding for the MAG design assistance program. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 24. Continue MAG staff and Pedestrian Working Group participation in the Long Range Transportation Plan update process and in the development of the Transportation Improvement Program. | | | | | | |
| | DESIGN FOR PEOPLE | | | | | | |
| Action | 25. Use MAG's <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions Model</i> to determine the degree to which projects provide appropriate pedestrian design. | | | | | | √ |
| Action | 26. Develop a model ordinance for the inclusion of pedestrian oriented design as an integral part of infrastructure development in all plan review processes. | | | | | | |
| Support | 27. Encourage jurisdictions to use the <i>Roadside Pedestrian Conditions Model</i> to promote more pedestrian-oriented design. | | | | | | |
| | LINKAGE | | | | | | |
| Action | 28. Demonstrate that appropriate pedestrian accommodations are occurring when evaluating Federally funded projects including the Congestion Management Rating System. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 29. Encourage the inclusion of pedestrian design in the transit design guidelines being prepared by RPTA, and in other local design standards and guidelines. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 30. Encourage inclusion of the RPC and PLD Models in rating pedestrian projects. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 31. Encourage jurisdictions to maintain connectivity between transportation related pedestrian facilities and other transportation modes such as transit and bicycles. | | | | | | √ |
| Support | 32. Provide coordination between member jurisdictions on open space and multi-modal transportation planning. | | | | | | √ |

***MAG Role:**

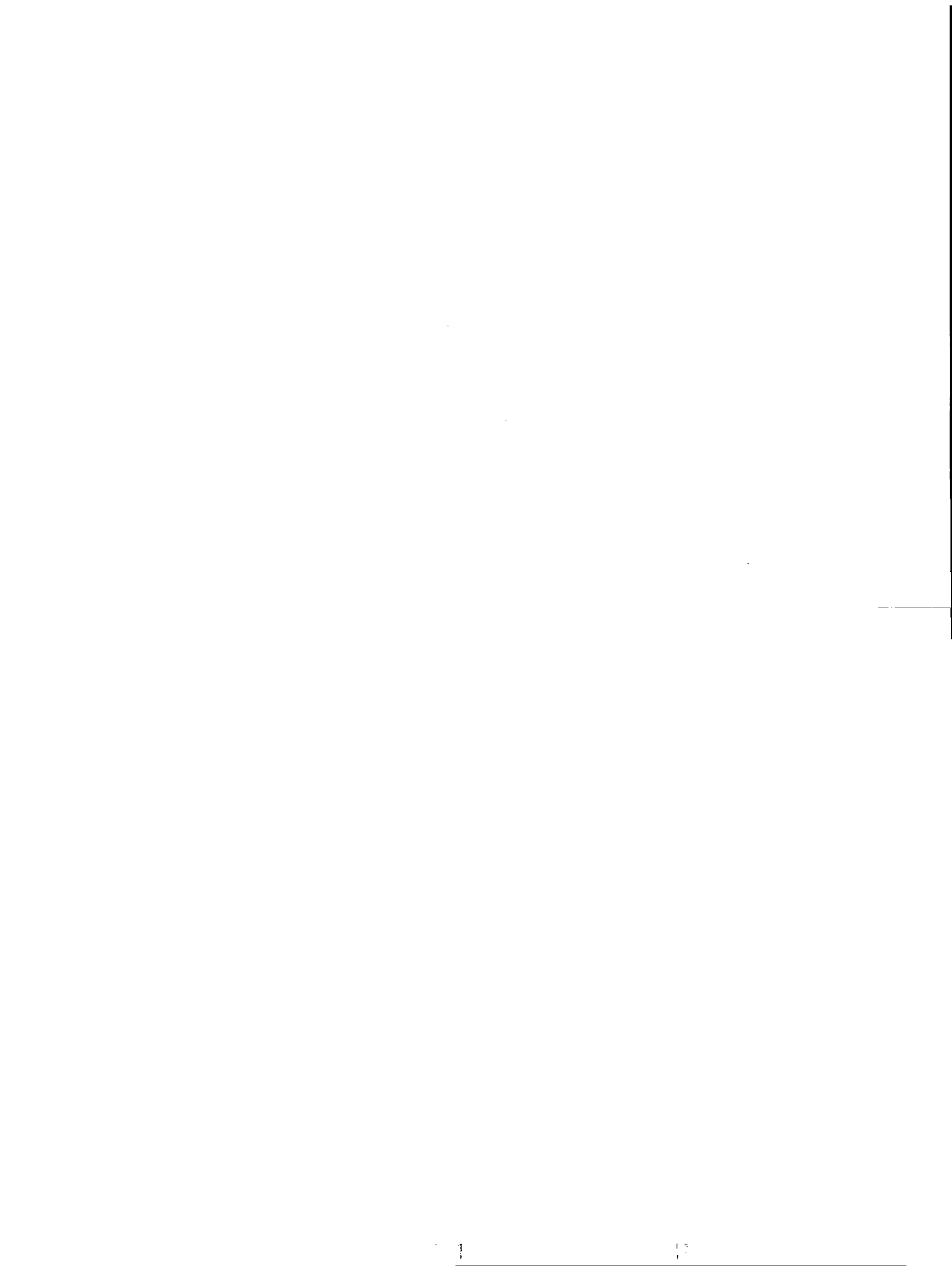
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Support: A "MAG Support" is a specific course of action designed to achieve an objective that is implemented by MAG's member jurisdictions or agencies, and which can be supported by MAG staff and its policies and/or the Pedestrian Working Group.



Appendix





| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale |
| | | | max 17365 | max 38448 | max 38460 | max 48037 | max 25560 | max 100 | | | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | | | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 |
| E Baseline Rd | S 40th Street | S 48th Street | 3,555 | 307 | 9,264 | 15,167 | 2,940 | 28 | 27 | 32 | 6,668 | 307 | 14,383 | 15,167 | 2,940 | 32 | 87 | 87 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | N Mcqueen Rd | S Stapley Dr | 3,897 | 46 | 10,446 | 24,572 | 2,166 | 37 | 32 | 36 | 7,692 | 46 | 17,503 | 29,786 | 2,166 | 46 | 63 | 63 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S lindsay Rd | S Val Vista Dr | 1,450 | - | 8,672 | 37,209 | 7,396 | 49 | 11 | 36 | 3,274 | - | 14,383 | 37,209 | 7,396 | 50 | 26 | 50 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Gilbert Rd | S lindsay Rd | 2,285 | - | 9,932 | 39,559 | 9,868 | 55 | 18 | 40 | 4,008 | - | 14,516 | 39,559 | 9,868 | 54 | 34 | 55 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Stapley Dr | S Gilbert Rd | 3,694 | - | 10,336 | 39,137 | 10,192 | 56 | 25 | 39 | 6,886 | - | 15,658 | 39,137 | 10,192 | 58 | 49 | 58 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Val Vista DR | N Greenfield RD | 912 | - | 5,941 | 25,897 | 6,087 | 35 | 7 | 25 | 3,170 | - | 12,703 | 25,897 | 6,087 | 38 | 22 | 38 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | N Greenfield Rd | S Higley Rd | 853 | - | 4,287 | 13,338 | 4,692 | 21 | 6 | 17 | 3,900 | - | 12,881 | 13,664 | 4,692 | 28 | 25 | 28 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Higley Rd | N Recker RD | 859 | 17 | 2,844 | 3,952 | 3,163 | 10 | 7 | 11 | 3,574 | 17 | 10,735 | 3,952 | 3,163 | 17 | 29 | 29 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Mcclintock Dr | S Price Rd | 5,196 | 2,949 | 13,974 | 12,654 | 12,159 | 42 | 40 | 49 | 5,949 | 2,949 | 15,096 | 12,654 | 12,159 | 39 | 57 | 57 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 19th Avenue | S 7th Avenue | 1,076 | 69 | 5,025 | 19,497 | 12,304 | 34 | 8 | 22 | 1,563 | 69 | 8,044 | 19,497 | 12,304 | 33 | 13 | 34 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 7th Avenue | S Central Avenue | 1,312 | 69 | 5,775 | 17,835 | 15,145 | 36 | 10 | 25 | 1,898 | 69 | 8,723 | 17,835 | 15,145 | 35 | 15 | 36 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S central Avenue | S 7th Street | 1,422 | 664 | 6,240 | 16,598 | 16,906 | 37 | 11 | 27 | 2,139 | 664 | 9,595 | 16,598 | 16,906 | 37 | 12 | 37 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 7th Street | S 16th Street | 1,510 | 682 | 6,885 | 19,869 | 16,413 | 40 | 10 | 30 | 2,443 | 682 | 11,243 | 19,869 | 16,413 | 41 | 16 | 41 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 16th Street | S 24th Street | 1,224 | 841 | 5,106 | 12,872 | 10,151 | 27 | 10 | 21 | 2,219 | 841 | 9,640 | 12,872 | 10,151 | 29 | 29 | 29 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 24th street | S 32nd street | 1,562 | 756 | 4,325 | 14,321 | 1,819 | 20 | 13 | 16 | 2,444 | 756 | 8,541 | 14,321 | 1,819 | 22 | 26 | 26 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 32nd Street | S 40th Street | 2,235 | 318 | 5,521 | 16,229 | 383 | 22 | 19 | 18 | 3,514 | 318 | 9,379 | 16,229 | 383 | 24 | 56 | 56 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 48th Street | I 10 ramp | 4,017 | 666 | 11,423 | 12,257 | 4,700 | 29 | 33 | 44 | 8,347 | 666 | 16,737 | 12,257 | 4,700 | 34 | 91 | 91 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | I 10 ramp | S 56th Street | 4,360 | 804 | 11,221 | 7,844 | 7,310 | 28 | 44 | 44 | 8,125 | 804 | 16,066 | 7,844 | 7,310 | 32 | 86 | 86 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S 56th Street | S Kyrene Rd | 6,797 | 776 | 15,934 | 11,097 | 10,798 | 40 | 51 | 61 | 10,918 | 776 | 20,910 | 11,097 | 10,798 | 44 | 81 | 81 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Kyrene | S mill Avenue | 5,798 | 589 | 13,512 | 7,203 | 13,696 | 36 | 50 | 53 | 8,224 | 589 | 16,152 | 7,203 | 13,696 | 37 | 86 | 86 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Mill Avenue | N Scottsdale Road | 6,138 | 370 | 14,638 | 7,241 | 15,523 | 39 | 45 | 57 | 7,882 | 370 | 16,596 | 7,241 | 15,523 | 38 | 67 | 67 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | N Scottsdale Road | S Mcclintock Dr | 6,485 | 25 | 16,159 | 7,381 | 19,917 | 44 | 41 | 59 | 7,530 | 25 | 17,573 | 7,381 | 19,917 | 42 | 53 | 59 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Price Rd | S Dobson rd | 5,136 | 15,063 | 14,010 | 14,936 | 8,701 | 51 | 39 | 50 | 5,937 | 15,257 | 15,174 | 14,936 | 8,701 | 48 | 54 | 54 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Dobon rd | S Alma School Road | 5,877 | 10,911 | 15,961 | 21,910 | 11,792 | 59 | 40 | 60 | 7,314 | 11,093 | 18,143 | 21,910 | 11,792 | 56 | 68 | 68 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Alma School Road | S County Club DR | 6,704 | 9,886 | 15,612 | 20,470 | 6,044 | 52 | 46 | 57 | 10,940 | 10,483 | 20,637 | 20,470 | 6,044 | 55 | 72 | 72 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S County Club Dr | N McQueen RD | 4,940 | 976 | 11,608 | 20,731 | 554 | 34 | 39 | 40 | 8,825 | 976 | 18,240 | 20,731 | 554 | 39 | 70 | 70 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | S Sossaman Rd | S Ellsworth Rd | 588 | 8 | 4,132 | 11,801 | - | 15 | 4 | 22 | 4,293 | 8 | 17,808 | 11,801 | - | 27 | 24 | 27 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | N Power RD | S Sossaman Rd | 1,072 | 350 | 4,624 | 9,191 | - | 14 | 7 | 21 | 4,013 | 350 | 14,467 | 9,191 | - | 22 | 27 | 27 | | | |
| E Baseline Rd | N Recker RD | N Power RD | 1,092 | 201 | 3,513 | 9,559 | 4,051 | 16 | 7 | 13 | 3,880 | 201 | 12,142 | 9,559 | 4,051 | 24 | 27 | 27 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 117 | N 19th Avenue | 4,384 | 1,108 | 12,821 | 3,959 | 4,144 | 23 | 31 | 54 | 5,994 | 1,108 | 16,447 | 3,959 | 4,144 | 25 | 33 | 54 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 3,683 | - | 12,717 | 8,083 | 7,750 | 29 | 27 | 55 | 5,091 | - | 16,464 | 8,083 | 7,750 | 30 | 34 | 55 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 7th Avenue | N 7th Street | 2,565 | - | 12,767 | 11,387 | 8,140 | 31 | 18 | 59 | 3,603 | - | 16,472 | 11,387 | 8,140 | 32 | 28 | 59 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 7th Street | N 16th Street | 2,228 | - | 12,754 | 17,211 | 3,355 | 32 | 15 | 62 | 2,985 | - | 16,213 | 17,211 | 3,355 | 32 | 19 | 62 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 16th Street | N Cave Creek Road | 2,234 | - | 12,576 | 11,912 | 11,230 | 34 | 16 | 65 | 3,044 | - | 15,994 | 11,912 | 11,230 | 34 | 19 | 65 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N Cave Creek Road | N 32rd Street | 2,307 | - | 11,949 | 14,044 | 11,844 | 36 | 16 | 61 | 3,199 | - | 15,261 | 14,044 | 11,844 | 36 | 19 | 61 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 32rd Street | N 40th Street | 2,263 | - | 11,095 | 4,476 | 8,042 | 23 | 15 | 52 | 3,054 | - | 14,300 | 4,476 | 8,042 | 24 | 20 | 52 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 40th Street | N Tatum Blvd | 1,903 | - | 9,333 | 12,304 | 8,780 | 29 | 13 | 37 | 2,847 | - | 13,303 | 12,304 | 8,780 | 30 | 21 | 37 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N Tatum Blvd | N 56th Street | 1,259 | - | 7,501 | 20,965 | 6,264 | 32 | 9 | 26 | 2,767 | - | 12,593 | 20,965 | 6,264 | 34 | 24 | 34 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 56th Street | N 64th Street | 870 | - | 5,564 | 19,013 | 6,644 | 29 | 7 | 18 | 3,462 | - | 12,471 | 19,013 | 6,644 | 33 | 32 | 33 | | | |
| E Bell Road | N 64th Street | N Scottsdale Road | 1,904 | - | 4,803 | 17,998 | 1,764 | 24 | 17 | 12 | 5,869 | - | 12,836 | 17,998 | 1,764 | 31 | 42 | 42 | | | |
| E Bethany home road | S 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 6,727 | 628 | 16,896 | 15,026 | 8,392 | 42 | 48 | 79 | 7,055 | 628 | 18,027 | 15,026 | 8,392 | 39 | 54 | 79 | | | |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36446 | max 38460 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | | | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | | | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 |
| E Bethany home road | N Central Avenue | N 7th Street | 6,430 | 81 | 13,841 | 6,261 | 4,737 | 28 | 55 | 62 | 6,669 | 81 | 14,576 | 6,261 | 4,737 | 26 | 65 | 65 | | | |
| E Bethany home road | N 7th Avenue | N central Avenue | 6,116 | 76 | 13,736 | 11,626 | 5,900 | 33 | 53 | 61 | 6,340 | 76 | 14,495 | 11,626 | 5,900 | 31 | 60 | 61 | | | |
| E Bethany home road | N 7th street | S 16th Street | 8,355 | 72 | 16,137 | 14,114 | 7,016 | 41 | 60 | 65 | 8,741 | 72 | 17,071 | 14,114 | 7,016 | 38 | 67 | 67 | | | |
| E Bethany home road | S 16th Street | N A 51 | 5,813 | 3,190 | 11,533 | 11,202 | 6,723 | 34 | 68 | 46 | 6,339 | 3,190 | 12,323 | 11,202 | 6,723 | 32 | 70 | 70 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | N Ellsworth RD | S Crismon Rd | 295 | - | 4,899 | 7,039 | 3,956 | 14 | 2 | 33 | 1,467 | - | 9,262 | 7,039 | 3,956 | 17 | 12 | 33 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Rooks Rd | Miller Rd | 86 | - | 212 | - | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 686 | - | 1,696 | - | - | 2 | 8 | 8 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | Miller Rd | Cementary Rd | 93 | - | 338 | - | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1,293 | - | 2,315 | - | - | 3 | 10 | 10 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 35th Avenue | S 27th Avenue | 1,796 | - | 3,358 | 5,204 | 876 | 10 | 15 | 7 | 3,178 | - | 6,090 | 5,204 | 876 | 12 | 30 | 30 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 27th Avenue | S 19th Avenue | 2,068 | - | 4,204 | 12,345 | 1,639 | 18 | 15 | 11 | 3,555 | - | 6,915 | 13,710 | 1,639 | 21 | 31 | 31 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 19th Avenue | S 7th Avenue | 2,817 | - | 6,441 | 27,384 | 5,258 | 37 | 20 | 22 | 4,225 | - | 8,907 | 27,384 | 5,258 | 37 | 36 | 37 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 7th Avenue | S Central Avenue | 2,871 | - | 6,679 | 25,548 | 7,973 | 38 | 24 | 24 | 3,813 | - | 8,621 | 25,548 | 7,973 | 37 | 37 | 38 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S central Avenue | S 7th Street | 3,130 | - | 7,050 | 29,275 | 10,512 | 44 | 27 | 26 | 3,969 | - | 8,900 | 29,275 | 10,512 | 42 | 39 | 44 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 7th Street | S 16th Street | 4,015 | 99 | 8,467 | 29,265 | 9,943 | 46 | 29 | 30 | 5,314 | 99 | 10,810 | 29,265 | 9,943 | 44 | 47 | 47 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 16th Street | S 24th Street | 4,373 | 367 | 8,461 | 28,806 | 9,066 | 45 | 37 | 26 | 6,212 | 367 | 11,516 | 28,806 | 9,066 | 45 | 59 | 59 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 24th street | S 32nd street | 3,810 | 791 | 9,379 | 15,114 | 8,602 | 34 | 48 | 20 | 4,959 | 791 | 12,936 | 15,114 | 8,602 | 34 | 65 | 65 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 32nd Street | S 40th Street | 3,684 | 748 | 11,129 | 10,352 | 3,215 | 26 | 62 | 17 | 4,604 | 748 | 14,989 | 10,352 | 3,215 | 27 | 94 | 94 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S 40th Street | 48th Street | 4,041 | 2,314 | 14,348 | 5,211 | 114 | 23 | 84 | 19 | 4,910 | 2,314 | 18,962 | 5,211 | 114 | 25 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Priest Dr | S mill Avenue | 9,514 | 36,448 | 22,568 | 26,714 | 13,244 | 96 | 100 | 57 | 11,551 | 43,096 | 28,058 | 28,932 | 13,244 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Mill Avenue | N Scottsdale Road | 9,855 | 18,891 | 20,458 | 24,604 | 16,653 | 80 | 88 | 75 | 12,149 | 21,364 | 24,465 | 24,604 | 16,653 | 79 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 9,922 | 19,019 | 20,953 | 22,329 | 15,517 | 78 | 75 | 90 | 12,554 | 22,608 | 25,277 | 22,329 | 15,517 | 79 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | N Hayden Road | S A101 Ramp | 8,191 | 9,622 | 19,721 | 10,518 | 16,045 | 57 | 59 | 100 | 10,973 | 11,113 | 23,629 | 10,518 | 16,045 | 58 | 89 | 100 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Dodson rd | S Alma School Road | 8,932 | 17,950 | 20,779 | 11,972 | 8,741 | 61 | 62 | 100 | 11,009 | 17,950 | 23,530 | 11,972 | 8,741 | 59 | 82 | 100 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Alma School Road | S County Club DR | 9,161 | 13,771 | 20,572 | 18,835 | 9,616 | 64 | 65 | 95 | 10,483 | 13,771 | 22,701 | 18,835 | 9,616 | 60 | 79 | 95 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S County Club Dr | S Center Street | 7,140 | - | 16,507 | 18,772 | 12,054 | 48 | 56 | 74 | 7,874 | - | 17,893 | 18,772 | 12,054 | 45 | 74 | 74 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Center Street | N Mesa Dr | 6,604 | - | 15,968 | 24,893 | 16,152 | 57 | 52 | 70 | 7,025 | - | 17,162 | 24,893 | 16,152 | 52 | 70 | 70 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | N mesa Dr | S Stapley Dr | 6,399 | - | 17,343 | 32,499 | 19,017 | 67 | 46 | 75 | 6,938 | - | 19,053 | 32,499 | 19,017 | 62 | 56 | 75 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Stapley Dr | S Gilbert Rd | 4,067 | - | 15,687 | 29,204 | 22,613 | 64 | 30 | 73 | 4,544 | - | 17,243 | 29,204 | 22,613 | 59 | 47 | 73 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Gilbert Rd | S lindsay Rd | 2,835 | 79 | 14,307 | 35,142 | 11,366 | 57 | 20 | 68 | 3,405 | 79 | 16,579 | 35,142 | 11,366 | 53 | 24 | 68 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S lindsay Rd | S Val Vista Dr | 2,051 | 212 | 13,101 | 33,793 | 8,853 | 52 | 15 | 66 | 2,895 | 212 | 16,191 | 33,793 | 8,853 | 50 | 25 | 66 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Val Vista DR | S Greenfield Rd | 1,730 | 233 | 11,835 | 20,029 | 5,992 | 35 | 12 | 64 | 2,715 | 233 | 15,113 | 20,029 | 5,992 | 35 | 23 | 64 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Greenfield Rd | N Higley Rd | 1,731 | 110 | 10,447 | 11,306 | 3,639 | 24 | 12 | 59 | 2,661 | 110 | 13,341 | 11,306 | 3,639 | 25 | 29 | 59 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | N Higley Rd | S Recker Rd | 2,265 | 365 | 9,456 | 7,608 | 3,439 | 21 | 16 | 52 | 3,123 | 365 | 12,163 | 7,608 | 3,439 | 21 | 31 | 52 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Recker Rd | S Power RD | 2,430 | 733 | 8,195 | 12,718 | 2,666 | 24 | 16 | 43 | 3,590 | 733 | 11,304 | 12,718 | 2,666 | 25 | 28 | 43 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Power Rd | S Sossaman Rd | 2,079 | 779 | 7,422 | 14,078 | 3,847 | 25 | 14 | 40 | 3,398 | 779 | 11,217 | 14,078 | 3,847 | 27 | 26 | 40 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Sossaman Rd | N Ellsworth RD | 1,249 | 245 | 8,152 | 21,118 | 1,093 | 28 | 7 | 50 | 3,136 | 245 | 13,550 | 21,118 | 1,093 | 31 | 22 | 50 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Signal Butte Rd | S Signal Butte Rd | 179 | - | 3,956 | 5,176 | 1,316 | 9 | 1 | 26 | 1,320 | - | 8,194 | 5,176 | 1,316 | 13 | 13 | 26 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S Signal Butte Rd | S Meridian | 60 | - | 2,425 | - | - | 2 | 1 | 15 | 947 | - | 5,611 | - | - | 5 | 10 | 15 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | S A101 Ramp | S Dobson rd | 7,502 | 10,060 | 18,405 | 12,845 | 10,164 | 52 | 55 | 93 | 10,121 | 10,060 | 21,767 | 12,845 | 10,164 | 52 | 72 | 93 | | | |
| E Broadway Road | 48th Street | S Priest Dr | 6,182 | 15,014 | 17,939 | 18,939 | 4,330 | 55 | 93 | 33 | 7,023 | 17,690 | 23,047 | 18,939 | 4,330 | 57 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Cactus Road | N Cave Creek Road | N 24th Street | 3,054 | - | 11,619 | 6,708 | 8,026 | 26 | 15 | 28 | 1,936 | - | 8,350 | 6,708 | 8,026 | 20 | 16 | 28 | | | |
| E Cactus Road | N 24th Street | N 32nd Street | 2,528 | - | 9,782 | 17,970 | 12,628 | 38 | 18 | 39 | 2,637 | - | 10,821 | 17,970 | 12,628 | 35 | 19 | 39 | | | |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 38460 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | |
| E Cactus Road | N 32nd Street | N 40th Street | 3,302 | - | 11,594 | 19,992 | 10,196 | 40 | 23 | 44 | 3,456 | - | 12,212 | 19,992 | 10,196 | 37 | 21 | 44 |
| E Cactus Road | N 40th Street | N Tatum Blvd | 3,656 | - | 11,512 | 25,247 | 5,288 | 41 | 24 | 39 | 3,839 | - | 12,096 | 25,247 | 5,288 | 37 | 19 | 41 |
| E Cactus Road | N Tatum Blvd | N 56th Street | 3,757 | - | 10,820 | 26,859 | 3,398 | 40 | 23 | 32 | 3,981 | - | 11,472 | 26,859 | 3,398 | 37 | 22 | 40 |
| E Cactus Road | N 56th Street | N 64th Street | 3,197 | - | 8,047 | 26,612 | 11,358 | 44 | 22 | 20 | 3,612 | - | 8,858 | 26,612 | 11,358 | 40 | 35 | 44 |
| E Cactus Road | N 64th Street | N Scottsdale Road | 3,148 | - | 6,776 | 19,911 | 9,223 | 35 | 23 | 14 | 3,929 | - | 7,874 | 19,911 | 9,223 | 33 | 39 | 39 |
| E Cactus Road | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 3,301 | - | 6,488 | 12,872 | 3,912 | 24 | 26 | 13 | 4,392 | - | 8,256 | 12,872 | 3,912 | 24 | 55 | 55 |
| E Cactus Road | N Hayden Road | N Pima Road | 2,722 | - | 6,827 | 14,522 | 629 | 22 | 28 | 15 | 3,988 | - | 9,699 | 14,522 | 629 | 23 | 79 | 79 |
| E Cactus Road | N Pima North | N 96th Street | 2,374 | - | 6,867 | 10,970 | 438 | 18 | 19 | 18 | 4,369 | - | 10,152 | 10,970 | 438 | 21 | 64 | 64 |
| E Cactus Road | N 96th Street | N 104th Street | 1,709 | - | 6,553 | 15,141 | 1,907 | 22 | 14 | 21 | 4,262 | - | 9,485 | 15,141 | 1,907 | 25 | 62 | 62 |
| E Cactus Road | N 104th St | E frank Lloyd wright blv | 626 | - | 4,392 | 10,379 | 3,097 | 16 | 5 | 17 | 2,025 | - | 6,413 | 10,379 | 3,097 | 18 | 47 | 47 |
| E Camelback RD | N 56th Street | N Invergordon Road | 5,840 | - | 10,920 | 13,058 | 5,878 | 32 | 53 | 24 | 6,419 | - | 12,351 | 13,058 | 5,878 | 30 | 100 | 100 |
| E Camelback Rd | N Central Avenue | N 7th steet | 10,362 | 110 | 18,647 | 8,846 | 9,113 | 42 | 95 | 74 | 11,220 | 110 | 19,863 | 8,846 | 9,113 | 39 | 100 | 100 |
| E Camelback RD | N 7th Street | N 16th Street | 11,805 | 103 | 22,399 | 10,389 | 11,167 | 50 | 92 | 81 | 12,682 | 103 | 23,984 | 10,389 | 11,167 | 47 | 100 | 100 |
| E Camelback RD | N A51 | N 24th Street | 9,354 | 2,759 | 19,508 | 15,824 | 12,832 | 54 | 85 | 68 | 10,127 | 2,759 | 21,058 | 15,824 | 12,832 | 50 | 75 | 85 |
| E Camelback RD | N 24th Street | N 32nd street | 8,387 | 2,748 | 17,462 | 12,634 | 9,706 | 45 | 69 | 57 | 9,054 | 2,748 | 18,919 | 12,634 | 9,706 | 42 | 67 | 69 |
| E Camelback RD | N 32nd Street | N 40th Street | 7,628 | 2,853 | 14,070 | 14,757 | 4,421 | 39 | 58 | 46 | 8,055 | 2,853 | 15,010 | 14,757 | 4,421 | 36 | 52 | 58 |
| E Camelback RD | N 44th Street | N 56th Street | 5,684 | 240 | 11,285 | 13,196 | 5,110 | 32 | 34 | 32 | 6,054 | 240 | 11,890 | 13,196 | 5,110 | 29 | 64 | 64 |
| E Camelback RD | N Invergordon Road | N Scottsdale Road | 6,381 | - | 15,386 | 8,147 | 2,828 | 29 | 53 | 40 | 7,133 | - | 17,696 | 8,147 | 2,828 | 29 | 100 | 100 |
| E Camelback RD | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 8,495 | 2,257 | 17,101 | 4,399 | 3,557 | 32 | 50 | 54 | 9,504 | 2,257 | 19,657 | 4,399 | 3,557 | 32 | 95 | 95 |
| E Camelback RD | N Hayden Road | N Pima Road | 5,116 | 5,509 | 12,504 | 455 | 8,129 | 28 | 43 | 47 | 6,303 | 5,509 | 14,303 | 455 | 8,129 | 28 | 98 | 98 |
| E Camelback RD | N Dobson Road | N Alma School Road | 304 | 1,137 | 1,075 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 6 | 485 | 1,356 | 1,367 | - | - | 3 | 9 | 9 |
| E Camelback RD | N Alma School Road | N Country Club Drive | 118 | 18 | 396 | - | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 206 | 19 | 476 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| E Camelback RD | N Country Club Drive | N Mesa Drive | 82 | - | 311 | - | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 98 | - | 330 | - | - | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| E Camelback RD | N 40th Street | N 44th Street | 5,393 | 1,715 | 9,544 | 9,597 | 1,031 | 24 | 45 | 30 | 5,618 | 1,715 | 9,992 | 9,597 | 1,031 | 22 | 44 | 45 |
| E Camelback RD | N 16th Street | N A51 | 8,264 | 81 | 15,852 | 10,389 | 12,395 | 42 | 93 | 57 | 8,931 | 81 | 17,074 | 10,389 | 12,395 | 39 | 82 | 93 |
| E Carefree Hwy | N Cave Creek Rd | N Tomdarlington Dr | 591 | - | 1,620 | - | 3,696 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1,149 | - | 4,113 | - | 3,696 | 7 | 5 | 7 |
| E Cave Creek Road | N Pima | End | 155 | - | 327 | - | - | 0 | 1 | 0 | 486 | - | 1,414 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| E Cave Creek Road | E Lone Mountain Rd | E Dove Vally Road | 186 | - | 1,394 | 28 | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 239 | - | 3,974 | 28 | - | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| E Cave Creek Road | N 40th street | E Lone Mountain Rd | 105 | - | 1,270 | 38 | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | 376 | - | 5,904 | 38 | - | 5 | 2 | 5 |
| E Cave Creek Road | E Dove Vally Road | E Carefree Hwy | 529 | - | 1,797 | - | 7,280 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 449 | - | 2,454 | - | 7,280 | 8 | 5 | 9 |
| E Cave Creek Road | E Carefree Hwy | E New River Road | 517 | - | 1,393 | - | 2,021 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 547 | - | 1,987 | - | 2,021 | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| E Cave Creek Road | E New River Road | N Scottsdale Road | 327 | - | 1,067 | 38 | 2,396 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 680 | - | 2,969 | 38 | 2,396 | 5 | 7 | 7 |
| E Cave Creek Road | N Scottsdale Road | N Pima Road | 271 | - | 662 | 38 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 575 | - | 1,849 | 38 | - | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| E Chandler Blvd | I 10 ramp | S 56th Street | 2,443 | 26 | 5,299 | 3,358 | - | 10 | 21 | 13 | 5,095 | 26 | 9,799 | 3,358 | - | 15 | 37 | 37 |
| E Chandler Blvd | End | E Ray Road | 441 | 18 | 5,686 | 19,594 | 6,530 | 29 | 1 | 13 | 3,005 | 18 | 16,999 | 19,594 | 6,530 | 37 | 10 | 37 |
| E Chandler Blvd | E Ray Road | S 32nd street | 365 | 105 | 5,289 | 10,352 | 6,456 | 20 | 3 | 13 | 1,712 | 105 | 11,247 | 10,352 | 6,456 | 24 | 13 | 24 |
| E Chandler Blvd | S 32nd Street | S 40th Street | 464 | 252 | 6,447 | 14,078 | 6,395 | 25 | 3 | 18 | 2,300 | 252 | 12,916 | 14,078 | 6,395 | 29 | 23 | 29 |
| E Chandler Blvd | S 40th Street | 48th Street | 1,374 | 122 | 6,657 | 10,352 | 3,611 | 20 | 11 | 19 | 3,991 | 122 | 13,075 | 10,352 | 3,611 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| E Chandler Blvd | 48th Street | I 10 ramp | 2,028 | 55 | 5,247 | 5,211 | 1,048 | 12 | 17 | 14 | 4,680 | 55 | 10,263 | 5,211 | 1,048 | 17 | 36 | 36 |
| E Chandler Blvd | S 56th Street | N Kyrene Rd | 3,323 | - | 7,325 | 13,306 | 1,348 | 22 | 23 | 16 | 6,178 | - | 11,931 | 13,306 | 1,348 | 26 | 36 | 36 |
| E Chandler Blvd | N Kyrene Rd | N rural rd | 3,160 | - | 8,009 | 22,236 | 9,955 | 39 | 21 | 20 | 5,549 | - | 12,075 | 22,236 | 9,955 | 40 | 40 | 40 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 38480 | max 48037 | max 25560 | max 100 | | | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | | | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 |
| E Chandler Blvd | N rural Rd | N McClintock Dr | 2,008 | - | 8,056 | 24,089 | 11,818 | 41 | 15 | 25 | 5,745 | - | 13,295 | 24,089 | 11,818 | 44 | 35 | 44 | | | |
| E Chandler Blvd | N McClintock Dr | N Price Rd | 1,553 | - | 7,260 | 27,402 | 5,578 | 37 | 11 | 25 | 6,471 | - | 13,696 | 27,402 | 5,578 | 43 | 35 | 43 | | | |
| E Chandler Blvd | N Price Rd | S Dobson rd | 2,031 | - | 8,186 | 24,099 | 2,058 | 32 | 13 | 30 | 6,785 | - | 15,212 | 24,099 | 2,058 | 39 | 32 | 39 | | | |
| E Chandler Blvd | S Dobson rd | S Alma School Road | 2,641 | - | 9,679 | 22,723 | 5,900 | 36 | 17 | 37 | 6,450 | - | 15,848 | 22,723 | 5,900 | 41 | 35 | 41 | | | |
| E Chandler Blvd | S Alma School Road | N Arizona Avenue | 2,615 | - | 10,824 | 27,911 | 17,247 | 52 | 17 | 43 | 4,999 | - | 16,591 | 27,911 | 17,247 | 53 | 32 | 53 | | | |
| E Chandler Blvd | N Arizona Avenue | N McQueen RD | 1,860 | - | 9,350 | 29,322 | 17,072 | 51 | 12 | 39 | 3,526 | - | 15,626 | 29,322 | 17,072 | 52 | 25 | 52 | | | |
| E Chandler Blvd | N McQueen Rd | N Cooper Rd | 1,121 | - | 6,886 | 22,640 | 9,821 | 36 | 8 | 28 | 2,712 | - | 14,491 | 22,640 | 9,821 | 40 | 20 | 40 | | | |
| E Chandler Blvd | N Cooper Rd | N Gilbert Rd. | 498 | - | 3,997 | 15,528 | 4,335 | 22 | 4 | 16 | 1,855 | - | 12,361 | 15,528 | 4,335 | 27 | 13 | 27 | | | |
| E Chandler Heights Rd | S Price Rd | S Dobson rd | 285 | - | 1,750 | - | - | 2 | 7 | 5 | 3,495 | - | 9,009 | - | - | 10 | 18 | 18 | | | |
| E Chandler Heights Rd | S Dobson rd | S Alma School Road | 653 | - | 2,057 | - | - | 2 | 7 | 7 | 3,151 | - | 10,734 | - | - | 11 | 20 | 20 | | | |
| E Dydamite Blvd | N Pima Rd | N alma School Pkwy | 91 | - | 403 | - | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 322 | - | 1,589 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | |
| E Dydamite Blvd | N Cave Creek Rd | N Tatum Blvd | 37 | - | 614 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 2 | 391 | - | 6,156 | - | - | 5 | 2 | 5 | | | |
| E Dydamite Blvd | 56th St | End | 84 | - | 525 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 183 | - | 3,411 | - | - | 3 | 2 | 3 | | | |
| E Dydamite Blvd | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 107 | - | 519 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 263 | - | 1,426 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | |
| E Dydamite Blvd | N Pima Road | N Alma School Road | 128 | - | 516 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 635 | - | 3,618 | - | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | |
| E Dynamite Blvd | N Tatum Blvd | N 56th Street | 76 | - | 735 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 333 | - | 5,533 | - | - | 5 | 2 | 5 | | | |
| E Dynamite Blvd | End | N Scottsdale Road | 126 | - | 642 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 239 | - | 2,414 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | |
| E Elliot Rd | I 10 ACC | S 56th Street | 3,213 | - | 7,859 | 5,852 | - | 15 | 25 | 28 | 5,155 | - | 10,788 | 5,852 | - | 17 | 50 | 50 | | | |
| E Glendale Av | N 7th Street | N 16th Street | 4,727 | - | 11,916 | 12,787 | 6,625 | 32 | 33 | 46 | 5,046 | - | 13,034 | 12,787 | 6,625 | 30 | 48 | 48 | | | |
| E Glendale Av | N 16th Street | N A 51 | 3,804 | 412 | 8,442 | 18,103 | 6,318 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 4,088 | 412 | 9,366 | 18,103 | 6,318 | 31 | 49 | 49 | | | |
| E Glendale Av | N A 51 | N 24th Street | 4,921 | 2,237 | 9,145 | 27,549 | 3,841 | 42 | 35 | 29 | 5,225 | 2,237 | 10,258 | 27,549 | 3,841 | 39 | 61 | 61 | | | |
| E Greenway Pkwy | N Cave Creek Rd | E Greenway Road | 3,406 | - | 15,681 | 16,285 | 9,473 | 40 | 17 | 52 | 2,807 | - | 12,763 | 16,285 | 9,473 | 33 | 20 | 52 | | | |
| E Guadalupe Rd | 48th St | S 110 | 2,896 | 351 | 8,629 | 12,273 | 3,068 | 24 | 25 | 33 | 5,519 | 351 | 11,762 | 12,273 | 3,068 | 26 | 64 | 64 | | | |
| E Guadalupe Rd | S 110 | S 56th Street | 3,154 | 351 | 9,173 | 10,889 | 7,005 | 27 | 28 | 35 | 5,995 | 351 | 12,416 | 10,889 | 7,005 | 29 | 64 | 64 | | | |
| E Guadalupe Rd | S 56th Street | S Kyrene Rd | 4,701 | 351 | 12,504 | 10,727 | 10,291 | 34 | 34 | 47 | 7,780 | 351 | 16,059 | 10,727 | 10,291 | 36 | 59 | 59 | | | |
| E Guadalupe Rd | S Kyrene | S rural Rd | 4,935 | 147 | 13,183 | 12,389 | 11,480 | 37 | 35 | 50 | 6,791 | 147 | 15,676 | 12,389 | 11,480 | 37 | 63 | 63 | | | |
| E Guadalupe Rd | S Rural Rd | S McClintock Dr | 5,048 | - | 12,829 | 15,812 | 19,705 | 47 | 35 | 43 | 6,090 | - | 14,599 | 15,812 | 19,705 | 45 | 43 | 47 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 12,683 | 10,152 | 24,854 | 6,625 | 14,209 | 61 | 100 | 93 | 13,586 | 10,152 | 26,421 | 6,625 | 14,209 | 57 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N Central Avenue | N 7th Street | 10,795 | 5,882 | 23,634 | 8,488 | 10,120 | 52 | 100 | 71 | 11,733 | 5,882 | 25,175 | 8,488 | 10,120 | 49 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 7th Street | N 16th Street | 12,847 | 1,560 | 27,012 | 10,369 | 12,574 | 57 | 100 | 85 | 14,172 | 1,560 | 29,089 | 10,369 | 12,574 | 54 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | A 51 | N 24th Street | 11,623 | 27 | 20,520 | 17,409 | 16,968 | 59 | 86 | 82 | 12,511 | 27 | 22,344 | 17,409 | 16,968 | 55 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 24th Street | N 32nd street | 10,270 | - | 20,324 | 15,545 | 14,237 | 54 | 73 | 89 | 10,986 | - | 21,855 | 15,545 | 14,237 | 50 | 65 | 89 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 32nd Street | N 40th Street | 7,639 | - | 17,305 | 14,057 | 8,667 | 42 | 57 | 81 | 8,071 | - | 18,236 | 14,057 | 8,667 | 39 | 58 | 81 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 40th Street | N 44th Street | 5,062 | 68 | 12,297 | 10,802 | 9,204 | 33 | 45 | 59 | 5,251 | 68 | 12,885 | 10,802 | 9,204 | 31 | 47 | 59 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 56th Street | N Scottsdale Road | 9,469 | 22 | 21,183 | 6,367 | 5,199 | 38 | 50 | 67 | 11,301 | 22 | 24,381 | 6,367 | 5,199 | 38 | 97 | 97 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N Pima Road | N A101 | 1,276 | 3,060 | 4,901 | 45 | 4,688 | 12 | 13 | 26 | 1,627 | 3,063 | 5,418 | 45 | 4,688 | 12 | 49 | 49 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N Hayden Road | N Pima Road | 5,982 | 4,044 | 12,983 | 214 | 8,440 | 28 | 43 | 49 | 7,219 | 4,044 | 14,711 | 214 | 8,440 | 28 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 7,813 | 1,369 | 18,228 | 4,299 | 6,233 | 34 | 52 | 60 | 9,128 | 1,369 | 20,829 | 4,299 | 6,233 | 34 | 93 | 93 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 44th Street | N 48th Street | 4,426 | 124 | 10,680 | 7,751 | 12,609 | 32 | 39 | 49 | 4,591 | 124 | 11,268 | 7,751 | 12,609 | 29 | 44 | 49 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 7th Avenue | N Central Avenue | 11,230 | 11,570 | 23,566 | 13,250 | 13,478 | 65 | 100 | 76 | 11,923 | 11,570 | 25,000 | 13,250 | 13,478 | 60 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| E Indian School RD | N 16th Street | A 51 | 9,273 | 48 | 16,839 | 10,369 | 15,890 | 47 | 100 | 63 | 10,204 | 48 | 18,479 | 10,369 | 15,890 | 44 | 100 | 100 | | | |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | |
| | | | max 17385 | max 38448 | max 38460 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | |
| E Indian School RD | N 48th Street | N 56th Street | 4,665 | 124 | 11,358 | 7,779 | 14,623 | 34 | 33 | 48 | 5,407 | 124 | 12,441 | 7,779 | 14,623 | 32 | 56 | 56 |
| E Lincoln Dr | N 24th Street | N 32nd street | 3,435 | 1,292 | 6,170 | 6,198 | 707 | 16 | 32 | 15 | 4,054 | 1,717 | 6,999 | 8,237 | 707 | 17 | 66 | 66 |
| E Lincoln Dr | N 32nd Street | N Tatum Blvd | 2,880 | 1,672 | 5,992 | 16,162 | - | 24 | 23 | 9 | 3,405 | 1,902 | 6,642 | 17,523 | - | 24 | 46 | 46 |
| E Lincoln Dr | N Invergordon Road | N Mockingbird Lane | 2,336 | 196 | 4,157 | 6,561 | 3,083 | 15 | 21 | 6 | 2,690 | 196 | 4,883 | 7,169 | 3,083 | 14 | 53 | 53 |
| E Lincoln Dr | N Mockingbird Lane | N Scottsdale Road | 2,684 | 278 | 5,667 | 6,638 | 3,496 | 17 | 24 | 12 | 3,157 | 278 | 6,664 | 7,567 | 3,496 | 17 | 48 | 48 |
| E Lincoln Dr | N Tatum Blvd | N Invergordon Road | 2,819 | 30 | 5,230 | 20,547 | 363 | 26 | 20 | 6 | 3,082 | 30 | 5,842 | 20,703 | 363 | 24 | 42 | 42 |
| E McDowell RD | N 32nd Street | N 40th Street | 7,856 | 5,999 | 18,193 | 14,078 | 11,705 | 51 | 62 | 73 | 9,320 | 5,999 | 20,288 | 14,078 | 11,705 | 49 | 76 | 76 |
| E McDowell RD | N Hohokam Frwy | N 48th Street | 5,198 | 4,098 | 11,155 | 7,039 | 14,498 | 37 | 45 | 48 | 6,702 | 4,098 | 13,052 | 7,039 | 14,498 | 36 | 76 | 76 |
| E McDowell RD | N 48th Street | N 52 ND Street | 5,237 | 2,619 | 11,047 | 7,039 | 13,618 | 35 | 42 | 46 | 7,181 | 2,619 | 13,436 | 7,039 | 13,618 | 35 | 79 | 79 |
| E McDowell RD | N 52 ND Street | N 64th Street | 6,393 | 1,386 | 13,738 | 11,233 | 4,093 | 33 | 40 | 60 | 8,745 | 1,386 | 16,858 | 11,233 | 4,093 | 34 | 70 | 70 |
| E McDowell RD | N 64th Street | N Scottsdale Road | 5,046 | 11 | 11,332 | 9,525 | 9,014 | 31 | 37 | 50 | 6,779 | 11 | 13,320 | 9,525 | 9,014 | 31 | 76 | 76 |
| E McDowell RD | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 5,955 | - | 13,581 | 6,854 | 12,550 | 35 | 38 | 57 | 6,819 | - | 14,729 | 6,854 | 12,550 | 33 | 60 | 60 |
| E McDowell RD | N Hayden Road | N Pima Road | 4,558 | - | 10,289 | 3,383 | 7,895 | 23 | 30 | 42 | 5,088 | - | 11,073 | 3,383 | 7,895 | 22 | 49 | 49 |
| E McDowell RD | N Alma School Road | N Beeline Highway | 359 | - | 1,914 | 3,313 | 2,365 | 7 | 3 | 10 | 594 | - | 2,481 | 3,313 | 2,365 | 7 | 9 | 10 |
| E McDowell RD | N Lindsay | N Val Vista DR | 754 | - | 2,955 | 3,378 | 8,865 | 14 | 6 | 7 | 1,953 | - | 6,911 | 3,378 | 8,865 | 17 | 15 | 17 |
| E McDowell RD | N Val Vista DR | N Greenfield RD | 1,247 | - | 2,769 | 5,735 | 3,048 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 3,138 | - | 6,481 | 5,735 | 3,048 | 15 | 17 | 17 |
| E McDowell RD | N Greenfield Rd | N Higley Rd | 1,216 | - | 3,294 | 6,008 | - | 9 | 10 | 11 | 2,841 | - | 6,960 | 6,008 | - | 13 | 18 | 18 |
| E McDowell RD | N Higley Rd | N Recker RD | 1,426 | - | 3,965 | 860 | - | 6 | 9 | 17 | 3,495 | - | 8,047 | 860 | - | 10 | 21 | 21 |
| E McDowell RD | N Recker RD | N Power RD | 597 | - | 3,303 | 3,862 | 496 | 7 | 5 | 17 | 2,539 | - | 8,698 | 3,862 | 496 | 12 | 20 | 20 |
| E McDowell RD | S A101 Ramp | N Dobson rd | 2,080 | - | 4,981 | 18 | 2,609 | 9 | 15 | 20 | 2,509 | - | 5,478 | 18 | 2,609 | 8 | 27 | 27 |
| E McDowell RD | E Lehi Rd | N Lindsay Rd | 467 | - | 2,829 | 83 | 8,343 | 10 | 4 | 8 | 1,071 | - | 5,890 | 83 | 8,343 | 12 | 9 | 12 |
| E McDowell RD | N Dobson Road | N Alma School Road | 782 | - | 2,286 | - | 4,191 | 6 | 7 | 11 | 1,089 | - | 2,775 | - | 4,191 | 6 | 18 | 18 |
| E McDowell RD | N 40th Street | N 44th Street | 6,006 | 5,686 | 13,884 | 10,352 | 13,073 | 44 | 51 | 61 | 7,461 | 5,686 | 15,749 | 10,352 | 13,073 | 42 | 84 | 84 |
| E McDowell RD | N Power RD | N Ellsworth RD | 164 | - | 2,092 | 6,653 | 19 | 8 | 1 | 11 | 1,907 | - | 8,849 | 6,653 | 19 | 14 | 11 | 14 |
| E McDowell RD | N Gilbert Rd | E Lehi RD | 825 | - | 4,748 | 83 | 4,658 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 876 | - | 5,593 | 83 | 4,658 | 9 | 11 | 11 |
| E McDowell RD | N 44th Street | N Hohokam frwy | 7,751 | 4,098 | 16,590 | 7,039 | 12,924 | 43 | 45 | 52 | 6,841 | 4,098 | 13,731 | 7,039 | 12,924 | 36 | 78 | 78 |
| E McDowell RD | N Pima Road | S A101 Ramp | 2,263 | - | 5,313 | 18 | 3,879 | 10 | 21 | 21 | 2,649 | - | 5,775 | 18 | 3,879 | 10 | 31 | 31 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Recker RD | N Power RD | 559 | - | 5,575 | 8,897 | 4,435 | 17 | 4 | 28 | 2,361 | - | 10,835 | 8,897 | 4,435 | 21 | 22 | 28 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Higley Rd | N Recker RD | 960 | - | 5,949 | 8,594 | 4,798 | 18 | 7 | 29 | 2,869 | - | 10,766 | 8,594 | 4,798 | 22 | 22 | 29 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Greenfield Rd | N Higley Rd | 1,059 | - | 4,598 | 9,000 | 211 | 13 | 8 | 20 | 2,971 | - | 9,471 | 9,000 | 211 | 17 | 19 | 20 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Val Vista DR | N Greenfield RD | 1,016 | 85 | 3,871 | 9,813 | 1,525 | 14 | 8 | 13 | 2,774 | 85 | 8,999 | 11,250 | 1,525 | 20 | 19 | 20 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Lindsay | N Val Vista DR | 947 | 63 | 4,946 | 10,984 | 7,176 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 2,133 | 63 | 10,331 | 10,984 | 7,176 | 25 | 17 | 25 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Gilbert Rd | N Lindsay Rd | 1,199 | - | 6,552 | 7,259 | 7,799 | 20 | 8 | 20 | 1,878 | - | 11,722 | 7,259 | 7,799 | 23 | 13 | 23 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Stapley Dr | N Gilbert Rd | 1,364 | - | 7,996 | 7,681 | 7,066 | 21 | 10 | 28 | 1,923 | - | 12,514 | 7,681 | 7,066 | 23 | 16 | 28 |
| E Mickellips Road | N mesa Dr | N Stapley Dr | 1,458 | - | 8,825 | 16,094 | 5,791 | 29 | 11 | 39 | 1,985 | - | 12,410 | 16,094 | 5,791 | 29 | 22 | 39 |
| E Mickellips Road | N center Street | N Mesa Dr | 1,423 | - | 7,585 | 17,426 | 7,227 | 30 | 14 | 37 | 1,866 | - | 9,809 | 17,426 | 7,227 | 29 | 25 | 37 |
| E Mickellips Road | N County Club Dr | N Center Street | 1,579 | - | 7,116 | 15,528 | 7,589 | 28 | 15 | 35 | 2,101 | - | 9,006 | 15,528 | 7,589 | 27 | 23 | 35 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Alma School Road | N County Club Dr | 1,553 | - | 6,306 | 10,352 | 3,202 | 19 | 12 | 31 | 2,240 | - | 8,067 | 10,352 | 3,202 | 19 | 23 | 31 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Hayden Road | S A101 Ramp | 4,222 | - | 8,506 | 13,710 | 4,463 | 27 | 28 | 33 | 5,394 | - | 10,223 | 13,710 | 4,463 | 27 | 36 | 36 |
| E Mickellips Road | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 4,872 | - | 10,343 | 24,505 | 10,770 | 45 | 33 | 42 | 6,287 | - | 12,758 | 24,505 | 10,770 | 43 | 68 | 68 |
| E Mickellips Road | S A101 Ramp | N Alma School Road | 2,887 | - | 6,752 | 11,801 | 954 | 20 | 17 | 28 | 4,377 | - | 8,792 | 11,801 | 954 | 21 | 31 | 31 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale |
| | | | max 17365 | max 38448 | max 38460 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | | | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | | | max 25580 | max 100 | max 100 |
| E Northern Avenue | N 43rd Avenue | S 35th Av | 4,261 | - | 15,675 | 17,575 | 14,804 | 46 | 33 | 75 | 4,817 | - | 17,464 | 17,575 | 14,804 | 44 | 51 | 75 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | S 35th Av | S 27th Avenue | 6,214 | 1,283 | 17,616 | 25,538 | 10,375 | 54 | 47 | 80 | 6,882 | 1,283 | 19,336 | 25,538 | 10,375 | 51 | 49 | 80 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | I 10 ramp | N 19th Avenue | 6,430 | 1,929 | 16,147 | 22,933 | 13,773 | 54 | 51 | 69 | 7,165 | 1,929 | 17,970 | 22,933 | 13,773 | 51 | 51 | 69 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 6,261 | 1,547 | 15,605 | 15,130 | 7,823 | 41 | 47 | 62 | 6,889 | 1,547 | 17,286 | 15,130 | 7,823 | 39 | 58 | 62 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | N 7th Avenue | N central Avenue | 4,069 | 794 | 10,998 | 11,273 | 4,635 | 28 | 40 | 42 | 4,415 | 794 | 12,154 | 11,273 | 4,635 | 27 | 59 | 59 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | N Central Avenue | N 7th Street | 3,697 | - | 10,320 | 9,997 | 6,355 | 27 | 34 | 37 | 3,983 | - | 11,485 | 9,997 | 6,355 | 25 | 49 | 49 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | N 16th Street | N A 51 | 2,940 | - | 7,780 | 14,311 | 438 | 23 | 21 | 27 | 3,185 | - | 9,001 | 14,311 | 438 | 22 | 40 | 40 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | S 27th Avenue | I 10 Ramp | 5,780 | 1,929 | 14,441 | 22,180 | 11,532 | 50 | 54 | 64 | 6,454 | 1,929 | 16,044 | 22,180 | 11,532 | 47 | 54 | 64 | | | |
| E Northern Avenue | N 7th street | N 16th Street | 4,225 | - | 11,282 | 9,655 | 4,044 | 26 | 29 | 39 | 4,516 | - | 12,682 | 9,655 | 4,044 | 25 | 44 | 44 | | | |
| E Pecos Rd | S 51th Avenue | S 43rd Avenue | - | - | 54 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80 | - | 214 | - | - | 0 | 2 | 2 | | | |
| E Pecos Rd | N Price Rd | N Alma School Road | 2,139 | - | 6,993 | 22,667 | 363 | 29 | 11 | 26 | 8,209 | - | 16,784 | 22,667 | 363 | 38 | 45 | 45 | | | |
| E Pecos Rd | S Alma School Road | S Arizona Avenue | 1,753 | - | 6,617 | 19,373 | 4,218 | 28 | 12 | 27 | 5,888 | - | 14,993 | 19,373 | 4,218 | 36 | 46 | 46 | | | |
| E Pecos Rd | S Arivone Avenue | N McQueen RD | 1,307 | - | 5,641 | 20,501 | 7,863 | 31 | 8 | 24 | 6,380 | - | 14,834 | 20,774 | 7,863 | 40 | 51 | 51 | | | |
| E Pecos Rd | N Mcqueen Rd | S Cooper Rd | 876 | 786 | 4,179 | 17,963 | 5,040 | 26 | 6 | 17 | 7,041 | 786 | 15,033 | 20,721 | 5,040 | 39 | 42 | 42 | | | |
| E Pecos Rd | S Cooper Rd | N Gilbert Rd. | 385 | 1,716 | 2,555 | 13,664 | 2,819 | 19 | 3 | 11 | 5,921 | 1,716 | 13,186 | 13,664 | 2,819 | 30 | 41 | 41 | | | |
| E Pinnacle Peak Rd | N Hayden Rd | N Pima Rd | 432 | - | 1,163 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 2 | 802 | - | 3,806 | - | - | 4 | 5 | 5 | | | |
| E Pinnacle Peak Rd | N Cave Creek Rd | N Tatum Blvd | 71 | - | 504 | 1,783 | - | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1,095 | - | 10,534 | 3,313 | - | 12 | 5 | 12 | | | |
| E Pinnacle Peak Rd | N Tatum Blvd | N Scottsdale Road | 241 | - | 541 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1,166 | - | 8,567 | - | - | 8 | 6 | 8 | | | |
| E Pinnacle Peak Rd | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Rd | 419 | - | 913 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1,056 | - | 5,250 | - | - | 5 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| E Ray Rd | N Cooper Rd | N Gilbert Rd. | 527 | - | 4,521 | 8,506 | 1,450 | 13 | 4 | 17 | 2,294 | - | 13,278 | 8,506 | 1,450 | 20 | 28 | 28 | | | |
| E Ray Rd | N Mcqueen Rd | N Cooper Rd | 1,060 | - | 7,415 | 13,710 | 9,059 | 28 | 9 | 29 | 3,405 | - | 15,129 | 13,710 | 9,059 | 33 | 32 | 33 | | | |
| E Ray Rd | N Arizona Avenue | N McQueen RD | 2,010 | - | 10,130 | 20,814 | 12,493 | 40 | 15 | 41 | 4,039 | - | 16,109 | 20,814 | 12,493 | 43 | 38 | 43 | | | |
| E Ray Rd | S Alma School Road | N Arizona Avenue | 2,838 | - | 11,957 | 28,926 | 15,277 | 52 | 20 | 47 | 4,343 | - | 16,127 | 28,926 | 15,277 | 52 | 47 | 52 | | | |
| E Ray Rd | S Dobson rd | S Alma School Road | 2,682 | - | 11,425 | 29,303 | 13,268 | 50 | 19 | 44 | 4,355 | - | 15,329 | 29,303 | 13,268 | 50 | 44 | 50 | | | |
| E Ray Rd | S Price Rd | S Dobson rd | 1,960 | - | 10,098 | 22,253 | 9,355 | 39 | 15 | 36 | 4,488 | - | 14,724 | 22,253 | 9,355 | 41 | 37 | 41 | | | |
| E Riggs Rd | S I10 | S Price Rd | 616 | - | 1,325 | - | - | 2 | 4 | 7 | 1,838 | - | 4,809 | - | - | 5 | 23 | 23 | | | |
| E Riggs Rd | S Price Rd | S Alma School Road | 925 | - | 3,371 | - | - | 4 | 5 | 18 | 2,172 | - | 10,726 | - | - | 10 | 15 | 18 | | | |
| E Riggs Rd | S Alma School Road | S Arizona Avenue | 426 | - | 2,470 | - | - | 3 | 3 | 14 | 819 | - | 7,803 | - | - | 7 | 15 | 15 | | | |
| E Riggs Rd | S Arivone Avenue | S Mcqueen Rd | 266 | - | 1,725 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 10 | 607 | - | 5,622 | - | - | 5 | 5 | 10 | | | |
| E Riggs Rd | S Mcqueen | S Cooper Rd | 214 | - | 888 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 5 | 525 | - | 3,908 | - | - | 4 | 3 | 5 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | Saguaro Blvd | N Beeline Highway | 253 | - | 628 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | 792 | - | 2,436 | - | - | 3 | 7 | 7 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N Fountain Hills Blvd | Saguaro Blvd | 420 | - | 1,322 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1,418 | - | 6,205 | - | - | 6 | 9 | 9 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N Frank Lloyd Wright | N Pallsades Blvd | 890 | - | 4,785 | 13,702 | 1,690 | 19 | 3 | 16 | 3,432 | - | 12,802 | 13,702 | 1,690 | 25 | 11 | 25 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | E Via Linda | N Frank Lloyd Wright B | 1,035 | - | 5,660 | 14,078 | 5,882 | 24 | 8 | 19 | 2,751 | - | 8,452 | 14,078 | 5,882 | 25 | 56 | 56 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N 96th Street | N 104th Street | 3,382 | - | 8,519 | 12,633 | 3,377 | 25 | 21 | 23 | 7,074 | - | 13,424 | 12,633 | 3,377 | 29 | 53 | 53 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N Pima North | N 96th Street | 3,921 | - | 9,023 | 7,027 | 915 | 19 | 26 | 19 | 6,561 | - | 14,966 | 7,027 | 915 | 24 | 53 | 53 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N Hayden Road | N Pima Road | 4,551 | - | 8,846 | 5,462 | 3,020 | 19 | 31 | 17 | 6,501 | - | 14,079 | 5,462 | 3,020 | 23 | 48 | 48 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N Scottsdale Road | N Hayden Road | 3,720 | - | 7,475 | 8,120 | 3,278 | 20 | 26 | 15 | 5,727 | - | 9,847 | 8,120 | 3,278 | 22 | 47 | 47 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N 64th Street | N Scottsdale Road | 2,843 | - | 6,479 | 7,543 | 8,639 | 23 | 19 | 13 | 3,443 | - | 7,317 | 7,543 | 8,639 | 22 | 22 | 23 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N 56th Street | N 64th Street | 2,480 | - | 6,273 | 14,516 | 4,587 | 25 | 17 | 14 | 2,696 | - | 6,811 | 14,516 | 4,587 | 23 | 21 | 25 | | | |
| E Shea Blvd. | N Tatum Blvd | N 56th Street | 2,255 | - | 6,726 | 14,348 | 230 | 21 | 17 | 17 | 2,433 | - | 7,338 | 14,348 | 230 | 19 | 19 | 21 | | | |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | |
| | | | max 17365 | max 38448 | max 38480 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43095 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | |
| N Elsworth Dr | E Apachetal | University Dr | 358 | - | 5,300 | 8,488 | 2,766 | 15 | 1 | 27 | 1,344 | - | 7,993 | 8,488 | 2,766 | 16 | 10 | 27 |
| N Elsworth Dr | W Broadway RD | E Apachetal | 358 | - | 5,592 | 7,039 | 2,851 | 14 | 2 | 29 | 1,318 | - | 7,945 | 7,039 | 2,851 | 15 | 11 | 29 |
| N Elsworth Dr | E Southern Avenue | W Broadway Rd | 373 | - | 6,211 | 7,039 | 3,258 | 15 | 2 | 30 | 2,093 | - | 9,431 | 7,039 | 3,258 | 17 | 13 | 30 |
| N Elsworth Dr | Us 60 Ranp | E Southern Avenue | 322 | - | 4,018 | 5,693 | 1,164 | 10 | 2 | 18 | 2,022 | - | 8,581 | 7,039 | 1,164 | 15 | 15 | 18 |
| N Elsworth Dr | E Baseline Rd | Us 60 Ramp | 250 | - | 3,201 | 5,176 | - | 8 | 1 | 13 | 2,444 | - | 10,439 | 5,176 | - | 14 | 19 | 19 |
| N Frank Lloyd Wright B | N Scottsdale Road | N G Hayden Rd | 2,080 | - | 4,917 | 10,870 | - | 16 | 25 | 6 | 6,227 | - | 12,678 | 10,870 | - | 24 | 39 | 39 |
| N Frank Lloyd Wright B | N Hayden Road | N G Hayden Rd | 1,909 | - | 5,035 | 10,409 | - | 15 | 26 | 7 | 5,498 | - | 11,952 | 10,409 | - | 22 | 38 | 38 |
| N Frank Lloyd Wright B | N A101/ N Pima Roa | E Thunderbird Road | 2,710 | - | 6,091 | 17,638 | 3,548 | 27 | 16 | 15 | 6,764 | - | 13,259 | 17,638 | 3,548 | 33 | 39 | 39 |
| N Frank Lloyd Wright B | E Thunderbird Road | E Cactus Road | 1,507 | - | 7,865 | 19,696 | 3,755 | 29 | 5 | 23 | 3,437 | - | 10,128 | 19,696 | 3,755 | 30 | 26 | 30 |
| N Frank Lloyd Wright B | E Cactus Road | E Via Linda | 854 | - | 5,561 | 10,369 | 4,005 | 18 | 2 | 16 | 1,743 | - | 6,331 | 10,369 | 4,005 | 18 | 14 | 18 |
| N Frank Lloyd Wright B | E Via Linda | E Shea Blvd | 836 | - | 5,269 | 10,352 | 4,054 | 18 | 2 | 15 | 1,647 | - | 6,220 | 10,352 | 4,054 | 18 | 11 | 18 |
| N Frank Lloyd Wright B | N G Hayden Rd | N A101/ N Pima Road | 2,901 | - | 5,829 | 7,148 | - | 14 | 13 | 6 | 4,504 | - | 8,611 | 12,220 | - | 20 | 43 | 43 |
| N Gilbert Rd | W Mckellips Road | E Lehi Road | 1,628 | - | 8,695 | 3,433 | 6,264 | 18 | 7 | 17 | 1,496 | - | 9,627 | 3,433 | 6,264 | 17 | 12 | 18 |
| N Gilbert Rd | W McDowell Rd | E Lehi Rd | 810 | - | 4,565 | 73 | 5,403 | 10 | 4 | 8 | 772 | - | 5,099 | 73 | 5,403 | 9 | 11 | 11 |
| N Gilbert Road | W Brown Rd | W Mckellips Road | 2,883 | - | 13,695 | 9,908 | 10,494 | 33 | 11 | 33 | 2,511 | - | 14,381 | 9,908 | 10,494 | 30 | 19 | 33 |
| N Gilbert Road | E University Dr | W Brown Rd | 3,828 | - | 17,820 | 13,175 | 14,636 | 44 | 17 | 53 | 3,372 | - | 17,119 | 13,175 | 14,636 | 39 | 22 | 53 |
| N Gilbert Road | E Main Street | E University Dr | 3,934 | - | 17,097 | 14,153 | 12,751 | 43 | 21 | 55 | 3,104 | - | 14,599 | 14,153 | 12,751 | 36 | 26 | 55 |
| N Gilbert Road | E Broadway Rd | E Main Street | 4,071 | - | 17,931 | 23,983 | 14,324 | 54 | 21 | 57 | 3,191 | - | 14,151 | 23,983 | 14,324 | 45 | 26 | 57 |
| N Gilbert Road | E Southern Avenue | E Broadway Road | 4,663 | - | 19,207 | 39,704 | 20,312 | 75 | 21 | 64 | 4,013 | - | 15,984 | 39,704 | 20,312 | 64 | 32 | 75 |
| N Gilbert Road | Us 60 Ranp | E Southern Avenue | 4,207 | - | 15,476 | 35,173 | 18,790 | 65 | 23 | 43 | 3,339 | - | 11,944 | 35,970 | 18,790 | 56 | 35 | 65 |
| N Gilbert Road | E Guadalupe rd | E baseline rd | 3,940 | - | 14,527 | 29,703 | 12,902 | 54 | 17 | 38 | 4,679 | - | 14,629 | 29,703 | 12,902 | 50 | 37 | 54 |
| N Gilbert Road | E Elliot Road | W Guadalupe Road | 3,374 | - | 11,777 | 13,995 | 14,796 | 39 | 14 | 30 | 4,599 | - | 14,982 | 13,995 | 14,796 | 39 | 38 | 39 |
| N Gilbert Road | W Warner Rd | E Elliot Road | 2,325 | - | 10,299 | 5,118 | 8,847 | 24 | 9 | 22 | 3,756 | - | 14,597 | 5,118 | 8,847 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| N Gilbert Road | E Ray Rd | W Warner Rd | 1,574 | - | 8,140 | 3,935 | 1,096 | 13 | 7 | 15 | 2,700 | - | 13,281 | 3,935 | 1,096 | 17 | 23 | 23 |
| N Gilbert Road | E Baseline Rd | Us 60 Ramp | 3,677 | - | 13,725 | 39,833 | 14,049 | 63 | 20 | 38 | 3,743 | - | 12,157 | 39,833 | 14,049 | 56 | 32 | 63 |
| N hayden Road | E Cactus Road | E Redfield Road | 5,605 | - | 12,232 | 17,764 | 2,686 | 34 | 30 | 11 | 4,729 | - | 11,213 | 17,764 | 2,686 | 29 | 62 | 62 |
| N hayden Road | E Mckellips Rd | W McDowell | 7,234 | - | 15,093 | 10,450 | 10,637 | 39 | 27 | 47 | 6,425 | - | 13,301 | 10,450 | 10,637 | 33 | 51 | 51 |
| N hayden Road | W McDowell Rd | E Thomas RD | 8,261 | - | 18,103 | 3,413 | 10,912 | 36 | 33 | 59 | 8,233 | - | 16,526 | 3,413 | 10,912 | 31 | 90 | 90 |
| N hayden Road | E Thomas RD | e Indian School road | 9,578 | 1,369 | 20,433 | 216 | 9,392 | 36 | 37 | 64 | 9,193 | 1,369 | 18,617 | 216 | 9,392 | 31 | 93 | 93 |
| N hayden Road | E Indian School Road | E camel Back Rd | 7,943 | 3,438 | 17,841 | 843 | 8,615 | 34 | 33 | 54 | 7,745 | 3,438 | 16,412 | 843 | 8,615 | 30 | 95 | 95 |
| N hayden Road | E Camel Back | E Chaparral Road | 6,934 | 4,687 | 16,009 | 970 | 6,013 | 31 | 34 | 50 | 6,414 | 4,687 | 15,296 | 970 | 6,013 | 27 | 100 | 100 |
| N Hayden Road | E Chaparral Road | E Mcdonald dr | 7,272 | 7,585 | 17,355 | 6,564 | 8,617 | 42 | 26 | 48 | 5,460 | 7,585 | 15,546 | 6,564 | 8,617 | 35 | 94 | 94 |
| N Hayden Road | E Mcdonald dr | E Indian Bend Road | 6,008 | 2,340 | 14,061 | 13,615 | 8,749 | 40 | 19 | 32 | 5,107 | 2,340 | 11,625 | 13,615 | 8,749 | 33 | 58 | 58 |
| N Hayden Road | E Indian Bend Road | E Mccormick | 4,708 | 338 | 10,161 | 13,307 | 3,597 | 29 | 21 | 19 | 4,551 | 338 | 8,437 | 13,307 | 3,597 | 24 | 29 | 29 |
| N Hayden Road | E Mccormick | E Via De Ventura | 6,020 | 269 | 11,413 | 13,656 | 324 | 28 | 24 | 18 | 5,671 | 269 | 9,883 | 13,656 | 324 | 24 | 58 | 58 |
| N Hayden Road | E Via De Ventura | E shea Blvd | 7,574 | 63 | 15,347 | 13,007 | 2,939 | 35 | 22 | 21 | 8,050 | 63 | 14,903 | 13,007 | 2,939 | 31 | 51 | 51 |
| N Hayden Road | E shea Blvd | E Cactus Road | 7,548 | - | 13,071 | 7,982 | 1,392 | 27 | 25 | 14 | 5,261 | - | 10,027 | 7,982 | 1,392 | 20 | 64 | 64 |
| N Higley Road | W Mckellips Road | E McDowell RD | 2,086 | - | 7,676 | 5,263 | 324 | 14 | 7 | 19 | 3,616 | - | 8,756 | 5,263 | 324 | 14 | 18 | 19 |
| N Higley Road | W Brown Rd | W Mckellips Road | 2,031 | - | 10,067 | 7,154 | 5,089 | 22 | 10 | 33 | 2,764 | - | 10,970 | 7,154 | 5,089 | 21 | 21 | 33 |
| N Higley Road | E University Dr | W Brown Rd | 2,182 | 95 | 13,280 | 4,694 | 4,965 | 22 | 10 | 49 | 2,565 | 95 | 13,054 | 4,694 | 4,965 | 20 | 20 | 49 |
| N Higley Road | E Main Street | E University Dr | 2,019 | 139 | 12,063 | 3,877 | 2,115 | 18 | 10 | 49 | 2,056 | 139 | 11,032 | 3,877 | 2,115 | 15 | 20 | 49 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | |
| | | | max 17385 | max 36448 | max 38480 | max 46037 | max 25580 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43098 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25580 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 |
| N Higley Road | E Broadway Rd | E Main Street | 2,311 | 13 | 11,683 | 4,135 | 2,478 | 18 | 13 | 48 | 2,078 | 13 | 10,557 | 4,135 | 2,478 | 15 | 27 | 48 |
| N Higley Road | E Southern Avenue | E Broadway Road | 2,395 | - | 11,919 | 11,167 | 6,806 | 29 | 11 | 43 | 3,320 | - | 11,546 | 11,167 | 6,806 | 26 | 29 | 43 |
| N Kyrene Rd | E Guadalupe rd | E baseline rd | 9,757 | 484 | 21,189 | 7,195 | 13,657 | 46 | 45 | 58 | 8,638 | 484 | 18,213 | 7,195 | 13,657 | 39 | 79 | 79 |
| N Kyrene Rd | W Elliot dr | E Guadalupe rd | 6,776 | 91 | 16,900 | 13,737 | 3,790 | 37 | 30 | 39 | 6,936 | 91 | 14,062 | 13,737 | 3,790 | 31 | 59 | 59 |
| N Litchfield Rd | W Indian School Rd | E Indian School road | 386 | 937 | 1,291 | 2,915 | 9,535 | 13 | 2 | 3 | 2,590 | 1,486 | 7,529 | 7,235 | 9,535 | 23 | 18 | 23 |
| N Litchfield Rd | W Yuma Rd | W Van Buren Street | 1,553 | - | 4,715 | - | 14,467 | 18 | 3 | 16 | 2,780 | - | 7,380 | - | 14,467 | 20 | 16 | 20 |
| N Litchfield Rd | W SR 85 | W Yuma Rd | 1,424 | - | 4,390 | - | 6,124 | 11 | 3 | 15 | 1,791 | - | 4,946 | - | 6,124 | 10 | 16 | 16 |
| N Litchfield Rd | W Lower BuckeyeRD | W SR 85 | 1,123 | - | 3,325 | - | 1,907 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 1,138 | - | 3,272 | - | 1,907 | 5 | 13 | 13 |
| N Litchfield Rd | E Camel Back | E Glendale Av | 1,660 | - | 3,906 | 3,431 | 399 | 8 | 5 | 10 | 2,403 | - | 7,066 | 3,431 | 399 | 11 | 13 | 13 |
| N Litchfield Rd | E Indian School Road | E camel Back Rd | 1,357 | 824 | 3,656 | 5,643 | 6,730 | 16 | 10 | 5 | 2,355 | 824 | 7,529 | 7,235 | 6,730 | 20 | 19 | 20 |
| N Litchfield Rd | E Thomas RD | W Indian School Road | 468 | 768 | 1,334 | 2,030 | 5,725 | 9 | 2 | 3 | 3,159 | 1,645 | 8,883 | 7,197 | 5,725 | 21 | 22 | 22 |
| N Litchfield Rd | E McDowell RD | E Thomas RD | 958 | 825 | 3,075 | 1,645 | 324 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 3,950 | 1,632 | 10,318 | 7,168 | 324 | 19 | 20 | 20 |
| N Litchfield Rd | I 10 ramp | E McDowell RD | 799 | 981 | 2,486 | 3,330 | 2,614 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 3,010 | 981 | 7,556 | 3,330 | 2,614 | 14 | 21 | 21 |
| N Litchfield Rd | W Van Buren Street | I 10 ramp | 1,077 | 539 | 3,433 | - | 8,727 | 12 | 4 | 11 | 3,098 | 539 | 8,010 | - | 8,727 | 16 | 20 | 20 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | E Warner Road | E Elliot Road | 4,776 | - | 14,854 | 20,548 | 8,613 | 43 | 22 | 28 | 4,028 | - | 12,339 | 20,548 | 8,613 | 36 | 32 | 43 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | E Elliot Road | E Guadalupe rd | 5,740 | - | 17,450 | 15,842 | 14,543 | 48 | 24 | 33 | 5,220 | - | 13,370 | 15,842 | 14,543 | 39 | 33 | 48 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | W Chandler Blvb | W Ray Road | 2,504 | - | 11,120 | 27,467 | 11,773 | 47 | 11 | 26 | 4,805 | - | 13,156 | 27,467 | 11,773 | 46 | 33 | 47 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | W Ray Road | E Warner Road | 3,230 | - | 12,677 | 24,202 | 10,369 | 45 | 16 | 27 | 4,054 | - | 12,975 | 24,202 | 10,369 | 41 | 37 | 45 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | E Guadalupe rd | E baseline rd | 7,136 | - | 18,837 | 12,145 | 18,609 | 50 | 33 | 45 | 5,975 | - | 14,958 | 12,145 | 18,609 | 41 | 43 | 50 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | E Baseline Rd | Us 60 Ramp | 6,964 | - | 17,599 | 3,652 | 16,400 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 5,398 | - | 13,296 | 3,652 | 16,400 | 31 | 62 | 62 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | Us 60 Ranp | E Southern Avenue | 8,144 | - | 20,542 | 3,615 | 18,263 | 45 | 46 | 55 | 5,874 | - | 14,143 | 3,615 | 18,263 | 34 | 64 | 64 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | E Southern Avenue | E Broadway Road | 11,589 | 8,066 | 25,069 | 8,720 | 19,858 | 65 | 59 | 87 | 9,461 | 8,066 | 21,203 | 8,720 | 19,858 | 54 | 78 | 87 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | E Broadway Rd | E Apachetal | 9,983 | 17,308 | 21,508 | 11,922 | 13,898 | 66 | 51 | 78 | 8,871 | 14,070 | 19,554 | 11,922 | 13,898 | 55 | 84 | 84 |
| N Mcclintock Dr | E Apachetal | E University Dr | 9,604 | 19,317 | 20,532 | 18,519 | 4,385 | 64 | 38 | 71 | 9,317 | 18,723 | 18,959 | 18,519 | 4,385 | 56 | 80 | 80 |
| N Pima Road | E Frank Lloyd Wright | E Bell Rd | 2,988 | - | 5,622 | 7,160 | - | 14 | 11 | 6 | 5,444 | - | 9,521 | 12,210 | - | 22 | 40 | 40 |
| N Pima Road | E Bell RD | E Deer Vally Road | 2,290 | - | 4,693 | 959 | - | 7 | 7 | 5 | 3,450 | - | 10,376 | 959 | - | 12 | 33 | 33 |
| N Pima Road | E Deer Vally Road | E Pinnacle Creek | 455 | - | 1,391 | - | - | 2 | 1 | 2 | 449 | - | 3,057 | - | - | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| N Pima Road | E Pinnacle Creek | E Happy Vally Road | 442 | - | 1,471 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 545 | - | 2,967 | - | - | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| N Pima Road | E Happy Vally Road | E Jomax | 433 | - | 1,343 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 481 | - | 2,611 | - | - | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| N Pima Road | E Jomax Road | E Dynamite Blvd | 256 | - | 853 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 425 | - | 2,171 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N Pima Road | E Lone Mountain Rd | E Cave Creek Road | 422 | - | 975 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 937 | - | 2,485 | - | - | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| N Pima Road | E Dixileta Dr | E Lone Mountain Rd | 120 | - | 501 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 439 | - | 1,543 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| N Pima Road | E Dynamite | E Via Donna Road | 244 | - | 804 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 285 | - | 1,471 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| N Pima Road | E Via Donna Road | E Dixileta | 181 | - | 695 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 0 | 278 | - | 1,326 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| N Power Road | E Williams Field Road | E ray rd | 101 | - | 273 | - | 1,966 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 912 | - | 4,525 | - | 1,966 | 6 | 13 | 13 |
| N Power Road | E Baseline Rd | Us 60 Ramp | 1,733 | 410 | 5,726 | 14,624 | - | 20 | 8 | 17 | 3,343 | 410 | 10,409 | 14,624 | - | 23 | 31 | 31 |
| N Power Road | E Thomas RD | 1.6 Mile North | 433 | - | 2,358 | 28 | 2,494 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 1,378 | - | 5,567 | 28 | 2,494 | 8 | 13 | 13 |
| N Power Road | E Rittenhouse Road | E Williams Field Road | 110 | - | 310 | - | 3,404 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3,447 | - | 7,248 | - | 3,404 | 11 | 15 | 15 |
| N Power Road | E McDowell RD | E Thomas RD | 587 | - | 3,756 | 3,350 | 3,126 | 10 | 0 | 11 | 1,838 | - | 7,683 | 3,350 | 3,126 | 13 | 14 | 14 |
| N Power Road | E Mckellips Rd | E McDowell RD | 849 | - | 6,234 | 8,092 | 1,225 | 15 | 3 | 19 | 2,168 | - | 9,574 | 8,092 | 1,225 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| N Power Road | Brown St | E Mckellips Rd | 1,394 | - | 8,281 | 8,651 | 13,180 | 28 | 5 | 29 | 2,793 | - | 10,963 | 8,651 | 13,180 | 28 | 23 | 29 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 38480 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43098 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | |
| N Power Road | University Dr | Brown St | 1,921 | 340 | 10,230 | 11,964 | 15,651 | 36 | 7 | 37 | 3,480 | 340 | 11,663 | 11,964 | 15,651 | 35 | 20 | 37 |
| N Power Road | Main St | University Dr | 2,451 | 664 | 9,207 | 11,167 | 8,541 | 28 | 12 | 34 | 3,167 | 664 | 9,639 | 11,167 | 8,541 | 27 | 27 | 34 |
| N Power Road | W Broadway RD | Main St | 2,463 | 781 | 9,343 | 12,737 | 4,629 | 27 | 11 | 32 | 3,417 | 781 | 9,436 | 12,737 | 4,629 | 25 | 27 | 32 |
| N Power Road | E Southern Avenue | W Broadway Rd | 2,766 | 991 | 9,993 | 14,400 | 2,106 | 27 | 10 | 32 | 4,258 | 991 | 11,371 | 14,400 | 2,106 | 27 | 28 | 32 |
| N Power Road | Us 60 Ranp | E Southern Avenue | 2,078 | 1,222 | 6,798 | 14,451 | - | 22 | 10 | 21 | 3,426 | 1,222 | 9,704 | 14,451 | - | 23 | 29 | 29 |
| N Power Road | E Guadalupe rd | E baseline rd | 1,178 | 82 | 5,059 | 10,995 | 4,268 | 19 | 4 | 12 | 3,741 | 82 | 12,538 | 10,995 | 4,268 | 25 | 24 | 25 |
| N Rural | E Elliot Road | E Guadalupe rd | 6,078 | - | 15,194 | 17,628 | 15,776 | 49 | 31 | 36 | 5,753 | - | 13,442 | 17,628 | 15,776 | 42 | 42 | 49 |
| N Rural | W Chandler Blvb | W Ray Road | 4,088 | - | 11,158 | 26,006 | 15,952 | 51 | 14 | 23 | 4,561 | - | 12,574 | 26,006 | 15,952 | 47 | 36 | 51 |
| N Rural | W Ray Road | E Warner Road | 4,365 | - | 12,561 | 24,596 | 17,285 | 52 | 20 | 22 | 4,549 | - | 12,486 | 24,596 | 17,285 | 47 | 39 | 52 |
| N Rural | E Warner Road | E Elliot Road | 5,048 | - | 14,088 | 22,776 | 13,158 | 49 | 25 | 24 | 4,606 | - | 11,732 | 22,776 | 13,158 | 42 | 38 | 49 |
| N Rural | E Guadalupe rd | E baseline rd | 10,065 | 74 | 21,173 | 12,472 | 16,950 | 54 | 44 | 55 | 7,182 | 74 | 16,561 | 12,472 | 16,950 | 43 | 57 | 57 |
| N Rural | E Baseline Rd | Us 60 Ramp | 9,359 | 351 | 20,593 | 10,599 | 17,616 | 52 | 48 | 54 | 7,237 | 351 | 15,501 | 10,599 | 17,616 | 41 | 58 | 58 |
| N Rural | E Southern Avenue | E Broadway Road | 14,966 | 21,503 | 28,871 | 17,208 | 20,789 | 92 | 67 | 83 | 12,757 | 22,386 | 24,369 | 17,208 | 20,789 | 78 | 100 | 100 |
| N Rural | E Broadway Rd | Apachel Bl | 14,068 | 16,674 | 24,804 | 25,594 | 13,901 | 84 | 69 | 70 | 12,510 | 20,222 | 22,637 | 25,594 | 13,901 | 76 | 100 | 100 |
| N Rural | E University Dr | Apachel Bl | 12,611 | 13,243 | 22,940 | 35,908 | 5,776 | 80 | 65 | 64 | 12,188 | 18,613 | 22,537 | 35,908 | 5,776 | 76 | 100 | 100 |
| N Rural | Us 60 Ranp | E Southern Avenue | 11,541 | 11,670 | 23,579 | 8,753 | 17,533 | 65 | 61 | 60 | 8,136 | 10,956 | 16,761 | 8,753 | 17,533 | 50 | 85 | 85 |
| N Saguaro Blvd | E Grande Blvd | N McDowell MountainR | 990 | - | 3,345 | - | 7,047 | 10 | 1 | 9 | 1,141 | - | 5,134 | - | 7,047 | 11 | 8 | 11 |
| N Saguaro Blvd | E Palisades Blvd | E Grande Blvd | 981 | - | 3,305 | - | 3,422 | 7 | 1 | 9 | 1,316 | - | 5,332 | - | 3,422 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| N Saguaro Blvd | E shea Blvd | E Palisades Blvd | 1,160 | - | 4,049 | - | 114 | 5 | 1 | 10 | 2,081 | - | 7,845 | - | 114 | 8 | 6 | 10 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Deer Vally Road | E Pinnacle Peek | 274 | - | 730 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1,123 | - | 6,375 | - | - | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Pinnacle Peak | E Happy Vally Road | 351 | - | 868 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 949 | - | 5,065 | - | - | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Happy Vally Road | E Jomax | 386 | - | 1,017 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 550 | - | 3,111 | - | - | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Jomax Road | E Dynamite Blvd | 260 | - | 945 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 335 | - | 1,951 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E A202 Ramp | 1St St | 8,608 | 9,005 | 19,444 | 30,018 | 1,184 | 61 | 53 | 43 | 8,064 | 15,021 | 17,257 | 43,379 | 1,184 | 68 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Mckellips Rd | Curry St | 7,792 | 13,283 | 15,232 | 29,992 | 6,879 | 65 | 54 | 39 | 6,424 | 9,172 | 14,036 | 34,705 | 6,879 | 57 | 99 | 99 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Mckellips Rd | W McDowell | 9,424 | - | 18,076 | 23,311 | 12,798 | 57 | 44 | 51 | 6,658 | - | 14,153 | 23,311 | 12,798 | 46 | 89 | 89 |
| N Scottsdale Road | W McDowell Rd | E Thomas RD | 10,250 | - | 20,410 | 7,045 | 9,705 | 42 | 43 | 64 | 9,818 | - | 18,428 | 7,045 | 9,705 | 36 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Thomas RD | e Indian School road | 9,849 | - | 24,392 | 4,266 | 5,778 | 39 | 44 | 60 | 9,348 | - | 21,710 | 4,266 | 5,778 | 33 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Indian School Road | E camel Back Rd | 6,888 | - | 20,301 | 4,456 | 2,780 | 31 | 43 | 46 | 6,134 | - | 18,952 | 4,456 | 2,780 | 26 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Camel Back | E Chaparral Road | 7,520 | - | 18,120 | 9,594 | 1,239 | 32 | 44 | 39 | 6,822 | - | 16,946 | 9,594 | 1,239 | 28 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Chaparral Road | E Mcdonald dr | 9,246 | 144 | 17,947 | 13,118 | 3,038 | 39 | 34 | 32 | 7,888 | 144 | 15,567 | 13,118 | 3,038 | 32 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Mcdonald dr | E Lincoln Dr | 5,919 | 276 | 11,360 | 11,267 | 3,496 | 29 | 28 | 17 | 4,297 | 276 | 8,502 | 11,267 | 3,496 | 22 | 70 | 70 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Frank Lloyd Wright | E Pinnacle Park Rd | 3,520 | - | 5,895 | 7,142 | - | 15 | 12 | 6 | 6,824 | - | 17,470 | 7,142 | - | 25 | 32 | 32 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Lincoln Dr | E Indian Bend Road | 5,187 | 338 | 9,946 | 7,999 | 1,849 | 23 | 27 | 13 | 3,201 | 338 | 7,100 | 8,051 | 1,849 | 16 | 49 | 49 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Indian Bend Road | E Mocking Bird | 4,949 | 327 | 10,373 | 11,174 | - | 24 | 20 | 12 | 3,826 | 327 | 7,339 | 11,174 | - | 18 | 31 | 31 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Mocking Bird | E Doubletree Ranch R | 5,278 | 190 | 10,552 | 10,006 | 668 | 24 | 20 | 12 | 4,271 | 190 | 7,703 | 10,006 | 668 | 18 | 32 | 32 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Doubletree Ranch | E shea Blvd | 4,072 | - | 9,242 | 7,571 | 4,634 | 23 | 17 | 13 | 3,924 | - | 7,598 | 7,571 | 4,634 | 19 | 23 | 23 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E shea Blvd | E Cactus Road | 6,295 | - | 11,557 | 11,422 | 7,439 | 33 | 24 | 14 | 4,458 | - | 8,200 | 11,422 | 7,439 | 25 | 39 | 39 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Cactus Road | E Thunderbird Road | 5,778 | - | 11,189 | 19,911 | 6,352 | 38 | 26 | 12 | 5,480 | - | 9,937 | 19,911 | 6,352 | 33 | 42 | 42 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Greenway Rd | E frank Lloyd wright blv | 3,445 | - | 7,273 | 12,724 | 571 | 21 | 16 | 8 | 6,826 | - | 12,571 | 12,724 | 571 | 26 | 39 | 39 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Thunderbird Road | E Greenway rd | 4,263 | - | 9,211 | 14,514 | 5,046 | 29 | 22 | 11 | 6,026 | - | 11,900 | 14,514 | 5,046 | 30 | 41 | 41 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 38460 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52263 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | |
| N Scottsdale Road | E 1st Street | University Dr | 11,135 | 9,299 | 22,466 | 44,828 | 78 | 78 | 59 | 54 | 10,940 | 16,165 | 20,712 | 44,828 | 78 | 74 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Curry Road | A 202 | 8,576 | 16,480 | 15,333 | 19,908 | 2,891 | 56 | 54 | 34 | 7,315 | 16,034 | 14,300 | 29,626 | 2,891 | 56 | 100 | 100 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Lone Mountain Rd | Dove Valley | 731 | - | 1,906 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | 896 | - | 3,423 | - | - | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Dixileta Dr | E Lone Mountain Rd | 231 | - | 962 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 561 | - | 2,401 | - | - | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| N Scottsdale Road | Via Donna Rd | E Dixileta | 234 | - | 901 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 286 | - | 1,376 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Dynamite | Via Donna Rd | 282 | - | 1,084 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 240 | - | 1,295 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| N Scottsdale Road | Greenway | G Hayden Rd | 3,063 | - | 7,176 | 9,087 | 1,907 | 19 | 20 | 8 | 5,324 | - | 10,417 | 9,087 | 1,907 | 21 | 45 | 45 |
| N Scottsdale Road | E Carefree Hwy | E Cave Creek Road | 514 | - | 1,414 | 38 | - | 2 | 1 | 2 | 910 | - | 3,298 | 38 | - | 3 | 7 | 7 |
| N Signal Butte Road | University Dr | Brown St | 142 | - | 3,217 | - | 3,367 | 6 | 1 | 13 | 387 | - | 5,060 | - | 3,367 | 7 | 5 | 13 |
| N Signal Butte Road | W Apachetal | University Dr | 141 | - | 3,448 | - | 2,640 | 6 | 1 | 16 | 616 | - | 5,922 | - | 2,640 | 7 | 8 | 16 |
| N Signal Butte Road | Broadway Rd | W Apachetal | 138 | - | 3,561 | - | 649 | 4 | 1 | 16 | 946 | - | 6,275 | - | 649 | 6 | 10 | 16 |
| N Sunrise Blvd | W Beardsley rd | Grand Ave | 492 | - | 3,271 | - | - | 3 | 1 | 8 | 1,084 | - | 4,706 | - | - | 5 | 7 | 8 |
| N Sunrise Blvd | Grand Ave | Stardust Blvd | 607 | - | 4,570 | - | - | 5 | 1 | 18 | 1,269 | - | 6,050 | - | - | 6 | 6 | 18 |
| N Sunrise Blvd | Stardust Blvd | N 128 Avenue | 1,072 | - | 7,650 | - | - | 8 | 2 | 39 | 1,907 | - | 10,288 | - | - | 10 | 9 | 39 |
| N Sunrise Blvd | N 128th Avenue | W Bell Rd | 1,233 | - | 7,853 | - | - | 8 | 4 | 24 | 1,643 | - | 6,908 | - | - | 7 | 12 | 24 |
| N Sunrise Blvd | W Bell Rd | W Beardsley rd | 502 | - | 3,564 | - | 419 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 1,807 | - | 7,616 | - | 419 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Dixileta Dr | N Cave Creek Rd | 94 | - | 1,142 | 28 | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 383 | - | 5,986 | 28 | - | 5 | 2 | 5 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Dynamite | E Dixileta | 102 | - | 1,113 | 18 | - | 1 | 0 | 2 | 371 | - | 6,226 | 18 | - | 5 | 2 | 5 |
| N Tatum Blvd | Doubletree Ranch Rd | Lincoln Dr | 4,018 | - | 8,856 | 17,159 | 649 | 27 | 12 | 9 | 2,547 | - | 5,896 | 18,182 | 649 | 22 | 16 | 27 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Jomax Rd | E Dynamite Blvd | 74 | - | 932 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 2 | 385 | - | 5,937 | - | - | 5 | 3 | 5 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Pinna Peak | Joe max Rd | 43 | - | 591 | - | - | 1 | 0 | 1 | 510 | - | 7,210 | - | - | 6 | 4 | 6 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Union Hills Dr | E Pinna Peak | 983 | - | 5,770 | 10,938 | 669 | 16 | 3 | 14 | 3,054 | - | 13,439 | 10,938 | 669 | 23 | 13 | 23 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Bell RD | E Union Hills Dr | 1,778 | - | 9,611 | 16,416 | 6,502 | 30 | 8 | 23 | 2,806 | - | 10,991 | 16,416 | 6,502 | 29 | 21 | 30 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Greenway Rd | E Bell Rd | 3,257 | - | 13,280 | 26,932 | 8,061 | 46 | 15 | 33 | 2,956 | - | 12,993 | 26,932 | 8,061 | 41 | 25 | 46 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Thunderbird Road | E Greenway rd | 4,255 | - | 15,696 | 31,091 | 10,249 | 54 | 18 | 37 | 3,619 | - | 12,923 | 31,091 | 10,249 | 46 | 21 | 54 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Cactus Road | E Thunderbird Road | 5,132 | - | 16,499 | 26,645 | 4,002 | 46 | 19 | 37 | 3,882 | - | 12,403 | 26,645 | 4,002 | 38 | 20 | 46 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E shea Blvd | E Cactus Road | 4,578 | - | 14,405 | 23,279 | 496 | 38 | 12 | 30 | 3,506 | - | 10,539 | 23,279 | 496 | 30 | 17 | 38 |
| N Tatum Blvd | Doubletree Ranch Rd | E shea Blvd | 3,538 | - | 10,018 | 12,667 | 668 | 24 | 12 | 15 | 1,871 | - | 6,067 | 12,667 | 668 | 17 | 18 | 24 |
| N Tatum Blvd | E Mcdonald dr | E Lincoln Dr | 3,418 | - | 6,567 | 10,136 | - | 18 | 14 | 6 | 2,512 | - | 4,566 | 10,546 | - | 14 | 26 | 26 |
| N Tomdarlington | E Dove Valley Rd | E Carefree Hwy | 583 | - | 1,904 | - | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | 965 | - | 3,539 | - | - | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E University Dr | W Brown Rd | 2,332 | 316 | 13,965 | 11,515 | 5,954 | 30 | 11 | 43 | 2,317 | 316 | 14,554 | 11,515 | 5,954 | 28 | 20 | 43 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E Main Street | E University Dr | 2,181 | 319 | 13,805 | 13,230 | 3,396 | 29 | 12 | 49 | 2,106 | 319 | 13,664 | 13,230 | 3,396 | 26 | 19 | 49 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E Broadway Rd | E Main Street | 2,201 | 286 | 13,776 | 22,002 | 7,026 | 40 | 12 | 53 | 2,214 | 286 | 13,543 | 22,002 | 7,026 | 36 | 21 | 53 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E Southern Avenue | E Broadway Road | 2,534 | 156 | 15,882 | 32,244 | 10,754 | 55 | 12 | 56 | 3,213 | 156 | 15,315 | 32,244 | 10,754 | 49 | 23 | 56 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E Baseline Rd | Us 60 Ramp | 1,705 | - | 10,448 | 24,555 | 4,526 | 37 | 9 | 28 | 2,668 | - | 11,617 | 24,555 | 4,526 | 35 | 22 | 37 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E Guadalupe rd | E baseline rd | 1,709 | - | 10,747 | 29,723 | 10,573 | 47 | 8 | 28 | 2,660 | - | 13,771 | 29,723 | 10,573 | 45 | 20 | 47 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E Elliot Road | W Guadalupe Road | 1,116 | - | 7,409 | 10,883 | 11,780 | 28 | 6 | 20 | 1,617 | - | 12,056 | 10,883 | 11,780 | 29 | 17 | 29 |
| N Val Vista Dr | W Warner Rd | E Elliot Road | 902 | - | 5,256 | 10,856 | 6,706 | 21 | 4 | 11 | 857 | - | 10,270 | 10,856 | 6,706 | 23 | 8 | 23 |
| N Val Vista Dr | E Ray Rd | W Warner Rd | 564 | - | 2,842 | 5,798 | 629 | 9 | 3 | 4 | 662 | - | 9,618 | 11,422 | 629 | 18 | 5 | 18 |
| N Val Vista Dr | Us 60 Ranp | E Southern Avenue | 1,809 | - | 11,687 | 32,171 | 8,329 | 48 | 10 | 36 | 2,876 | - | 12,103 | 32,171 | 8,329 | 44 | 23 | 48 |
| S 16th Street | E Greenway Rd | W Bell Rd | 2,530 | - | 13,748 | 15,601 | 5,438 | 33 | 13 | 45 | 2,169 | - | 11,619 | 15,601 | 5,438 | 28 | 18 | 45 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | |
| | | | max 17365 | max 38448 | max 38460 | max 48037 | max 25580 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43098 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25580 | max 100 | max 100 | |
| S 7th Avenue | W I17 | W Buckeye Rd | 8,965 | 102 | 20,383 | 10,553 | 10,805 | 45 | 71 | 27 | 7,780 | 102 | 18,861 | 10,553 | 10,805 | 39 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Broadway RD | W I17 | 10,189 | 45 | 19,826 | 24,225 | 4,557 | 52 | 53 | 36 | 8,656 | 45 | 17,720 | 24,225 | 4,557 | 44 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Jefferson St | W Washington St | 10,144 | 178 | 24,409 | 12,436 | 11,011 | 52 | 100 | 33 | 9,920 | 178 | 22,448 | 12,436 | 11,011 | 45 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Beardsley rd | Deer Valley Rd | 5,097 | - | 11,548 | 5,287 | 7,575 | 26 | 25 | 26 | 4,596 | - | 9,478 | 5,287 | 7,575 | 22 | 43 | 43 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Union Hills Dr | W Beardsley rd | 5,849 | - | 15,439 | 6,147 | 8,463 | 32 | 26 | 49 | 5,300 | - | 14,850 | 6,147 | 8,463 | 28 | 42 | 49 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Bell RD | W Union Hills dr | 5,316 | - | 17,315 | 11,475 | 8,177 | 38 | 25 | 56 | 4,373 | - | 16,084 | 11,475 | 8,177 | 32 | 38 | 56 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Greenway rd | W Bell Rd | 3,725 | - | 14,242 | 8,145 | 8,876 | 31 | 22 | 43 | 3,121 | - | 12,591 | 8,145 | 8,876 | 26 | 31 | 43 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Indian School Rd | W Camelback Rd | 15,321 | 9,817 | 30,079 | 8,488 | 14,711 | 70 | 95 | 86 | 12,862 | 9,817 | 25,937 | 8,488 | 14,711 | 58 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W thomas Rd | W Indian School Rd | 15,105 | 10,686 | 32,809 | 18,858 | 11,581 | 79 | 100 | 79 | 11,591 | 11,160 | 28,121 | 18,858 | 11,581 | 65 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Van Buren Street | W McDowell | 14,709 | 8,559 | 34,984 | 26,091 | 10,466 | 84 | 100 | 51 | 13,145 | 8,559 | 31,202 | 26,091 | 10,466 | 72 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Washington ST | W Van Buren Street | 10,815 | 178 | 26,106 | 19,061 | 13,016 | 61 | 100 | 36 | 10,526 | 178 | 23,743 | 19,061 | 13,016 | 53 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W Buckeye Rd | W Jefferson Street | 10,925 | 139 | 26,292 | 14,345 | 11,709 | 56 | 82 | 37 | 10,943 | 139 | 24,692 | 14,345 | 11,709 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th Avenue | W McDowell Rd | W thomas Rd | 15,805 | 7,855 | 35,143 | 24,539 | 7,198 | 80 | 100 | 61 | 12,761 | 7,993 | 30,606 | 24,539 | 7,198 | 67 | 100 | 100 |
| S 7th St | W Baseline Road | W Southern Avenue | 2,867 | 515 | 10,532 | 24,632 | 18,526 | 51 | 2 | 36 | 2,971 | 515 | 11,897 | 24,632 | 18,526 | 47 | 18 | 51 |
| S 7th St | W Dobbins Road | W Baseline Road | 1,750 | 513 | 8,521 | 21,774 | 12,254 | 40 | 2 | 26 | 2,149 | 513 | 9,513 | 21,774 | 12,254 | 37 | 16 | 40 |
| S 83rd Avenue | W Cactus Rd | W Thunderbird Rd | 2,032 | - | 10,570 | 16,004 | 10,590 | 35 | 10 | 29 | 2,861 | - | 12,183 | 16,004 | 10,590 | 33 | 27 | 35 |
| S 83rd Avenue | Grand Ave | W Cactus Rd | 2,609 | - | 12,801 | 19,081 | 11,360 | 41 | 10 | 35 | 3,481 | - | 13,391 | 19,081 | 11,360 | 38 | 23 | 41 |
| S 83rd Avenue | W Olive Avenue | Grand Ave | 2,698 | - | 10,862 | 15,739 | 10,199 | 35 | 11 | 33 | 3,634 | - | 12,336 | 15,739 | 10,199 | 34 | 25 | 35 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Peoria Avenue | Grand Ave | 2,974 | - | 11,836 | 7,205 | 3,678 | 23 | 12 | 38 | 3,269 | - | 12,089 | 7,205 | 3,678 | 21 | 24 | 38 |
| S 91st Avenue | E McDowell RD | E Thomas RD | 1,786 | - | 7,792 | - | 3,185 | 11 | 9 | 17 | 2,588 | - | 12,469 | - | 3,185 | 15 | 24 | 24 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Camelback Rd | W Glendale Av | 944 | - | 8,096 | 113 | 2,914 | 11 | 4 | 21 | 1,622 | - | 14,341 | 113 | 2,914 | 15 | 11 | 21 |
| S 91st Avenue | Grand Ave | W Cactus Rd | 2,567 | - | 9,888 | 3,451 | 3,814 | 18 | 13 | 28 | 2,551 | - | 9,362 | 3,451 | 3,814 | 15 | 29 | 29 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Broadway RD | W Lower Buckeye RD | 720 | - | 1,269 | - | 4,132 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 908 | - | 2,000 | - | 4,132 | 6 | 22 | 22 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Lower BuckeyeRD | W Buckeye Rd | 970 | - | 1,737 | - | 909 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1,989 | - | 3,628 | - | 909 | 5 | 23 | 23 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Buckeye Rd | W Van Buren Street | 1,662 | - | 3,032 | - | 6,270 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 3,029 | - | 6,022 | - | 6,270 | 12 | 24 | 24 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Van Buren Street | E McDowell RD | 1,742 | - | 5,016 | - | 9,845 | 15 | 8 | 9 | 3,281 | - | 9,646 | - | 9,845 | 18 | 24 | 24 |
| S 91st Avenue | E Thomas RD | W Indian School Rd | 1,032 | - | 7,950 | 35 | 8,462 | 16 | 5 | 24 | 1,853 | - | 13,529 | 35 | 8,462 | 19 | 16 | 24 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Indian School Rd | W Camelback Rd | 987 | - | 8,000 | 38 | 7,727 | 15 | 5 | 24 | 1,302 | - | 12,522 | 38 | 7,727 | 17 | 14 | 24 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Glendale Avenue | W Northern Avenue | 832 | - | 4,707 | 103 | 2,282 | 7 | 4 | 12 | 1,365 | - | 8,905 | 103 | 2,282 | 10 | 14 | 14 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Northern Avenue | W Olive Avenue | 1,827 | - | 8,329 | 5,304 | 7,538 | 20 | 8 | 24 | 2,282 | - | 10,242 | 5,304 | 7,538 | 20 | 20 | 24 |
| S 91st Avenue | W Olive Avenue | W Peoria Avenue | 2,797 | - | 11,310 | 7,197 | 5,550 | 24 | 11 | 36 | 2,943 | - | 11,751 | 7,197 | 5,550 | 22 | 23 | 36 |
| S Alma School Road | E University Dr | W Brown Rd | 7,953 | - | 20,544 | 15,239 | 14,060 | 51 | 35 | 67 | 7,274 | - | 16,849 | 15,239 | 14,060 | 43 | 61 | 67 |
| S Dobson Road | E Baseline Rd | Us 60 Ramp | 8,539 | 16,525 | 22,002 | 14,871 | 9,012 | 63 | 40 | 59 | 6,414 | 17,214 | 16,021 | 14,871 | 9,012 | 51 | 71 | 71 |
| S Dobson Road | W Southern Avenue | W Broadway Rd | 11,189 | 17,919 | 26,308 | 12,902 | 9,018 | 69 | 44 | 89 | 10,532 | 18,620 | 22,512 | 12,902 | 9,018 | 59 | 72 | 89 |
| S Dobson Road | Us 60 Ramp | W Southern Avenue | 8,512 | 16,214 | 20,659 | 9,890 | 10,910 | 59 | 48 | 67 | 7,910 | 17,054 | 17,416 | 9,890 | 10,910 | 51 | 76 | 76 |
| S Elsworth Road | E Rittenhouse Road | E Queen Creek Road | 270 | - | 741 | - | 8,714 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 757 | - | 1,674 | - | 8,714 | 9 | 6 | 9 |
| S Elsworth Road | E Ocotill Road | E Rittenhouse Road | 298 | - | 809 | - | 5,815 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 934 | - | 2,246 | - | 5,815 | 7 | 6 | 7 |
| S Elsworth Road | E Chandler Heights R | E Ocotill Road | 221 | - | 795 | - | 3,142 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 936 | - | 2,900 | - | 3,142 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| S Elsworth Road | E Cloud Road | E Chandler Heights Rd | 193 | - | 704 | - | 3,129 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 570 | - | 2,366 | - | 3,129 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| S Elsworth Road | E Riggs Road | E Cloud Road | 145 | - | 608 | - | 1,907 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 362 | - | 1,835 | - | 1,907 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| S Miller Rd | Broadway | Southern Ave | 461 | - | 1,394 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1,264 | - | 2,302 | - | - | 3 | 9 | 9 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale |
| | | | max 17365 | max 38448 | max 38480 | max 46037 | max 25580 | max 100 | | | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | | | max 25580 | max 100 | max 100 |
| S Miller Rd | W Hazen Rd | Irvin Ave | 362 | - | 992 | - | 2,627 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 589 | - | 1,109 | - | 2,627 | 3 | 7 | 7 | | | |
| S Miller Rd | Southern Ave | Baseline Rd | 449 | - | 1,345 | - | 1,888 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 1,254 | - | 2,271 | - | 1,888 | 4 | 9 | 9 | | | |
| S Mills | W Curry Road | N Galvin Pkwy | 9,500 | 26,040 | 17,450 | 24,873 | - | 69 | 64 | 37 | 8,666 | 16,322 | 17,636 | 35,533 | - | 63 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| S Mills | W University Dr | E 1st street | 10,820 | 20,046 | 22,585 | 43,110 | 3,279 | 89 | 73 | 50 | 11,750 | 24,838 | 22,713 | 52,283 | 3,279 | 92 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| S Mills | W Broadway RD | E Apachetal | 12,225 | 13,481 | 24,081 | 35,060 | 14,598 | 88 | 82 | 58 | 11,915 | 15,201 | 23,742 | 39,547 | 14,598 | 84 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| S Mills | W Southern Avenue | W Broadway Rd | 14,028 | 31,822 | 26,115 | 26,098 | 14,453 | 100 | 80 | 70 | 13,719 | 32,686 | 25,395 | 26,098 | 14,453 | 90 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| S Mills | Us 60 Ramp | W Southern Avenue | 11,097 | 6,392 | 21,008 | 15,711 | 9,315 | 56 | 65 | 56 | 10,142 | 5,624 | 18,217 | 15,711 | 9,315 | 47 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| S Mills | W Baseline Road | Us 60 Ramp | 8,733 | 589 | 19,089 | 10,535 | 12,313 | 46 | 49 | 55 | 9,359 | 589 | 17,137 | 10,535 | 12,313 | 40 | 79 | 79 | | | |
| S Mills | E Apachetal | W University Dr | 10,429 | 18,929 | 22,322 | 26,696 | 9,994 | 79 | 82 | 50 | 10,318 | 19,427 | 22,163 | 35,493 | 9,994 | 78 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| S Mills | E 1st Street | E Curry Road | 8,544 | 20,956 | 15,758 | 26,758 | 1,813 | 66 | 66 | 33 | 8,797 | 21,470 | 16,320 | 37,710 | 1,813 | 69 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| S Sossaman | E Chandler Heights R | E Ocotill Road | 181 | - | 844 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 789 | - | 1,501 | - | - | 2 | 5 | 5 | | | |
| S Sossaman | E Cloud Road | E Chandler Heights Rd | 142 | - | 773 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 391 | - | 1,004 | - | - | 1 | 5 | 5 | | | |
| S Sossaman | E Riggs Road | E Cloud Road | 97 | - | 665 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 216 | - | 742 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 3 | | | |
| SR 85 | S Rooks Rd | S 1st St | 330 | - | 880 | - | 2,152 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 977 | - | 1,772 | - | 2,152 | 4 | 6 | 6 | | | |
| SR 85 | N 1st St | S Cemetary Rd | 444 | - | 1,539 | - | 7,900 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 1,108 | - | 2,717 | - | 7,900 | 9 | 8 | 9 | | | |
| W Baseline Rd | S 35th Avenue | S 27th Avenue | 212 | - | 1,339 | 9,260 | - | 10 | 2 | 5 | 586 | - | 5,574 | 15,545 | - | 17 | 5 | 17 | | | |
| W Baseline Rd | S 27th Avenue | S 19th Avenue | 415 | 20 | 2,506 | 10,025 | 3,274 | 14 | 3 | 11 | 698 | 20 | 5,549 | 13,682 | 3,274 | 19 | 12 | 19 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N Del Webb Blvd | N 107 th Avenue | 1,275 | - | 6,918 | - | - | 7 | 7 | 44 | 2,196 | - | 9,653 | - | - | 9 | 12 | 44 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 107 th Avenue | N 99th Avenue | 1,029 | - | 5,590 | 3,313 | - | 9 | 8 | 42 | 1,350 | - | 6,965 | 3,313 | - | 9 | 13 | 42 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 99th Avenue | N 91st Avenue | 1,139 | - | 6,432 | 19,382 | 2,318 | 26 | 7 | 42 | 2,266 | - | 9,847 | 19,382 | 2,318 | 27 | 14 | 42 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 91st Avenue | N 83rd Avenue | 827 | - | 4,581 | 16,118 | 5,103 | 24 | 6 | 23 | 2,672 | - | 9,492 | 26,167 | 5,103 | 35 | 17 | 35 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 83rd Avenue | A 101 Ramps | 611 | - | 2,753 | 12,974 | 3,814 | 18 | 6 | 11 | 2,298 | - | 6,784 | 17,715 | 3,814 | 25 | 17 | 25 | | | |
| W Bell Road | A 101 Ramps | N 75th Avenue | 962 | - | 4,304 | 15,611 | 3,432 | 22 | 7 | 17 | 3,322 | - | 9,693 | 24,187 | 3,432 | 33 | 19 | 33 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 75th Avenue | N 67th Avenue | 1,480 | 463 | 5,468 | 25,090 | 3,720 | 32 | 11 | 20 | 4,117 | 463 | 10,448 | 27,394 | 3,720 | 37 | 27 | 37 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 67th Avenue | N 59th Avenue | 2,196 | 853 | 7,070 | 20,714 | 9,694 | 36 | 15 | 26 | 4,972 | 853 | 11,546 | 20,714 | 9,694 | 38 | 28 | 38 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 59th Avenue | N 51st Avenue | 2,666 | 858 | 8,705 | 10,528 | 11,448 | 30 | 18 | 33 | 5,054 | 858 | 12,356 | 10,528 | 11,448 | 32 | 27 | 33 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 51st Avenue | N 43rd Avenue | 2,828 | 426 | 9,914 | 8,627 | 9,640 | 28 | 21 | 38 | 4,429 | 426 | 12,615 | 8,627 | 9,640 | 29 | 31 | 38 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 43rd Avenue | N 35th Avenue | 3,313 | - | 11,775 | 81 | 7,469 | 20 | 24 | 47 | 4,313 | - | 14,070 | 81 | 7,469 | 21 | 39 | 47 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 35th Avenue | N 117 | 4,498 | 1,703 | 13,613 | 63 | 4,803 | 22 | 29 | 55 | 5,855 | 1,703 | 16,682 | 63 | 4,803 | 23 | 32 | 55 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N Citrus Road | N Cotton Lane | 58 | - | 481 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1,405 | - | 3,180 | - | - | 4 | 6 | 6 | | | |
| W Bell Road | R H Johnson Blvd | N El Mirage Road | 654 | - | 3,854 | - | 1,622 | 5 | 5 | 19 | 1,744 | - | 6,287 | - | 1,622 | 8 | 12 | 19 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N 163rd Avenue | Sunrise Blvd | 31 | - | 169 | - | 1,012 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 912 | - | 3,746 | - | 1,012 | 5 | 9 | 9 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N A303 | N 163rd Avenue | 39 | - | 268 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1,140 | - | 3,765 | - | - | 4 | 7 | 7 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N Cotton Lane | N A303 | 47 | - | 362 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1,283 | - | 3,356 | - | - | 4 | 6 | 6 | | | |
| W Bell Road | Sunrise Blvd | N Reems Road | 33 | - | 272 | - | 2,909 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1,004 | - | 4,570 | - | 2,909 | 7 | 9 | 9 | | | |
| W Bell Road | Reems Road | N Bullard Avenue | 119 | - | 978 | - | 4,122 | 5 | 1 | 7 | 1,330 | - | 6,179 | - | 4,122 | 9 | 12 | 12 | | | |
| W Bell Road | Bullard Avenue | N Litchfield Road | 355 | - | 2,301 | - | 1,059 | 3 | 3 | 14 | 1,681 | - | 6,981 | - | 1,059 | 8 | 12 | 14 | | | |
| W Bell Road | Litchfield Rd | Grand Avenue | 476 | - | 2,977 | - | - | 3 | 4 | 17 | 1,660 | - | 6,272 | - | - | 6 | 14 | 17 | | | |
| W Bell Road | Grand Ave | N Dysart Road | 597 | - | 3,663 | - | - | 4 | 5 | 19 | 1,795 | - | 6,509 | - | - | 7 | 14 | 19 | | | |
| W Bell Road | N Dysart Road | R H Johnson Blvd | 693 | - | 4,032 | - | 39 | 4 | 5 | 20 | 1,721 | - | 6,515 | - | 39 | 7 | 11 | 20 | | | |
| W Bucky road | N 16th Street | S I 10 | 4,264 | 78 | 10,348 | 11,775 | 5,452 | 28 | 71 | 18 | 4,874 | 78 | 13,206 | 11,803 | 5,452 | 28 | 100 | 100 | | | |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/ University | Shop/ Errands | Social/ Rec | | | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 38480 | max 48037 | max 25580 | max 100 | | | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | | | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 |
| W Greenway Rd | W Greenway Pkwy | N 32nd street | 2,372 | - | 10,665 | 16,560 | 9,386 | 35 | 19 | 50 | 2,937 | - | 12,713 | 16,560 | 9,386 | 33 | 25 | 50 | | | |
| W Happy Vally Rd | N 195th Avenue | Grand Ave | 20 | - | 140 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 129 | - | 676 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| W Happy Vally Rd | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Street | 194 | - | 593 | - | - | 1 | 4 | 1 | 2,253 | - | 4,907 | - | - | 6 | 19 | 19 | | | |
| W Happy Vally Rd | N 27th Avenue | N 19th Avenue | 480 | - | 1,103 | - | - | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3,086 | - | 6,020 | - | - | 7 | 19 | 19 | | | |
| W Happy Vally Rd | N 35th Avenue | N 27th Avenue | 595 | - | 1,765 | - | 496 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 2,995 | - | 7,188 | - | 496 | 9 | 19 | 19 | | | |
| W Happy Vally Rd | N 51st Avenue | N 35th Avenue | 334 | - | 2,276 | 3,313 | 2,421 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 2,756 | - | 9,478 | 3,313 | 2,421 | 14 | 15 | 15 | | | |
| W Happy Vally Rd | N 67th Avenue | N 51st Avenue | 105 | - | 1,440 | 8,488 | 2,232 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 1,383 | - | 8,783 | 8,488 | 2,232 | 17 | 5 | 17 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | N Reems Road | N Litchfield Road | 359 | 203 | 1,383 | 4,426 | 8,091 | 13 | 2 | 4 | 2,508 | 343 | 8,240 | 7,225 | 8,091 | 21 | 14 | 21 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | N Litchfield Road | N 8th Street | 479 | 793 | 1,522 | 7,078 | 6,723 | 15 | 2 | 4 | 3,093 | 1,622 | 9,277 | 7,255 | 6,723 | 22 | 17 | 22 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | N 8th Street | N Dysart Road | 417 | 748 | 1,198 | 5,019 | 2,259 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 2,621 | 2,120 | 7,514 | 5,362 | 2,259 | 16 | 19 | 19 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | N Dysart Road | N El Mirage Road | 412 | 1,097 | 1,505 | 3,469 | 305 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 2,722 | 1,625 | 9,302 | 3,469 | 305 | 14 | 19 | 19 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | N El Mirage Road | N 107 th Avenue | 363 | 353 | 3,337 | 35 | 4,363 | 8 | 2 | 12 | 2,857 | 353 | 14,197 | 35 | 4,363 | 17 | 16 | 17 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | N 99th Avenue | 107th Avenue | 357 | - | 3,813 | - | 7,113 | 10 | 2 | 15 | 1,681 | - | 11,938 | - | 7,113 | 17 | 13 | 17 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | 51st Avenue | 43rd Avenue | 5,442 | 502 | 15,378 | 11,912 | 18,977 | 46 | 39 | 61 | 7,123 | 502 | 17,713 | 11,912 | 18,977 | 45 | 52 | 61 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | 59th Ave | 51st Ave | 3,601 | - | 14,638 | 20,804 | 18,569 | 51 | 27 | 64 | 5,226 | - | 17,363 | 20,804 | 18,569 | 50 | 35 | 64 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | 43rd Ave | 35th Ave | 7,531 | 1,440 | 17,052 | 10,452 | 11,883 | 43 | 49 | 65 | 8,781 | 1,440 | 18,974 | 10,452 | 11,883 | 41 | 61 | 65 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | S 27th Avenue | 27th Ave | 8,472 | 3,493 | 18,705 | 10,379 | 9,658 | 45 | 56 | 78 | 9,092 | 3,493 | 20,138 | 10,379 | 9,658 | 42 | 59 | 78 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | 27th Ave | N 19th Avenue | 6,334 | 8,188 | 14,334 | 8,488 | 8,963 | 41 | 60 | 66 | 6,667 | 8,188 | 15,367 | 8,488 | 8,963 | 38 | 62 | 66 | | | |
| W Indian School Rd | N 117 | N 19th Ave | 8,158 | 11,946 | 19,188 | 11,801 | 10,102 | 54 | 79 | 86 | 8,813 | 11,946 | 20,529 | 11,801 | 10,102 | 51 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| W Indian School RD | N Alsup RD | N Reems Road | 8 | - | 350 | 932 | 723 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 945 | - | 3,471 | 3,313 | 723 | 7 | 9 | 9 | | | |
| W Lower Buckeye Roa | S 27th Avenue | 23rd Ave | 3,749 | - | 6,975 | 6,653 | 4,620 | 20 | 33 | 14 | 5,028 | - | 9,945 | 6,653 | 4,620 | 21 | 66 | 66 | | | |
| W Lower Buckeye Roa | 23rd Ave | S 19th Avenue | 2,682 | - | 5,258 | 6,653 | 5,384 | 18 | 33 | 11 | 3,519 | - | 7,532 | 6,653 | 5,384 | 18 | 70 | 70 | | | |
| W Lower Buckeye Roa | 31st Ave | S 27th Avenue | 2,821 | - | 5,403 | 18 | 2,442 | 9 | 29 | 8 | 3,851 | - | 7,871 | 18 | 2,442 | 11 | 42 | 42 | | | |
| W Lower Buckeye Roa | S 35th Avenue | 31st Ave | 2,450 | - | 5,105 | 18 | 383 | 7 | 29 | 6 | 3,436 | - | 7,513 | 18 | 383 | 9 | 47 | 47 | | | |
| W Lower Buckeye Roa | W SR 85 | S Litchfield Rd | 1,109 | - | 3,142 | - | 1,660 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 1,072 | - | 2,801 | - | 1,660 | 4 | 13 | 13 | | | |
| W Lower Buckeye Roa | S Litchfield Rd | S Vermeersch Rd | 751 | - | 3,098 | - | 1,184 | 4 | 5 | 13 | 1,483 | - | 4,535 | - | 1,184 | 6 | 11 | 13 | | | |
| W Lower Buckeye Roa | S Vermeersch Rd | S El Mirage Rd | 285 | - | 1,986 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 9 | 903 | - | 3,303 | - | - | 3 | 11 | 11 | | | |
| W Main Street | S Counrty Club Dr | S Center Street | 6,655 | - | 16,673 | 19,203 | 10,163 | 47 | 57 | 74 | 7,159 | - | 17,905 | 19,203 | 10,163 | 44 | 59 | 74 | | | |
| W Main Street | S Center Street | N McQueen RD | 6,560 | - | 16,250 | 17,844 | 13,865 | 48 | 53 | 71 | 6,899 | - | 17,286 | 17,844 | 13,865 | 45 | 52 | 71 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N Litchfield Road | N Dysart Road | 421 | 750 | 1,394 | 3,330 | 876 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 3,706 | 1,625 | 10,326 | 3,330 | 876 | 16 | 21 | 21 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N Dysart Road | N El Mirage Road | 285 | 857 | 1,268 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 5 | 3,552 | 1,479 | 10,461 | - | - | 12 | 22 | 22 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N El Mirage Road | N 115th AV | 120 | 559 | 790 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2,831 | 559 | 9,328 | - | - | 10 | 26 | 26 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 51st Avenue | N 43rd Avenue | 4,374 | 6 | 15,608 | 13,700 | 8,556 | 38 | 34 | 65 | 6,291 | 6 | 19,311 | 13,700 | 8,556 | 38 | 52 | 65 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 59th Avenue | N 51st Avenue | 3,071 | - | 13,598 | 15,545 | 10,128 | 38 | 23 | 61 | 4,945 | - | 18,756 | 15,545 | 10,128 | 40 | 38 | 61 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 67th Avenue | N 59th Avenue | 2,238 | - | 11,426 | 13,664 | 17,476 | 40 | 17 | 54 | 3,713 | - | 17,185 | 13,664 | 17,476 | 42 | 33 | 54 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 75th Avenue | N 67th Avenue | 1,817 | - | 8,857 | 10,352 | 9,071 | 27 | 13 | 40 | 3,239 | - | 15,053 | 10,352 | 9,071 | 30 | 26 | 40 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 83rd Avenue | N 75th Avenue | 1,569 | - | 6,448 | 6,625 | 1,275 | 14 | 11 | 26 | 3,323 | - | 13,026 | 6,625 | 1,275 | 19 | 19 | 26 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 99th Avenue | N 91st Avenue | 713 | - | 2,712 | - | 7,831 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 3,373 | - | 12,233 | - | 7,831 | 19 | 24 | 24 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 43rd Avenue | N 35th Avenue | 6,713 | 43 | 16,749 | 14,131 | 20,338 | 52 | 51 | 60 | 8,089 | 43 | 19,281 | 14,131 | 20,338 | 50 | 64 | 64 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N 7th Avenue | N Central Avenue | 9,367 | 11,551 | 22,713 | 24,855 | 12,367 | 72 | 100 | 47 | 10,551 | 11,551 | 24,431 | 26,412 | 12,367 | 68 | 100 | 100 | | | |
| W McDowell RD | N Central Avenue | N 7th Street | 9,666 | 9,407 | 23,388 | 25,245 | 17,830 | 76 | 100 | 51 | 11,281 | 9,407 | 25,716 | 26,354 | 17,830 | 73 | 100 | 100 | | | |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | School | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 38460 | max 46037 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | |
| W McDowell RD | N 27th av | N 19th Avenue | 8,279 | 6,827 | 15,813 | 15,573 | 11,110 | 51 | 76 | 45 | 8,964 | 6,827 | 16,978 | 15,573 | 11,110 | 48 | 100 | 100 |
| W McDowell RD | N 35th Avenue | N 27th av | 7,670 | 1,321 | 15,929 | 13,710 | 21,375 | 53 | 55 | 52 | 8,391 | 1,321 | 17,320 | 13,710 | 21,375 | 50 | 63 | 63 |
| W McDowell RD | N 7th Street | N 16th Street | 12,800 | 2,245 | 26,366 | 22,713 | 20,829 | 76 | 100 | 69 | 14,351 | 2,245 | 28,638 | 22,713 | 20,829 | 71 | 100 | 100 |
| W McDowell RD | N 16th Street | N A51 | 9,437 | 68 | 17,946 | 13,755 | 16,063 | 51 | 82 | 62 | 10,228 | 68 | 19,527 | 13,755 | 16,063 | 48 | 100 | 100 |
| W McDowell RD | N A51 | N 24th Street | 7,297 | - | 15,945 | 10,389 | 14,655 | 43 | 65 | 59 | 8,027 | - | 17,430 | 10,389 | 14,655 | 40 | 87 | 87 |
| W McDowell RD | N 24th Street | N 32nd street | 8,178 | 1,333 | 18,962 | 13,692 | 14,250 | 50 | 64 | 74 | 9,406 | 1,333 | 21,014 | 13,692 | 14,250 | 48 | 81 | 81 |
| W McDowell RD | N 115th AV | N 107 th Avenue | 205 | - | 892 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3,279 | - | 10,470 | - | - | 11 | 21 | 21 |
| W McDowell RD | N 91st Avenue | N 83rd Avenue | 1,261 | - | 4,259 | - | 2,054 | 7 | 9 | 14 | 3,215 | - | 11,644 | - | 2,054 | 14 | 25 | 25 |
| W McDowell RD | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 9,381 | 8,417 | 22,845 | 22,693 | 6,565 | 62 | 100 | 48 | 10,650 | 8,417 | 24,644 | 22,693 | 6,565 | 58 | 100 | 100 |
| W McDowell RD | N 107th Avenue | N 99th Avenue | 380 | - | 1,524 | - | 1,278 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3,279 | - | 11,474 | - | 1,278 | 13 | 22 | 22 |
| W Olive Avenue | N Del Webb Blvd | N 99th Avenue | 674 | - | 4,776 | - | 590 | 5 | 6 | 33 | 1,144 | - | 7,460 | - | 590 | 7 | 13 | 33 |
| W Olive Avenue | N 75th Avenue | N 67th Avenue | 2,656 | 6,353 | 10,419 | 22,693 | 3,836 | 41 | 18 | 51 | 4,896 | 7,204 | 15,095 | 22,693 | 3,836 | 43 | 34 | 51 |
| W Olive Avenue | N 67th Avenue | N 59th Avenue | 2,909 | 7,924 | 12,569 | 19,483 | 3,969 | 42 | 21 | 60 | 4,898 | 9,858 | 16,776 | 19,483 | 3,969 | 44 | 36 | 60 |
| W Olive Avenue | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 8,986 | 2,954 | 17,432 | 29,341 | 12,627 | 63 | 60 | 63 | 10,095 | 2,954 | 19,735 | 29,341 | 12,627 | 60 | 67 | 67 |
| W Olive Avenue | N 7th Avenue | N central Avenue | 5,092 | 1,306 | 12,220 | 21,689 | 12,620 | 47 | 42 | 49 | 5,571 | 1,306 | 13,649 | 21,689 | 12,620 | 44 | 69 | 69 |
| W Olive Avenue | N Central Avenue | N 7th Street | 3,954 | 449 | 11,221 | 22,199 | 11,759 | 44 | 29 | 47 | 4,169 | 449 | 12,483 | 22,199 | 11,759 | 41 | 64 | 64 |
| W Olive Avenue | N 35th Avenue | N 27th Avenue | 9,525 | 4,835 | 19,572 | 21,621 | 11,893 | 60 | 61 | 74 | 10,659 | 4,835 | 21,621 | 21,621 | 11,893 | 57 | 50 | 74 |
| W Olive Avenue | N 27th Avenue | N 19th Avenue | 9,670 | 4,744 | 19,932 | 32,921 | 11,451 | 70 | 65 | 72 | 10,856 | 4,744 | 22,379 | 32,921 | 11,451 | 66 | 70 | 72 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 111th Avenue | N 107 th Avenue | 856 | - | 4,503 | - | - | 5 | 7 | 36 | 1,014 | - | 5,280 | - | - | 5 | 10 | 36 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 99th Avenue | N 91st Avenue | 1,791 | - | 8,120 | 7,178 | 1,294 | 16 | 11 | 48 | 2,928 | - | 11,625 | 7,178 | 1,294 | 18 | 21 | 48 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 91st Avenue | N 83rd Avenue | 1,945 | - | 8,674 | 15,739 | 7,796 | 30 | 13 | 42 | 3,565 | - | 13,244 | 15,739 | 7,796 | 32 | 24 | 42 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 75th Avenue | N 67th Avenue | 2,197 | 6,540 | 11,300 | 27,952 | 14,284 | 55 | 15 | 50 | 3,965 | 6,540 | 14,897 | 27,952 | 14,284 | 54 | 32 | 55 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 67th Avenue | N 59th Avenue | 2,531 | 7,232 | 12,382 | 17,675 | 11,220 | 45 | 19 | 53 | 4,057 | 7,596 | 15,311 | 17,675 | 11,220 | 45 | 31 | 53 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 59th Avenue | N 51st Avenue | 2,756 | 7,899 | 12,566 | 11,293 | 10,712 | 40 | 20 | 52 | 4,051 | 7,960 | 14,923 | 11,293 | 10,712 | 39 | 27 | 52 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 51st Avenue | N 43rd Avenue | 3,404 | 4,784 | 13,221 | 16,408 | 13,179 | 45 | 27 | 53 | 4,159 | 4,784 | 14,761 | 16,408 | 13,179 | 43 | 36 | 53 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 43rd Avenue | N 35th Avenue | 6,032 | 1,119 | 15,705 | 18,247 | 19,143 | 54 | 44 | 62 | 6,690 | 1,119 | 16,905 | 18,247 | 19,143 | 50 | 53 | 62 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 7,653 | 3,561 | 14,666 | 33,759 | 4,372 | 57 | 58 | 55 | 8,665 | 3,561 | 16,825 | 33,759 | 4,372 | 54 | 71 | 71 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 107th Avenue | N 99th Avenue | 1,462 | - | 6,978 | 35 | - | 8 | 11 | 49 | 1,907 | - | 8,843 | 35 | - | 9 | 14 | 49 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 83rd Avenue | N 75th Avenue | 2,022 | 608 | 9,755 | 26,108 | 13,706 | 46 | 14 | 43 | 3,739 | 608 | 14,058 | 26,108 | 13,706 | 47 | 29 | 47 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 117 | N 19th Avenue | 8,439 | 5,937 | 18,160 | 33,377 | 4,878 | 63 | 62 | 65 | 9,364 | 5,937 | 20,341 | 33,377 | 4,878 | 59 | 60 | 65 |
| W Peoria Avenue | N 35th Avenue | N 117 | 9,324 | 2,807 | 18,812 | 21,725 | 14,878 | 60 | 61 | 67 | 10,089 | 2,807 | 20,649 | 21,725 | 14,878 | 56 | 49 | 67 |
| W Pima St | S 307th Ave | SR 85 | 40 | - | 122 | - | 2,699 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 92 | - | 203 | - | 2,699 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| W Pima St | S 307th Ave | N Stout Rd | 40 | - | 124 | - | 2,713 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 94 | - | 205 | - | 2,713 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| W Pinnacle Peak Rd | N 27th Avenue | N 19th Avenue | 1,593 | - | 3,143 | - | - | 4 | 15 | 7 | 2,883 | - | 6,710 | - | - | 8 | 31 | 31 |
| W Pinnacle Peak Rd | N 35th Avenue | N 27th Avenue | 1,512 | - | 3,576 | - | 571 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 3,615 | - | 7,463 | - | 571 | 9 | 30 | 30 |
| W Pinnacle Peak Rd | N 51st Avenue | N 35th Avenue | 668 | - | 3,446 | 10,369 | 2,787 | 15 | 4 | 10 | 1,964 | - | 7,833 | 10,369 | 2,787 | 18 | 16 | 18 |
| W Pinnacle Peak Rd | N Deer Vally Rd | N 51st Avenue | 263 | - | 3,108 | 12,385 | 2,713 | 16 | 2 | 8 | 1,324 | - | 8,411 | 17,472 | 2,713 | 24 | 11 | 24 |
| W Queen Creek Rd | S Price Rd | S Dobson rd | 738 | - | 1,411 | 4,093 | 3,941 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 2,550 | - | 6,506 | 5,194 | 3,941 | 15 | 23 | 23 |
| W Queen Creek Rd | S Dobson rd | S Alma School Road | 741 | - | 1,717 | 6,146 | 8,215 | 15 | 5 | 4 | 3,838 | - | 10,541 | 7,057 | 8,215 | 24 | 40 | 40 |
| W Ray Rd | I 10 ramp | N 56th Street | 3,016 | 62 | 6,749 | 6,690 | - | 15 | 26 | 19 | 5,901 | 62 | 11,622 | 6,690 | - | 19 | 43 | 43 |
| W Ray Rd | 48th St | I 10 ramp | 2,357 | 100 | 6,820 | 5,221 | 3,108 | 16 | 19 | 22 | 5,047 | 100 | 12,154 | 5,221 | 3,108 | 21 | 45 | 45 |

| Road Name | From | To | Existing Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | Existing Linked Activity | Captive Ped. Activity | 2020 Non-Linked Pedestrian Activity | | | | | | 2020 Linked Activity | Composite Activity Level |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | School | 100% Scale | | | 100% Scale | 100% Scale | Work | College/University | Shop/Errands | Social/Rec | | |
| | | | max 17365 | max 36448 | max 38480 | max 45037 | max 25560 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 | max 14351 | max 43096 | max 34050 | max 52283 | max 25580 | max 100 | max 100 | max 100 |
| W Ray Rd | N Mcclintock Dr | S Price Rd | 1,510 | - | 8,932 | 22,705 | 9,111 | 38 | 13 | 30 | 4,128 | - | 13,873 | 22,705 | 9,111 | 40 | 38 | 40 |
| W Ray Rd | S Rural Rd | N Mcclintock Dr | 2,103 | - | 9,078 | 22,741 | 16,602 | 45 | 15 | 27 | 4,543 | - | 13,835 | 22,741 | 16,602 | 46 | 41 | 46 |
| W Ray Rd | S Kyrene | S rural Rd | 3,302 | - | 8,635 | 19,410 | 12,760 | 39 | 22 | 20 | 5,698 | - | 13,215 | 19,410 | 12,760 | 41 | 45 | 45 |
| W Ray Rd | N 56th Street | S Kyrene Rd | 3,899 | 10 | 8,345 | 12,308 | 2,027 | 24 | 26 | 20 | 7,095 | 10 | 13,644 | 12,308 | 2,027 | 28 | 41 | 41 |
| W Ray Rd | 48th St | E Chandler Blvd | 2,088 | 163 | 11,556 | 12,233 | 9,020 | 31 | 9 | 34 | 5,459 | 163 | 22,621 | 12,233 | 9,020 | 40 | 30 | 40 |
| W Rio Verde Dr | N Alma School Pkwy | N Palisades Blvd | 86 | - | 324 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 422 | - | 2,500 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| W Rio Verde Dr | N Palisades Blvd | N Forest Road | 12 | - | 66 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | - | 162 | - | - | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| W Thomas RD | N Litchfield Road | N Dorsart Road | 279 | 229 | 881 | 1,195 | 1,164 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3,872 | 2,246 | 11,162 | 7,168 | 1,164 | 21 | 19 | 21 |
| W Thomas RD | N Dysart Road | N El Mirage Road | 232 | 113 | 949 | 3,403 | - | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3,396 | 2,216 | 10,487 | 3,403 | - | 16 | 20 | 20 |
| W Thomas RD | S 83rd Avenue | N 75th Avenue | 1,631 | - | 11,007 | 10,389 | 11,404 | 31 | 11 | 48 | 3,027 | - | 17,179 | 10,389 | 11,404 | 34 | 15 | 48 |
| W Thomas RD | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 10,499 | 6,588 | 23,917 | 15,545 | 12,057 | 61 | 100 | 65 | 11,292 | 6,641 | 25,271 | 15,545 | 12,057 | 57 | 100 | 100 |
| W Thomas RD | N 7th Avenue | N Central Avenue | 8,493 | 6,274 | 23,956 | 20,731 | 7,867 | 60 | 100 | 57 | 9,154 | 6,465 | 25,323 | 20,731 | 7,867 | 56 | 100 | 100 |
| W Thomas RD | N Central Avenue | N 7th Street | 9,114 | 9,135 | 24,515 | 24,044 | 8,850 | 67 | 100 | 59 | 9,823 | 9,137 | 25,972 | 24,044 | 8,850 | 62 | 100 | 100 |
| W Thomas RD | N 7th Street | S 16th Street | 12,157 | 3,954 | 26,377 | 18,868 | 12,922 | 66 | 100 | 74 | 13,385 | 3,954 | 28,248 | 18,868 | 12,922 | 62 | 100 | 100 |
| W Thunderbird Rd | N 99th Avenue | N 101 | 2,060 | - | 7,715 | 4,091 | 2,120 | 14 | 12 | 39 | 3,216 | - | 11,588 | 4,091 | 2,120 | 17 | 20 | 39 |
| W Thunderbird Road | 83rd Ave | N 75th Avenue | 905 | - | 5,782 | 18,090 | 11,109 | 32 | 7 | 22 | 2,374 | - | 10,640 | 18,090 | 11,109 | 34 | 22 | 34 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 75th Avenue | N 67th Avenue | 1,308 | 351 | 7,054 | 15,036 | 7,947 | 28 | 11 | 29 | 2,821 | 351 | 11,072 | 15,036 | 7,947 | 30 | 28 | 30 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 59th Avenue | N 59th Avenue | 2,492 | 776 | 9,237 | 16,732 | 13,258 | 38 | 17 | 36 | 4,217 | 776 | 12,927 | 16,732 | 13,258 | 38 | 25 | 38 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 59th Avenue | N 51st Avenue | 3,230 | 766 | 10,682 | 15,326 | 11,335 | 37 | 20 | 39 | 4,788 | 766 | 13,681 | 15,326 | 11,335 | 37 | 26 | 39 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 51st Avenue | N 43rd Avenue | 3,488 | 322 | 11,507 | 14,376 | 10,930 | 36 | 23 | 43 | 4,456 | 322 | 13,629 | 14,376 | 10,930 | 35 | 31 | 43 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 43rd Avenue | N 35th Avenue | 3,338 | 1,394 | 12,304 | 10,601 | 16,632 | 39 | 25 | 53 | 3,863 | 1,394 | 13,583 | 10,601 | 16,632 | 37 | 36 | 53 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 35th Avenue | N 117 | 3,475 | 4,804 | 13,250 | 9,240 | 14,616 | 40 | 26 | 60 | 4,094 | 4,804 | 14,351 | 9,240 | 14,616 | 38 | 31 | 60 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 117 | N 19th Avenue | 3,024 | 3,856 | 11,406 | 9,652 | 14,082 | 37 | 24 | 52 | 3,769 | 3,856 | 12,486 | 9,652 | 14,082 | 35 | 34 | 52 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Street | 2,695 | 1,192 | 10,592 | 24,373 | 4,553 | 39 | 17 | 45 | 3,308 | 1,192 | 12,527 | 24,373 | 4,553 | 37 | 31 | 45 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 7th Street | N Cave Creek Road | 2,320 | - | 9,306 | 18,868 | 2,970 | 30 | 13 | 35 | 2,470 | - | 11,487 | 18,868 | 2,970 | 29 | 17 | 35 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 101 | N 83 RD Avenue | 964 | - | 5,004 | 13,210 | 7,404 | 24 | 8 | 20 | 2,246 | - | 9,283 | 13,210 | 7,404 | 26 | 22 | 26 |
| W Thunderbird Road | N 107th Avenue | N 99th Avenue | 2,293 | - | 7,798 | 3,313 | - | 12 | 13 | 48 | 2,886 | - | 9,519 | 3,313 | - | 13 | 20 | 48 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 24th Street | N 32nd street | 9,204 | 2,407 | 17,148 | 3,358 | 11,378 | 39 | 69 | 42 | 10,173 | 2,407 | 19,786 | 3,358 | 11,378 | 38 | 91 | 91 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 7th Street | N 16th Street | 11,361 | 165 | 25,357 | 20,586 | 14,506 | 64 | 100 | 53 | 13,345 | 165 | 28,701 | 20,586 | 14,506 | 62 | 100 | 100 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 7th Avenue | N Central Avenue | 10,061 | 178 | 24,788 | 20,566 | 12,739 | 61 | 100 | 43 | 12,105 | 178 | 27,373 | 20,566 | 12,739 | 58 | 100 | 100 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 19th Avenue | N 7th Avenue | 10,560 | 109 | 24,810 | 17,196 | 10,576 | 56 | 100 | 45 | 12,591 | 109 | 27,273 | 17,196 | 10,576 | 54 | 100 | 100 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 32nd Street | N 40th Street | 8,059 | 5,771 | 15,990 | 6,625 | 9,734 | 41 | 69 | 38 | 8,978 | 5,787 | 18,368 | 6,625 | 9,734 | 40 | 89 | 89 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 110 | N 24th Street | 8,135 | 47 | 14,487 | 3,396 | 8,117 | 30 | 75 | 38 | 9,055 | 47 | 16,730 | 3,396 | 8,117 | 30 | 97 | 97 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 16th Street | N 110 | 8,729 | 99 | 17,241 | 8,644 | 9,768 | 40 | 93 | 44 | 9,904 | 99 | 19,880 | 8,644 | 9,768 | 39 | 100 | 100 |
| W Van Buren Street | N Central Avenue | N 7th St | 10,201 | 178 | 24,898 | 22,439 | 14,142 | 64 | 100 | 46 | 12,204 | 178 | 27,635 | 22,439 | 14,142 | 61 | 100 | 100 |
| W Van Buren Street | N Litchfield Road | N Dysart Road | 968 | - | 3,589 | - | 16,308 | 19 | 6 | 14 | 3,115 | - | 8,667 | - | 16,308 | 22 | 17 | 22 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 107th Avenue | N 99th Avenue | 823 | - | 1,757 | - | 3,116 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3,504 | - | 8,355 | - | 3,116 | 12 | 21 | 21 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 99th Avenue | N 91st Avenue | 1,260 | - | 2,455 | - | 11,358 | 13 | 8 | 6 | 3,880 | - | 8,387 | - | 11,358 | 19 | 23 | 23 |
| W Van Buren Street | N 91st Avenue | N 83rd Avenue | 1,371 | - | 2,819 | - | 5,075 | 8 | 10 | 6 | 3,280 | - | 6,995 | - | 5,075 | 12 | 23 | 23 |