



635 Capitol Street, Suite 150 Salem, OR 97301-2540 (503) 373-0050 Fax (503) 378-5518 www.lcd.state.or.us



#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

04/09/2013

TO: Subscribers to Notice of Adopted Plan or Land Use Regulation Amendments

- FROM: Plan Amendment Program Specialist
- SUBJECT: City of Reedsport Plan Amendment DLCD File Number 001-12

The Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) received the attached notice of adoption. Due to the size of amended material submitted, a complete copy has not been attached. A Copy of the adopted plan amendment is available for review at the DLCD office in Salem and the local government office.

Appeal Procedures\*

#### DLCD ACKNOWLEDGMENT or DEADLINE TO APPEAL: Tuesday, April 23, 2013

This amendment was submitted to DLCD for review prior to adoption pursuant to ORS 197.830(2)(b) only persons who participated in the local government proceedings leading to adoption of the amendment are eligible to appeal this decision to the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).

If you wish to appeal, you must file a notice of intent to appeal with the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA) no later than 21 days from the date the decision was mailed to you by the local government. If you have questions, check with the local government to determine the appeal deadline. Copies of the notice of intent to appeal must be served upon the local government and others who received written notice of the final decision from the local government. The notice of intent to appeal must be served and filed in the form and manner prescribed by LUBA, (OAR Chapter 661, Division 10). Please call LUBA at 503-373-1265, if you have questions about appeal procedures.

- \*<u>NOTE:</u> The Acknowledgment or Appeal Deadline is based upon the date the decision was mailed by local government. A decision may have been mailed to you on a different date than it was mailed to DLCD. As a result, your appeal deadline may be earlier than the above date specified. <u>NO LUBA</u> Notification to the jurisdiction of an appeal by the deadline, this Plan Amendment is acknowledged.
- Cc: Mellissa Anderson, City of Reedsport Gordon Howard, DLCD Urban Planning Specialist Dave Perry, DLCD Regional Representative Gary Fish, DLCD Transportation Planner Thomas Hogue, DLCD Economic Development Policy Analyst Matt Spangler, DLCD Regional Representaive

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Jurisdiction: City of Reedsport	Local file number: CPA-2012-001, CPA-MAP-2012-001, TA-2012-001		
Date of Adoption: 4/1/2013	Date Mailed: 4/3/2013		
Was a Notice of Proposed Amendment (Form 1) maile	d to DLCD? Xes No Date: 8/20/2012		
Comprehensive Plan Text Amendment	Comprehensive Plan Map Amendment		
Land Use Regulation Amendment	Zoning Map Amendment		

Summarize the adopted amendment. Do not use technical terms. Do not write "See Attached".

On April 1, 2013 the Reedsport City Council approved the adoption of the Reedsport Waterfont and Downtown Plan, with Comprehensive Plan Text & Map Amendments, Zoning Map Amendments, and Amendments to the Reedsort Land Usage Ordinance (RLUO).

Other:

#### Does the Adoption differ from proposal? Yes, Please explain below:

The initial proposal included adoption of the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan, with Comprehensive Plan Text and Map Amendments. The final decision includes the Comprehensive Plan amendments, as well as, Zoning Map Amendments and Text Amendments to the RLUO. (A new Commercial Mixed Use Zone (CMU) was added.)

IND TO COMM, COMM TO PUB/SEMI-PUB, IND TO PUB/SEMI-PUB	PUB/SEMI-PUB, WATER DEPEND IND TO COMM,
Zone Map Changed from: HEAVY IND TO COMM, IND TO WATER DEP COM IND TO COMM MIX USE, HEAVY IND TO PUB/SED	
Location: Downtown (Hwy 38 to 12 <sup>th</sup> St & Elm to Port Dock	Acres Involved: 13.70
Specify Density: Previous: No net change	New: No net change
Applicable statewide planning goals:	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14 15 16 17 18 19
Was an Exception Adopted? YES X NO	
Did DLCD receive a Notice of Proposed Amendment	
35-days prior to first evidentiary hearing?	🛛 Yes 🗌 No
If no, do the statewide planning goals apply?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No

New Land Use Regulation

#### **DLCD** file No.

Please list all affected State or Federal Agencies, Local Governments or Special Districts:

DLCD, ODOT, USACE, DSL, Douglas County, Port of Umpqua, Central Lincoln PUD

Local Contact: Jonathan Wright		Phone: (541) 271-3603 Extension:
Address: 451 Winchester Avenue		Fax Number: 541-271-2809
City: Reedsport, OR	Zip: 97467-	E-mail Address: jwright@cityofreedsport.org

## ADOPTION SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

This Form 2 must be received by DLCD no later than 20 working days after the ordinance has been signed by the public official designated by the jurisdiction to sign the approved ordinance(s) per ORS 197.615 and OAR Chapter 660, Division 18

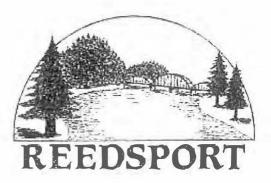
- 1. This Form 2 must be submitted by local jurisdictions only (not by applicant).
- 2. When submitting the adopted amendment, please print a completed copy of Form 2 on light green paper if available.
- 3. Send this Form 2 and one complete paper copv (documents and maps) of the adopted amendment to the address below.
- 4. Submittal of this Notice of Adoption must include the final signed ordinance(s), all supporting finding(s), exhibit(s) and any other supplementary information (ORS 197.615.).
- 5. Deadline to appeals to LUBA is calculated twenty-one (21) days from the receipt (postmark date) by DLCD of the adoption (ORS 197.830 to 197.845).
- 6. In addition to sending the Form 2 Notice of Adoption to DLCD, please also remember to notify persons who participated in the local hearing and requested notice of the final decision. (ORS 197.615).
- 7. Submit **one complete paper copy** via United States Postal Service, Common Carrier or Hand Carried to the DLCD Salem Office and stamped with the incoming date stamp.
- 8. Please mail the adopted amendment packet to:

#### ATTENTION: PLAN AMENDMENT SPECIALIST DEPARTMENT OF LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT 635 CAPITOL STREET NE, SUITE 150 SALEM, OREGON 97301-2540

Need More Copies? Please print forms on 8½ -1/2x11 green paper only if available. If you have any
questions or would like assistance, please contact your DLCD regional representative or contact the DLCD
Salem Office at (503) 373-0050 x238 or e-mail plan.amendments@state.or.us.

http://www.oregon.gov/LCD/forms.shtml

Updated December 6, 2012



## CITY of REEDSPORT Office of the City Manager 451 Winchester Ave Reedsport, OR 97467

541-271-3603

April 2, 2013

MEMORANDUM

TO: Applicant and All Parties

**FROM:** Jonathan Wright, City Manager

RE: CITY OF REEDSPORT request for a Plan Amendment and Zone Change to adopt and implement the City's new Waterfront and Downtown Plan. Planning Department File No(s). CPA-2012-001, CPA-MAP-2012-001, TA-2012-001 and ZC 2012-001.

Official notice is hereby given of the decision of the Reedsport City Council in the matter of the above-referenced action for which a public hearing was held on April 01, 2013.

The Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan, all subsequent Comprehensive Plan amendments and Transportation System Plan amendments, various map amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and Zone Maps and the City of Reedsport's new Mixed Use Zone, to be added to the Reedsport Land Usage Ordinance, Section 10.72.190, has been APPROVED.

A decision by the Reedsport City Council can be appealed to the Land Use Board of Appeals pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 197.830 no later than 21 days after the date the final local decision in made.

Enclosures

#### **ORDINANCE 2013-1119**

AN ORDINANCE TO ADOPT THE REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN AS A SUPPORTING DOCUMENT TO THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN WITH THE ASSOCIATED COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TEXT, PLAN MAP & SUBSEQUENT ZONE MAP AMENDMENTS TOGETHER WITH IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CITY'S NEW COMMECIAL MIXED USE (CMU) ZONE.

WHEREAS, the City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan, Citizen Involvement Element states that "Application for a legislative Plan Amendment can be made by any citizen, their authorized agent or by the City or County governing body." (Page II-3)

WHEREAS, the Reedsport Planning Commission initiated a process to adopt the Comprehensive Plan Text and Map Amendments and the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan at a regularly scheduled meeting on August 27, 2012; and

WHEREAS, a notice of the proposed Comprehensive Plan Amendments was sent to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) on August 20, 2012, as required by State law; and

WHEREAS, agency referral notice was sent to governmental agencies on August 24, 2012, which included Douglas County, DLCD, Business Oregon, Oregon Department of Transportation, ODOT Rail, Oregon Department of State Lands, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, Oregon Natural Hazards (floodplain) Program, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, State Marine Board, Umpqua Soil and Water Conservation Service, Coos Bay Rail, Partnership for the Umpqua Rivers, Port of Umpqua and Central Coast PUD; and

WHEREAS, a public notice was mailed directly to all property owners within the study area, interested parties, civic organizations and governmental agencies on August 28, 2012, prior to the Planning Commission and City Council public hearings; and

WHEREAS, a legal notice was published in the Umpqua Post on September 12, 2012 not less than 10 days prior to the first evidentiary hearing of September 24, 2012; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission held a public hearing on September 24, 2012, prior to making a recommendation to the City Council on the proposal; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a public hearing on November 5, 2012, adopting the findings of Planning Commission, in part, and remanding the matter back to the Planning Commission to address only the following;

- Potential Transportation Issues
- Improve Readability of the Waterfront and Downtown Plan Document
- Implement the New Commercial Live/Work Mixed Use Zone (CMU)
- Address Zone Map Amendments; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission held a public hearing on January 28, 2013, to address the items of remand; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a public hearing on April 1, 2013, to make a final local decision on the remaining points of remand; and

WHEREAS, all procedural and legal requirements for notification have been met; and

WHEREAS, the Reedsport Urban Renewal District Plan identifies the need for a master plan for both the waterfront and Old Town area; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds there is a need for revitalization of the waterfront and Old Town area and the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan will assist in this objective; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan with associated Comprehensive Plan text, Plan map and subsequent Zone map amendments with the implementation of the City's new Commercial Mixed Use (CMU) Zone is consistent with the Oregon Revised Statutes, Oregon Administration Rules and the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan as determined by the Reedsport Planning Commission; Findings of Fact adopted by reference.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY OF REEDSPORT ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

- SECTION 1 The *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan,* is adopted as a supporting document to the Comprehensive Plan as presented in Exhibit 1.
- SECTION 2 All Comprehensive Plan amendments and Transportation System Plan amendments outlined in the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan are to be effective 30 days from the date this ordinance is signed.
- SECTION 3 The Various Map Amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and Zone Map are adopted as presented in Exhibit 2.
- SECTION 4 City of Reedsport's new Mixed Use Zone, to be added to the Reedsport Land Usage Ordinance, Section 10.72.190, is adopted as presented in Exhibit 3

EFFECTIVE DATE OF ORDINANCE: This Ordinance shall become effective on May 1, 2013.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL this 1<sup>st</sup> day of April, 2013.

AYES 7 NAYS 0

APPROVED BY THE MAYOR this first day of April, 2013.

ATTEST:

Deanna, City Recorder

CITY OF REEDSPORT

ORDINANCE 2013-1119

#### BEFORE THE CITY OF REEDSPORT PLANNING COMMISSION

CITY OF REEDSPORT, Findings of Fact and Decision, Planning Department File Nos. CPA-2012-001, CPA-MAP-2012-001, TA-2012-001 and ZC 2012-001.

This matter came before the City of Reedsport Planning Commission on January 28, 2013, on remand from the Reedsport City Council, in the City Council meeting room at City Hall.

The Planning Commissioners present at the hearing were: Justin Kramer, Christian Walter, Allen Teitzel and Jim Thomas

The Planning Commission takes official notice of the following:

- 1. The City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan, including the implementing the City of Reedsport Land Usage Ordinance, adopted by the City of Reedsport City Council and acknowledged by the Land Conservation and Development Commission on April 26, 1984.
- 2. The records of the Planning Department of the City of Reedsport concerning publication and mailing of notice.

#### PROCEDURAL FINDINGS OF FACT

1. On September 24, 2012, this matter came before the Planning Commission for review and decision. The Commission recommended approval of the Waterfront and Downtown Plan document and Comprehensive Plan map and text amendments.

On November 5, 2012, the Reedsport City Council held a public hearing to review the Planning Commission recommendation and make a decision. After reviewing the recommendation, the City Council agreed with the findings of the Planning Commission; however, requested that the matter be returned to the Planning Commission to address the following:

- Potential Transportation Issues
- Improve Readability of the Waterfront and Downtown Plan Document
- Implement the New Commercial Live/Work Mixed Use Zone (CMU)
- Address Zone Map Amendments
- 3. On December 17, 2012, the Planning Commission held a work session to review the remanded items and take action.
- 4. On January 28, 2013, the Planning Commission held a hearing to review the points of remand and make a recommendation to the City Council. The findings of that hearing are contained herein.
- 5. All procedural requirements for notification and post acknowledgement plan amendment hearings have been met.

#### SUBSTANTIVE FINDINGS OF FACT

On the basis of the testimony and evidence contained in the whole Record, the Planning Commission adopts the following findings of fact.

1. The Planning Commission takes note of the purpose of the Waterfront and Downtown Plan

Decision/Waterfront and Downtown Plan Page 3 February 25, 2013

being to create an integrated land use and transportation plan to revitalize Old Town Reedsport, guide development for a mixed-use and pedestrian-oriented downtown and waterfront area that maintains a balance of industry and tourism and links the downtown to the Umpqua River Waterfront.

2. The Planning Commission acknowledges the findings and conclusions of the September 24, 2012 Planning Commission hearing are irrevocably committed to the findings of the remand hearing and are applicable unless otherwise modified by the findings contained herein. The decision of the September 24, 2012 Planning Commission are attached hereto, as Exhibit A, for inclusion and reference.

The items to be considered on remand are:

- Address Transportation Issues
- Improve Readability of the Waterfront and Downtown Plan Document
- Implement the New Commercial Live/Work Mixed Use Zone (CMU)
- Address Zone Map Amendments

These items have been considered and the Planning Commission finds as follows:

#### Potential Transportation Issues

3. The City's TSP, as prepared by DKS Associates and adopted by the City Council February 6, 2006, identifies projects and programs needed to support the City's Goals and Policies and to serve planned growth over a period of 20 years. While this plan is the City's premier governing transportation document it can be revised and updated, as needed, through the amendment process provided by the City's RLUO. The changes proposed to the Waterfront and Downtown area of Reedsport are anticipated to increase traffic volumes; therefore, a supplemental analysis was conducted by Kittelson & Associates, Inc. for the downtown area. The Planning Commission finds that, out of the 23 transportation improvements identified by Kittelson & Associates, Inc., only two of the improvements would amend existing provisions contained in the City's TSP, the remaining improvements identified will all be added without impacting these existing provisions. The two items amending the City's TSP are minor and consistent with the City's Comprehensive Plan; therefore, the Planning Commission adopts all 23 items as submitted.

#### Improve Readability of the Plan Document

4. On December 17, 2012 the Planning Commission held a public meeting with a workshop to discuss ways to improve the readability of the Plan Document. The Planning Commission finds that by making sections of the document easy to identify, removing extraneous information, enlarging the maps and providing individual descriptions of maps, they have met the intent of the City Councils request.

Implement the New Commercial Live/Work Mixed Use Zone (CMU)

5. At the December 17, 2012, Planning Commission workshop Staff presented the Commission with a Mixed Use Zone template and asked the Commission what adaptations needed to be made to make the zoning representative of the downtown area. Based on the Staff's draft zoning

Decision/Waterfront and Downtown Plan Page 4 February 25, 2013

and the recommendations of the Planning Commission, the Commission finds the City of Reedsport's new Mixed Use Zone, Section 10.72.190, to be as follows:

10.72.190 (CMU) Commercial Mixed-Use zone.

Section 10.72.190.10 Purpose

To implement the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan by providing for a wide range of employment and residential uses close to the waterfront and downtown core.

Section 10.72.190.20 Permitted Uses

In the CMU Zone, the following uses and their accessory buildings and uses are permitted subject to the general provisions and exceptions set forth by this Ordinance:

- 1. Residential Buildings and Uses
  - a. Condominiums
  - b. Multifamily dwellings and townhouses.
  - c. Single family/multifamily dwellings located above a commercial use.
- 2. Commercial Buildings and Uses
  - a. Antique shop.
  - b. Art shop gallery, studio, supplies.
  - c. Book store.

d. Business and professional offices.

- e. Clubs, lodges and assembly halls.
- f. Delicatessen.
- g. Gift shop.
- h. Grocery store limited to 2,500 square feet.
- i. Handicraft shop.
- j. Hotel, motel.
- k. Laundromat.
- *I.* Medical and dental clinics.
- m. Mercantile.

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- n. Novelties and curious shop.
- o. Pharmacy.
- p. Photography gallery.
- *q.* Places of amusement such as billiard parlors, taverns, bowling alleys, dance halls and games of skill and science.
- r. Pottery sales.
- s. Public and semipublic buildings and uses.
- t. Restaurant.
- u. Sporting goods, retail.
- v. Temporary mobile commercial uses such as vendors.
- w. Other uses similar to the above.
- 3. <u>Industrial Buildings and Uses Industrial uses are to be primarily conducted within a building or</u> structure and only be allowed if the use does not emit: continues, frequent or repetitive noises or vibrations; or, noxious or toxic fumes, odors or emissions.
  - a. Brewery, distillery or winery.
  - b. Building supply store less than (20,000) square feet in size.
  - c. Light fabrication and repair shops.
  - d. The manufacture, compounding, processing, packaging or treatment of such products as bakery goods, candy, cosmetics, dairy products, drugs, electronic and communications components and supplies, leather and leather products, lumber and wood products, building specialties, objects or specialty items, perfumes, toiletries, soft drinks, food products, except for fish, sauerkraut, vinegar, yeast and rendering of fats and oils.
  - e. Wholesale business sales room.

#### Section 10.72.190.30 Uses Permitted With Standards

In the CMU zone, the following uses and activities are permitted subject to specified standards and general provisions and exceptions set forth by this Ordinance.

1. Preexisting or lawfully established uses existing on January 1, 2013. Section 10.72.190.30 Buildings and Uses Permitted Conditionally In the CMU zone, the following uses and activities and their accessory buildings and uses are permitted subject to the provisions of Chapter 10.96.

- 1. Residential Buildings and Uses
  - a. One single family dwelling where adjacent properties within a 100 feet are predominately developed with uses other than single family dwellings.
- 2. Commercial Buildings and Uses
  - a. Veterinary Clinic provided the use shall be conducted wholly within enclosed structures and there shall be no outside animal runs.
- 3. Industrial Buildings and Uses
  - a. Light Industrial uses as specified in 10.72.090 not specifically listed in Section 10.72.190.20.3.

Section 10.72.190.40 Property Development Standards

- 1. Area: No Standard established.
- 2. Coverage: Full coverage is allowable.
- 3. Setbacks:
  - a. Front Yard: Front yards shall not be required, except for buildings fronting onto Greenwood Ave. or Rainbow Plaza (Street) as follows:
    - Building Orientation Where a new building or major remodel of existing building is proposed fronting on Greenwood Ave. or Rainbow Plaza (Street) is shall be placed within ten (10) feet of said street right-of-way and have primary entrance(s) oriented towards the street.
      - ✓ "Fronting" for the purposes of this section means facing or abutting a public right-of-way, not an alley.
  - b. Side Yard: Side yards shall not be required; except that where side yards are created they shall be a minimum of three (3) feet.
  - c. Rear Yard: No structural development shall be allowed within ten (10) feet of the centerline of an alley.
- 4. Height: No structure shall exceed a height of 45 feet.
- 5. Signs: Signs shall be allowed as specified in Section 10.76.040 (C-2 Zone).

6. **Parking:** Parking shall be provided as specified in Section 10.76.020, except that the Community Development Planner may reduce the number of required automobile parking spaces, as follows:

- a. A reduction of one (1) off-street parking space is permitted for every one (1) space of on-street parking\* abutting the subject site; and
- b. A reduction of one (1) off-street parking space is permitted for every two (2) bicycle parking spaces (e.g., one U-style rack) provided on or adjacent to the subject site, not to exceed a total reduction of two (2) automobile parking spaces.
- c. Off-street parking shall not be placed between any new building and the street right-of-way for Greenwood Avenue or Rainbow Plaza (Street).
  - \* "On-street parking space" for the purpose of this section means a surfaced area within the public street right-of-way of not less than twenty-two (22) feet in length by eight (8) feet in width that is approved by the roadway authority for parking.

### Zone Map Amendments

7. The Planning Commission heard testimony from Merle Hausmann, who stated that he was against the proposal because it would restrict his business. The Commission also heard testimony from Linda Rochon who stated that she was opposed because it would restrict the sale of her property. The Planning Commission finds that the proposed zone change would only impact the Hausmann and Rochon property insofar as they would not be allowed to do future industrial uses. The Planning Commission concludes that the proposed zone change would not be detrimental to the existing businesses and meets the requirements of RLUO Section 10.100.

#### Conclusion

- S. The Planning Commission heard testimony from Allie Krull of the Oregon Department of Transpiration (ODOT) who stated that a couple of things need to be corrected in the Plandocument prior to adoption: 1) Page 39 contains a typo by identifying the East Railroad Ave River Front Way as project #14 when it should be identified as Project #4; and, 2) Page 38 contains a discrepancy which states that a signal controller should be installed by ODOT at the intersection of OR 38 and US 101, when it should read that a developer, as mitigation for traffic impacts to the intersection, should be responsible for the installation. The Planning Commission finds that the corrections are appropriate and approves the revisions.
- 9. On the basis of the foregoing findings and with the adoption of the findings of the Staff Report, the Planning Commission concludes that the application meets the criteria for a Comprehensive Plan Amendment as stated in the RLUO, Section 10.60.040 and Zone Change as stated in RLUO, Section 10.100.

#### DECISION

Based on evidence received, the findings above and the findings of the September 24, 2012 Planning

Decision/Waterfront and Downtown Plan Page 8 February 25, 2013

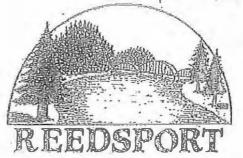
Immission hearing attached hereto and findings contained in the Staff Reports, we hereby APPROVE the Waterfront and Downtown Plan Document, Plan text amendments, Plan map amendments, zone text amendments and zone map amendments on remand from the City Council for all properties defined in Exhibit B.

Dated this 25<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2013.

#### REEDSPORT PLANNING COMMISSION

Bv: Chairman

## EXHIDIT A (R)



## CITY of REEDSPORT

451 Winchester Avenue Reedsport, OR 97467-1597 Phone (541) 271-3603 Fax (541) 271-2809

## REEDSPORT PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION TO THE CITY COUNCIL REGARDING ADOPTION OF THE REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN AND ASSSOCIATED COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TEXT AND MAP AMENDMENTS

WHEREAS, the City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan, Citizen Involvement Element states that "Application for a legislative Plan Amendment can be made by any citizen, their authorized agent or by the City or County governing body." (Page II-3)

WHEREAS, the Reedsport Planning Commission initiated a process to adopt the Comprehensive Plan Text and Map Amendments and the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan as presented in Exhibits B, C and D at a regularly scheduled meeting on August 27, 2012; and

WHEREAS, the Reedsport Planning Commission held a public hearing on the proposal at a regularly scheduled meeting on September 24, 2012; and

WHEREAS, the Reedsport Urban Renewal District Plan identifies the need for a master plan for both the waterfront and Old Town area; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds there is a need for revitalization of the .waterfront and Old Town area and the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan will assist in this objective; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds there is also a need to support existing businesses that are currently in operation by adding a new policy statement in the Comprehensive Plan Economic Element that states: "Future rezone and/or code change from industrial to commercial should support existing business"; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the Planning Commission recommends the City Council adopt the Findings of Fact, Various Comprehensive Plan Text and Map Amendments and the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan as presented in Exhibit A, B, C and D.

PASSED BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION this 24th day of September 2012.

AYES

APPROVED BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION this \_\_\_\_ day of September, 2012.

Allen Teitzel, Chair

5. 7

Allen Teitzer, Chan Reedsport Planning Commission

ATTEST:

Jessica Terra, Planning Secretary

Planning Commission Recommendation to City Council Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan September 24, 2012

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#### EXHIBIT A

#### Findings of Fact

This report contains one set of findings for the three actions associated with adoption of the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan (RWDP)*, as described in the staff report.

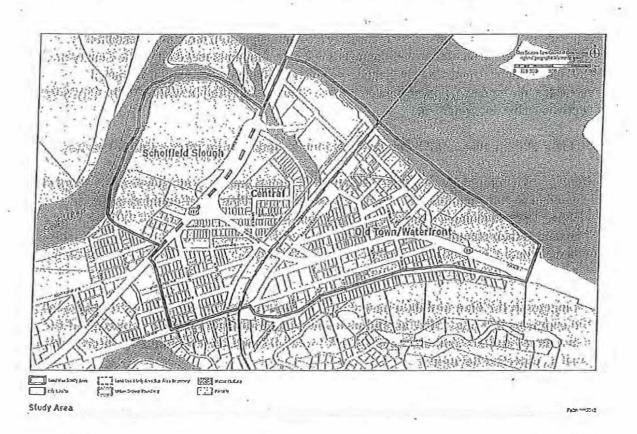
#### PROPOSED ACTIONS

Adoption of the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan (RWDP)* consists of the following actions:

- 1) Amend various text of the City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan, including amendments to the Reedsport Transportation Sytem Plan (TSP) (Exhibit B); and
- Amend various land use map designations of the City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan (Exhibit C); and
- 3) Adopt the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan* as a supporting document to the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan (Exhibit D).

#### LOCATION

The plan area consists of three subareas illustrated below and described as: the triangular Old Town/Waterfront subarea east of Southern Pacific Railroad, west of the Umpqua River and north of Elm Avenue; the Scholfield Slough subarea west of US 101, between Juniper Avenue to the south and MacIntosh Slough the north; and the Central subarea between the US 101 and Southern Pacific Railroad, or between the Old Town/Waterfront and Scholfield Slough subareas.



Planning Commission Recommendation to City Council Exhibit A: Findings of Fact September 24, 2012

#### COMPREHENSIVE PLAN DESIGNATIONS

The Comprehensive Plan contains the following land use designations, all of which are included in the RWDP Plan area: Residential, Commercial, Industrial, and Public/Semi Public.

The Comprehensive Plan also designates Shorelands Subareas, pursuant to Statewide Planning Goal 17 (Coastal Shorelands): Urban Conservation (outside RWDP Plan area), Water-Dependent Industrial (some Industrially-designated waterfront properties), and Water-Related Commercial (appears in map legend but none currently designated).

#### STATEWIDE PLANNING GOALS AND COMPREHENSIVE PLAN POLICIES

City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan, Chapter II, Amendment Procedures:

1. The Plan may be amended at any time by the City Council except the situations which require joint City/County decisions as stipulated in the Urban Growth Management Agreement, but it shall first be referred to the Planning Commission for recommendation.

Finding: The proposal is consistent with this criterion because the proposed amendments were first referred to the Planning Commission for a recommendation to the City Council before the Council made a final decision. Additionally, the proposal is consistent with the Urban Growth Management Agreement between Douglas County and the City of Reedsport because the County was notified of the proposed amendments on August 24, 2012, at least 10 days before the City Planning Commission's first evidentiary hearing on September 24, 2012 and at least 45 days before the City Council's first hearing on November 5, 2012. Further, after the City Planning Commission makes its recommendation, the recommendation is forwarded to the County for their comments and any comments received by the County are forwarded to the Council for their final decision. In making its decision, the Council considers the city's final decision. This criterion is met.

2. Changes to the Plan shall be made by ordinance amendment after a public hearing.

*Finding:* The proposal is consistent with this criterion because the amendments are adopted by ordinance after a public hearing before the Reedsport Planning Commission and City Council. The Planning Commission held a public hearing on September 24, 2012 and forwarded their recommendation to the City Council. The City Council made a final decision on the proposal after holding a public hearing on November 5, 2012. The final decision is adopted by ordinance. This criterion is met.

3. Changes in the Plan and data base should be incorporated directly into the document at the appropriate place. The amendment should also indicate the date of passage of the ordinance and the ordinance number. A list of all amendments should be inserted into each respective document.

*Finding:* The proposal is consistent with this criterion because the changes are incorporated directly into the Comprehensive Plan in the appropriate place. The applicable Elements of the

Planning Commission Recommendation to City Council Page 4

Exhibit A: Findings of Fact September 24, 2012 Plan are revised and updated, with the ordinance number and adoption date indicated in each chapter. This criterion is met.

4. A proposed amendment to the Comprehensive Plan text and policies shall be considered when one or more of the following conditions exist:

- a. Updated data demonstrates significantly different trends than previous data;
- b. New data reflects new or previous undisclosed public need(s);
- c. New community attitude represents a significant departure from previous attitude as reflected by the Citizens Advisory Group, Planning Commission and/or City Council;
- d. Statutory changes significantly affect the applicability or appropriateness of the existing plan goal or policy;
- e. A demonstrable error or major inconsistency in the existing plan goal or policy.

*Finding:* The proposal is consistent with criterion C above, because the needs and opportunities of the Reedsport Riverfront and Old Town have been recognized by the Planning Commission and in the Urban Renewal District Plan. The City initiated an Urban Renewal District in 2007, and the Urban Renewal District Plan recommends completing a master plan with design standards for the waterfront and downtown. Additionally, in 2009, the Reedsport Planning Commission recognized the need for downtown revitalization and selected the development of a waterfront and downtown plan as the number one priority for their list of goals. Thus, the proposed waterfront and downtown plan has been a high priority goal for the Planning Commission and for implementation of the Urban Renewal District Plan. This criterion is met.

5. Application for a Legislative Plan Amendment can be made by any citizen, their authorized agent or by the City or County governing body.

*Finding:* The proposal is consistent with this criterion because the proposed Waterfront and Downtown Plan and Comprehensive Plan Amendments were initiated by the City of Reedsport at the Planning Commission meeting on August 27, 2012. This criterion is met.

6. Application for a Site Specific Plan Amendment can only be made by affected property owners, their authorized agents or by the City or County governing body.

*Finding:* The proposed land use designation map amendments to the Plan were initiated by the City of Reedsport at the Planning Commission meeting on August 27, 2012. This criterion is met.

- 7. In order to obtain a Comprehensive Plan amendment, the applicant has the burden of proving that all of the following conditions exist:
  - a. There is a need for the proposed change;
  - b. The identified need can best be served by granting the change requested;

*Finding:* The proposal is consistent with criteria A and B above because the proposed waterfront and downtown plan has been a high priority goal for the Planning Commission and for implementation of the Urban Renewal District Plan. Now that the Waterfront and Downtown Plan has been developed in association with extensive public involvement, the City will be best served by adopting the proposed plan with associated Comprehensive Plan text and map amendments. This criterion is met.

c. The proposed change is not in violation of state land use goals, statutes and rules;

*Finding:* The proposal is consistent with this criterion because the proposed amendments are consistent with the Oregon Statewide Land Use Goals and Oregon Revised Statutes, as discussed below. These findings are incorporated by reference and this criterion is met.

<u>Statewide Planning</u> Goal 1 - Citizen Involvement: To develop a citizen involvement program that ensures the opportunity for citizens to be involved in all phases of the planning process, (Comprehensive Plan Section II, Citizen Involvement Element)

*Finding*: The Reedsport Comprehensive Plan and Development Code contain adopted and stateacknowledged procedures for citizen involvement. This application has been processed consistent with those procedures including notice to property owners within the Plan area, notice to affected agencies, public meetings, and notice in the local newspaper.

Adoption of the RWDP will complete a two-phase planning process that began during the winter of 2010-2011. The process included Project Advisory Committee (PAC) meetings, public work sessions, and an interagency coordination meeting with City of Reedsport and Oregon Department of Transportation staff. The PAC consisted of property owners and local officials, including Port of Reedsport representatives and members of the Reedsport Planning Commission and City Council.

The consultant team and staff developed three alternatives, based on input from the PAC and broader community. The alternatives were evaluated and refined with further input from the PAC and community. The Final Draft of the plan was then made available for public review on the city's website.

The City posted information about the planning process, as well as meeting announcements, public comment summaries, and draft plans on the City's website. In addition, public hearing notices were published in The Umpqua Post, and KCBY News aired a new story on the July 25, 2012 public open house.

Advertised public hearings are being conducted before the Reedsport Planning Commission and City Council, to provide an opportunity for further citizen involvement and input. The City of Reedsport mailed notice of the hearings to all property owners within the study area, interested parties, civic organizations and governmental agencies on August 28, 2012. A legal notice was also published in the Umpqua Post on September 13, 2012, more than 10 days prior to the first evidentiary hearing of September 24, 2012.

Notice of the proposed Comprehensive Plan Amendments was sent to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) on August 20, 2012 not less than 35 days prior to the

Planning Commission Recommendation to City Council Exhibit A: Findings of Fact September 24, 2012 first evidentiary hearing of September 24, 2012, as required by State law.

On August 24, 2012, referrals were sent to governmental agencies, including Douglas County, DLCD, Business Oregon, Oregon Department of Transportation, ODOT Rail, Oregon Department of State Lands, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, Oregon Natural Hazards (floodplain) Program, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, State Marine Board, Umpqua Soil and Water Conservation Service, Coos Bay Rail, Partnership for the Umpqua Rivers, Port of Umpqua and Central Coast PUD notifying these organizations of the proposed amendments and the public hearings with the Planning Commission and City Council.

The zoning changes recommended in the proposed Plan do not become effective upon adopting the Plan. Before recommended zoning changes can occur, the City must draft final ordinances and conduct a public process, including public hearings, on the proposed changes.

Based on the foregoing facts, the proposal is consistent with Goal 1 and it does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

Statewide Planning Goal 2 - Land Use Planning: To establish a land use planning process and policy framework as a basis for all decision and actions related to use of land and to assure an adequate factual base for such decisions and actions. (Comprehensive Plan Section VII, Land Use and Urbanization Element)

*Finding:* Goal 2 requires that all land use actions be consistent with the acknowledged Comprehensive Plan. This application has been evaluated against the applicable goals and policies of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. The findings contained herein demonstrate compliance with the Comprehensive Plan. Goal 2 also requires coordination with affected governments and agencies. The City referred the proposed Plan to the appropriate agencies and governments for comments, as described under Goal 1 (above).

On September 14, 2012, Thomas Guevara of the Oregon Department of Transportation Department (ODOT) submitted comments to the City regarding the proposal, which recommends the following policy language be added to the plan:

- Section IV, Transportation Element Goal 3: Crosswalks will have to meet state warrants/criteria and STE approval prior to installation.
- <u>Recommended Access Management Improvements</u>: Any road approach to a state transportation facility outside the plan's access management policies will fall under the State Access Management Rule (OAR 734-051-000)."

After considering this recommendation, the Reedsport Planning Commission finds that the City must already comply with these standards that are required by ODOT and state law; therefore, adding these as policies in the plan would be redundant and unnecessary.

This proposal is consistent with Goal 2, and it does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

Statewide Planning Goal 5 - Open Spaces, Scenic and Historic Areas and Natural Resources: To conserve open space and protect natural and scenic resources. (Comprehensive

#### Plan Section III, Natural Features Element)

*Finding:* Goal 5 resources include ecologically significant areas, open spaces, historic sites/buildings and other natural features. The study area abuts river shorelands and estuarine resources, which are currently protected through Reedsport's Comprehensive Plan and Development Code. No amendment to Comprehensive Plan land use designations or policies are proposed that would adversely affect those resources. Proposed open space enhancements, such as river overlooks, boardwalks or pathways, adjacent to protected resource would be required to comply with applicable natural resource regulatory requirements. See also, response to Goal 17 Coastal Shorelands.

The Plan Area also contains a small concentration of buildings along Broadway Street that may meet eligibility requirements for historic resource designation. However, none of the buildings in the Plan Area currently contain a historic designation. Therefore the Historic Resources provisions of Goal 5 do not apply.

The proposal is consistent with Statewide Goal 5, and it does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

<u>Statewide Planning</u> Goal 8 - Recreational Needs: To satisfy the recreational needs of the citizens of the state and visitors and, where appropriate to provide for the siting of necessary recreational facilities including destination resorts. (Comprehensive Plan Section IV, Parks and Recreation Element)

*Finding:* One of the primary goals of the RWDP is to connect Downtown Reedsport to the waterfront. In order to attract more pedestrians to the waterfront and to improve commercial recreational opportunities throughout the plan area, improvements are recommended to Rainbow Plaza, the boat launch and boardwalk, and a new levee loop trail system is proposed. These improvements will assist in meeting the recreational needs of Reedsport citizens and help facilitate economic development. The proposed Plan contains five new policies to this end.

The proposed Levee Loop Trail is a multi-use pathway system, which is designed to complement the Scholfield River Multi-use trail designated in the 2006 Reedsport Transportation System Plan (TSP). Through the RWDP planning process, the design team concluded that a trail connection through the Port of Umpqua Industrial Park along Port Dock Road is infeasible as it would conflict with heavy marine industrial uses in that area. Therefore, the proposed Plan utilizes a combination of on- and off-street trail connections to complete the loop. The proposed plan does not alter the recommended trails designated in the TSP; rather it augments that system by connecting it to existing on-street facilities. No existing recreational facilities will be displaced as a result of implementing the proposed Plan.

The proposal is consistent with Statewide Goal 8, and it does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

<u>Statewide Planning</u> Goal 9 - Economic Development: "To provide adequate opportunities throughout the state for a variety of economic activities vital to the health, welfare and prosperity of Oregon's citizens." (Comprehensive Plan Section V, Economic Element)

*Finding:* Statewide Planning Goal 9 requires that an adequate supply of sites of suitable sizes, types and locations for industrial and commercial uses be provided in urban areas. Historically, Reedsport had a strong and well-defined central business district. However, over time, as commercial development spread along US 101, businesses left the commercial core. The City lacks a plan for revitalization and development of the downtown area. This has contributed to high vacancy and turnover rates in downtown commercial buildings. The proposed Plan is intended to help attract quality development to invigorate downtown Reedsport, while encouraging the retention of existing marine-related industry and the growth of new industry in suitable downtown and waterfront locations.

The policies and recommendations set forth in the proposed Plan are intended to help retain existing industry and stimulate greater economic activity, consistent with Goal 9. The proposed Plan proposes a new mixed-use designation for certain parcels where greater development flexibility is desired, and retains Industrial designations for key maritime industrial sites. It also outlines recommended Development Code changes, and highlights key redevelopment opportunities. These opportunities represent untapped development potential within the Plan area. Redevelopment of the Knife River property, in particular, offers a unique opportunity for water-oriented commercial uses in close proximity to the Downtown core.

The proposed Comprehensive Plan Map amendments are consistent with Goal 9, per the following findings, as contained in the proposed plan:

Comprehensive Plan map changes are shown in Figure 10 and Table 7 of the proposed plan, and in Exhibit C of this decision. The proposal includes a future plan amendment proposed for the Knife River site on the eastern portion of the waterfront. The 16.29 acre Knife River site is presently designated Water-Dependent Industrial, and conversion of this site to Commercial requires a Goal 17, Coastal Shorelands analysis to meet state law prior to a plan map amendment. The remaining plan amendments convert 13 gross acres (10.5 after subtracting streets) from industrial to commercial.

The 2009 Reedsport Economic Opportunity Analysis (EOA) findings recommend the conversion of 10.6-acres of industrial land to other uses, based on an oversupply of industrial land<sup>1</sup>. It also identifies a need for 24.6 acres of commercial land. The Waterfront and Downtown Plan is consistent with both findings, while maintaining industrial designations for the Port of Umpqua Industrial Park and industrial land east of E. Railroad Avenue.

This plan also proposes allowing enclosed light industrial uses in some areas receiving the commercial designation, such as the areas designated Live-Work/Mixed-Use. The Live/Work area (Commercial Mixed Use zone) would allow both residential and employment uses. This could provide for approximately 70,000 square feet of employment uses assuming 50% of floor space is developed with employment uses.

This plan implements the EOA findings regarding key redevelopment sites, as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The 2009 Reedsport EOA concludes that the City has a net additional land need for 24.6 acres of buildable commercial-zoned land, and a net surplus of 10.6 acres of industrial-zoned land. The EOA recommends that the City consider the following options: "1) converting the existing vacant residential land (especially multifamily zoned laud) to commercial; 2) using the redevelopment district to acquire existing underutilized commercial properties and/or vacant buildings and making them available for new commercial development; or 3) re-zoning the Water-Dependent Industrial (WDI) zoned land to commercial.

- 1. Allow single-family cottage cluster developments as an alternative to multifamily housing in the "Residential" area on the Mast Brothers site (Scholtield Slough subarca), based on the market study for this plan.
- 2. Allow redevelopment of the Knife River site, including replacement of the western site building for a proposed City Boat Launch expansion, and allow redevelopment of the Rubber Plant site with Waterfront-Commercial uses, including potential visitor attraction uses.

Based on the foregoing findings, the proposal is consistent with Goal 9, and does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

#### <u>Statewide Planning Goal 10 - Housing: "To provide for the housing needs of citizens of the</u> state." (Comprehensive Plan Section VI, Housing and Population Element)

Finding: Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 660-008 provides guidelines and standards for compliance with Goal 10 Housing. This rule requires that residential zoning be based on housing needs projections. The Plan area is currently developed with a mix of residential, commercial and industrial uses. Under the proposed Plan, residential uses continue to be allowed through a combination of multifamily and small lot-single family residential zoning, mixed-use (e.g., live-work) zoning, and commercial zoning where residential uses are allowed above ground floor commercial uses. The proposed Plan affords greater flexibility for development a wider range of housing in close proximity to community services and employment. Adoption of the Plan would provide more housing choices to Reedsport residents and better meet the City's housing needs.

This proposal is consistent with Goal 10, and it does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

<u>Statewide Plauning</u> Goal 11 - Public Facilities; "To plan and develop a timely, orderly and efficient arrangement of public facilities and services..." (Comprehensive Plan Section IV, Community Services Element)

*Finding:* The proposed Plan is consistent with Reedsport's adopted public facility master plans for water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage, and levee recertification. Implementation of the Plan will not increase demands on those facilities beyond currently projected capacities. Therefore, Goal 11 is met.

<u>Statewide Planning Goal 12</u> - Transportation; "To provide and encourage a safe, convenient and economic transportation system." (Comprehensive Plan Section IV, Transportation Element)

Finding: Concurrent with the adoption of the proposed Plan, amendments to the *Reedsport Transportation System Plan* (TSP) are proposed. The TSP amendments consist of updates to the City's list of planned transportation projects. The projects are intended to maintain acceptable highway operations, in conformance with State standards, and to improve multi-modal access and safety, including improved safety and connectivity for pedestrians and bicyclists. Updates to the TSP require findings demonstrating compliance with the City Comprehensive Plan and with Statewide Planning Goal 12 Transportation. Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) -660-012 (Transportation Planning Rule-TPR) implements Statewide Planning Goal 12. OAR 660-012-0060 applies to any plan map amendment that significantly affects a transportation facility. OAR 660-012-0060(1) requires any amendments to functional plans, acknowledged comprehensive plans, and land use regulations which significantly affect a transportation facility to demonstrate that allowed land uses are consistent with the identified function, capacity, and performance standards (e.g. level of service, volume to capacity ratio, etc.) of the facility.

Pursuant to OAR 660-012-0060(1) a plan or land use regulation amendment is deemed to significantly affect a transportation facility if it would trigger any of the criteria listed below (*bold, italicized* text from OAR 660-12-0060):

a) Change the functional classification of an existing or planned transportation facility;

*Response:* No change to a functional classification is proposed. This criterion is met.

b) Change standards implementing a functional clussification; or

Response: No change to a transportation standard is proposed. This criterion is met.

c) As measured at the end of the planning period identified in the adopted transportation system plan:

i. Allow land uses or levels of development that would result in types or levels of travel or access that are inconsistent with the functional classification of an existing or planned transportation facility; or

*Response:* All proposed land uses and levels of development are consistent with the existing functional classifications. As evidenced by the analysis contained in Appendix A, *Preferred Transportation Alternatives Analysis*, the above criterion is met.

ii. Reduce the performance of an existing or planned transportation facility below the minimum acceptable performance standard identified in the TSP or comprehensive plan.

*Response:* Acceptable levels of performance will be maintained on all existing and planned transportation facilities. As evidenced by the analysis contained in Appendix A, *Preferred Transportation Alternatives Analysis*, the above criterion is met.

iii. Worsen the performance of an existing or planned transportation facility that is otherwise projected to perform below the minimum acceptable performance standard identified in the TSP or comprehensive plan.

*Response:* The OR 38/Winchester Avenue intersection is forecast to operate at level-of service (LOS) F, with a volume-to-capacity ratio greater than 1.0 during the p.m. peak analysis period under the year 2025 forecast traffic volumes. Delay at the intersection increases further under forecast 2033 conditions. Capacity improvements such as construction of a traffic signal or similar intersection capacity improvement, as the Plan proposes, would be sufficient to restore

traffic operations to meet ODOT and City of Reedsport mobility standards at this intersection. The proposed Plan provides an estimated timeline and cost for improving OR 38/Winchester, consistent with Goal 12.

As evidenced by the foregoing findings and the analysis contained in Appendix A, *Preferred Transportation Alternatives Analysis*, the above criterion is met.

Where is it determined that there would be a significant effect on the transportation system, compliance with OAR 660-012-0060(1) can be achieved by one or a combination of the following:

(a) Adopting measures that demonstrate allowed land uses are consistent with the planned function, capacity, and performance standards of the transportation facility.

(b) Amending the TSP or comprehensive plan to provide transportation facilities, improvements or services adequate to support the proposed land uses consistent with the requirements of this division; such amendments shall include a funding plan or mechanism consistent with section (4) or include an amendment to the transportation finance plan so that the facility, improvement, or service will be provided by the end of the planning period.

(c) Altering land use designations, densities, or design requirements to reduce demand for automobile travel and meet travel needs through other modes.

(d) Amending the TSP to modify the planned function, capacity or performance standards of the transportation facility.

(e) Providing other measures as a condition of development or through a development agreement or similar funding method, including transportation system management measures, demand management or minor transportation improvements. Local governments shall as part of the amendment specify when measures or improvements provided pursuant to this subsection will be provided.

*Response*: Through adoption of the proposed Plan, the TSP is being amended to correct the deficiency at OR 38/Winchester Avenue. Installation of a traffic signal or similar intersection capacity improvement, as recommend by the proposed Plan, would be a considered a minor improvement, consistent with the above criterion.

This proposal is consistent with Goal 12, and it does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

<u>Statewide Planning</u> Goal 17 - Coastal Shorelands; "To conserve, protect, where appropriate, develop and where appropriate restore the resources and benefits of all coastal shorelands ... and To reduce the hazard to human life and property, and the adverse effects upon water quality and fish and wildlife habitat, resulting from the use and enjoyment of Oregon's coastal shorelands" (Comprehensive Plan Coastal Resources Element)

*Finding:* The Coastal Shorelands Goal and the shorelands management program jointly developed by the City of Reedsport and Douglas County consist of plans, policies, and zoning regulations that protect the integrity of the Umpqua River Estuary and coastal waters. The program also designates suitable areas for water-dependent industry and recreation, and allows

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Exhibit A: Findings of Fact September 24, 2012 for limited shorelands uses that are not dependent upon access to coastal waters. The proposed plan does not change Reedsport's acknowledged shorelands policies, resource designations, or regulations; therefore the proposal is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and Goal 17. However, prior to amending Comprehensive Plan and zoning to implement the Plan recommendations for the Knife River site, pursuant to Goal 17, the City must evaluate those changes in consultation with Douglas County and the applicable natural resource regulatory agencies.

This proposal is consistent with Goal 17, and it does not conflict with any provision of the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan. This criterion is met.

#### OREGON REVISED STATUTES (ORS)

ORS 197.610: Local Government Notice of Proposed Amendment or New Regulation;. Exceptions; Report to Commission.

197.610(1) A proposal to amend a local government acknowledged comprehensive plan or land use regulation or to adopt a new land use regulation shall be forwarded to the Director of the Department of Land Conservation and Development at least 35 days before the first evidentiary hearing on adoption. The proposal forwarded shall contain the text and any supplemental information that the local government believes is necessary to inform the director as to the effect of the proposal. The notice shall include the date set for the first evidentiary hearing.

*Finding:* The proposal is consistent with this criterion because notice to DLCD was sent on August 20, 2012 at least 35 days prior to the September 24, 2012 (first) evidentiary hearing and the notice contained the information required in this statute. This criterion is met.

#### CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing findings, adoption of the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan* with associated text and map amendments to the Comprehensive Plan is consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes, Oregon Administration Rules and the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan.

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Exhibit A: Findings of Fact September 24, 2012

#### EXHIBIT B

#### Proposed Comprehensive Plan Text Amendments

New text additions to the Comprehensive Plan are underlined.

Comprehensive Plan Section IV, Parks and Recreation Element

<u>Policy</u> 11. The City supports development of Rainbow Plaza, consistent with <u>Rainbow Plaza</u> <u>Concept Plan</u> contained in the <u>Reedsport Waterfront</u> and Downtown Plan.

<u>Policy</u> 12. The City supports development of a continuous boardwalk and <u>pathway along</u> <u>Reedsport's Umpqua riverfront from the eastern urban growth boundary to the Coos Bay Rail</u> Link.

Policy 13. The City will work with appropriate agencies and seek funding for Parks and <u>Recreation elements within the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*, including <u>Rainbow</u> Plaza, expansion of the City Boat Launch, new Gateways, the Levee Loop Trail System.</u>

Policy 12. The City supports development of Old. Town gateways and plazas described in the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*. Gateways and plazas may include art, landscape features, parking, and festivals, booths, food carts pursuant to City codes and ordinances.

<u>Policy</u> 13. The City will adopt trail development standards and setback requirements along the <u>Scholfield</u> and McIntosh sloughs for the Levee Loo<u>p</u> Trail System.

#### Comprehensive Plan Section IV, Transportation Element

Add to Goal 1: Policy 9. The Transportation System Plan is amended to include the transportation improvements and cost estimates within the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*.

Add to Goal 3: Policy 9. The City shall work with ODOT to improve OR 38 pedestrian crossing safety by implementing new crossings on 2<sup>nd</sup> through 6<sup>th</sup> Street and placing an immediate priority on 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, as recommended in the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*.

Add to Goal 7: Policy 7. Consider the funding and implementation recommendations of the <u>Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan</u> in prioritizing and implementing the City's capital improvement program.

Comprehensive Plan Section V, Economic Element

Policy 22. The market demand and employment land needs of the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan* shall be considered in addressing commercial and industrial land needs for the City.

Policy 23. Improve the safety, aesthetics and market viability of Reedsport's waterfront and downtown by implementing the projects, programs and regulatory amendments recommended by the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan:

Policy 24. The City may require development adjacent to designated trail and pathway system areas to improve said trails and pathways where the impact of development is roughly proportional to the need for such improvements.

Policy 25. The City will adopt landscape buffer standards for parcels designated Mixed Use Commercial abutting the Coos Bay Rail Line, along E. Railroad Avenue north of Greenwood Avenue.

Policy 26. Future rezone and/or code change from industrial to commercial should support existing business.

Comprehensive Plan, Section VI, Housing and Population Element

Add to Goal 1: Policy 7. The City supports development of small-lot single family or "cottage housing" in multi-family zones to add housing choices, as recommended in the *Reedsport Water front and Downtown Plan*.

Add to Goal 3: Policy 5. The City encourages compatible and attractive mixed-use housing types and will develop design standards for small lot/multifamily housing and live-work housing, as recommended in the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*.

#### Comprehensive Plan Section VII, Land Use and Urbanization Element

Add a new closing sentence under Comprehensive Plan Map, Industrial: An RV Park use may be allowed as an interim use on the south side of the McIntosh Slough, west of US 101, until the market supports converting that area to higher employment-generating uses.

Add a new closing sentence under Comprehensive Plan Map, Commercial: Where the *Reedsport* <u>Waterfront and Downtown Plan designates land for Live/Work uses</u>, Mixed Use Commercial (CMU) zoning shall allow residential, commercial, and enclosed light industrial uses, pursuant to Commercial Land Use Policy 4, below.

#### New Land Use Goals and Policies:

Residential: Policy 7. The City-will allow "small lot single family" of cottage uses in multifamily residential districts, subject to multifamily design standards.

Commercial: Policy 4. the City will develop a new "CMU" Commercial "Live/Work" Mixed Use zone. The CMU district Mixed Use Commercial (CMU) zoning shall allow residential, commercial, and enclosed light industrial uses. The employment use shall be commercial retail and office use where it abuts commercial or Public Land zoning, and may be enclosed light industrial or office use where it abuts Light Industrial zoning.

Industrial: <u>Policy 5</u>. Enclosed light industrial uses and screened outdoor storage in light industrial zones. <u>Require development to include 30 foot buffers</u>/setbacks from the Scholfield and <u>McIntosh Sloughs</u>, providing for inclusion of a pathway system.

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Industrial: Policy 6. An interim RV Park use may be allowed on light industrial land located on the south side of the McIntosh Slough, west of US 101.

General Policies: <u>Policy 9</u>. The Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan (2012) is adopted as a <u>support document</u> to the Comprehensive Plan and is recognized by reference.

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Exhibit B: Comprehensive Plan Proposed Text Amendments

### EXHIBIT C

#### Proposed Tax Lot Nos. Proposed Plan Current No. of Designation and zone Acres Designation Location Parcels, (Acres) 211235CA00900 Public/Semi-211235CA00800 Public/Semi-Public, with PL City Boat 211235CA00700 Industrial 4 Public 1.06 zone 211235CA00600 Launch 211235CA00500 211235CA00400 Planned 211235CA00300 Water-related Umpqua Commercial Industrial 211235CA00200 6 Commercial 1.38 Discovery with C-3 211235CA00100 Center Area 211235BD00500 North A 211235CA03400 211235CA03300 211235CA03200 211235CA03100 211235CA03000 211235CAU2900 211235CA02800 Planned 211235CA02700 Commercial 211235CA02600 Live/Work with new CMU Portion of North (A) and Commercia! 211235CA03501 Industrial Commercial 18 West (Band C) 2.65 West B -"Live/Work" of Rainbow 211235CA02200 Mixed Use zone Plaza 211235CA02300 211235CA02400 211235CA02500 West C 211235CA07100 211235CA07000 211235CA06900 211235CA06800 211235CA01800 211235CA01700 Planned 211235CA01900 Public/Semi-Public/Semi-211235CA02000 Industrial Public 1.88 7 Rainbow Plaza . 211235CA02100 Public (PLzone) 211235CA01600 211235CA01500 211235CA01000 211235CA01100 Planned Commercial Commercial 211235CA01400 Commercial Industrial 5 1.44 South of 211235CA01300 with C-2 zone 211235CA01401 Rainbow Plaza 211235CA09800 211235CA09900 1 . 211235CA10500 Planned Commercial 211235CA10600 Commercial Commercial South of OR 38 Industrial 211235CA10400 1.01 9 with C-2 zone at 3rd and 211235CA10300 211235CA10200 Winchester 211235CA10100 211235CA10000

#### Proposed Comprchensive Plan Map Amendments

Planning Commission Recommendation to City Council Exhibit C: Comprehensive Plan Proposed Map Amendments

Location	Acres	No. of Parcels	Tax Lot Nos.	Current Designation	Proposed Designation (Acres)	Proposed Plan and zone
Gateway Plaza At Flr/Or 38/E. Railread: North(A) South(B)	0.58	3	211235CB06900 211235CB06800 211235CB06700	Commercial	Public/Semi- Public	Planned Public/Seml- Public (PL zone)
Scholilekt Slough (Mast Brothers)	3.7	1	21123400700	Industrial	Commercial (1.3 acres, plus streets & part of Visitor Center site)	Planned * Commercial with C-1 zone

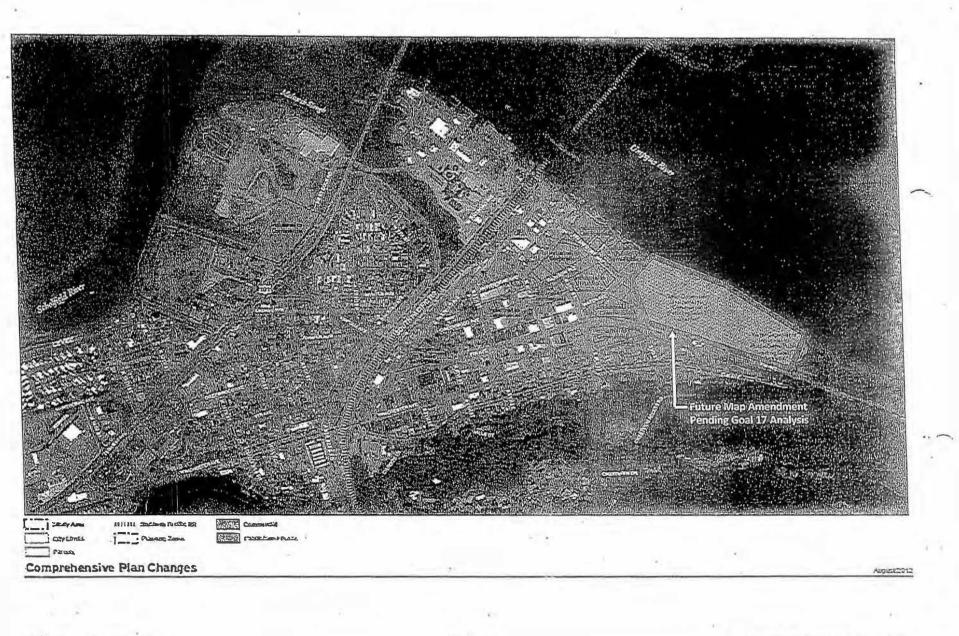
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Exhibit C: Comprehensive Plan Proposed Map Amendments

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Exhibit C: Comprehensive Plan Map Amendments

## EXHIBIT D

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## REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

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Planning Commission Recommendation to City Council Exhibit D: Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan Proposed for Adoption

## Decision/Waterfront and Downtown Plan Page 9 February 25, 2013

Location	Acres	No. of	Tax Lot Nos.	Current Designation	Proposed Designation	Proposed Zone
City Boat Launch	1.06	Parcels	211235CA00900 211235CA00800 211235CA00700 211235CA00600	Industrial	Public/Semi-Public	Public/Semi-Public, with PL zone
Umpqua Discovery Center Area	1.38	6	211235CA00500 211235CA00400 211235CA00300 211235CA00200 211235CA00100 211235BD00500	Industrial	Water-related Commercial	Planned Commercial with C-3
Live/Work North (A) and West (B and C) of Rainbow Plaza	2.65	18	North A -211235CA03400 211235CA03300 211235CA03200 211235CA03200 211235CA03000 211235CA02900 211235CA02800 211235CA02600 Portion of 211235CA02200 211235CA02200 211235CA02200 211235CA02200 211235CA02200 211235CA02400 211235CA02500 West C 211235CA07100 211235CA07000 211235CA06800	Industrial	Commercial	Planned Commercial wi thi new CMU Commercial "Live/Work" Mixed Use zone
Rainbow Plaza	1,88	7	211235CA01800 211235CA01700 211235CA01900 211235CA02000 211235CA02100 211235CA01600 211235CA01500	Industrial	Public/Semi-Public	Planned Public/Semi-Public (PL zone)
Commercial South of Rainbow Plaza	1.44	5	211235CA01000 211235CA01100 211235CA01400 211235CA01300 211235CA01300 211235CA01401	Industriai	Commercial	Planned Commercial wi th C-2 zone
Commercial South of OR 38 at 3 <sup>rd</sup> and Winchester	1.01	9	211235CA09800 211235CA09900 211235CA10500 211235CA10600 211235CA10400 211235CA10300 211235CA10200 211235CA10100 211235CA10000	Industrial	Commercial	Planned Commercial with C-2 zone
Galeway Plaza Al Fir/Or 38/E.	0.58	3	211235CB06900 211235CB06800 211235CB06700	Commercial	Public/Semi-Public	Planned Public/Semi-Public (PL zone)

## EXHIBIT B(R)

## Decision/Waterfront and Downtown Plan Page 10 February 25, 2013

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Railroad: North (A) South (B)					-	
Scholfield Slough (Mast Brothers)	3.7	1	21123400700	Industrial	Commercial (1.3 acres, plus streets & part of Visitor Center site)	Planned Commercial with C-1 zone

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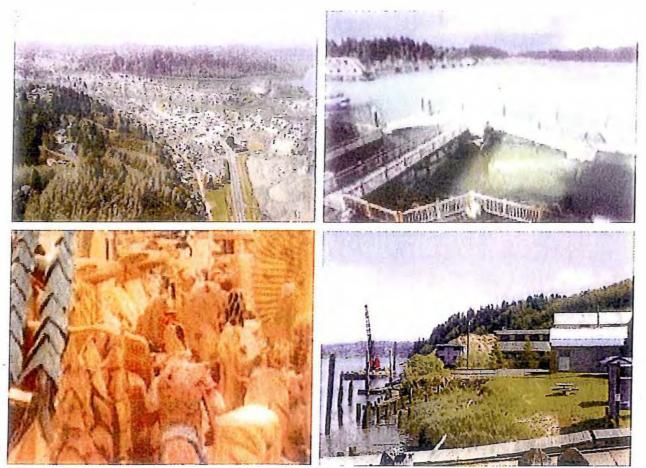


# Waterfront & & Downtown Plan

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# Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan





November 30, 2012

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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# REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

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# **Background Documents and Meeting Summaries (by reference):** 1. Technical Memorandum 1, Inventory and Analysis

- Technical Memorandum 2, Alternatives Analysis
   Project Advisory Committee Meeting Summaries
- 4. Public Meeting Summaries

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Adoption of the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan completes a twophase planning process that began during the winter of 2010-2011. The plan defines the desired character of the waterfront and downtown areas with an overall vision supported by a future development strategy. The plan recommends specific land use changes and transportation improvements for downtown revitalization and waterfront redevelopment.

The planning process included Project Advisory Committee (PAC) meetings, public work sessions, and an interagency coordination meeting with City of Reedsport and Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) staff. The consultant team and staff developed plan alternatives, based on input from the PAC and broader community. The alternatives were then evaluated and refined with further input from the PAC and community.

In summary, the Preferred Alternative provides for:

- Land use and transportation improvements needed over a 20-year horizon;
- New housing, including 237 multi-family housing units;
- About 100,000 square feet of new retail commercial uses;
- Roughly 112,000 square feet of new industrial uses;
- A new 100-room hotel; 60-interim RV spaces; and
- Visitor destination uses (23,000 square feet), and improved river access.
- An additional 70,000 square feet of live/work mixed-use employment space north of the downtown core for small businesses, offices, light assembly and showrooms with housing above, to develop beyond 20 years.

At build-out, the plan is expected to increases in gross domestic product ranging from \$76 to \$86 million per year for the local and regional economy. This includes direct and indirect/induced spending, which supports 354 direct jobs and 230 indirect/induced jobs throughout the region annually.

# INTRODUCTION | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

# 1. INTRODUCTION

Reedsport' is a tidewater town located eight river miles inland from the Pacific Ocean at the confluence of the Umpqua, Smith and Scholfield rivers. Its economy has shifted away from natural resource-based industry since the close of International Paper in Gardiner (1963-1999), the first paper mill on the west coast. The community recognizes the need to revitalize downtown and usher in the next wave of economic opportunity and job growth.

#### A STRATEGIC LOCATION

Located at the intersection of US 101 and OR 38, Reedsport anchors the west end of this important route to the Willamette Valley. Both US 101 and OR 38 are Oregon State Freight Routes, and US 101 is a National Bicycle Route.



Reedsport is also the gateway to the Oregon Dunes National

Recreation Area and is one of the largest sports fishing ports on the west coast. The scenic Umpqua River Highway (OR 38) provides arguably the most direct connection between Interstate 5 and the southern Oregon Coast.

## OVERALL PLAN

The Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan (RWDP) proposes a revitalized Old Town and Umpqua River waterfront area through the following strategies:

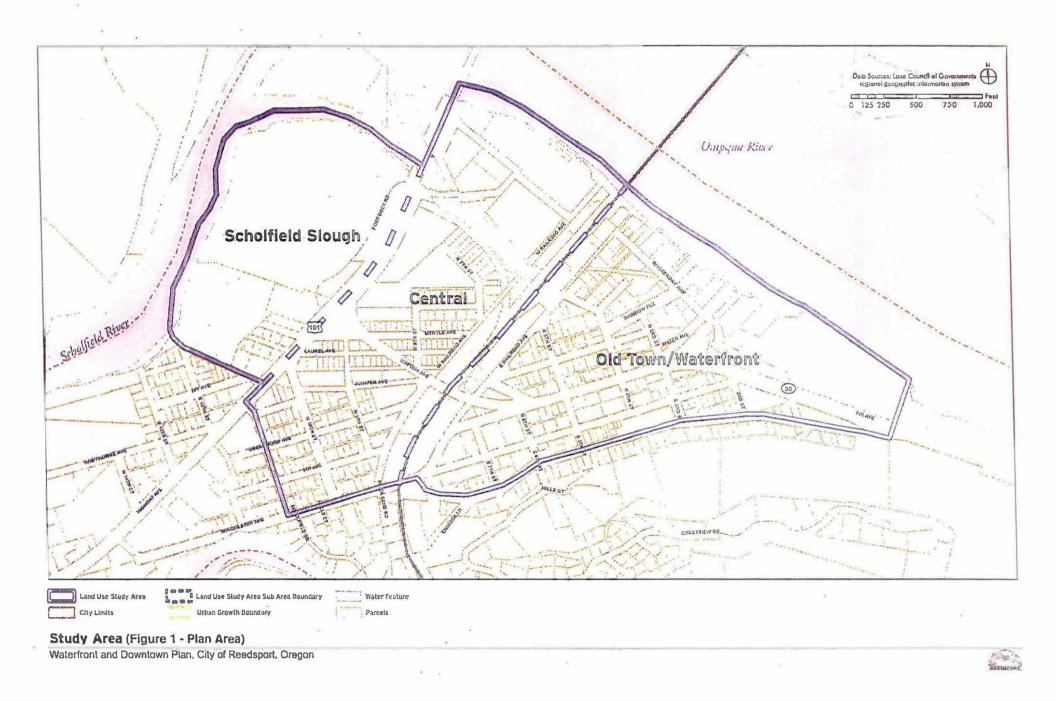
- Establish a community-based vision for local economic development
- Recommend transportation system improvements, including facilities for automobiles, pedestrians and bicyclists
- Illustrate desired streetscape and building design improvements, consistent with local economic development objectives
- Amend the Reedsport Comprehensive Plan and Transportation System Plan to implement the RWDP
- Amend Reedsport's zoning ordinance, consistent with the RWDP; some code amendments are deferred until the city completes a required coastal shorelands (State Goal 17) analysis.

# **PUBLIC PLANNING PROCESS**

The plan process is described in the Executive Summary. Background documents and meeting summaries are on file at Reedsport City Hall.

#### PLAN AREA

**Figures 1 – 4** illustrate the plan area, which is defined by the Scholfield Slough and 11<sup>th</sup> Street to the west, Elm Avenue to the south, and the Umpqua River to the east and north. Historically the area was designated for primarily for commercial and industrial uses, with housing limited to pockets west of the Coos Bay Rail Link. The maps depict the comprehensive plan and zoning that existed when the RWDP was developed. The RWDP, as presented in Part 2, amends the plan and zoning to implement the new vision.

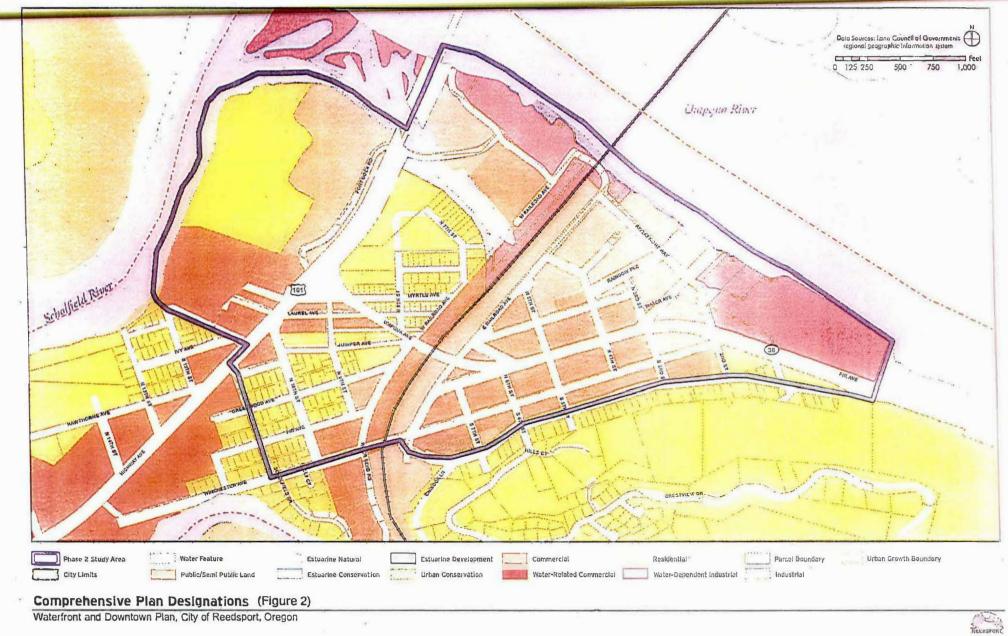


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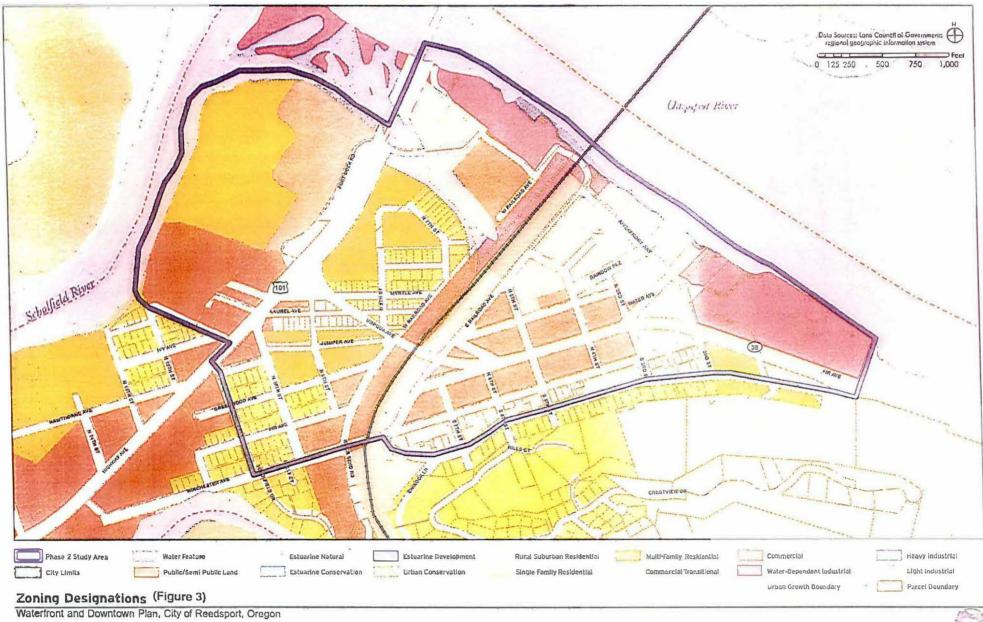


Waterfront and Downtown Plan, City of Reedsport, Oregon

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# **OPPORTUNITIES AND CONSTRAINTS**

This plan responds to the following opportunities and constraints, as identified by the community through the plan process. **Figure 5** maps the items listed in **Table 1**; the symbols in the table correspond to those on the map.

# Table 1 Opportunities and Constraints

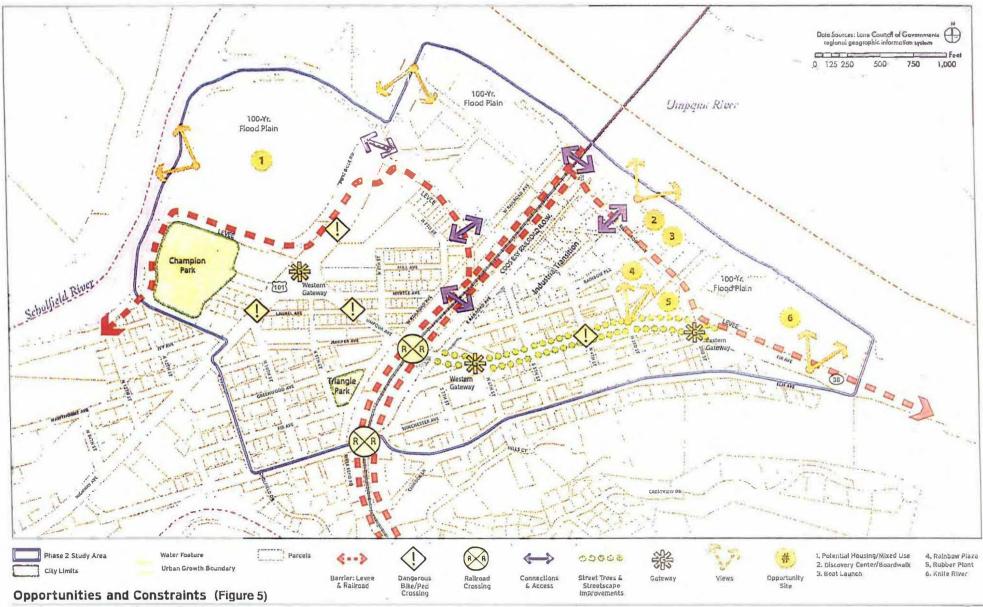
Opportunities				
Rainbow Plaza redevelopment (Site 4)	Boardwalk expansion (Site 2)			
Knife River site (Site 6)	Natural areas, Estuary and River			
Rubber Plant site (Site 5)	Waterfront			
Pedestrian/bike connectivity ("<->")	Umpqua Discovery Center			
New gateways and signage ("*")	Scholfield Riverfront (Site 1)			
Expanded boat launch (Site 3)				
Constraints/Challenges				
Coos Bay Rail Link divides plan area	Flood zone			
Industrial transition area	Tsunami evacuation area			
Pedestrian safety ("!")	Levee boundary and setbacks			
Lack of gateways and signage ("*")	Limited waterfront visibility			
Storm drainage deficiencies	Levee recertification			

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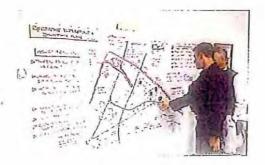
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#### REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN | LAND USE PLAN

# 2. LAND USE PLAN

This chapter describes the Proposed Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan (RWDP). The RWDP expresses the interests and desires of the community, as identified through a public planning process during 2010-2012. It will be implemented through amendments to the City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan, Transportation System Plan, and Zoning Ordinance, as described in the following section.



# LAND USE SUMMARY

**Table 2** summarizes the land use envisioned by the RWDP. Those uses are illustrated in **Figure 6**<sup>1</sup>. The land use projections in the table are based on the economic opportunities analysis prepared for the RWDP.

Land Use	Martin Andrew	Area/Units Total
Employment Uses		
Commercial/Waterfront	132,863	floor area SF*
Light Industrial	149,880	floor area SF*
Total	282,743	floor area SF*
Commercial Uses		
Hotel	100	hotel units
Total	100	hotel units
Residential Uses		
Multi-Family & Cottage Housing	161	dwelling units
Live/Work Units	76	dwelling units
Interim RV Park Units	60	RV sites
Total	297	units/sites
Other/Public Attractions & Amenities		
Visitor Destination	23,121	floor area SF
Total	23,121	floor area SF

• Includes 70,000 square feet of Live/Work Mixed-Use employment area likely to develop beyond the 20-year planning horizon.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The project numbers in Figure 6 refer to planned transportation improvements, which are described in **Parts 3 and 5** of the plan.

# LAND USE PLAN | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

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Waterfront and Downtown Plan, City of Reedsport, Oregon

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#### SUBAREA LAND USES

#### Old Town/Waterfront Subarea

- Waterfront Commercial. Create a new and expanded waterfront commercial area providing for improved river access and open spaces along the water's edge. (See comprehensive plan amendments in Part 6.)
- Downtown Core. Reinforce the downtown core with gateway and other streetscape improvements, particularly the three blocks between 3<sup>rd</sup> Street and 6<sup>th</sup> Street on OR 38. (Current zoning allows these improvements.)
- Winchester Avenue and Residential Transition. Maintain and enhance the commercial district along Winchester Avenue, and protect the residential district to the south of OR 38, per current zoning.
- Railroad Industrial. Plan for light industrial uses adjacent to the Coos Bay Rail Link and along the northern portion of East Railroad Avenue and River Front Way. Consider targeting this area for a future business park. (Current zoning allows this.)
- Mixed-Use Commercial. Allow mixed-use development—commercial, light industrial, and residential uses—north of the downtown core and south of the proposed light industrial area. This would allow bakeries, laundries, and other existing commercial/industrial uses that are enclosed in buildings and where outdoor storage is screened. (See comprehensive plan and zoning amendments in Part 6.)
- Public Open Spaces. Designate publicly owned open space properties for public use, and adopt standards for compatibility between industrial/commercial uses and adjacent open spaces, such as Rainbow Plaza. See zoning amendment recommendations in Part 6. Improve public open spaces within the downtown, as follows:
  - A gateway/plaza at the western entrance to downtown, along OR 38.
  - Rainbow Plaza, a public gathering space for residents and visitors.
  - An expanded boat launch with public parking.
  - An eastern gateway to the recreational area, which may include a park with a small fishing pier.
- Knife River Redevelopment Opportunity Site. Allow commercial uses, such as retail, a hotel, or other visitor attraction, on the Knife River site. Future redevelopment would orient to the Umpqua River and contain an extended boardwalk and/or multi-use trail running the length of the water's edge and connecting to adjacent properties. Access to the site is possible from two new roads: an extension of Water Avenue and an access road off OR 38 through the levee at existing Gate No 6. (A comprehensive plan amendment to allow commercial uses in this location requires a Goal 17 analysis. See Part 6.)

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# Scholfield Slough Subarea

The Schofield Sough Subarea is comprised of three land use districts, as follows:

- Residential. The residential area between the Scholfield Slough, McIntosh Slough, and the levee, at northwestern plan area boundary, provides for approximately 161 multifamily and cottage housing units. Development would be setback from the sloughs behind vegetative buffers. The buffers would extend around the northwest and northeastern edges of the residential area, creating a boundary between residential and industrial uses, and allowing for an open space connection to the waterfront. A multi-use path running along the sloughs would connect to both areas. (Current zoning allows the proposed land uses.)
- Light Industrial/Interim RV Park. The light industrial area occupies approximately 6.2 acres along the eastern boundary of the sub-area and abuts the northern half of Port Dock Road. The area is accessed by a new drive of Port Dock Road, which would also access the residential area. (Current zoning allows the proposed land uses.)
- Towist Commercial. A commercial area designated for visitor/tourist commercial services occupies 3.7 acres (1.3 acres net of roads) adjacent to the Oregon Dunes Visitor Center on Port Dock Road. This area is east of proposed residential area described above, and is separated from the light industrial area by the new access road connecting to Port Dock Road.

#### Central

The RWDP proposes no land use changes to the Central subarea, which is residential and industrial in nature.

# DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM DETAIL

Table 3 describes the proposed development program, which is based on a 20year planning horizon. It is intended to provide general parameters for planning. The projections should be reviewed periodically.

Land Use	Gross Sq Ft	Acres	' Site Cover age	Bidg Foot- print	Avg. stories	Net Developed Sg Ft	Units	units/ acre
Multi-Family and Cottage Housing	536,746	12.32	20%	107,349	1.5	161,024	161	13.1
Commercial	57,817	1.33	25%	14,454	1	14,454	n/a	n/a
Light Industrial/Interi m RV Park	269,700	6.19	20%	<u>5</u> 3,940	1	53,940	n/a	n/a
Light Industrial	288,938	6.63	20%	57,788	1	57,788	n/a	n/a
Live/Work Mixed-Use	406,964	9.34	25%	101,741	1.5	152,611	76	8.2
Waterfront Commercial (west)**	8,500	0.20	25%	2,125	1.5	• 3,188	n/a	n/a
Waterfront Commercial (east)	513,792	11.80						
Commercial			10%	51,379	1.5	77,069	n/a	n/a
Hotel/Cabins			7%	35,965	1.25	44,957	100	n/a
Visitor Destination			3%	15;414	1.5	23,121	n/a	n/a
Park/Open Space	299,513	6.88	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Table 3 Development Program Detail

\*Assumes 1,000 SF per dwelling unit and 450 SF per hotel unit. \*\* Excludes Umpqua Discovery Center and adjacent parking lot.

na = not applicable.

tbd = to be determined in the future after public and property owner input.

The figures in Table 3 are the same as those used in preparing the RWDP traffic impact analysis contained in Appendix B. It

# 3. STREETSCAPE PLAN

This following concepts are intended to create streets that safely accomodate motor vehicles, pedestrians and bicyclists, while making the downtown more attractive to visitors, residents, businesses, and other potential investors. The concepts also offer flexibility, so that the options can be phased.

This streetscape concepts are presented from west to east, as follows. The project numbers relate to Figure 6 (page 17). Table 4 (page 39) contains cost estimates for selected projects.

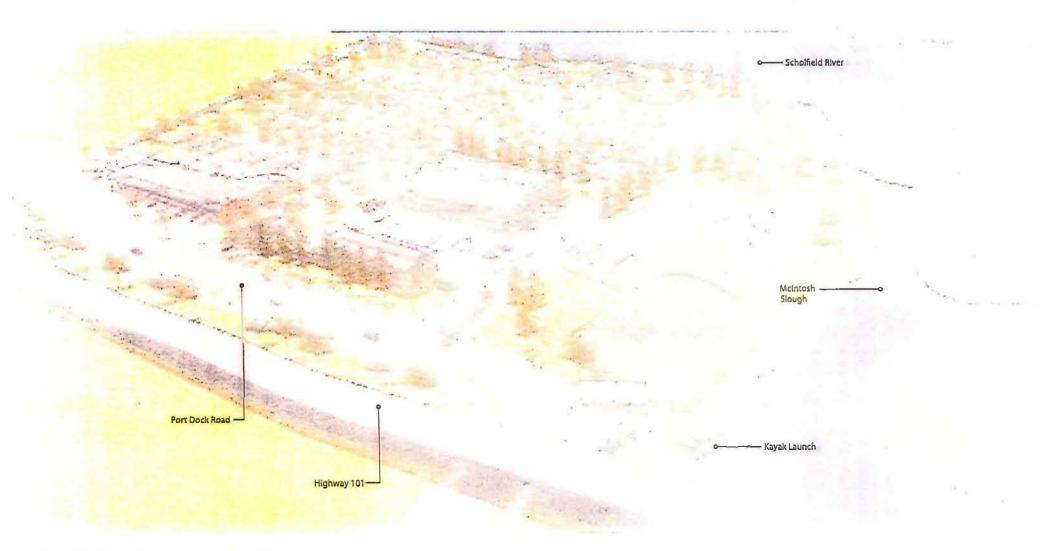
- Port Dock Road in Scholfield Slough Area
- Umpqua Avenue (OR 38) in Central Area
- East Railroad Avenue in Old Town/Waterfront Area
- Umpqua Avenue (OR 38) in Old Town/Waterfront Area
- River Front Way in Old Town/Waterfront Area

#### PORT DOCK ROAD IN SCHOLFIELD SLOUGH AREA

Streetscape improvements along Port Dock Road (**Project #2**) support the needs of light industrial uses, as well as commercial and resiential development. The plan provides for landscaped planting strips, pedestrian-scale lighting and other street furnishings that promote pedestrian visibility and traffic calming, particularly in the vicinity of US 101 and the Visitors Center. (**Figure 7**)

The portion of the new street adjacent to the proposed commercial area should have a high level of design for aesthetics and pedestrian safety, including crosswalks and well-lit public areas. The portion of the new road adjacent to the multifamily residential area should additionally include landscaped planting strips, decorative pavement, trash receptacles and other features that help define the transition from commercial to residential uses.

The plan for the Scholfield Sloug area also includes a multi-use path. This is intended to improve local access for future employees and residents, as well as provide an alternate route for cyclists entering Reedsport on Highway 101. The path should contain pedestrian-scaled lighting and picnic areas.



Scholfield Slough Perspective (Figure 7)

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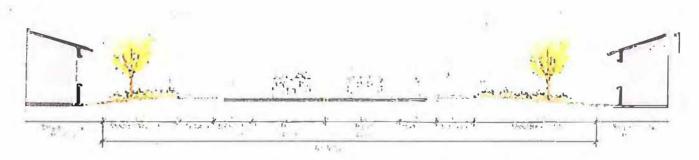
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#### umpqua avenue (or 38) in central area

The plan for Umpqua Avenue (OR 38) enhances its function as a gateway (**Project** #6), a through route for cars, trucks, bikes, and pedestrians (**Project** #5), and a means of local residential access (**Project** #7). Figure 8 shows the typical street section for OR 38 through the Central Area, including pedestrian and bicycle facilities, and a landscaped buffer to minimize visual and other impacts to adjacent residences. The intent is to provide a safer and more appealing route for pedestrians and bicyclists. At the street's connection with US 101, the proposed design includes new landscaping and a gateway feature to welcome visitors into the Old Town/Waterfront.

#### Figure 8 Central Umpqua Avenue (OR 38) Typical Section

OR-38 at Laurel Ayenue



On the following page, **Figure 9** illustrates the gateway proposed for Umpqua Avenue/OR 38 east of Hwy 101. The gateway, planned for the eastbound approach to the railroad and entry to downtown, is intended to greet motorists turning east off of US 101 and headed to the Downtown core.

Given higher traffic speeds on US 101, it will be important to add signage and wayfinding elements along US 101 leading up to the approach to this gateway feature. The gateway is envisioned as a sculpture, monument, or other physical structure set off by street trees and landscaping.

Other landscaping improvements proposed within this section include addition of sidewalks and street trees for noise buffering along Umpqua Avenue, between US 101 and 6th Street. Where there is insufficient room to place the landscape buffer between the sidewalk and roadway (i.e., due to the roadbed grade), the buffer may be placed along the outside of the sidewalk, per Figures 8 and 9.

Note: While the City supports these roadway design features, ODOT review and approval is required for any modifications to OR 38 and US 101.

# STREETSCAPE PLAN | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

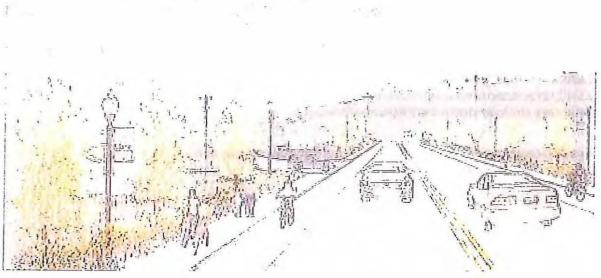


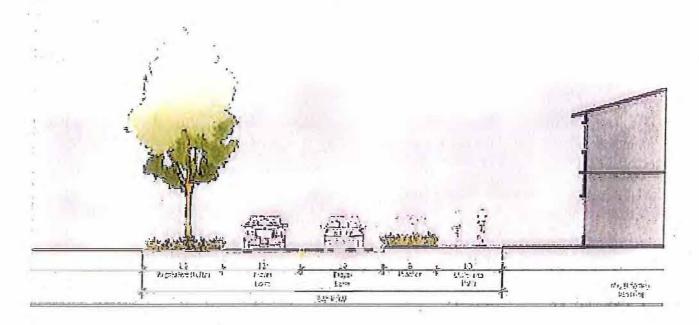
Figure 9 Umpqua Avenue Western Gateway

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#### East Railroad avenue in old town/waterfront area

The plan for East Railroad Avenue (**Projects** #4, **#6**, and **#12**) is intended to improve the compatibility of light industrial uses adjacent to the live/work, mixed use area to to south. Planned improvements include widening of the roadway within the existing right-of-way limits, to construct a shared multi-use path and to provide more truck maneuvering area. The plan also provides landscaping to buffer the railway from adjoining residential and live-work uses. **Figure 10** shows the typical street section as proposed. (The landscape buffer is on the west side of the street, and the multi-use pathway is on the east side.)

Figure 10 East Railroad Avenue Typical Section



# UMPQUA AVENUE (OR 38) IN OLD TOWN/WATERFRONT AREA

Umpqua Avenue (OR 38) is an important thoroughfare used to access Reedsport's downtown and its waterfront. Two proposed gateway features (Project #6) along Fir/Umpqua will help guide vehicular and pedestrian traffic towards the downtown core. The gateways should be designed to complement each other and provide navigational clues to drivers, bicyclists and pedestrians.

The eastern gateway, proposed at the intersection of OR 38 and Winchester Avenue, should include a combination of improved crossings, public art, landscaping and signage (**Figure 11**). The intersection connects to future waterfront commercial development north of the levee along a new Knife River Site access road. This gateway should incorporate features highlighting Reedsport's heritage as a tidal town, its commerce, and recreational amenities.

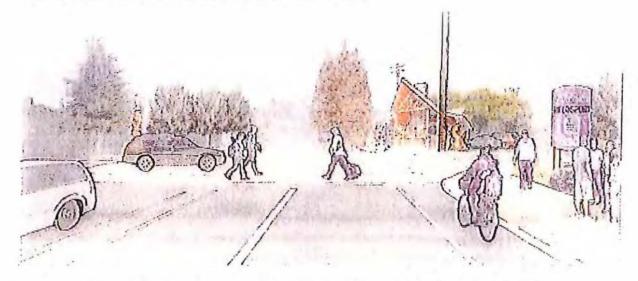


Figure 11 Westbound OR 38/Winchester Gateway

The central downtown gateway planned at East Railroad and Umpqua Avenues where the present day Veterans Memorial is located. This gateway includes street trees, a pedestrian plaza or small park and other landscape features to better define the western extent of downtown.

Other streetscape improvements include new curb extension "bulb-outs" (**Project #7**) at the intersections of Fir Avenue (Hwy 38) and 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th Streets (**Figure 12**). The bulb-outs reduce crossing distances for pedestrians while making them more visible to motorists. Well-appointed crossings can help calm traffic and slow speeds through the downtown core, thereby improving pedestrian safety. Space should be provided at each curb bulb-out for plantings and furnishings, such as benches, trash receptacles, signage, and light posts (**Project #11**).

*Note:* While the City supports these roadway design features, ODOT review and approval is required for any modifications to OR 38 and US 101.

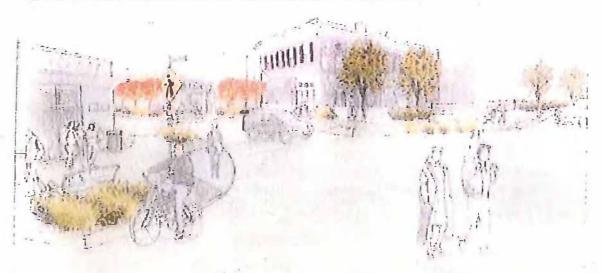


Figure 12 View North from OR 38/3rd Ave. to Waterfront

A pedestrian signal, rapid flashing beacon, or similar device is planned at 3rd Street (**Project #7**) to create safer and more direct access to Rainbow Plaza from the downtown core (**Figures 12 and 13**).

*Note: While the City supports these roadway design features, ODOT review and approval is required for any modifications to OR 38 and US 101.* 



Figure 13 Pedestrian Signal/Crosswalk OR 38/3rd St (View West).

**Figure 14** gives a typical downtown street section with curb extensions that "shadow" or match parallel parking width.

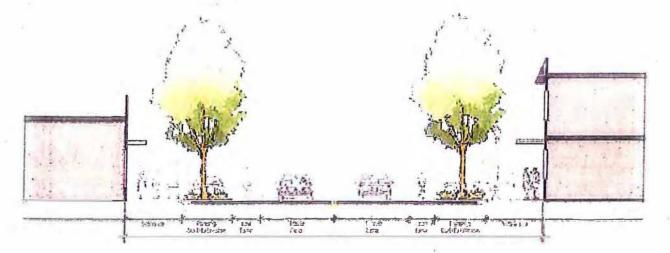


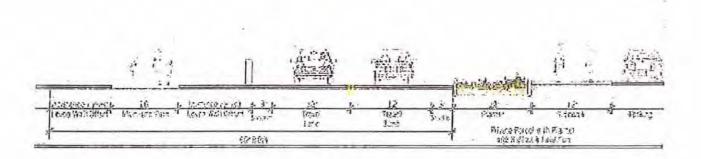
Figure 14 OR 38 Downtown Intersections with Curb Extensions

# RIVER FRONT WAY IN OLD TOWN/WATERFRONT AREA

The Waterfront Area provides substaintial opportunity to attract visitors and strengthen Reedsport's unique identity as a riverfront town. With anticipated future redevelopment along the riverfront, and the planned improvements to Rainbow Plaza, River Front Way is poised to become an even more important travel route for pedestrians, bicyclists and local vehicle traffic. The types of land uses planned along River Front Way will require a street that is safe and inviting to pedestrians and bicyclists, while allowing for motorized vehicle access for residents, businesses and visitors.

As shown in Figure 15, on the river-facing edge of River Front Way, private landowners will be encouraged to extend the existing 12-foot sidewalk and 12foot roadside planter currently located at the Umpqua Discovery Center (Project #13). This planting area can be redesigned to manage urban stormwater runoff by allowing water to enter along both sides of the planter via perforated curbs and the choice of appropriate planting material. The 12-foot wide travel lanes along River Front Way are flanked by 3-foot (minimum) width shoulders to accommodate cyclists and pedestrian crossings.

The position of the concrete levee wall remains unchanged. Beyond the levee, an expanse of land within the public right of way is currently used for parking, storage and other undefined uses. As the riverfront area becomes more established as a destination, this publicly owned land should be considered for future improvements to the pedestrian and bicycle network.



#### Figure 15 River Front Way

On the following page, **Figure 16** shows a bird'e eye perspective of how the waterfront may build out under the plan.

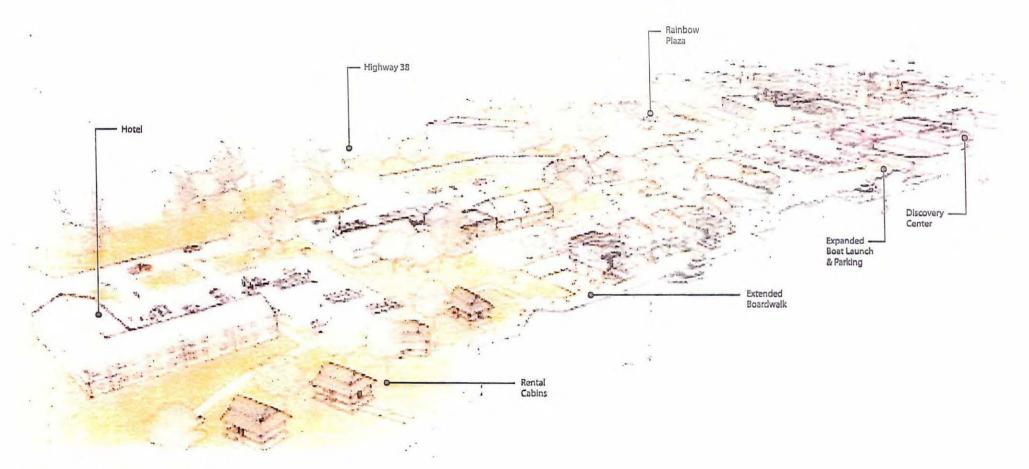
# STREETSCAPE PLAN | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

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Waterfront Perspective (Figure 16)

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# 4. BUILDING DESIGN

The RWDP is predicated on the idea that private building development or redevelopment will follow public investment. At the time of publication of this plan, the most significant barrier to building development was the need for levee recertification; a recertified levee would significantly improve Reedsport's position for development because it would make it possible to obtain flood insurance on new buildings.

In addition, there is need for infrastructure improvements, particularly the transportation and streetscape projects outlined in this plan, but also storm drainage improvements, as outlined in the City's Capital Improvement Program. The City of Reedsport, Reedsport's Urban Renewal Agency, the Port of Coos Bay,

and ODOT can all play a role in improving conditions for new building development in the plan area.

# BUILDING DESIGN GUIDELINES

Design guidelines can help a community establish a distinctive look or brand. Guidelines can also ensure that public funds are used appropriately, for example, when they are used in awarding facade improvement grants. When adopted as code, guidelines can require new development conform to a specific look or aesthetic; such guidelines, for example, might promote a "tidal town" theme, resulting in a waterfront that is welcoming and fun for visitors as well as residents.

Public input during production of this plan suggested that the City was not in a position to adopt new design guidelines; economic conditions made it impractical to



Figure 17 Typical Storefront Building Design Elements

do so at that time. However, the Project Advisory Committee expressed that Reedsport should have guidelines addressing view protection from important vantage points in Old Town and in the South Hill residential area. Where guidelines are incorporated into code, they should be specific and measureable.

Over time, the City should consider adopting the following guidelines in order to ensure that future development is consistent with the RWDP:

- New and redeveloped buildings in highly visible locations, such as at designated gateways, per Figure 6, and on properties facing OR 38, should be placed at or near the sidewalk and have appropriate storefront design (e.g., front entrance, windows, pedestrian awnings/canopies, etc.).
- For industrial buildings, facade improvements should be simple and focus on general aesthetic changes while maintaing the building's utilitarian purpose. Outdoor storage areas and yards should be kept clean, and vegetated buffers should be provided between and adjacent residential, public, and commercial uses.

- The focus for residential exterior remodels should be on general home repairs/maintenance, weatherization, and 'curb appeal' improvements (e.g., porch, window box, paint, etc.). Existing neighborhoods can be significantly improved with simple aesthetic alterations to buildings and landscaping.
- Several areas within the Old Town/Waterfront area can also benefit from adaptive reuse, or the conversion of underutilized or obsolete buildings to flexible live/work spaces. Wherever practical, ground floor street-facing commercial spaces should be reserved for commerical uses. (See also, zoning amendment recommendations for residential uses in Part 6.)
- Conversion of ground floor retail spaces to residential uses has resulted in heavy window coverings in storefronts, long-term parking in higher demand on-street spaces, and residents loitering outside commercial buildings. Any modifications to these spaces should accommodate the short-term needs of owners and tenants, while allowing for commercial uses in the future as market demand increases.
- Complementary materials and colors should be encouraged. Awnings can make buildings more attractive, and improve their function by providing protection from inclement weather. Existing buildings could benefit from a comprehensive facade (building exteriors) improvement program with separate approaches for commerical, industrial and residential development. The program could include low interest loans, grants, design assistance and other incentives.

REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN | COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS

# **5. TRANSPORTATION PLAN**

This chapter summarizes the transportation improvements planned for the RWDP area, as illustrated in **Figure 6** (page 17). The project numbers below relate to the numbers in Figure 6 and the cost estimates in **Table 4**, on page 39.

Because the RWDP provides for new land uses and increases the city's development capacity—approximately 237 multi-family housing units, 100,100 square feet of retail commercial uses, 111,728 square feet of industrial uses, a 100-room hotel, and visitor-destination uses—the city was required to prepare a traffic impact analysis. The analysis contained in Appendix B conforms to Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) requirements.

# STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS

While ODOT staff was involved in developing and reviewing the report, the agency requires the following disclaimer regarding the RWDP:

Any planning concept that potentially reduces vehicle-carrying capacity on a State facility will require further evaluation at time of implementation to ensure compliance with ORS 366.215. The City of Reedsport supports the projects recommended, but not does adopt any project on a State Facility. (Only ODOT can adopt a project on a State Facility.) Similarly, the Oregon Department of Transportation adopts only projects on State Facilities as part of this plan.<sup>2</sup>

The following recommendations are based on a traffic analysis, which forecasts total traffic within the plan and evaluates how the transportation system will operate through years 2025 and 2033. The analysis includes traffic from existing development and new development. In short, each of the plan area intersections is forecast to operate acceptably in the future, with the exception of the OR 38/Winchester Avenue intersection, as described below.

# **OR 38/Winchester Avenue Intersection**

With additional development allowed through the zone changes contained in the RWDP, the intersection of OR 38/Winchester Avenue is forecast to operate at an unacceptable level-of service (above capacity) by the year 2025. Improvements such as construction of a traffic signal or similar intersection capacity improvement (**Project #3**) would be sufficient to restore traffic operations to meet ODOT and City of Reedsport standards at this intersection. Other improvements such as adding turn lanes would be less effective. The estimated cost of a traffic signal is \$300,000.

ODOT Region 3 will need to be complete additional study at least three years prior to the anticipated improvement need.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Letter from ODOT Region 3 to City of Reedsport, dated September 28, 2012.

#### TRANSPORTATION PLAN | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

# OR 38/US 101

By the year 2033, a new traffic signal controller will be needed at the intersection of OR 38/US 101. The signal controller, which would be installed by a developer as mitigation for traffic impacts to the intersection (Project #14), would result in improved efficiency at the intersection.

#### ACCESS MANAGEMENT

There are three existing locations where ODOT access spacing requirements are not met or where access is proposed to change, as follows:

# Fir Avenue and 6th Street at OR 38

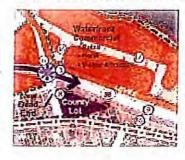
The Fir Avenue and 6<sup>th</sup> Street connections to OR 38 are within 40 feet of each other, about 300-400 feet east of East Railroad Avenue. Both Fir Avenue and 6<sup>th</sup> Street carry very low traffic volumes and the safety analysis did not reveal a pattern or magnitude of accidents indicating a problem. Where Fir Avenue and 6<sup>th</sup> Street access OR 38, the City uses Fir Avenue as a staging street for parades; and 6<sup>th</sup> Street completes the street grid and provides access to several properties.

Given that there is not currently a safety problem, and given the benefit of both streets accessing OR 38 for public purposes, no action is recommended. As traffic grows on OR 38, it may be desirable to re-channelize the Fir Avenue approach by installing curb extensions, thereby reducing the width of its approach to OR 38 and "sea of pavement" that pedestrians encounter when traversing this intersection.

#### Sugar Shack Cafe at OR 38

A private driveway to the Sugar Shack Cafe intersects OR 38 from the south side within 10 feet of 3<sup>rd</sup> Street. The Sugar Shack Cafe has alternative access on 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, and the private driveway on OR 38 (within 10 feet of 3<sup>rd</sup> Street) is redundant. In the event that redevelopment is proposed on this property or this section of OR 38 is reconstructed, it is recommended that this driveway be closed. Prior to a land use action or road construction, this driveway should remain unchanged.

## Elm Avenue and 2<sup>nd</sup> Street at OR 38



*Note: This project should be evaluated further for potential wetland impacts and property access needs.* 

Currently, 2<sup>nd</sup> Street intersects with Winchester Avenue about 50 feet south of OR 38. It is recommended that 2<sup>nd</sup> Street be disconnected from Winchester Avenue to improve intersection safety. Elm Avenue should be connected to OR 38 at the Gate 6 intersection. This access point, about 750 feet east of the Winchester Avenue intersection, complies with ODOT's sight distance and access spacing requirements.

In conjunction with the 2<sup>nd</sup> Street closure at Winchester Avenue, direct driveway access to OR 38 for the County Road Maintenance Yard is recommended. This low-volume driveway would be located midway between Winchester Avenue and Gate 6, thereby minimizing conflicts with other intersections. The driveway would meet ODOT's sight distance and access spacing requirements. It would also accommodate county maintenance trucks without the trucks having to use local streets to access OR 38, thereby improving livability for the adjacent neighborhood.

### LOCAL STREET NETWORK

The RWDP contains the following local street connections, extensions, and modifications. The improvements are recommended in order to reduce turning movement conflicts, provide sidewalk connections, and calm vehicle traffic. The project numbers refer to the numbers in **Table 4**.

- Laurel Avenue US 101 to OR 38 (Project #1): possible traffic calming treatments and parking replacement/mitigation
- River Front Avenue extend to OR 38 at Gate 6 as right-in/right-out only access (Project #16)
- Connect Elm Avenue to OR 38 at Gate 6 (Project #9)
- Disconnect 2<sup>nd</sup> Street from Winchester/2<sup>nd</sup>/OR 38 intersection (Project #8) Note: This project should be evaluated further for potential wetland impacts and property access conflicts.
- Realign Elm Avenue Winchester Avenue intersection (Project #10)
- East Railroad Avenue OR 38 to River Front Way (Project #4) widen to meet City's local street standards, with one sidewalk on the east side.

#### PARKING

Generally, there is sufficient parking during typical weekday conditions to satisfy demand. The RWDP address two areas of concern related to long-range parking needs, as follows:

## Special Events

During the Chainsaw Carving Festival visitors may be required to walk as far as three blocks to Rainbow Plaza. Given that the festival is the highest parking generator in the year, this level of walking is reasonable and expected by visitors. In conclusion, parking supply in the downtown/waterfront area is sufficient to accommodate peak demand conditions.

## Boat Launch

The boat launch east of the Umpqua Discovery Center currently has insufficient parking to satisfy peak demands, particularly during fishing season. In 2012, there were approximately 30 total parking stalls—16 for cars-with-trailers and 14 car-only—in an unimproved lot (poorly maintained asphalt and part gravel).

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The boat launch parking lot should be expanded as designed in the two alternative plans prepared by the Oregon State Marine Board, with 41-42 cartrailer parking spaces. This should be sufficient for most peak demand times. Any expanded parking area should be setback from the riverfront to provide room for a planned waterfront trail and boardwalk with landscaping (20-30 feet), and for future small-scale, water-oriented commercial and tourist support uses.

## MULTI-USE PATH

The RWDP provides for an expanded Levee Loop Trail. This multi-use pathway system is designed to complement the Scholfield River Multi-Use Trail envisioned in the 2006 TSP (amends TSP Figures 5-1 and 6-1).

The Levee Loop Trail provides an all-weather, paved surface on the existing levee trail adjoining Champion Park and the Visitors Center, and connecting to existing on-street facilities, where painted stencils and wayfinding signs will guide trail users. This "bow tie" path system includes an East Levee Loop (E. Railroad Ave. to River Front Way, and 2nd Street to Winchester Avenue west to US 101), and a West Levee Loop (14th Street to Hawthorne to 13th Street and Levee, including Port Dock Road to the Scholfield Slough frontage on Mast Brothers site west of US 101). Key elements required to connect missing links in the trail and provide feeder routes include:

- A Laurel Avenue/Coos Bay Rail Underpass for bicycles, pedestrians and emergency vehicles (Project #18)
- OR 38 Bike lanes and sidewalks, from 6<sup>th</sup> to US 101
- OR 38 and Winchester Curb Extensions, on OR 38 at 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> and on Winchester at 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> (with flashing beacon or similar treatment at 3<sup>rd</sup>)

The Levee Loop Trail does not include the Port of Umpqua Industrial Park, between US 101 and the Coos Bay Rail Line as shown conceptually in the 2006 Transportation System Plan (TSP), due to potential conflicts with heavy marine industrial uses in that area. The Levee Loop Trail shown in the RWDP (Figure 6) is a refinement to that TSP project.

### WATERWAY CONNECTIONS

The following waterway connections are part of the RWDP:

#### Boat Launches

The City Boat Launch dock and parking area should be improved. The boat launch project has been submitted to the Oregon State Marine Board for a grant, which was pending as of the publication of this plan.

#### Port Dock

The Port Dock located at Fred Wahl Marine will remain in order to serve transient moorage and ship repair needs. No changes are proposed.

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### Kayak Trail

A kayak trail is proposed from the McIntosh Slough to the Scholfield Slough. A kayak launch area would be located just west of US 101 at the Port Dock Road undercrossing. Currents in the sloughs are considerably slower and more suitable for leisurely kayaking than those of the Umpqua River. The northern launch on the Mast Brothers property could be supported by commercial uses along Port Dock Road, such as a kayak shop or other concessionaire and visitor support services in the vicinity of the Oregon Dunes Visitors Center. The water trail would provide another way to navigate downtown Reedsport, as Scholfield Slough wraps in close proximity to Winchester Avenue. A second kayak launch potentially could be located at the Coho RV Park.

# TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT COSTS

Table 4 gives preliminary cost estimates for transportation-related improvement projects, including levee and stormwater improvements needed to support planned land uses and transportation improvements. Please refer to Appendix B for detailed project descriptions.

Table 4 Transportation Improvements - Preliminary Costs

NDWP Transportation improvements ((Project Numbers Refer to Figure 5))	Prelim Cost Estimate (in \$1,000)) <sup>1</sup>
1. Laurel Avenue traffic calming	\$5
<ol> <li>Levee Loop Trail: bike/pedestrian path along levee and connecting E Railroad Ave, Water Front Way, 2<sup>nd</sup> Street, Winchester, 14<sup>th</sup> Street, Hawthorne Ave, 13<sup>th</sup> Street, Champion Park/Visitor Center Levee (pave) to Port Dock Road to Scholfield and McIntosh Slough frontages west of US 101</li> </ol>	\$80
3. OR 38/Winchester Avenue traffic signal or similar capacity improvement	\$300
4. Railroad landscape buffer	\$60
5. OR 38 from 6 <sup>th</sup> to US 101 – full improvements per ODOT plans	\$2,300 <sup>2</sup>
6. Gateways (3 landscape features)	\$85
<ol> <li>Bulb-outs (5 standard and one with Rectangular Rapid Flash Beacon (RRFB) or similar device @ OR/38 and 3rd)</li> </ol>	\$162 <sup>3</sup>
8. Disconnect 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street from Winchester	\$30
9. New OR 38 eastern access at Knife River/Gate 6 as right in/right out	\$80 <sup>5</sup>
10. Realign Elm at Winchester for right angle	\$100 <sup>6</sup>
11. OR 38 way finding and street furniture	\$280
<ol> <li>East Railroad Ave from OR 38 to River Front Ave (full local street with sidewalks)</li> </ol>	\$1,2007
13. Riverfront boardwalk extension: Umpqua Discovery Center west to RR and east to Knife River site	\$1,000 <sup>8</sup>
14. US 101/OR 38 Intersection improvements	_9
15. Realign 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street north into Knife River site	\$80 <sup>4</sup>
16. Connect Elm to OR 38 at Gate 6	\$100
17. Extend River Front Way to Gate 6	_10
18. Multi-use path under railroad at Laurel	\$6511
TOTAL	\$5,927

#### Footnotes:

1. Estimated in 2012 US Dollars.

2. ODOT's estimate of the full cost of widening, sidewalks, bike lanes, streetlights, and local intersecting street realignments is \$2,300,000. An interim project may be constructed at lower cost of an estimated \$436,000.

3. Bulb-outs (one on either side at 4 locations at \$10,000 ea.), plus signing striping [\$2,000] plus RRFB [\$40,000].

4. Construct 100' approach built to City standard 28' curb-to-curb section + 5' sidewalks + 5' buffer [38' wide x \$15/sf x 100' long x 1.2 contingency = \$68,400 + \$10,000 misc. street realignment at intersection].

5. Construct 100' approach built to City standard 28' curb-to-curb section + 5' sidewalks + 5' buffer [38' wide x  $15/sf x 100' \log x 1.2$  contingency = 868,400 + 10,000 misc. street realignment at intersection].

6. Assumes City owns right-of-way, planning-level cost for street reconstruction plus signing striping.

7. Construct 28' street with two 5' sidewalks x \$15/sf x 1700' x 1.2 engineering/contingency.

8. Based on a 1,260-foot long 12-foot wide multi-use path with approximately ½ constructed on piers over the Umpqua River (at an average cost of about \$55/sf X 1.25 (engineering and contingency).

9. Assumed to be funded within ODOT maintenance budget.

10. Cost assumed to be borne by developer.

11. Construct 12' asphalt multi-use path/emergency drive [350' long x 12' wide x \$12/sf x 1.2 contingency = \$60,500] plus signing and bollards [\$5,000 for signing and bollards].

# 6. COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND ZONING AMENDMENTS

This chapter contains amendments to the City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan and Transportation System Plan, and recommended zoning ordinance amendments, required to implement the RWDP.

# PROPOSED COMPREHENSIVE PLAN MAP AMENDMENTS

Comprehensive Plan map changes are proposed as listed in **Table 5** and illustrated in **Figure 18**. The 16.29-acre Knife River site is presently designated Water-Dependent Industrial, and conversion of this site to Commercial requires a Goal 17 Coastal Shorelands analysis to meet state law prior to a plan map amendment. The remaining plan amendments, converting 13 gross acres (10.5 after subtracting streets) from industrial to commercial, are to be adopted with the RWDP.

# Conversion of Industrial Land

The 2009 *Reedsport Economic Opportunity Analysis (EOA)* findings recommend the conversion of 10.6-acres of industrial land to other uses, based on an oversupply of industrial land<sup>3</sup>. It also identifies a need for 24.6 acres of commercial land. The Waterfront and Downtown Plan is consistent with both findings, while maintaining industrial designations for the Port of Umpqua Industrial Park and industrial land east of E. Railroad Avenue.

# New Mixed-Use Commercial Designation

This plan also proposes allowing enclosed light industrial uses in some areas receiving the commercial designation, such as the areas designated Live-Work/Mixed-Use. The Live/Work area (Commercial Mixed Use zone) would allow both residential and employment uses. This could provide for approximately 70,000 square feet of employment uses assuming 50% of floor space is developed with employment uses.

# Key Redevelopment Sites

This plan implements the EOA findings for key redevelopment sites, as follows:

1. Allow single-family cottage cluster developments in addition to multifamily housing in the residential area on the Mast Brothers site (Scholfield Slough).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The 2009 Reedsport EOA concludes that the City has a net additional land need for 24.6 acres of buildable commercial-zoned land, and a net surplus of 10.6 acres of industrialzoned land. The EOA recommends that the City consider the following options: "1) converting the existing vacant residential land (especially multifamily zoned land) to commercial; 2) using the redevelopment district to acquire existing underutilized commercial properties and/or vacant buildings and making them available for new commercial development; or 3) re-zoning the Water-Dependent Industrial (WDI) zoned land to commercial.

# COMPREHENSIVE FLAN | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN AMENDMENTS

2. Allow redevelopment of the Knife River site, including replacement of the western building for a proposed City Boat Launch expansion, and allow redevelopment of the Rubber Plant site with Waterfront-Commercial uses, including potential visitor services, subject to a future Goal 17 analysis.

Table 5 summarizes the plan amendments, as shown in Figure 18.

Map Key <sup>4</sup>	Location	Acres	No. of Parcels	Current Plan	Proposed Plan (Acres)	Proposed Plan and zone
1	Knife River West (A) East (B)	16.29	5	Water- Dependent Industrial	Water-related Commercial (11.80) Public/Semi-Public (4.49)	Pending Goal 17 Analysis. Planned Commercial, with C-3 zone
2	City Boat Launch	1.06	5	Industrial	Public/Semi-Public	Public/Semi- Public, with PL zone
3	Umpqua Discovery Center Area	1.38	6	Industrial	Water-related Commercial	Planned Commercial with C-3
4	Live/Work North (A) and West (B and C) of Rainbow Plaza	2.65	19	Industrial	Commercial	Planned Commercial with new CMU Commercial "Live/Work" Mixed Use zone
5	Rainbow Plaza	1,88 -	7	Industrial	Public/Semi-Public	Planned Public/Semi- Public (PL zone)
6	Commercia I South of Rainbow Plaza	1.44	5	Industrial	Commercial	Planned Commercial with C-2 zone
7	Commercia I South of OR 38 at 3 <sup>rd</sup> and Winchester	1.01	9	Industrial	Commercial	Planned Commercial with C-2 zone
8	Gateway Plaza At Fir/Or 38/E. Railroad: North (A) South (B)	0.58	.3	Commercial	Public/Semi-Public	Planned Public/Semi- Public (PL zone)
9	Scholfield Slough (Mast Brothers)	3.7	1	Industrial	Commercial (1.3 acres, plus streets & part of Visitor Center site)	Planned Commercial with C-1 zone

Table 5 Proposed Comprehensive Plan Map Amendments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For parcel numbers, refer to Comprehensive Plan amendment findings and ordinance.



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# Comprehensive Plan Changes (Figure 18) Waterfront and Downtown Plan, City of Reedsport, Oregon

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REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN | COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS

## COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TEXT AMENDMENTS

The *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan* is an element of the City of Reedsport Comprehensive Plan, and its implementing policies are to be incorporated into the Comprehensive Plan through the following text changes. New text additions to the Comprehensive Plan are <u>underlined</u>.

Goal 8 (Comprehensive Plan Section IV, Parks and Recreation)

<u>Policy 11. The City supports development of Rainbow Plaza, consistent with</u> <u>Rainbow Plaza Concept Plan contained in the Reedsport Waterfront and</u> <u>Downtown Plan.</u>

<u>Policy 12. The City supports development of a continuous boardwalk and</u> <u>pathway along Reedsport's Umpqua riverfront from the eastern urban growth</u> <u>boundary to the Coos Bay Rail Link.</u>

Policy 13. The City will work with appropriate agencies and seek funding for Parks and Recreation elements within the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*, including Rainbow Plaza, expansion of the City Boat Launch, new Gateways, and the Levee Loop Trail System.

Policy 12. The City supports development of Old Town gateways and plazas described in the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*. Gateways and plazas may include art, landscape features, parking, and festivals, booths, food carts pursuant to City codes and ordinances.

<u>Policy 13. The City will adopt trail development standards and setback</u> <u>requirements along the Scholfield and McIntosh sloughs for the Levee Loop Trail</u> <u>System.</u>

# Goal 9 (Comprehensive Plan Section V, Economy)

Policy 22. The market demand and employment land needs of the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan* shall be considered in addressing commercial and industrial land needs for the City.

<u>Policy 23. Improve the safety, aesthetics and market viability of Reedsport's</u> <u>waterfront and downtown by implementing the projects, programs and</u> <u>regulatory amendments recommended by the *Reedsport Waterfront and* <u>Downtown Plan.</u></u>

<u>Policy 24. The City may require development adjacent to designated trail and</u> <u>pathway system areas to improve said trails and pathways where the impact of</u> <u>development is roughly proportional to the need for such improvements.</u> COMPREHENSIVE PLAN | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN AMENDMENTS

Policy 25. The City will adopt landscape buffer standards for parcels designated Mixed Use Commercial abutting the Coos Bay Rail Line, along E. Railroad Avenue north of Greenwood Avenue.

Policy 26. Future rezone and/or code changes from industrial to commercial should support existing businesses.

#### Goal 10 (Comprehensive Plan, Section V, Housing and Population)

Add to Goal 1: <u>Policy 7. The City supports development of small-lot single family</u> or "cottage housing" in multi-family zones to add housing choices, as recommended in the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan*.

Add to Goal 3: <u>Policy 5. The City encourages compatible and attractive mixed-use housing types and will develop design standards for small lot/multifamily housing and live-work housing, as recommended in the *Reedsport Waterfront* <u>and Downtown Plan</u>.</u>

### Goal 12 (Comprehensive Plan Section IV, Transportation)

Add to Goal 1: <u>Policy 9. Except where ODOT approval is required for projects on</u> <u>State Facilities, the Reedsport Transportation System Plan is amended to include</u> <u>the transportation improvements and cost estimates within the *Reedsport* <u>Waterfront and Downtown Plan</u>. [See Part 5.]</u>

Add to Goal 3: <u>Policy 9. The City shall work with ODOT to improve OR 38</u> <u>pedestrian crossing safety by implementing new crossings on 2<sup>nd</sup> through 6<sup>th</sup></u> <u>Street and placing an immediate priority on 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, as recommended in the</u> <u>Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan.</u>

Add to Goal 7: <u>Policy 7. Consider the funding and implementation</u> <u>recommendations of the *Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan* in prioritizing and implementing the City's capital improvement program.</u>

#### Goal 14 (Comprehensive Plan Section V11, Land Use and Urbanization)

Add a new closing sentence under Comprehensive Plan Map, Industrial: <u>An RV</u> <u>Park use may be allowed as an interim use on the south side of the McIntosh</u> <u>Slough, west of US 101, until the market supports converting that area to higher</u> <u>employment-generating uses.</u>

Add a new closing sentence under Comprehensive Plan Map, Commercial: <u>Where</u> <u>the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan designates land for Live/Work</u> <u>uses, Mixed Use Commercial (CMU) zoning shall allow residential, commercial,</u> <u>and enclosed light industrial uses, pursuant to Commercial Land Use Policy 4,</u> <u>below</u>. REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN | COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS

## New Land Use Goals and Policies:

*Residential:* <u>Policy 7. The City will allow "small lot single family" of cottage uses</u> <u>in multifamily residential districts, subject to multifamily design standards.</u>

*Commercial:* Policy 4. the City will develop a new "CMU" Commercial "Live/Work" <u>Mixed Use zone. The CMU district Mixed Use Commercial (CMU) zoning shall</u> <u>allow residential, commercial, and enclosed light industrial uses. The</u> <u>employment use shall be commercial retail and office use where it abuts</u> <u>commercial or Public Land zoning, and may be enclosed light industrial or office</u> <u>use where it abuts Light Industrial zoning.</u>

*Industrial:* Policy 5. Enclosed light industrial uses and screened outdoor storage in light industrial zones. Require development to include 30 foot buffers/setbacks from the Scholfield and McIntosh Sloughs, providing for inclusion of a pathway system.

*Industrial:* Policy 6. An interim RV Park use may be allowed on light industrial land located on the south side of the McIntosh Slough, west of US 101.

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# TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM PLAN AMENDMENTS

The following changes to the 2006 Reedsport Transportation System Plan (TSP) are recommended to bring the TSP into compliance with the recommendations of this plan. The changes include:

- Transportation Projects
- Roadway Classification Changes
- Access Management Recommendations

#### Transportation Projects

Table 6 shows the planned transportation infrastructure improvements within the Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan Area. The table shows projects identified in the Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan as well as plan area projects previously identified in the TSP. This table identifies the "action needed" to update the TSP to maintain compliance with the Waterfront & Downtown Plan.

#### Table 6 Amendments to 2006 Transportation System Plan

12 12 11	Projects Added to TSP	Preliminary Cost Estimate (în \$1,000)	2006 TSP?	Action Required to Implement RW/DP
1.	Laurel Avenue	\$5	No	Include in TSP
2.	Levee Loop Trail: bike/pedestrian path along levee and connecting E Railroad Ave, Water Front Way, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street, Winchester, 14 <sup>th</sup> Street, Hawthorne Ave, 13 <sup>th</sup> Street, Champion Park /Visitor Center Levee (pave) to Port Dock Road to Scholfield and McIntosh Slough frontages west of US 101	\$8 <b>0</b>	Yes	Refines Alignment of Multi-Use Path in TSP
3.	OR 38/Winchester Avenue traffic signal or similar capacity improvement (Requires ODOT adoption)	\$300	No	Tentatively Include in TSP
4.	Railroad landscape buffer	\$60	No	Include in TSP
5.	OR 38 from 6 <sup>th</sup> to US 101 – full improvements per ODOT plans	\$2,300	Yes	Retain TSP project #1
6.	Gateways (3 landscape features)	\$85	No	Include in TSP
7.	Bulb-outs (5 standard and one with Rectangular Rapid Flash Beacon (RRFB) or similar device @ OR/38 and 3rd)	\$162	Partially	Replace TSP Project #5 with this project (see below)
8.	Disconnect 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street from Winchester	\$30	No	Include in TSP
9.	New OR 38 eastern access at Knife River/Gate 6 as right in/right out	\$80	No	Include in TSP
10.	Realign Elm at Winchester for right angle	\$100	No	Include in TSP
	OR 38 way finding and street furniture	\$280	No	Include in TSP
12.	East Railroad Ave from OR 38 to River Front Ave (full local street with sidewalks)	\$1,200	No	Include in TSP
13.	Riverfront boardwalk extension: Umpqua Discovery Center west to RR and east to Knife River site	\$1,000	No	Include in TSP
14.	US:101/OR 38 Intersection improvements	(ODOT)	No	Include in TSP
15.	Realign 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street north into Knife River site	\$80	No	Include in TSP
16,	Connect Elm to OR 38 at Gate 6	\$100	No	Include in TSP
17.	Extend River Front Way to Gate 6	(Developer)	No	Include in TSP
18.	Multi-use path under railroad at Laurel	\$65	No	Include in TSP

#### · REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN | TSP AMENDMENTS

	disting TSP Projects Retained or Modified	Pieliminary ( Cost Estimate (in \$1,000)	Included ()) 2003 TSP?	Action Required to Implement RWDP
1.	OR 38: 6th to US 101: complete sidewalks	\$536	Yes	Retain this TSP project
2,	US 101: Laurel to 13 <sup>th</sup> : complete sidewalks	\$137	Yes	Retain this TSP project, part of which is included in Waterfront & Downtown Plan Area
3.	OR 38 @ W Railroad Avenue: crosswalk	\$10	Yes	Retain this TSP project
4.	OR 38 @ Winchester Avenue: crosswalk	\$10	Yes	Retain this TSP project
5.	Winchester Avenue @ 4 <sup>th</sup> Street: crosswalk	\$10	Yes	Replace this TSP project with #7 from RWDP, above

Table 6 (continued) Amendments to 2006 Transportation System Plan

## Roadway Classification Changes

The 2006 TSP recommends a reclassification of Port Dock Road to a "Neighborhood Route" to facilitate future development. The Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan reaffirms that classification.

## Access Management Recommendations

The 2006 Reedsport TSP identifies the need for an Access Management Plan to be conducted for OR 38 in the City. Accordingly, the Waterfront & Downtown Plan includes recommendations regarding access on OR 38. The recommendations in the Waterfront & Downtown Plan should be incorporated into the 2006 TSP. These include:

- Fir Avenue and 6<sup>th</sup> Street approaches of OR 38 are within 40 feet of each other, about 300-400 feet east of East Railroad Avenue: As traffic grows on OR 38, it may be desirable to re-channelize the Fir Avenue approach by installing curb extensions, thereby reducing the width of its approach to OR 38 and "sea of pavement" that pedestrians encounter when traversing this intersection.
- A private driveway to the Sugar Shack Café intersects the highway from the south side within 10 feet of 3<sup>rd</sup> Street: in the event that redevelopment is proposed on this property or this section of OR 38 is reconstructed, it is recommended that this driveway be closed. Prior to a land use action or road construction, this driveway should remain unchanged.

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ZONING AMENDMENTS | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

#### ZONING AMENDMENTS

The following zoning amendments are recommended to implement the RWDP. The proposed changes are conceptual; they should be reviewed and refined through a public process in drafting specific ordinance language.

#### Umpqua River Waterfront

- Apply the C-3 Marine Commercial Zone to areas designated Waterfront Commercial. The C-3 zone, which exists within Reedsport's code but it not presently in use, provides areas suitable for water-dependent and waterrelated/oriented retail commercial uses, including tourist lodging, restaurants and related facilities. Examples of allowed uses include navigational aids, hotels, restaurants, bait and tackle shops, gift and specialty shop, marine services and repairs, retail and wholesale stores, among others. Conditional uses include flood prevention structures, recreational vehicle parks, marineoriented professional offices, processing of seafood in conjunction with retail sales, storage of products and materials transported via the estuary, such as gravel and logs. The maximum building height is 45' and no minimum lot size is required. Additionally, the C-3 zone, Section 10.76.020, should be amended to provide design standards for building scale and design in order to protect views of the water from key viewing areas, and to require extending the Boardwalk/waterfront trail with future development.
- Amend the Public/Semi-Public Lands Zone, Section 10.72.120 (B) 14, to include specific development standards or design guidelines for designated Gateways, including provisions for landscaping, art, furnishings, information kiosks, and concessions.

#### Downtown Reedsport

- Add a new CMU Commercial Live/Work Mixed Use Zone as Section 10.72.065, allowing a broad range of neighborhood-serving retail (similar to C-1), enclosed light industrial (similar to LI), and residential uses. The new zone should:
  - a. Allow land uses to match those allowed in adjoining zones, and maintain flexibility for employment uses (e.g., bakery, laundry, retail, light industrial). For example, commercial retail and office uses should be allowed adjacent to commercial zones and public zones, and enclosed industrial, assembly, wholesale or related office uses should be allowed adjacent to industrial zones.
  - b. Provide design standards to encourage building placement near the street, with minimal or no front yard setback.
  - c. Allow housing as a permitted use. Where residential uses are permitted on the ground floor, the CMU code should require access to dwelling units via secondary (e.g., rear, side, or courtyard) entrance.

- d. Parking should be provided to the side of, behind, or beneath (e.g., pedestal) buildings.
- Where outdoor storage is allowed, the CMU zone should require screening of storage areas, particularly adjacent to areas designated for Public/Semi-Public use.
- 4. Amend the C-2 Commercial District, Section 10.72.070, to permit residential uses above ground floor commercial uses (in upper building floors) on properties abutting OR 38 from 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> Streets. Establish design standards with minimal to zero front setbacks, and encourage the use of small, decorative landscape planters/flower baskets, street furniture, sidewalk cafes and sales. Develop and adopt basic design guidelines to maintain the integrity of the downtown core, including guidelines for front building entrances, store ront windows, exterior lighting, and awnings.
- 5. Amend the M-I Light Industrial District, Section 10.72.090(L) Storage, to require screening of all outdoor storage. The zone presently only requires such screening when adjacent to a residential or commercial zone.
- Amend Section 4.020 Parking and Loading to waive the off-street parking and loading requirements for changes of use and new development for properties abutting OR 38 between 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> Streets.

# Scholfield Slough

- Add Section to the M-I Light Industrial District, Section 10.72.090(C)(5), allowing an RV Park as an interim use, subject to approval of a Conditional Use Fermit, and amend Section 10.72.090(L) to require all outdoor storage be screened.
- 8. Amend the R-2 Multi-family Residential District, Section 10.72.050(G)(1) regarding minimum lot area to permit small lot single family or cottage housing on a minimum lot size of 3,500 square feet for maximum 2-story homes. Currently, this type of housing is allowed only through a Planned Unit Development, subject to Section 10.72.130. Where cities have adopted cottal e-housing ordinances, they typically limit the size of the dwellings (e.g., 1,200 square feet of floor area) and require the units be oriented to a common open space. They also limit lot coverage; the current R-2 lot coverage standard of 50% would be appropriate.
- 9. Amend the C-1 zone, Section 10.76.060, to permit housing in upper floors.

# All Area

- 10. Alle v credit for shared parking elsewhere when shared use parking agr ements are established.
- 11. Require screening of unenclosed storage.

# 7. IMPLEMENTATION

# MARKET TIMING

The RWDP is expected to generate significant levels of local and regional economic benefits during and after their construction. Table 8 estimates the timing for build-out of the plan, based on the RWDP market study.

Table 7 Expected Net New Development over 25 Years

	Units	Preferred Alt. (Sg Ft)	Market Timing
Employment Uses*			
Commercial/Waterfront	floor area SF	110,100	Yrs. 5-25
Light Industrial/Flex	floor area SF	111,728	Yrs. 5-25
Other Commercial Uses			
Hotel	hotel units	100	Yrs. 10-20
Residential Uses			
Multi-Family & Cottage Housing	dwellings	235	Yrs. 5-25
RV Park Units	RV sites	60	Yrs. 5-10
Other/Public Attractions & Amenities			
New Visitor Attraction	floor area SF	23,121	Yrs. 5-10
Riverfront boardwalk/trails		n/a	Yrs. 5-20

\*An additional 70,000 square feet of Live/Work Mixed-Use Employment may develop beyond the 20 to 25-year planning horizon.

# ECONOMIC IMPACT

The overall development program is expected to generate approximately \$75M (Preferred Alternative) in local assessed valuation upon build-out, which would help fund construction of urban renewal projects and facilitate the sunset of the Urban Renewal District. Since the City of Reedsport, like many jurisdictions in southern Oregon, is currently in assessed/market value "compression" under Ballot Measure 5, the additional assessed valuation would be a welcome increase for local taxing districts.

A preliminary analysis indicates that upon RWDP build-out, the annual revenues realized by local districts after sunset of the urban renewal district (stated in 2012 dollars) would equate to approximately \$425,000 per year for the City of Reedsport, \$80,000 per year for Douglas County, and \$320,000 per year for the Reedsport School District 105. Also, the Lower Umpqua Hospital District would receive \$272,000 per year, and the Lower Umpqua Parks and Recreation District would receive \$17,000 per year.

The direct economic impact of implementing the full RWDP (i.e., approximately \$11.6M in state and local expenditures on infrastructure projects, and an additional \$75M on private building construction) is expected to support approximately 850 construction jobs over the next 25 years; this equates to an average of 34 full-time equivalent construction jobs per year for 25 years.

In addition to increased property values associated with new construction, the permanent benefits from redevelopment in the Waterfront and Downtown planning area include direct and indirect/induced job creation from additional household and visitor spending increases after projects are completed. Overall, at build-out, the redevelopment program would add approximately 354 direct jobs and grow the population by 575 people, as shown in Table 9.

	Jobs	Population
Employment Uses		
Commercial/Waterfront	180	
Light Industrial/Flex	110	
Other Commercial Uses		
Hotel	49	
Residential Uses		
Multi-Family & Cottage Housing		530
RV Park Units	6	45
Other/Public Attractions & Amenities		
New Visitor Attraction	9	
Total	354	575

Table & Expected Net New Direct Permanent Jobs and Pop. at Build-out

The plan assumes an increase in both day-trip visitors and overnight visitors that would come with an interim RV Park on the Mast Bros. site west of US 101, and a hotel, commercial retail, and/or other attractions on the Old Town Waterfront. Based on an Oregon Tourism Commission survey of visitor spending (2010 Longwoods Survey), it is estimated that an increase of over 48,000 overnight-visitors per year could be expected at the RV Park alone. That level of visitation combined with visitor spending increases at commercial facilities could generate an annual direct and indirect/induced economic impact of \$5.7M for the local economy. Approximately 40% of the overall economic benefit would be in the form of indirect/induced benefits that would accrue to businesses located outside the Waterfront and Downtown planning area in other parts of the city or region. (FCS GROUP)

In comparison to the projected spending on construction and the visitor spending, the benefits from new households and businesses moving into the RWDP area would be even more significant. It is estimated that the annual economic impact, as measured by increases in gross domestic product, would range from **\$76 to \$86 million per year for the local and regional economy**; this includes direct and indirect/induced spending. This level of spending would not only support the direct job creation mentioned above (354 jobs) but also about 230 indirect/induced jobs in the region annually.

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# IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY

Table 8 and the following narrative outline a 20-year implementation strategy for the RWDP. (See Table 6, pages 50-51, for transportation project cost estimates.)

Time Frame	Action Tiem	Description	Lead	Public Role	Private Role	Possible Funding Sources
Years 1-5 (see also "immediate action" list below table)	1	OR 38/3rd St. Pedestrian Crossing; Façade Improvement Program; Wayfinding Signs	City	City to work with merchants and URA and ODOT on design and funding	Owners to match funds through paint, bricks and mortar and equity to improve facades	ODOT; Reedsport Urban Renewal Agency; Old Town Merchants Association; local materials and labor donation; potential design assistance through Oregon Main Street Program
Years 1-5 2 Levee Recertification		City	City to work with US Army Corps of Engineers to fund levee repairs	Support levee improveme nts to protect property and avoid higher flood insurance costs	State and Federal Infrastructure grants and loans	
Years 1-5	3	Storm Drainage Improvements	City	City to improve based on Stormwater Master Plan	Support stormwater improveme nts to protect property from frequent flooding	Oregon Infrastructure Finance Administration; Immediate Opportunity Funds; others.
Years 1-5	4	Rainbow Plaza Improvements	City	City to pursue funding and implement plaza plan	Support plan, seek private donors to match public funds	Oregon Parks and Recreation Development Grant; private funds
Years 1-5	5	Marina Parking Expansion	City	City to tweak design and submit OMB grant	Recognize benefits of enhanced river access; support plan	Oregon Marine Board grant

Table 9 Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan Implementation Strategy

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# REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN | IMPLEMENTATION

Time Frame	Action Item	Description	Lead	Public Role	Private Role	Possible Funding Sources
Years 1-5	6	Private RV Park	Private	City to allow RV park as interim use	Owner/loca I support and private funds are needed	Private investment is need to develop interim RV use; likely tied to a more intense future redevelopment plan
Years 6-10	7	New Visitor Attraction/ Museum	Non- profit/ City	City to seek a 501c-3 non-profit partner to manage project	Private donors are needed to supply materials, labor and capital	Significant private investment is needed under a non-profit lead to create a new visitor attraction (i.e. draw on Umpqua Discovery Center example)
Years 6-10	8	Levee Loop Trail and Waterfront Promenade	City	City to seek funding; including private assistance in design and construction through the development review process	Private support, including easements and boardwalk funding are required	Oregon Parks and Recreation Development Grant; private funds
Years 6-10	9	Waterfront Commercial	Private	City to Implement plan	Private investment s are required	Private funds; public partnerships including grants and loans as appropriate
Years 6-10	10	Light Industrial	Private	City to Implement plan	Private Investment s are required	Private funds; public partnerships including grants and loans as appropriate
Years 11-20	11	Multifamily & Cottage Housing	Private	City țo implement plan	Private investment s are required	Private funds; public partnerships including grants and loans as appropriate
Years 11-20	12	Hotel	Private	City to implement plan	Private Investment s are required	Private funds; public partnerships including grants and loans as appropriate

# IMPLEMENTATION | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

Time Frame	Action Item	Description	Lead	Public Role	Private Role	Possible Funding Sources
Years 11-20	13	Commercial Infill	Private	City to Implement plan	Private investment s are required	Private funds; public partnerships including grants and loans as appropriate

# Years 1-5

Redevelopment will require patience and decades of focused effort, and can only occur if the community gathers support for funding critical infrastructure improvements, as market forces gain momentum for new housing and commercial development. Initial efforts should include improved crossing safety for OR 38 at 3<sup>rd</sup> Street; funding for a facade improvement program; and wayfinding signage to direct visitors to the waterfront. These efforts should initially focus on the immediate area of OR 38 and 3rd Street as a demonstration project, but will be expandable in the downtown core. Other critical and concurrent public investment is needed to recertify the levee (\$3.7M) and improve storm drainage (\$2M). These improvements will control flooding and keep flood insurance rates reasonable - they are required to help retain existing businesses, homeowners, and assessed valuation levels. Levee recertification and storm drainage improvements could be funded using a mix of the recommended funding sources identified above. Without these critical infrastructure projects, the potential for private investment and other public investments are expected to be minimal.

# Immediate Action

The City of Reedsport should immediately (years 1-2) undertake the following significant efforts to kick-off the vision embodied in the Waterfront and Downtown Plan:

- Initiate a Goal 17 analysis for the Knife River site and prepare a future Comprehensive Plan amendment to re-designate the property from Waterdependent Industrial to Commercial and Public/Semi-Public, including plan policies to direct Waterfront Commercial uses and propose C-3 zoning for the commercial portion of the property. Continue to work closely with Knife River in support of the plan map change and future re-zoning needed for site redevelopment
- 2. Review and refine zoning concepts presented with the Waterfront and Downtown Plan, and prepare zone changes and zoning code text updates.
- Work with ODOT on funding design and construction of a new crossing for OR 38 at 3<sup>rd</sup> Street.
- 4. Work with the Merchant's Association, the Chamber and organizations such as Oregon Main Street to develop a Downtown Façade Improvement Plan. Focus

on donated labor and materials to initiate a "show me" project with public and private funding to improve facades on a block along OR 38 adjoining the improved 3<sup>rd</sup> Street crossing.

- 5. Develop a wayfinding sign program to include design and placement of signs to direct the public to the Reedsport Waterfront. Work with the Downtown Merchants and local suppliers to ensure buy-in and participation.
- 6. Continue efforts to fund the Levee Recertification and Stormwater Improvement projects.

#### Years 5-10

Lessons learned from the implementation of the Umpqua Discovery Center indicate that it can take many years to organize and assemble adequate partnerships and funding resources to construct a major museum facility. The momentum already established by the local community for hosting the annual Reedsport Chainsaw Carving Festival has gained state, national and even international attention. A non-profit (501c-3) in partnership with the City could work together to leverage limited local resources to acquire a viable site for a new visitor attraction, which could also function as a workspace and community meeting facility for events, presentations, and workshops on this unique and culturally significant art. This new facility, in combination with the Umpqua Discovery Center, commercial waterfront, and a new RV park and/or hotel, could establish a critical mass of visitation attractions.

A combination of Urban Renewal funding and private and corporate donations and sponsorships would be required to undertake the construction of a visitor attraction; and private equity would be needed to complete the RV Park, along with zoning code amendments. Reedsport's comprehensive plan and zoning regulations will need to be amended in order to allow the development program envisioned in the preferred alternative.

#### Years 10+

The near-term public, private and non-profit investments that occur during the first 10 years would set the stage for ongoing private development activities during the following 10+ years. The need for additional public investment in streets, streetscapes, parks and other infrastructure would have to be well timed with private development projects. As market conditions improve, the community may also be more inclined to support a special General Obligation bond focusing on specific "large" legacy project elements, such as the Riverfront boardwalk and/or gateway improvements.

Local improvement districts in combination with urban renewal funds may be used to construct streetscape improvements and other public infrastructure in specific locations.

# **8. FUNDING OPTIONS**

This section summarizes the potential funding options that are available to the City of Reedsport for RWDP implementation. The planned infrastructure improvements require significant financial expenditures. Improvements are expected to result in enhanced flood protection, storm drainage, pedestrian, bicycle and vehicular access, and an improved market image for the area that helps attract additional direct private investment. The planned enhancements will also provide a direct benefit to downtown visitors, residents, businesses and workers. A combination of funding techniques is therefore appropriate to help spread out the cost of the improvements to those who benefit.

A summary of *local funding* techniques used in Oregon for downtown and waterfront improvements is provided in Appendix C. The primary funding options include:

- User Fees (e.g., boat launch fees)
- System Development Charges (SDC)
- Parking District Charges
- Urban Renewal Program, Tax Increment Financing
- Local Improvement Districts (LID)
- Zone of Benefit District (ZBD)
- Economic Improvement District (EID)
- Utility Rates and Charges
- General Obligation and General Revenue Bonds
- State and Federal Financing Programs and Grants (e.g., Oregon Marine Board grants, and ODOT/TGM grant and federal funding programs)
- Potential grant funding opportunities are listed below.

# **EVALUATION OF FUNDING OPTIONS**

Public investment in transportation, flood protection, storm drainage and parks/trail facilities is expected to result in direct local and citywide benefits in terms of enhanced safety, access, visitation, and business income. As business income and sales increase, there will be citywide benefits in the form of enhanced downtown employment, private real estate investment and enhanced local assessed value creation and property tax revenue collections. To help evaluate the relative benefits of potential funding options, preliminary evaluation criteria were identified and compared to one another in **Table 10**.

The funding options listed in Table 10 have legal precedence in Oregon. Initial funding evaluation criteria included:

Voter Approval – Might the funding technique require voter approval under Oregon law or per the voter-approved Reedsport City Charter Amendment? (Note: At the time of publication of the RWDP, the charter amendment was pending a court decision.)

# **APPENDIX A - ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS**

This chapter presents the land use alternatives that were evaluated through the RWDP public process, and documents the reasoning for selecting the preferred land use plan.

The project team initially developed two land use alternative concept plans for Reedsport's Waterfront and Downtown. The alternatives were based on a careful analysis of existing conditions and needs, and state and local requirements. The consultants worked closely with ODOT representatives to ensure the plan options were consistent with ODOT requirements.<sup>1</sup>

The ODOT review found that the transportation improvements presented here are technically viable. Chapter 8 and Appendix A provide additional improvements to comply with ODOT standards for highway operations.

# **ALTERNATIVE 1**

Alternative 1, summarized below, is presented in graphical form (Figure 6) on the next page. Table 2, on the page that follows, gives the land use and development program for Alternative 1.

# Scholfield Slough

In Alternative 1, the Scholfield Slough area is developed with a combination of visitor-oriented retail, housing and employment uses. The land uses south of the levee remain unchanged. North of the levee and west of US 101, three land use districts are proposed: Multi-family Housing (MF), Light Industrial/Interim RV Park (LI/RV) and Commercial (C). The area is accessed through a new road developed perpendicular to Port Dock Road.

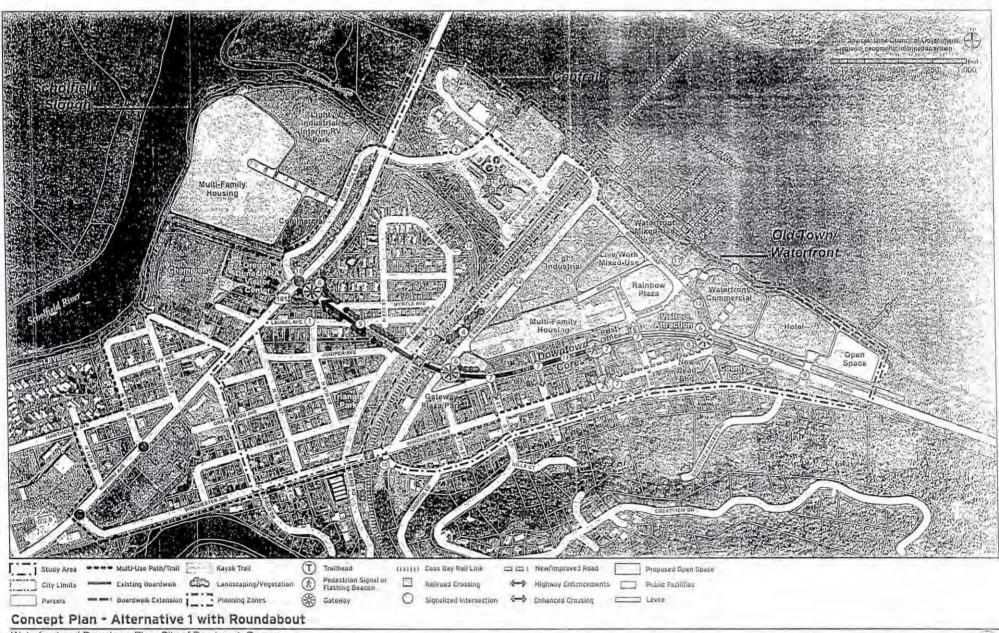
#### Central

There are no recommended land use changes for the Central sub-area which includes housing and the Port of Umpqua Industrial Park.

# Old Town/Waterfront

Alternative 1 includes existing commercial uses on the waterfront and proposes to change the designation from industrial to waterfront mixed use between River Front Way and the river, east of the Coos Bay Rail Line. North of Highway 38 land uses are proposed to be a mix of light industrial, multi-family residential, commercial, including waterfront commercial, and public/open space uses. The existing commercial district along Winchester Avenue and the residential district to the south of Highway 38 also do not change under Alternative 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ODOT staff from the following divisions reviewed the preliminary plan alternatives in a meeting held on March 22, 2012: Planning, Environmental, Traffic Analysis, Freight Mobility, Bicycle/Pedestrians, Road Design, Region 3, and District 7.



Waterfront and Downtown Plan, City of Reedsport, Oregon

- Funding or Financing Potential Will the funding stream result in a stable and reliable source of revenues? Will the revenues be deemed credit worthy by potential lenders, and become a source of near term funding for the planned improvements?
- Direct Cost Burden on Downtown Development Will the funding technique be considered as an extraordinary development cost, and dissuade potential investment in downtown?
- Equity Will those who pay deem the funding technique and its implementation process equitable?

Based on the above criteria, the funding options that received the highest rating for the RWDP are summarized as follows. These measures merit additional analysis and consideration by the City and downtown businesses. Appendix C contains additional background on funding options.

#### **User** Fees

The current boat launch fee of \$3.00 may be increased slightly to generate additional short-term revenue for ongoing maintenance cost requirements. Annual passes could be provided to local residents at a discounted price. If additional public parks, trails or boat dock facilities are provided over time by private developers and dedicated to the City (as conditions of approval), the City could charge user fees for transient boat dock usage, or use of picnic shelters for private events. Since this revenue source is not likely to be significant in comparison to the others and now would require voter approval, it is not recommended at this time.

#### Local Improvement District

The City should expect downtown property owners that benefit from the planned transportation facility investments to help pay for a portion of the cost of the improvements though a local improvement district (LID). An engineering study would be needed to create an equitable approach for assessing downtown property owners for specific project elements, such as storm drainage, levee or streetscape improvements. The LID could include zones with varying assessment levels to account for benefits that are perceived to vary by location or land use characteristics (e.g., LIDs may exempt upper-floor redevelopment or single family dwellings from the assessments). An LID derives revenue from selected properties and requires at least 51% property owner approval.

#### Utility Fees

The City of Reedsport could increase its local storm drainage utility fee or restructure it so that the properties within the RWDP area pay a slightly higher rate in comparison to other parts of the city, which is proportional to the benefit they receive by the additional cost of storm drainage. The City may also explore establishing a new Parks Utility that includes low monthly or bi-monthly charges to residents and non-residential properties (now requires voter approval). The revenue generated by the Parks Utility may be used for operations, maintenance or construction of specific improvements, such as the Waterfront trail network.

#### FUNDING OPTIONS | REEDSPORT WATERFRONT AND DOWNTOWN PLAN

#### Urban Renewal District

While the City of Reedsport's existing Urban Renewal District has little available funding to invest in planned facility improvements at this time, it could eventually become a source of long-term funding to help match non-local loans or grants, especially after additional private investment occurs in the district.

## Bonds

The City of Reedsport could pursue a citywide "waterfront accessibility" General Obligation bond measure that generates adequate funding for all or a portion of the planned waterfront trail and related parking or park improvements, including land acquisition. These types of bond measures are more successful when they result in "heritage improvements" that benefit residents with strategic parks and pedestrian safety improvements (such as enhanced access to schools and parks).

Donations or Corporate Sponsorships

The City of Reedsport could work closely with existing local non-profit foundations or a newly established non-profit organization to establish tax deductable programs for specific improvements, such as street trees, street furnishings, lighting, and artwork. This type of investment would be appropriate for Rainbow Plaza and the Visitor Attraction, in a manner similar to that used for building and operating the Umpqua Discovery Center. In some instances, donors may be eligible for federal and/or state income tax credits.

#### Grants

The City of Reedsport should consider pursuing the following state and federal grants to match local funding sources and leverage private investment:

- U.S. Economic Development Administration, Community Development Block Grants
- U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Community Enhancement Grants (provided for rural infrastructure and community enhancement projects).
- ODOT Transportation Enhancement program could be targeted to raise upfront capital facilities proceeds for specific improvements.
- ODOT Pedestrian and Bicycle Improvement grant program.
- Oregon Marine Board grants (available for public boat launch and parking facilities). An OMB grant has been awarded for improvements to the City Boat Launch and parking area, but has been placed on hold pending a design and parking need assessment.
- Oregon Community Development Block Grant program (locally administered through Douglas County).
- Oregon Special Public Works Grants or ODOT Immediate Opportunity Funds (grants tied to job creation).

Special state or U.S. Congressional program funding may also be available through specific funding requests. The City of Reedsport should check with its local state legislative representative and congressional representatives for current funding program application deadlines.

# **APPENDIX A: LAND USE ALTERNATIVES**

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Land Use	Square Feet	Acres	Site Coverage	Building Footprint	Average Bldg Stories	Square Feet of Development	Units *	Units/ Acre
Multi-Family Housing (west)	706,594	16.22	20%	141,319	2	282,638	283	17.4
Commercial	71,962	1.65	25%	17,991	1	17,991	na	па
Light Industrial /Interim RV Park	391,994	9.00	15%	58,799	1	58,799	па	na
Light Industrial	288,938	6.63	20%	57,788	1	57,788	na	na
Live/Work Mixed Use	104,861	2.41	25%	26,215	1.5	39,323	20	8.2
Multi-Family Housing (east)	300,928	6.91	20%	60,186	1.5	90,278	90	13.1
Visitor Destination	97,136	2.23	20%	19,427	1	19,427	na	na
Waterfront Commercial**	41,075	0.94	25%	10,269	1	10,269	na	na
Waterfront Mixed Use	183,616	4.22	25%	45,904	. 1.5	68,856	na	na
Hotel	193,697	4.45	15%	29,055	1.5	43,582	97	na

# Table 1 Alternative 1 Land Use and Development Program

\*Assumes 1,000 SF per dwelling unit and 450 SF per hotel unit. \*\*\* Excludes Umpqua Discovery Center, associated parking lot and expanded boat launch and parking. na = not applicable.

Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan – Alternatives Analysis (Appendix A)

# ALTERNATIVE 2

Alternative 2, summarized below, is presented in graphical form (Figure 7) on the next page. On the page that follows, Table 3 gives the land use and development program for Alternative 2.

# Scholfield Slough

Alternative 2 is comprised of two areas north of the levee and west of Highway 101, along Scholfield and McIntosh Sloughs, as follows. (The land uses south of the levee are unchanged.)

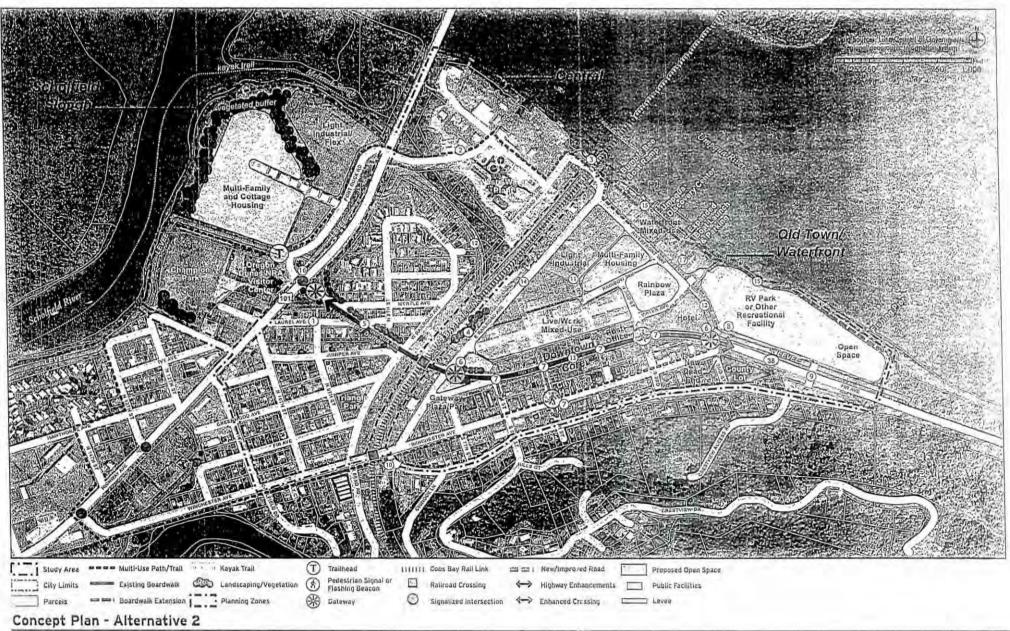
#### Central

Predominately residential and industrial in nature, the Central sub-area includes no recommended land use changes.

# Old Town/Waterfront

Alternative 2 changes the industrial area between River Front Way and the waterfront from industrial to waterfront mixed use. Similar to Alternative 1, the existing commercial district along Winchester Avenue and the residential district to the south of Highway 38 do not change under Alternative 2.

North of Highway 38, a mix of light industrial, live-work/mixed-use, commercial (including waterfront commercial and mixed use commercial), RV Park (or other recreational facility), and public/open space uses is shown under Alternative 2.



Waterfront and Downtown Plan, City of Reedsport, Oregon

Land Use	Square Feet	Acres	Site Coverage	Building Footprint	Avg. stories	Square Feet Development	Units **	units/ acre
Multi-Family and Cottage Housing	536,617	12.32	20%	107,323	1.5	160,985	161	13.1
Light Industrial/Flex	324,261	7.44	· 20%	64,852	1	64,852	na	na
Light Industrial	288,938	6.63	20%	57,788	1	57,788	na	na
Live/Work Mixed- Use*	300,928	6.91	25%	75,232	1.5	112,848	56	8.2
Multi-Family Housing	104,861	2.41	20%	20,972	1.5	31,458	31	13.1
Waterfront Mixed Use***	41,075	0.94	25%	10,269	1.5	15,403	na	na
Hotel	97,136	2.23	22%	21,370	2	42,740	95	na
RV Park/Other Rec. Facility /Open Space	500,149	11.48	tbd	n/a	n/a	tbd	tbd	na

Table 2	Alternative	2	Land	Use	and	Deve	lopment	Program
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\*Assumes that half of the development is devoted to housing. \*\*Assumes 1,000 SF per dwelling unit and 450 SF per hotel unit.

\*\*\*\* Excludes Umpqua Discovery Center, associated parking lot and expanded boat launch and parking.

na = noc applicable.

tbd = to be determined in the future after public and property owner input.

### ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

The planning team evaluated the two alternatives based on a simplified scale of one to three points (Table 4), with three points indicating the highest score, and presented them at a public workshop and at a Project Advisory Meeting held in late May 2012 in Reedsport. The alternatives were also evaluated for cost.

The public feedback generally favored the land use plan of Alternative 1 and the proposed buffers on the Scholfield Slough shown in Alternative 2. The PAC concurred with that input and recommended the following refinements:

- Wrap the live-work/mixed-use designation around Rainbow Plaza and extend it north of the downtown core, rather than separating live/work and multifamily housing as shown in the original alternatives.
- Designate a broad waterfront commercial area that could include retail, hotel and visitor attraction uses.

These ideas, along with the proposed land use, transportation, and design concepts that are common to both alternatives, per the main RWDP document, form the Preferred Alternative.

The capital costs of Alternatives 1 and 2 are comparable to the Preferred Alternative; the costs are approximately \$5.9 million in transportation improvements and \$5.7 million in levee and stormwater-related improvements.

Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan – Alternatives Analysis (Appendix A)

Category	Criterion	S	core
Transportation		Alt. 1	Alt. 2
	Emergency Accessibility	3	2
×.	Direct & Convenient Access	2	2
	Construction Costs	2	2
	ADA Access	2	3
4 ·····	Compliance with Standards	2	3
1	Waterfront Accessibility	3	2
	Lighting and Safety	2	2
(t)	Bicycle Access	3	2
Land Use			
	Gateways	3	2
	Compatibility w/ Adjacent Uses	2	2
	Views	3	3
Infrastructure			
	Development Costs inside (lower) vs. outside (higher) Levee within Floodplain	1	2
Market			
	Positive Fiscal Impact	3	2
	Consistency w/ Mkt. Trends	2	3
	Commercial Visibility & Access	3	1
	Residential Inside Levee	3	2
	Commercial/Indus. Inside Levee	2	3
	Positively Impacts City Image	3	1
	Jobs Creation	3	3
Totals		47	42

### Table 3 Alternatives Evaluation Summary

(1 = good; 2 = better; 3 = best)

### APPENDIX B: PREFERRED TRANSPORTATION ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS



### PROJECT MEMORANDUM Preferred Transportation Alternative Analysis REVISED

Date:	August 14, 2012	Project #: 12034
To:	Scot Keillor Columbia Planning Northwest 885 Methodist Road Hood River, OR 97031	Scot Siegel Siegel Planning Services, LLC 15450 Boones Ferry Road, 9-145 Lake Oswego, OR 97035
From: Project: Subject:	Dan Seeman, Chris Brehmer, P.E., Reedsport Waterfront & Downtow Preferred Transportation Alternati	n Plan

The purpose of this memorandum is to address the revisions that were made to the Preferred Alternative for the Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan. This memorandum summarizes revisions that were made to two areas of the plan: 1) land use, and 2) trails.

#### Land Use Revisions

The revisions include changing 0.33 acres of Block B from Light Industrial to Live/Work use, and 0.33 acres west of the Discovery Center from Waterfront Commercial to Light Industrial. Thus, there is no change in the total square footage of Light Industrial uses in the study area, and there is a change of about 0.33 acres from Waterfront Commercial uses to Live-Work uses. Based on assumed lot coverage and densities, and that the Live-Work land use category includes multi-family residential and office uses, the net square footage changes are as follows in the study area:

- 5,391 gross square feet *less* of Waterfront Commercial uses
  - 2,696 gross square feet more of General Office uses
  - 2 more multi-family dwelling units

Table 3-1 below (from the July 13, 2012 project memorandum prepared by Kittelson & Associates) shows the estimated summertime trip generation for uses included in the Preferred Alternative Transportation Analysis. Trip generation was estimated based on information provided in the standard reference manual *Trip Generation*, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE-Reference 1). All daily trips have been rounded to the nearest ten and all peak hour trips have been rounded to the nearest five trips.

H:\projfile\12034 - ODOT TGM Reedsport Waterfront Plan\tech memos\Preferred Alternative\12034 Reedsport Prefered Alternative Analysis 081412.doc

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Multi-Family Housing	220	161 Units	1,070	100	65	35		
Commercial	820	14,454 S.F.	1,930	175	85	90		
General Industrial (Interim RV Park)	110	53.940 S.F.	375	50	5	45		
General Industrial	110	57,788 S.F.	405	60	10	50		
Multi-Family Housing	220	74 Units	490	45	30	15		
Visitor Destination	435	23,121 S.F	830	85	45	40		
Waterfront Commercial	820	85,6475.F.	6,140	570	280	290		
Hotel	310	100 Rooms	820	60	30	30		
		Total Trips	12,060	1,145	550	595		

#### Table 3-1 ORIGINAL Preferred Alternative - Estimated Trip Generation

Table 3-1a shows the *revised* estimated summertime weekday p.m. peak hour trip generation associated with revised uses in the preferred alternative. As shown, there will be about three percent fewer trips generated by study area uses as a result of the revised land uses. This amounts to about 35 fewer weekday p.m. peak hour trips generated by study area land uses.

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Multi-Family Housing	220	161 Units	1,070	100	65	35
Commercial	820	14,454 S.F.	1,930	175	85	90
General Industrial (Interim RV Park)	110	53.940 S.F.	375	50	5	45
General Industrial	110	57,788 S.F.	405	60	10	50
Multi-Family Housing	220	76 Units (+2 units)	510 (+20)	45 (Neg)	30 (Neg)	15 (Neg)
Visitor Destination	435	23,121 S.F	830	85	45	40
Waterfront Commercial	820	85,547S.F. (-5391 SF)	5,755 (-385)	530 (-40)	260 (-20)	270 (-20)
General Office	710	2,696	30 (+30)	5 (+5)	Neg (Neg)	5 (+5)
Hotel	310	100 Rooms	820	60	30	30
		Total Trips	<b>11,725</b> (-335) <i>-3%</i>	1,110 (-35) -3%	530 (-20) -3%	580 (-15) -3%

#### Table 3-1a REVISED Preferred Alternative - Estimated Trip Generation

Based on this very marginal change in trip generation, it is reasonable to conclude that the revised land uses do not significantly change the findings, conclusions or recommendations of the transportation analysis for the Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan.

#### **Trail Revisions**

This section summarizes the impact of the trail revisions that were made to the plan that was presented at the July 24, 2012 community open house and advisory committee meeting. Accordingly, these revisions were made in response to the inability to connect the waterfront multi-use pathway through the Port of Umpqua Industrial Park along Port Dock Road (from US 101 to the Coos Bay Rail Link) due to potential conflicts with heavy marine industrial uses. The Levee Loop Trail is a multi-use pathway system which is designed to complement the Scholfield River Multi-use trail designated in the 2006 Transportation System Plan. This plan does not alter the recommended trails designated in the TSP; rather this plan augments that system by connecting it to existing on-street facilities. There is an additional connection, to include paving the existing gravel path along the north and east boundaries of Champion Park and the Oregon Dunes NRA Visitor Center. Also, an earthen path will be provided along Scholfield and McIntosh Sloughs from the northwest corner of Champion Park to Port Dock Road immediately west of US 101. The on-street improvements will be implemented using painted stencils on asphalt and signs for wayfinding. This "bow tie" path system connects from the planned OR 38 improvements from 6th Street to US 101, and the proposed Laurel Avenue undercrossing improvement to the east and west via the following streets:

- East Levee Loop: E. Railroad Ave to Riverfront Way,, 2nd Street and Winchester to US 101 at 13<sup>th</sup> Street
- West Levee Loop: 14th Street to Hawthorne to 13th Street to existing Levee path, to connect with Port Dock Road in the northeast corner of the Oregon Dunes NRA Visitor Center (with an auxiliary earthen path for kayakers along the sloughs)

The Levee Loop Trail, as recommended, will be accomplished through signing and striping, with paving adjacent to Champion Park and visitor center and earthen trail along the sloughs. Its estimated cost is \$80,000.



### PROJECT MEMORANDUM #3 Preferred Transportation Alternative Analysis

Date:	July 13, 2012	Project #: 12034					
To:	Scot Keillor	Scot Siegel					
	Columbia Planning Northwest	Siegel Planning Services, LLC					
	885 Methodist Road	15450 Boones Ferry Road, 9-145					
	Hood River, OR 97031	Lake Oswego, OR 97035					
From:	Dan Seeman, Chris Brehmer, P.E.,	and Dave Daly					
Project:	Reedsport Waterfront & Downtow	n Plan					
Subject:	Preferred Transportation Alternatives Analysis						

In conjunction with the Reedsport Waterfront & Downtown Plan, Kittelson & Associates, Inc. (KAI) evaluated the preferred transportation alternative in the waterfront and downtown area. This technical memorandum summarizes the evaluation methodology and findings.

### INTRODUCTION

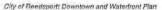
This technical memorandum documents an analysis of the preferred future transportation alternative, planned to improve the viability of the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown area. The preferred land use and transportation alternatives are considered in this analysis and were developed based on information provided by the project team after the May 31, 2012 public meeting.

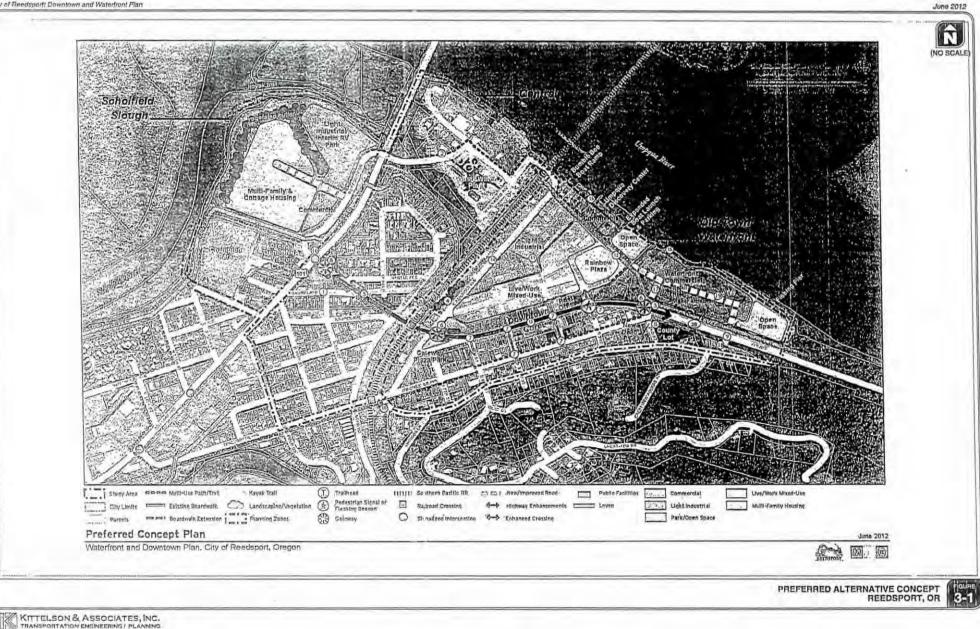
### PREFERRED LAND USE AND TRANSPORTATION ALTERNATIVES

This section discusses the transportation implications of the Preferred Land Use/Transportation Alternative. The estimated trip generation of new land uses for the preferred alternative is presented in the Future Conditions section of this report. The traffic impacts of these additional trips are then presented for both 2025 and 2033 future weekday p.m. peak summertime conditions.

#### Preferred Alternative Land Use Concept

Figure 3-1 shows the Preferred Alternative Concept Plan, including planned land use and transportation improvements. The Preferred Alternative includes 235 multi-family housing units, about 100,100 square feet of retail commercial uses, 111,730 square feet of industrial, 100-room hotel, and a visitor destination use.





Two alternative land use/transportation concepts were presented to the Project Advisory Committee (PAC), from which this preferred alternative concept was developed. The preferred alternative includes elements from each of the alternatives for both the land use and transportation systems.

### FUTURE TRANSPORTATION CONDITIONS

This section describes the future 2025 and 2033 conditions of the multi-modal transportation system serving the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown area. The preferred alternative concept plan was evaluated with respect to intersection traffic operations. The assumptions, methods and results of this evaluation are presented in this section.

#### Trip Generation

Trip generation estimates for the preferred alternative were developed based on information provided in the standard reference manual *Trip Generation*. 8<sup>th</sup> Edition published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE-Reference 1). All daily trips have been rounded to the nearest ten and all peak hour trips have been rounded to the nearest five trips.

Table 3-1 shows the estimated summertime weekday p.m. peak hour trip generation associated with new uses included in the preferred alternative. As shown, there are an estimated 1,145 new trips that will be added to the future transportation system in conjunction with development of the preferred alternative concept. Moreover, there are an estimated 12,060 new daily trips to be generated by the plan. Note that the trips associated with the Visitor Destination (eg. chainsaw museum or art museum) may be high, reflecting the lack of available trip data for this use.

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Multi-Family Housing	220	161 Units	1,070	100	65	② 35
Commercial	820 ,	14,454 S.F.	1,930	175	85	90
General Industrial (Interim RV Park)	110	53.940 S.F.	375	50	5	45
General Industrial	110	57,788 S.F.	405	60	10	50
Multi-Family Housing	220	74 Units	490	45	30	15
Visitor Destination	435	23,121 S.F	830	85	45	40
Waterfront Commercial	820	85,6475.F.	6,140	570	280	290
Hotel	310	100 Rooms	820	60	30	30
		Total Trips	12,060	1,145	550	595

#### Table 3-1 Preferred Alternative - Estimated Trip Generation

#### Site Trip Distribution/Trip Assignment

The site-generated trips were distributed onto the study area roadway system according to existing traffic patterns on the area roadways and a qualitative review of major trip origins and destinations in Reedsport. Approximately 65% of study area traffic was assumed to use US 101 as primary access to and from the study area, with another 30% utilizing OR 38. Approximately 5% of the site-generated traffic was assumed to have both origins and destinations within the study area.

#### Highway Improvement Needs

This section addresses the capacity and safety needs of the highways serving the study area. This analysis considers the traffic impacts of development of each of the concept plans at key intersections in the study area in future years 2025 and 2033.

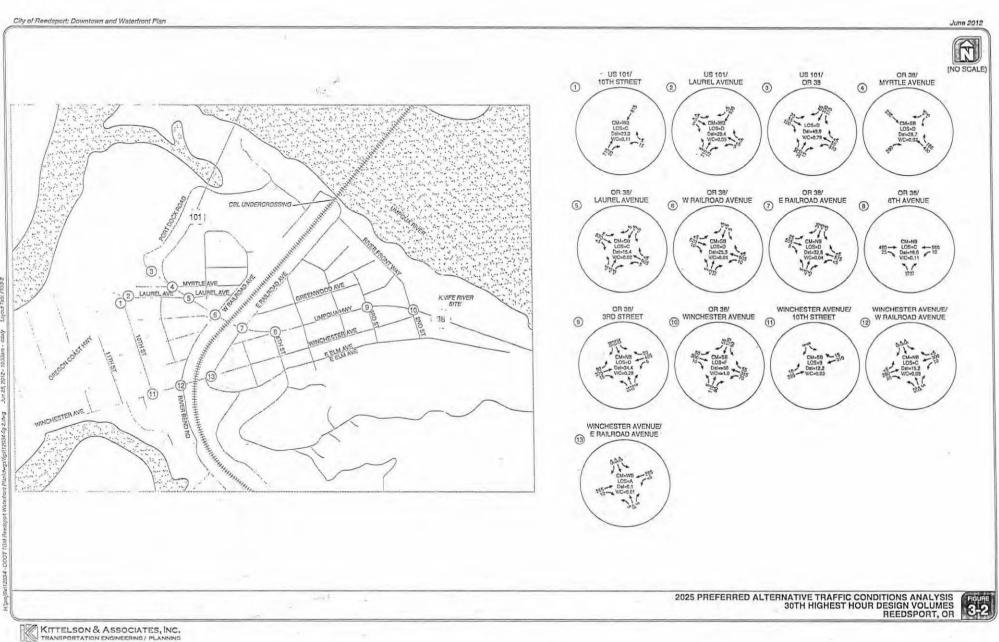
#### Total Traffic Conditions

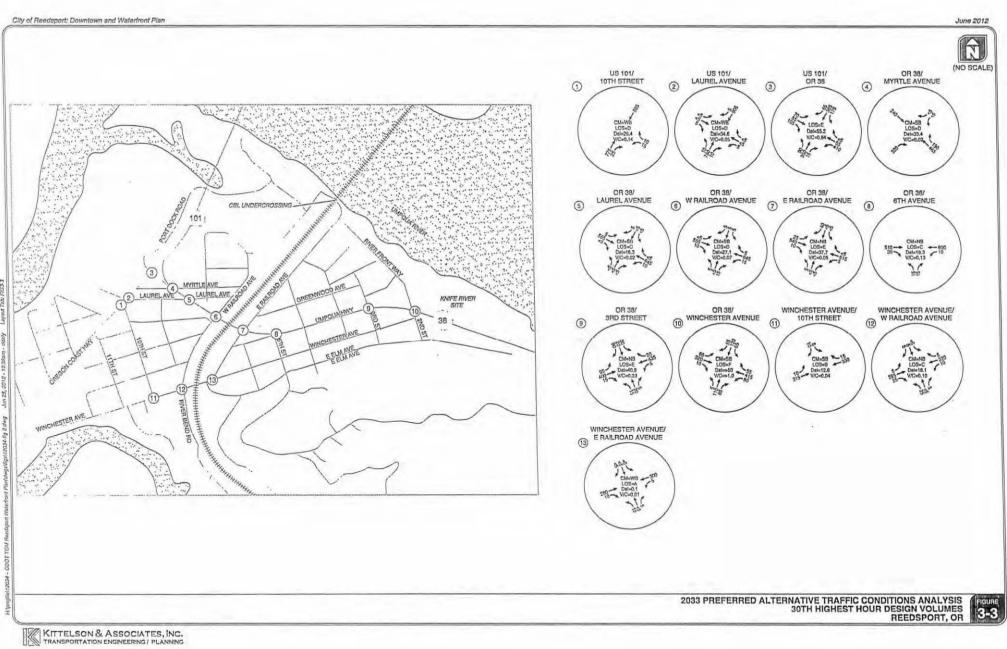
The total traffic conditions analysis forecasts how the study area's transportation system will operate with the traffic generated by the preferred alternative development plan. The year 2025 and year 2033 background traffic volumes (which were increased by a factor of 1½ percent annually from observed 2012 volumes to reflect background growth conditions) for the weekday p.m. were added to the forecast development traffic to arrive at the total traffic volumes that are shown in Figures 3-2 and 3-3, respectively.

As shown in Figures 3-2 and 3-3, each of the study area intersections are forecast to operate acceptably under the year 2025 total traffic conditions with the exception of the OR 38/Winchester Avenue intersection.

#### OR 38/Winchester Avenue

As shown in Figure 3-2, the OR 38/Winchester Avenue intersection is forecast to operate at level-of service (LOS) F and volume-to-capacity ratio greater than 1.0 during the p.m. peak analysis period under the year 2025 forecast traffic volumes. Delay at the intersection increased under forecast 2033 conditions. Capacity improvements such as construction of a traffic signal or a similar intersection capacity improvement would be sufficient to restore traffic operations to meet ODOT and City mobility standards at this intersection. Other improvements such as adding turn lanes will be less effective in reducing future vehicle delay at this location. Estimated cost of traffic signal improvements at this intersection is \$300,000.





#### OR 38/US 101

This signalized intersection is forecast to operate within ODOT mobility standards in the twenty year future (volume-to-capacity of 0.84 in 2033), meeting ODOT mobility standards. Given the planned installation of a new signal controller at this intersection (e.g. Type 2070 controller), it can be expected that vehicle queues at the intersection will not extend beyond available storage lengths. Operations reported in Figure 3-3 assume the installation of the new signal controller.

Summary of Highway Improvements Needed for Preferred Alternative Concept Plan

Table 3-2 summarizes intersection improvements needed to satisfy ODOT mobility standards for the preferred alternative.

Refer	ed/Alternative	
Intersection	Improvement	Timeframe
US 101/OR 38	New traffic signal controller*	2033
OR 38/Winchester Ave	Traffic Signa!	2025

Table 3-2 Intersection Capacity Improvements Required for Preferred Alternative

\*The new traffic signal controller to be installed by ODOT would likely be a Type 2070 Controller, which would result in improved efficiency at the intersection.

#### Local Street Improvements

Local street connections, extensions, and modifications that are part of the preferred alternative include:

- Laurel Avenue US 101 to OR 38 (Project 1): possible traffic calming treatments and parking mitigation
- Riverfront Avenue extend to OR 38 at Gate 6 as right-in/right-out only access (Project #16)
- Connect Elm Avenue to OR 38 at Gate 6 (Project #9)
- Disconnect 2<sup>nd</sup> Street from Winchester/2<sup>nd</sup>/OR 38 intersection (Project #8)
- Realign Elm Avenue at its intersection with Winchester Avenue (Project #10)
  - East Railroad Avenue OR 38 to Riverfront Way (Project #14): widen to City local street standards with one sidewalk on the east side

Each of these projects is discussed below:

Laurel Avenue – US 101 to OR 38: City should monitor speeds on this potential "cut-through" route and, if needed, install traffic calming measures (i.e. visual narrowing through street trees, or speed bumps) to reduce vehicular speeds. The City should also coordinate with US 101 business owners to minimize customer and employee parking overspill onto Laurel Avenue. The estimated cost of traffic calming treatments on Laurel is \$5,000. *Riverfront Avenue* — *extend to OR 38 at Gate 6:* As development occurs on the Knife River site, additional circulation streets will be needed. It is assumed that the internal roadway on the Knife River site will be funded by private development, and the cost of providing a new approach to OR 38 at Gate 6 will be borne by the City or ODOT at an estimated cost of \$80,000. The additional cost and routing of the internal Riverfront Way extension within the Knife River site was not estimated and is presumed to be borne by the developer.

*Connect Elm Avenue – to OR 38 at Gate 6:* Additional access is desirable for properties on Elm Avenue east of 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue if 2<sup>nd</sup> Street is disconnected from Winchester Avenue. Thus, a new local street connection from Elm Avenue to OR 38 is recommended directly opposite Gate 6. This connection would help minimize traffic impacts of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Street disconnection from Winchester on homeowners on Elm Avenue between 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Streets. This new connection is estimated to cost \$100,000, and a portion of this cost may be borne by the developer. This connection will reportedly traverse a wetland; hence, further study should be conducted to determine its feasibility and minimize or mitigate impacts to the wetland.

*Disconnect 2<sup>nd</sup> Street from Winchester:* It is recommended that 2<sup>nd</sup> Street be disconnected from Winchester Avenue, due to the close spacing of intersections. The cost of this disconnection is estimated at \$30,000.

*Realign Elm Avenue at Winchester:* This intersection is poorly aligned and allows motorists headed eastbound on Winchester Avenue to turn right to Elm Avenue at higher than desirable speeds. The cost of realigning this intersection to a right angle is about \$100,000. According to City sources, the City owns the land on which the intersection could be realigned. See Figure 3-4 for a concept plan of this improvement.

*East Railroad Avenue – OR 38 to Riverfront Way:* As property develops adjacent to East Railroad Avenue, the section of this street from OR 38 to Riverfront Way should be reconstructed to City local street standards. This 28-foot curb-to-curb section with a 5-foot sidewalk on the east side will cost an estimated \$1.0 million.

#### Parking Improvements

There is sufficient parking during typical weekday conditions to satisfy demand. During the Chainsaw Festival, visitors may be required to walk as much as three blocks to Rainbow Plaza. Given that this festival is the highest parking generator in the year, this level of walking is reasonable and expected by visitors. Thus, parking supply in the downtown/waterfront area is sufficient to accommodate peak demand conditions.



The boat launch east of the Discovery Center currently has insufficient parking to satisfy peak demands, particularly during fishing season. There are currently about 30 total parking stalls, 16 for cars-with-trailers and 14 car-only, in an unimproved lot (poorly maintained asphalt and part gravel). The parking lot should be expanded as designed in the two alternative designs prepared by the Oregon State Marine Board with about 41-42 car-trailer parking spaces, which should be sufficient for most peak demand times. As mentioned in a later section, all expanded parking to the east (replacing an old Knife River building) should be set back a nominal distance from the waterfront trail and boardwalk (20-30 feet) for interim landscaping and future small-scale commercial and tourist support uses.

Boat ramp cars-with-trailers parking spaces should be designated and enforced for "CAR-TRAILER ONLY" use to protect them for desired users, particularly during major events in the downtown/waterfront.

There will be occurrences when there will be a demand for greater than supplied parking spaces at the boat ramp; there is sufficient on-street parking space available within reasonable proximity of the boat ramp to accommodate these peak demand periods.

Pedestrian and Bicycle Improvement Needs

- Port Dock Road Multi-use Path from US101 to Riverfront bicycle and pedestrian path through industrial area
- Laurel Avenue CB Rail Underpass for bicycles, pedestrians and emergency vehicles
- OR 38 Bike Lanes and Sidewalks from 6<sup>th</sup> to US 101
- OR 38 and Winchester Curb Extensions on OR 38 at 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> and on Winchester at 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> (with flashing beacon at 3<sup>rd</sup>)

Each of these projects is discussed below.

*Port Dock Road Multi-use Path – bicycle and pedestrian path through Industrial Area (Project #2):* This bicycle/pedestrian connection would improve multi-modal access from US 101 to the Reedsport Waterfront. The routing and design of this connection should be coordinated with the landowner. The estimated cost of signing, striping this multi-use path would be \$20,000.

The Port Dock Road Multi-use Path would require improvement of the rail undercrossing immediately south of the Umpqua River. This undercrossing improvement is estimated to cost \$60,000, including safety rails on the river side. This project envisions a separated multi-use path immediately north of the road undercrossing (in the space between piers where the "No Trucks" sign is shown in Figure 2-2). Since this undercrossing is on private property, the City should coordinate with the land owner.

Thus, the overall cost of the Port Dock Road Multi-use Path, including signing, striping and undercrossing improvements is estimated at \$80,000.

Rail Underpass Project at Laurel – for bicycles, pedestrians and emergency vehicles (Project #3): This project would provide an improved connection for bikers and pedestrians from East Railroad to West Railroad Avenue at about Laurel Avenue. Bollards would be installed at this connection to restrict its use and could be removed by emergency service providers as needed. This route could be used on a limited contingency basis in situations when OR 38 is impeded. The vertical clearance on this undercrossing is limited, and it should be signed accordingly. The estimated cost of this connection is \$65,000.

*OR 38 Bike lanes and Sidewalks – from 6<sup>th</sup> to US 101 (Project #5):* ODOT has estimated the cost of fully improving OR 38 in this section with bike lanes, sidewalks, and including street realignments of some local streets that currently intersect at acute angles to be \$2.3 million, none of which is currently funded. In recognition of limited funding, a lower cost improvement to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians may be implemented as an interim project. The interim project is described in below. For purposes of showing the full cost of the long-range plan, the ODOT full long-range improvement is shown at \$2.3 million in Table 3-3.

The 2006 TSP (Table 5-2, page 5-6) includes a project to construct sidewalks on OR 38 from 6<sup>th</sup> Street to US 101, at an estimated cost of \$536,000. This TSP project assumes that the available paved shoulder width could be restriped to serve as bikelanes (at virtually no cost), and that the costs of the project would be for sidewalks. The TSP estimate also includes \$200,000 for upgrading the railroad crossing and traffic control gates, a project that is already funded. Thus, the cost of sidewalks (excluding the railroad crossing improvements) is \$336,000. The City has expressed the need to include underground utilities for the eventual installation of streetlights and irrigation. It is estimated that trenching, providing conduit, wiring, junction boxes and irrigation pipe and stub-outs, and installing foundations for streetlights for this 1,600-foot section would cost about \$100,000. Thus, an interim project to provide sidewalks, bikelanes (and underground infrastructure to accommodate future streetlights and irrigation) would cost an estimated \$436,000 (\$336,000 for sidewalks plus \$100,000 for infrastructure). The right-of-way in this section of OR 38 is 80 feet, which is sufficient to accommodate travel lanes, bikelanes, separate planter strip, and sidewalks.

*OR 38 and Winchester Curb Extensions (Project #7):* Curb extensions would improve pedestrian safety, and are planned for the 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Street crossings of OR 38, and the 4<sup>th</sup> and 5th Avenue crossing of Winchester Avenue. The cost of the four pairs of curb extensions (one either side) is \$82,000 with signing and striping. The 3<sup>rd</sup> Street crossing of OR 38 could also be equipped with a rectangular rapid flashing beacon (RRFB) or similar treatment, at an estimated cost of \$40,000. Thus, the total cost of this improvement is \$162,000.

*Riverfront Boardwalk (Project #15):* This project would extend the existing boardwalk at the Discovery Center to the railroad (on the west) and to the Knife River site (on the east). The estimated cost of this boardwalk extension is \$1.0 million<sup>1</sup>.

Waterway Connections Improvement Needs

This section describes the waterway connections planned for the Reedsport Waterfront.

#### Boat Launches

As mentioned previously, the City Boat Launch is slated for improvements to the dock and parking area under an Oregon State Marine Board grant (pending). This improvement should better accommodate boaters in the future.

#### Port Dock

The Port Dock located at Fred Wahl Marine will remain in order to serve transient moorage and ship repair needs.

#### Kayak Trail

The preferred alternative includes a proposed kayak trail from the McIntosh Slough to the Scholfield Slough. A kayak launch area would be provided just west of US 101 at the Port Dock Road undercrossing. Currents in the sloughs are considerably slower for kayaks than those of the Umpqua River. The northern launch on the Mast Bros. property is nearby commercial zoning planned along Port Dock Road to accommodate a kayak shop and/or other concessionaire and visitor support services proximate to the Oregon Dunes Visitors Center. The water trail would connect the NW site area to the SW site area where the Scholfield Slough wraps in close proximity to Winchester Avenue, with a potential second kayak launch at the Coho RV Park.

#### Access Management Recommendations

This section discusses access management on OR 38 in the study area. There are two existing locations in which ODOT's access spacing policy is not met. These locations are:

Fir Avenue and 6<sup>th</sup> Street approaches of OR 38 are within 40 feet of each other, about 300-400 feet east of East Railroad Avenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This cost estimate is based on a 1,260-foot long 12-foot wide multi-use path with approximately ½ constructed on piers over the Umpqua River (at an average cost of about \$55/sf X 1.25 (engineering and contingency).

 A private driveway to the Sugar Shack Café intersects the highway from the south side within 10 feet of 3<sup>rd</sup> Street.

Both of these accesses carry very low volumes (especially the private driveway), and the safety analysis did not reveal a pattern or magnitude of accidents indicating a problem. At the Fir Avenue and 6<sup>th</sup> Street accesses to OR 38, the City reportedly uses Fir Avenue as a staging street for parades. Moreover, 6<sup>th</sup> Street completes the grid and serves access to local land uses in the area. Currently, the close spacing of these local street accesses to OR 38 does not pose a safety problem, and given the benefit of both streets accessing OR 38 for public purposes, no action is recommended. As traffic grows on OR 38, it may be desirable to re-channelize the Fir Avenue approach by installing curb extensions, thereby reducing the width of its approach to OR 38 and "sea of pavement" that pedestrians encounter when traversing this intersection.

The Sugar Shack Café has alternative access on 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, and the private driveway on OR 38 (within 10 feet of 3<sup>rd</sup> Street) is redundant. Hence, in the event that redevelopment is proposed on this property or this section of OR 38 is reconstructed, it is recommended that this driveway be closed. Prior to a land use action or road construction, this driveway should remain unchanged.

New streets are recommended to intersect OR 38 at Gate 6 in conjunction with this plan. Sight distance measurements have been conducted, and this location will meet ODOT standards. Moreover, the spacing of this driveway (750 feet from Winchester Avenue) meets ODOT access management policy requirements.

Currently, 2<sup>nd</sup> Street intersects with Winchester Avenue about 50 feet south of OR 38. It is recommended that 2<sup>nd</sup> Street be disconnected from Winchester Avenue to improve intersection safety, thereby prompting the need for alternate access to OR 38. As a result, it is recommended that Elm Avenue be connected to OR 38 at the Gate 6 intersection. Again, this access point is about 750 feet east of the Winchester Avenue intersection, and thus, in compliance with ODOT access spacing policy.

In conjunction with the 2<sup>nd</sup> Street closure at Winchester Avenue, direct driveway access to OR 38 for the County Road Maintenance Yard is recommended. This low-volume driveway is recommended to be located midway between Winchester Avenue and Gate 6, thereby minimizing conflicts with up and downstream intersections. Moreover, this driveway would have adequate intersection sight distance to meet ODOT safety requirements. The provision of this driveway would facilitate county maintenance trucks not having to use local streets to access OR 38, thereby resulting in an improvement in livability to the adjacent neighborhood.

#### TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT SUMMARY

Table 3-3 shows the planned transportation infrastructure improvements associated with the preferred alternative. A large number of transportation improvements are associated with alternate modes to the automobile, providing improvements to the pedestrian and bicycle system. Many transportation improvements planned are related to safety issues (i.e. poor intersection alignment) or connectivity needs associated with new development (i.e. new streets to serve development).

Table 3-3 Transportation Improvements and Order-of- Magnitude Preliminary Costs for Preferred Alternative

er 1 - 37	Preferred Alternative	Fielindery Cost Estinate (ib \$2.000) <sup>2</sup>
1.	Laurel Avenue	\$5
2.	Bike/ped path through industrial park from US 101 to waterfront (striping and signage \$20,000) and railroad undercrossing improvements (\$60,000)	\$80
3.	OR 38/Winchester Avenue traffic signal or similar capacity improvement	\$300
4.	Railroad landscape buffer	\$60
5.	OR 38 from 6 <sup>th</sup> to US 101 – full improvements per ODOT plans	\$2,300 <sup>2</sup>
6.	Gateways (3 landscape features)	\$85
7.	Bulb-outs (5 standard and one with Rectangular Rapid Flash Beacon (RRFB) @ OR/38 and 3rd)	\$162 <sup>3</sup>
8.	Disconnect 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street from Winchester	\$30
9.	New OR 38 eastern access at Knife River/Gate 6 as right in/right out	\$80 <sup>5</sup>
10.	Realign Elm at Winchester for right angle	\$100 <sup>6</sup>
11.	OR 38 wayfinding and street furniture	\$280
12.	East Railroad Ave from OR 38 to Riverfront Ave (full local street with sidewalks)	\$1,2007
13.	Riverfront boardwalk extension: Discovery Center west to RR and east to Knife River site	\$1,0008
14.	US 101/OR 38 Intersection improvements	9
15.	Realign 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street north into Knife River site	\$80 <sup>4</sup>
16.	Connect Elm to OR 38 at Gate 6	\$100
17.	Extend Riverfront Way to Gate 6	_10
18.	Multi-use path under railroad at Laurel	\$65 <sup>11</sup>
OTAL		\$5,927

Notes:

1. Estimated in 2012 US dollars

2. ODOT's estimate of the full cost of widening, sidewalks, bikelanes, streetlights, and local intersecting street realignments is \$2,300,000. An interim project may be constructed at lower cost of an estimated \$436,000.

3. Bulb-outs (one on either side at 4 locations at \$10K ea.), plus signing striping [\$2K] plus RRFB [\$40K]

4. Construct 100' approach built to City standard 28' curb-to-curb section + 5' sidewalks + 5' buffer [38' wide x \$15/sf x 100' long x 1.2 contingency = \$68.4K + \$10K misc. street realignment at intersection].

5. Construct 100' approach built to City standard 28' curb-to-curb section + 5' sidewalks + 5' buffer [38' wide x \$15/sf x 100' long x 1.2 contingency = \$68.4K + \$10K misc, street realignment at intersection].

6. Assumes City owns right-of-way, planning-level cost for street reconstruction plus signing striping.

7. Construct 28' street with two 5' sidewalks x \$15/sf x 1700' x 1.2 engin./contingency.

8. Based on a 1,260-foot long 12-foot wide multi-use path with approximately ½ constructed on piers over the Umpqua River (at an average cost of about about \$55/sf X 1.25 (engineering and contingency).

9. Assumed to be funded within ODOT maintenance budget.

10. Cost assumed to be borne by developer.

11. Construct 12' asphalt multi-use path/emergency drive [350' long x 12' wide x \$12/sf x 1.2 contingency = \$60.5] plus signing and bollards [ \$5 for signing and bollards].

#### Attachments:

- 1. 2025 Operations analysis worksheets
- 2. 2033 Operations analysis worksheets

# HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 201: Winchester Ave & OR 38

	A	$\rightarrow$	V	5	$\langle -$	Ą.	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBI
Lane Configurations		é)	1	5	P			\$			4	
Volume (veh/h)	49	298	11	72	385	53	4	110	79	62	121	5
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.90	0.90	0.95	0.85	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	58	314	12	80	405	62	4	122	88	73	142	6
Pedestrians	00	01.1	. 14	00	100	02	7	124	00	10	144	0.
Lane Width (ft)	Ŧ											
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage							-					
Right turn flare (veh)		N			XI							
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)						(m						
Upstream signal (ft)												
pX, platoon unblocked	Tak								11000	100.00	-	
vC, conflicting volume	468			326			1130	1057	314	1174	1038	436
vC1, stage 1 confvol						Secto	· lana		-			
vC2, stage 2 conf vol							-The constant		-	- 41		
vCu, unblocked vol	468			326			1130	1057	314	1174	1038	436
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)								1 1510 V = 14	- PARA		el d'al de l'annais	N=
tF (s)	2.2			2.2		~ ~	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	95			93			93	38	88	0	30	90
cM capacity (veh/h)	1094			1223			65	198	724	70	205	620
Direction, Lane #	EB1	EB 2	WB 1	WB2	NB-1	SB 1			1.25		232.0	
Volume Total	371	12	80	468	214	280	and a second second		- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	4 - 4 - 45		10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
/olume Left	58	0	80	0	4	73						
Volume Right	0	12	0	62	88	65			7 X -		14,914	
SH	1094	1700	1223	1700	266	151	2.511			1		
/olume to Capacity	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.28	0.81	1.85	- 1 (e - e		1.00		3 ( <b>1</b> ) (	•
Queue Length 95th (ft)	4	0 -	5	0	157	527					-	
Control Delay (s)	1.8	0.0	8.2	0.0	57.3	457.2	1 9 2	• 1997				
ane LOS	A	0.0	A	0.0	F	E	<ul> <li>-1. (a) a) = p - a.</li> </ul>	• ••• •• • •				s =
Approach Delay (s)	1.7		1.2	1 Same	57.3	457.2	in the second second	-				2
Approach LOS	I.I.		1.4	3 + + (= 1	57.5 F	45(.2 F	in speer Samera	in a minima a marina a		Stars and a stars		····· p ·:
tersection Summary	And Market	1.112	2-794 S		- 27		1993-1997-1997 1997-1997-1997 1997-1997-1997	1217	<u>a 1976</u>		21 3 27	1. 1. 1
verage Delay		4	99.3									
ntersection Capacity Utilizatio	'n	1	34.8%	ICI	U Level o	f Service			F			
nalysis Period (min)			15	19	- Loror O	5011100			-		- ÷- ÷	
			10		-	- H - E	10 - 14 E		1000 g 1			
			1					-				

### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 202: 3rd St & OR 38

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	4	\$	A.	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SB
Lane Configurations		4			4	17		4	and a second		4	
Volume (veh/h)	92		13	4	405	20	16	19	5	31	20	8
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop		1 2.4	Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%	e = 1		0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	108	393	15	5	426	24	19	22	6	36	24	10
Pedestrians	100	000	10	U.	120		15		U.			10
Lane Width (ft)												
Walking Speed (ft/s)									1.1.4	÷.		
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			Mono	S 191					(** **)F ~~ ~	. 3
		None	121		None						1. a. (m.	
Median storage veh)				4 - 6	- 14 - A		in star				-	
Upstream signal (ft)		9									The second	ai -
pX, platoon unblocked	-			100					-			÷
vC, conflicting volume	450	G.		408			1167	1076	400	1070	1060	42
vC1, stage 1 conf vol										e weber an bescherkelt a		
vC2, stage 2 conf vol	110 march			1 -4 44			-				1	
vCu, unblocked vol	450		and a second	408			1167	1076	400	1070	1060	426
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	. 6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	90		-	100			84	89	99	78	88	84
cM capacity (yeh/h)	1111	en de Nascel en	a ea	1151			120	197	650	166	201	628
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1		1			12.142	$(\cdot, 0)$	
/olume Total	516	431	24	47	162							Ard Sec
/olume Left	108	5	0	19	36							
/olume Right	15	0	24	6	102							
SH	1111	1151	1700	169	325					* 1+1		
olume to Capacity	0.10	0.00	0.01	0.28	0.50	-			nimero e e e	and a particular	e e e	
Queue Length 95th (ft)	8	0	0	27	66				2 33		जन्म रहर जो	6 a) e
Control Delay (s)	2.7	0.1	0.0	34.4	26.6	. 000 A	÷.,	*	~ * * *	et e . e . e		() <del></del>
ane LOS	A	Á	2.2	D	D					a sa na sa	n	
pproach Delay (s)	2.7	0.1	a an ,	34.4		· · · · ·			ا دین در در در این ا			1. 1993
pproach LOS	a s'ana in			D	26.6 D		A. 10	-	بطويفة والم	e a securita	adaraa e u	37.43
ntersection Summary		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		e' , e , e				1987 D.S		8. N. C.		2 2 2 2 2 2
verage Delay			6.2	10					-		(19099 I)	
ntersection Capacity Utilization	n		70.9%	ICU	J Level of	Service			C		** 1 *	
nalysis Period (min)			15			141	1					

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## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 203: 6th St & OR 38

### 2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	>	V	5	4	4	P		
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR	1	$\mathbf{x} = (\mathbf{x}_{i} + \mathbf{x}_{i}) = \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i} + \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}$
Lane Configurations	ß			4	RA.			
Volume (veh/h)	479	27	8	560	15	13		
Sign Control	Free			Free	Stop			
Grade	0%			0%	0%			
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85		
Hourly flow rate (vph)	504	32	9	589	18	15		
Pedestrians				1				
Lane Width (ft)				- A				
Walking Speed (ft/s)								
Percent Blockage	1993 A. 1							
Right turn flare (veh)								
Median type	None			None				2
Vedian storage veh)	(R. 16)6 (			-				
Jpstream signal (ft)					1 1 m	2 ÷		
X, platoon unblocked								
C, conflicting volume			536		1128	520		
C1, stage 1 conf vol	the generation							
C2, stage 2 conf vol		•; •== •			5.4			
Cu, unblocked vol	net thee		536		1128	520		
C, single (s)	4010 0		4.1		6.4	62		- al fore la compare
C, 2 stage (s)	a frie e montant ( a	Colorine of Lease				-		The second second
F (s)			2.2	· · · ·	3.5	3.3	• • • •	a survey a bay a survey of
0 queue free %			99	and a start	92	97		
M capacity (veh/h)		en e	1032		224	556		in the second
irection, Lane #	. EB'1	WB 1	NB 1		N 11 3.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second s	
/olume Total	536	599	33					
olume Left	0	9	18	1.5.5				
olume Right	32	0	15					
SH	1700	1032	310					
olume to Capacity	0.32	0.01	0.11				Carl IV	
lueue Length 95th (ft)	0	1	9					
ontrol Delay (s)	0.0	0.3	18.0					
ane LOS		A	С				-	
pproach Delay (s)	0.0	0.3	18.0			17 18 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	5 5 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
pproach LOS	and the second second second		С	and a second second	1000	1.00		
tersection Summary		947 Ø. s	March 197			19 T.A	THE WEIGHT	
verage Delay			0.6					
tersection Capacity Utilizat	ion		48.9%	ICI	U Level of	Service		A
nalysis Period (min)			15	13				13 10 2 10 2
escription: Peak Hour: 2:00	· · · · ·	- (6(				-		1.0.0

Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 6/27/2012

## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 204: OR 38 & E Railroad Ave

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	5		4	4	Â	P	6	Ą	1
Movement	ĒBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SB
Lane Configurations		\$			æ			ŵ			\$	
Volume (veh/h)	25	506	7	2	573	1	5	0	0	0	0	3
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	26	533	8	2	603	1	6	0	0	0	0	4
Pedestrians											2	
Lane Width (ft)											1.1.2	
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage								64 - 4				
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type	1.41.4	None			None						4 4) 44 - 14 - 14	11 A
Median storage veh)		2.4.4								- 14 - 14		
Upstream signal (ft)	- m.s F-	1.0	1967 P								<ul> <li>A 1997 C 197</li> </ul>	1.24.4
pX, platoon unblocked			- · ·							(8)	-1-1 - 1	10 A
vC, conflicting volume	604	a.a., a.,	•	541			1241	1198	537	1198	1202	604
vC1, stage 1 conf vol		1.2		4.17						1244		
vC2, stage 2 conf vol	1.	-2-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-1	148 (149) (1 128).							· · · · · ·		
vCu, unblocked vol	604		e e a constante	541			1241	1198	537	1198	1202	604
tÇ, single (s)	4.1			4.1	. (e)	e 000	7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)			•• • • • • • • • • •	. 100 e e e e	a. (art) (ar	- 419-						- e - ma 4
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	97	1		100	10.00	* 98	96	100	100	100	100	91
cM capacity (veh/h)	973	* 14 - 18 * 10 1948 - 18	a. at 4 1	1028	104 H	е	135	180	544	159	179	498
Direction, Lane #	EB'1	WB1	NB 1	SB 1		······································	a distant <del>Tablas</del>	141441 141441	an the the second s	aran 10 aran Artoria		
Volume Total	567	607	6	44		10 Mar -		A	1		- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Volume Left	26	2	6	0						(4) (1.5) (4	10.4.445 EX	
Volume Right	8	1	0	44							5 - F	
SH	973	1028	135	498			5 0					
olume to Capacity	0.03	0.00	0.04	0.09		5		1. P	140 _ (CHE) (CHE)	-(+.**   ) [	10.000 mm .01	
Queue Length 95th (ft)	2	0.00	3	0.03	1.0					e	- 4.14	
Control Delay (s)	07	0.1	32.8	12.9								
	0.7		52.0 D	12.9 B	- 14 A						Same in the second	141 3
ane LOS	A	A						1. 10. 11				·
pproach Delay (s)	0.7	0.1	32.8	12.9					A			
Approach LOS			D	В								
tersection Summary		- 39 - 1 A	1.43.1									$\tilde{g}_{i},\tilde{f}_{i}$
verage Delay Itersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		1.0 50.7%	ici	Level of	Service	1.9		В	ale an eine <del>e</del> chant. A	- 10,000 - 00,0000 - 00,0000 - 00,0000 - 00,000 - 00,000 - 00,000 - 00,000 - 00,0000	
nalysis Period (min)			15								and a state of	-
												-

Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 6/27/2012

## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 205: W Railroad Ave & OR 38

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	4		V	5	$\Leftrightarrow$	4	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ą	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		\$			ŵ			4			¢.	
Volume (veh/h)	0	522	11	12	604	2	5	1	12	4	2	1
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	549	13	14	636	2	6	1	14	5	2	2
Pedestrians				- 6								
Lane Width (ft)				10								
Walking Speed (fl/s)			1.4									
Percent Blockage			÷									
Right turn flare (veh)	Æ											
Median type		Nonè			None	00 000						
Median storage veh)		NONE	-		NOTIC	1 al - a				1.1		
Upstream signal (ft)			- 3-		· C Hitter Area	eren (* 1. 100-200	-					
pX, platoon unblocked			x = x			14 m						
vC, conflicting volume	620	-		ECO.			1005	1222	556	1236	1228	637
	638			562		(a. 194) (arms 4)	1225	1222	000	1200	1220	031
vC1, stage 1 conf vol		-					(a) 1,00	a 2		22 2 42		14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1
vC2, stage 2 conf vol	000	6 e -		500		- June Brand	1005	1000	556	1236	1228	637
vCu, unblocked vol	638		10. 2	562	9.1.11.1.11.11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.		1225	1222			6.5	
IC, single (s)	4.1			4.1	6.000 (p. 00)	and the seaso	7.1	0.0	6.2	7.1	0.0	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)		) 2007 I I	- 3				- 0.5	- 10	20	0.7	10	3.3
(F (s)	2.2			2.2		oa da wenin an	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	
0 queue free %	100			99			96	99	97	97	99	100
cM capacity (veh/h)	946	-		1009		e and some i	152	177	531	147	176	477
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	: NB-1	SB.1			211.1	1 62 F.	-	1.4		1
/olume Total	562	652	21	9								
/olume Left	0	14	6	5						. S upb		
/olume Right	13	2	14	2								
SH	946	1009	294	187								
/olume to Capacity	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.05	8 7977 19			- C.	a	- 24 A C	1 (S)	1
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	1	6	4								
Control Delay (s)	0.0	0.4	18.2	25.3	ic i i e ()	Contraction ( No.		1100 241	(*)******		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	1.404
ane LOS	a 1997 (348)	A	C	D	CERTING AT A	need a set of the set	A. C			<ul> <li>() += 5441</li> </ul>		12.4
Approach Delay (s)	0.0	0.4	18.2	25.3			Print and street of the	te a class	n y sa an na na T			LL (s seen
Approach LOS	3.720	3,717 -	С	D	متحديق مرير في	والعبية تعاويهم منيه	an (42 47 1)   1 4	and a second		en stadte	1.000.1.0	
itersection Summary			1999 19	Land B							A PALA	12.21
verage Delay		1	0.7							101		
tersection Capacity Utilization			55.1%	IC	U Level of	Service		8	В			- · ·
nalysis Period (min)			15							. 6		

Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 6/27/2012

HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 206: US 101 & Laurel Ave

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	5	4	4	9	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		\$			4			લીં છે			谷谷	
Volume (veh/h)	0	0	5	5	0	1	7	717	10	0	828	2
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Free			Free	
Grade		0%		-	0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.95	0.85	0.95	0.95	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	0	6	6	0	1	7	755	12	0	872	2
Pedestrians			1								Section 1	
Lane Width (ft)			0.15									
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		and the			141			None			None	
Median storage veh)								Hono			Huno	
Upstream signal (ft)		Na marka a	(† 4) –		in in						398	
pX, platoon unblocked											000	
vC, conflicting volume	1266	1654	437	1217	1649	383	874	-		767		
vC1, stage 1 conf vol	1200	1004	407	1217	1045	000	014			101		
vC2, stage 2 conf vol		- (						e		10 (m) -		
vCu, unblocked vol	1266	1654	437	1217	1649	383	874	0.00		767		
tC, single (s)	7.5	6.5	6.9	. 7.5	6.5	6.9	41			4.1	-21	
	1.9	0.0	0.3	- 1.0		0.3	ar a la presente		ei    e e	4.1		
tC, 2 stage (s)	25	10				2.2	0.0	100	1.0	20		
tF (s)	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3	2.2		-	2.2		
00 queue free %	100	100	99	96	100	100	99			100		
cM capacity (veh/h)	125	96	567	134	97	615	768		-	843		
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB1	NB 1	NB 2	SB 1	SB 2					1	
/olume Total	6	7	385	389	581	293						
/olume Left	0	6	7	0	0	0						
/olume Right	6	1	0	12	0.	2						
SH	567	154	768	1700	1700	1700						
olume to Capacity	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.23	0.34	0.17				1-11	1 22 1 2	
Queue Length 95th (ft)	1	4	1	0	0	0						
Control Delay (s)	11.4	29.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0						
ane LOS	В	D	А									
pproach Delay (s)	11.4	29.4	0.2		0.0		nne mer en			C+854 3		
pproach LOS	B	D		ana santa	arten r		1.10.10.000					eno lo
itersection Summary	TO ACT	1.51.5	a later a		Sent 1	Marka S	16773		·	100 - 100	R.A.C	1
verage Delay		1353	0.2		a	0			4		-	
tersection Capacity Utilizat	ion		38.7%	ICU	Level of	Service	τ.		A			
nalysis Period (min)			15			1						

## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 207: US 101 & 10th St

	5	R	Ŷ	P	P	4	
Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	
Lane Configurations	M		谷谷			谷谷	
Volume (veh/h)	16	7	713	24	6	814	
Sign Control	Stop		Free			Free	
Grade	0%		0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	
Hourly flow rate (vph)	17	7	751	25	6	857	
Pedestrians			3 -			· · · ·	
Lane Width (ft)						E	
Walking Speed (ft/s)		-		-			
Percent Blockage							
Right turn flare (veh)							
Median type			None			None	
Median storage veh)			and a second			(II) (m) A	
Upstream signal (ft)						534	
pX, platoon unblocked							
vC, conflicting volume	1204	388	8 8		776		
vC1, stage 1 confvol		1.00					
vC2, stage 2 conf vol			(9)		100	3 (399-3)	(1) A state of the state of
vCu, unblocked vol	1204	388			776		and the second
tC, single (s)	6.8	6.9		1.000	4.1	ана в ја селота село Селота селота	an an international contract of the second
tC, 2 stage (s)		- 147 .	* = *		a i Haler	1. 19 (A) (A)	ter milikaatis est os sidem et elle tyt ynddy' ti
tF (s)	3.5	3.3	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	2.2	inite lette et	$\label{eq:product} \left\{ p_{i}(x) = p_{i}(x) + p_{i}(x) $
p0 queue free %	90	99	( <b>b</b> )=		99	(4.(4)))a	n e se sense non e se s
cM capacity (yeh/h)	175	611		14-	836	8 1 11 an 12 1	and an end of the second se
Direction, Lane #	WB'1	NB 1	NB 2	SB 1	SB 2		
Volume Total	24	500	275	292	571	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Volume Left				A 1 ( A)	0		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
in status which is a line of	17	0 0	0	6 0	S		
Volume Right cSH	7		25	128	1700		14 m
National Contraction of the Cont	224	1700 0.29	1700	836	1700		the second of the second
Volume to Capacity	0.11		0.16	0.01	0.34		$\label{eq:second} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{1} & e_{2} & e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{2} & e_{3} & e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{1} & e_{2} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{2} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{2} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{2} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{2} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{2} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{2} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{3} \\ \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}[c] e_{3} & e_{$
Queue Length 95th (ft)	9	0	0	1	0 0.0	e e parago	a a successive and a successive of the successive and the successive of the successive of the successive of the
Control Delay (s)	23.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	12	and a second
Lane LOS	C			A	مورد ما ا		and the second
Approach Delay (s) Approach LOS	23.0 C	0.0		0.1	in t there	(*	a an ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana an
Intersection Summary		<u></u>	19.2 <u>6</u> .5		M. Ja	1054	学校 网络拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉拉
Average Delay			0.4				
Intersection Capacity Utilization Analysis Period (min)	1		39.0% 15	IC	U Level o	f Service	A

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Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 6/27/2012

# HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 208: Winchester Ave & 10th St

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Movement Lane Configurations Volume (veh/h) Sign Control Grade Peak Hour Factor Hourly flow rate (vph)	EBL 8 0.85 9	EBT ≰î 297 Free 0% 0,90	WBT P 312 Free	WBR 16	SBL W	SBR	ان کار می در در این از این از می می ایند. این کار این
Lane Configurations Volume (veh/h) Sign Control Grade Peak Hour Factor	0.85	297 Free 0%	312 Free	16			
Volume (veh/h) Sign Control Grade Peak Hour Factor	0.85	297 Free 0%	312 Free	16			
Sign Control Grade Peak Hour Factor	0.85	Free 0%	Free		6	7	
Grade Peak Hour Factor		0%			Stop		
Peak Hour Factor			0%		0%		
		0.90	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85	
		330	347	19	7	8	(a) (a) (a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b
Pedestrians		000	011	10		9	
Lane Width (ft)							e esta arritere a car i a
Walking Speed (ft/s)							
Percent Blockage	2.240						(a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b
Right turn flare (veh)		NI	Mana				2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Vedian type		None	None				2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Median storage veh)							and a second second
Jpstream signal (ft)							a termine and the second
oX, platoon unblocked						100	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
C, conflicting volume	365				705	356	
C1, stage 1 conf vol							
C2, stage 2 conf vol	2 				-		and a start of the second second
Cu, unblocked vol	365				705	356	
C, single (s)	4.1		1. 241		6.4	6.2	Second seco
C, 2 stage (s)		3 57	!* -		7.55	- 104	and the second sec
<sup>2</sup> (s)	2.2	*			3.5	3.3	e e a la construcción de la constru La construcción de la construcción d
0 queue free %	99	ş	18	1.41	98	99	and the second second as a second
M capacity (veh/h)	1193	2			400	688	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
irection, Lane #	EB 1	WB.1	SB 1	Real Office	15	1	A CONTRACT OF A STATE
olume Total	339	365	15				a la transferia de la deserva de la seconda de la secon
olume Left	9	0	7				
olume Right	0	19	8	*			a second s
	1193	1700	516				1 m <sup>2</sup> 1 m 1 m 1 m m
olume to Capacity	0.01	0.21	0.03				
ueue Length 95th (ft)	1	0	2				(4) (1) (3) (4) (4) (4)
	0.3	1	12.2		1.14	1-	the state of the second second second
ontrol Delay (s)	144.4	0.0	11.24				$(2 \qquad -2) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) = 0 \qquad (12)$
ane LOS	A		B			342 •	
pproach Delay (s) pproach LOS	0.3	0.0	12.2 B	101	5 - 5 <b>7</b>		indefinite case summer $\alpha + \alpha  \hat{\alpha}^{-1} = - (\alpha  y m_{1} \lambda + y - z )$
tersection Summary		and the state	18. J.C.			12121	
verage Delay			0.4				
tersection Capacity Utilization	+ () +		34.0%	ICU	Level of	Service	(n - p + n) + 1 and $(n - n) + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1$
alysis Period (min)		**	15	100			and the second second
indigeneration (mini)	-		10				4 4 5 <del>8</del> 7.4

HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 209: E Railroad Ave & Winchester Ave

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	5	4	4	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	\$
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBI
Lane Configurations		ß			4						\$	
Volume (veh/h)	0	265	11	2	284	0	7	0	5	0	0	1
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	294	13	2	316	0	8	0	6	0	0	
Pedestrians		2.4										* x
Lane Width (ft)		1 1 1 1 1	*	(								
Walking Speed (ft/s)				-								
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)		35										
Median type		None			None						10,100	1.28
Median storage veh)	-				Hono						1 (2)(2)	10.81
Upstream signal (ft)					1.00						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	in the de
pX, platoon unblocked		2									2.8	10.000
vC, conflicting volume	316	100	en aproprie a	307			621	621	301	627	628	316
vC1, stage 1 conf vol	316	1.04.7		201			021	021	001	027	020	UIL
vC2, stage 2 conf vol	in the state	ar station	÷	64	8 X		(ditta				10000 1000	a a
vCu, unblocked vol	216		AL Test of	207	11 14 14		621	621	301	627	628	316
	316 4.1	e. + 1 + 1		307		1.1000	7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6,5	6.2
IC, single (s)	4.1	-	< 400.11 - 1.10	4.1			(.)	0.0	0.2	12	0,0	0.2
IC, 2 stage (s)						1100			ā a	25	10	
F (s)	2.2	1.4.0 (A)-	a accurate o	2.2		Section	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
0 queue free %	100	(2007-67) - N		100		anna an	98	100	99	100	100	100
cM capacity (veh/h)	1245			1253			399	403	739	392	399	725
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	SB 1		<u></u>			-	1 1.1			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
/olume Total	307	318	0	141 12 1							*	+
/olume Left	0	2	0		2					- 1		
/olume Right	13	0	0			1						
SH	1700	1253	1700									
/olume to Capacity	0.18	0.00	0.00									
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	0	0							E 2012		100
Control Delay (s)	0.0	0.1	0.0	• • • • •								36.01 -
ane LOS	• torr o chille ore	A	Α								24 24	8.0 mar 18
pproach Delay (s)	0.0	0.1	0.0		ALC: 1	nachterin an c		( n = 1 ( ) = 1	1.11		وسيده متحادات	1
Approach LOS	and the second state of a second		A	44-1	-				- Se - 1	3 - F	t print (California) in t	فنستم بالار
tersection Summary		1922	<u>al que y</u>	Real Providence	States.	19973	10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	6,222			and the second	
verage Delay	and the second se				attended to		47	1040 3.9	-			
AND THE PERSON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN			Err									
itersection Capacity Utiliza nalysis Period (min)	tion	• •	Err Err% 15	İČL	J Level of	Service			H.		ž.	

### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 210: Winchester Ave & W Railroad Ave

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A	->	V	1		Q.	7	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		4.			\$			\$			4.	
Volume (veh/h)	2	278	21	10	301	2	23	1	5	1	2	1
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.90	0,85	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	2	309	25	12	334	2	27	1	6	1	2	1
Pedestrians						× .						
Lane Width (ft)		*,		1								
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None			rideas)				
Median storage veh)		a la carda a										22.0
Upstream signal (ft)			**	1.0								10.00
pX, platoon unblocked												16 A.
vC, conflicting volume	337		4.4	334	990)		689	686	321	692	697	336
vC1, stage 1 conf vol										0.014		
vC2, stage 2 conf vol	in in	$(1,1,2,\dots,n) \in \mathbb{N}$		201 2	-		4	- 14	× -			
vCu, unblocked vol	337		1 T 1	334			689	686	321	692	697	336
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1		100	7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
C, 2 stage (s)			19 (F)		-41			0.0		- 19	0.0	
F (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
50 queue free %	100			99			92	100	99	100	99	100
M capacity (veh/h)	1222		-1,	1226			354	366	720	352	360	706
	Ref 12 and the second second second second	, 					504	500	120	302	300	100
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1		1- 1- T	<u> </u>		1		10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.5
/olume Total	336	349	34	6								
/olume Left	2	12	27	1								
/olume Right	25	2	6	2						a par		
SH	1222	1226	388	445								
olume to Capacity	0.00	0.01	0.09	0.01								
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	1	7	1								
Control Delay (s)	0.1	0.4	15.2	13.2	-	2.27						- 10-
ane LOS	A	A	C	В							00 00 - O	
pproach Delay (s)	0.1	0.4	15.2	13.2		and a state of the	5 T 24				estar, we have an o	
pproach LOS			C	В		-		-		er e-11 - 24 4	a se se la	
tersection Summary	Na u div	147.51	- 7+14 	ni 2 - Andre Ne ne state				1.34.1		(1): 1 <sup>a</sup>	N 12.5	12.14
verage Delay			1.0									
tersection Capacity Utilization	ation		36.8%	ICU	Level of	Service			A			1
nalysis Period (min)												

### HCM Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 211: US 101 & OR 38

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A	Å	V	5	$\triangleleft$	Q.	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ļ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	ÉBR	WBL.	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4		incometers.	\$		٩		1000000000	F.	谷	
Volume (vph)	68	53	102	372	53	0	89	321	13	169	330	63
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750
Total Lost time (s)		4.0		1986	4.0		4.0	5.0		4.0	5.0	
Lane Util. Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	0.95		1.00	0.95	
Frt		0.94		1.2	1.00		1.00	0.99		1.00	0.98	
Flt Protected		0.98		1	0.96		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		1586	10 44	1. 1.	1435	174) ·	1630	3040		1630	3008	1.1.1.2
Flt Permitted		0.96		1	0.96		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		1545	are the		1435		1630	3040		1630	3008	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	72	56	107	392	56	0	94	338	14	178	347	66
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	11	Ö
Lane Group Flow (vph)	Ö	212	0	0	448	0	94	350	Ó	178	402	Ő
Heavy Vehicles (%)	2%	2%	2%	19%	2%	2%	2%	9%	2%	2%	9%	2%
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Split	NA		Prot	NA	A	Prot	NA	
Protected Phases	1 onin	4		8	8		1	6		5	2	
Permitted Phases	4	- 7	0 21.40	····· ···		10.4	÷			0	-	
Actuated Green, G (s)		19.4	S 1844	al a la caractera	40.2	- 150(4)	10.1	20.3		16.3	26.5	* 1 mm 1
Effective Green, g (s)		19.4		(, a.e., a. ) +++ (a	40.2	*/=[***(======)*	10.1	20.3		16.3	26.5	2.5
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.17	in the second se	ar a n ( = 1 - 2 )	0.36		0.09	0.18		0.14	0.23	- 1.2
Clearance Time (s)		4.0	8 (* 187	i tall le	4.0		4.0	5.0	91 1	4.0	5.0	4 .
Vehicle Extension (s)		2.5	2 2 2	5 815 (M) ( 866)	2.5		2.5	6.1	4	2.5	6.1	- 4
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		265		A Concercion	510	and the second	145	545		235	704	<u> </u>
v/s Ratio Prot	5	200	an ( A) - y	eyel sheeter, i	c0.31	*	0.06	c0.11		c0.11	0.13	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.14	• • • •	-71	0.01		0.00			00.11	0.10	3.4
v/c Ratio		0.80		(é.	0.88		0.65	0.64	2	0.76	0.57	
Uniform Delay, d1		45.0			34.2		49.8	43.1		46.6	38.3	in production of the second se
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	- 1
Incremental Delay, d2		14.9			15.6		8.5	4.3		12.5	2.3	
Delay (s)		60.0			49.8		58.3	47.3		59.0	40.6	
Level of Service		E		12 X X 2	45.0 D		50.5 E	ч7.5 D		E E	D	1
Approach Delay (s)		60.0	t		49.8		-	49.7		1 1 × 1	46.1	
Approach LOS		E			D	1 11		D			D	10.00
ntersection Summary				1. 1. N. 1.	1.7864.5	1.5.8Vs.5	Sec.	1415	defe 1 z. l	Allah.	A.C.Y.	1961
ICM Average Control Delay	140	· · ·	49.9	HC	M Level	of Service	101 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11		D	Service -	a second	
ICM Volume to Capacity ratio		1.5	0.79	eynne steandaraan	n e en la region any fast an		er non e	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	सम्बद्ध व सम्बद्ध	• • • • • •	(8) 36443	n exempt
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	- 9.6	* * 11	113.2	Sur	n of lost	time (s)	ra a		17.0	a - a	Line as	es e T
ntersection Capacity Utilization			73.7%		J Level of		**************************************	1111 A	D		16 A 18 AM	• an - 4
Analysis Period (min)			15	1 -10-YR 11			1	** *	3	5 2 .51	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
Critical Lane Group	1.24		10 m		idal, jam					elada.	10000	6.61

c Critical Lane Group

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## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 212: Laurel Ave & OR 38

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	5	$\Diamond$	R	4	Ŷ	P	6	Å	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	ŚB
Lane Configurations		\$	194		4.			4			4	
Volume (veh/h)	4		0	7	604	1	0	0	1	1	0	
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	5	559	0	8	636	1	Ó	0	1	1	0	
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (ft)				0 X								
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (ft)												
oX, platoon unblocked												
VC, conflicting volume	637		21 0.04	559	( et et )	and the second second	1227	1222	559	1222	1221	63
C1, stage 1 conf vol												
C2, stage 2 conf vol			CHILLE PALL	1 million and a	* H * H 1014	1 2 m 2 m 2	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		4.11		· • • • • •	
/Cu, unblocked vol	637		içini a	559			1227	1222	559	1222	1221	63
C, single (s)	4.1		······································	4.1	antes e antes	State 1	7.1	6.6	6.2	7.1	6.7	6.2
C, 2 stage (s)	1 226-	*****		1			org - 10 01 14		140.00	A. 91.944		12 mil
F (s)	2.2	- 10		2.2	- 20 ja ja	-	3.5	4.1	3.3	3.5	4.2	3.3
0 queue free %	100	(9) (19)		99		+	100	100	100	99	100	99
M capacity (veh/h)	947	• ( *****	1. 444 10.1	1012			152	168	529	154	165	478
	EB 1	14/D*4	NB 1	SB 1		19.4 4 				101		
Virection, Lane #	564	WB 1 645	1	7							1.	14
olume Left	5	8	0	1	- 19		(a.)					
olume Right	0		1	6								
SH	947	1012	529	354			- C.					
olume to Capacity	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02		•					a	
olume to Capacity	· · · · · ·	0.01	0.00	2							-1	
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	0.2		15.4						29.0	a 10.4	a - 14 - 14
ontrol Delay (s)	0.1 A	· · · · · · ·	11.8	15.4 C	1.000	14.1 R.A						
ane LOS		A	B									
pproach Delay (s) pproach LOS	0.1	0.2	11.8 B	15.4 C		-		· + ·		1		
and the second				-								
tersection Summary	125.27	- 11. 	7 24				Stay of	Section 1	Electrica (		8. Alta	6.1
verage Delay		11 m. 24	0.3		يعاسب وساديهم		1		14.1		( . ex)	
tersection Capacity Utilizat	tion	4	19.5%	ICL	Level of	Service			A			

Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 6/27/2012

## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 213: Myrtle Ave & OR 38

2025 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	5	$\overline{\nabla}$	Q.	4	Ŷ	P	P	Ŷ	2
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBI
Lane Configurations		谷			Ą				F			
Volume (veh/h)	0	235	0	0	613	0	0	0	292	1	0	
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	276	0	0	645	0	0	0	307	1	0	
Pedestrians		102			1.42	3	243	i the state			8 ×	
Lane Width (ft)		.23			SEALURE	5 N.		1	1.10-2	a 1		
Walking Speed (ft/s)		4										
Percent Blockage				0 e	-							
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None		()	None			-				
Median storage veh)		None			NOTIC							
Upstream signal (ft)				Ť			10. ¥				ž ž	
pX, platoon unblocked								11 F				
vC, conflicting volume	645			276	11.0000	1.1.1	022	922	276	1229	922	645
vC1, stage 1 conf vol	040			270		×	923	924	210	1229	922	04.
vC2, stage 2 conf vol		a 149 a					14 m.14	4 in	(te) (0.1.)		<ul> <li>(a)(a)</li> </ul>	+
vCu, unblocked vol	CAE		4	070		(14.5	000	000	070	1000	000	CAR
tenter and finds and the second se	645	17-11		276	4)		923	922	276	1229	922	645
tC, single (s)	4.1	42 42		4.1	e na fe al a	an in	7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
iC, 2 stage (s)	ő ö		1.1	2.0								
tF (s)	2.2			2.2	1 .	1.4.164	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
pO queue free %	100			100			100	100	60	99	100	100
cM capacity (veh/h)	940			1286			250	270	762	92	270	472
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1				14 J 3	$\gamma(\gamma^*)$	11 14	1	
Volume Total	276	645	307	2								
Volume Left	0	0	0	1								
Volume Right	0	0	307	1								
SH	1700	1700	762	154								
/olume to Capacity	0.16	0.38	0.40	0.02	·i · ·		- 4					
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	0	49	1								
Control Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	12.9	28.7		101	1.1.1.1	ant in a start and	g(+ == + 1, 4 = - 1)	n level e	199 - 199	1
ane LOS	1.03.00	· · · · · · · ·	В	Ď			रहे जा विष्युत्तः	an en constan	ederlikeen in	12.412 - 22	A	
Approach Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	12.9	28.7					e (10 200 40) 22,00000 -	net ni ni Zui	- + - (.).e=(.e)   1	•
Approach LOS		18 O.O.	В	D	en (el	codes minera int	** 1 (***** Å *		*** * **	*****	+-)++(++)	ыс. 3 <del>4</del>
ntersection Summary.		(ANSI)	4.75	and the late	adar 1	-11-14-14-3 1-14-14-3	1 (25)	<u> </u>	24.35	Linger	1.17	1944
verage Delay	2	-	3.3									
ntersection Capacity Utilization		4	6.4%	ICU	Level of	Service			А			
nalysis Period (min)			15		• • • • •			1	A			

Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 6/27/2012

## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 201: Winchester Ave & OR 38

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	5	4	A.	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ą	1
Movement	EBL	EBT.	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4	7	M	ß			ép			4	
Volume (veh/h)	50	319	12	79	415	53	4	110	87	63	122	56
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.90	0.90	0.95	0.85	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	59	336	13	88	437	62	4	122	97	74	144	66
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (ft)											12	*
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None		-)1					
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (ft)			- (*)A		*							
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	499		0.02	349			1203	1128	336	1255	1110	468
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol				10 10		1.10	**(*) = = = = *	2 A.Y 24		1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1 (1.1	•• ÷	-7 1
vCu, unblocked vol	499			349	4.0		1203	1128	336	1255	1110	468
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1	1.121.1		7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)								Contra all'anna anna	and a solid black	4		
tF (s)	2.2		1	2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	94			93			90	31	86	0	22	89
cM capacity (veh/h)	1065			1199			46	178	704	52	183	595
Direction, Lane #	EB'1	EB 2 :	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1	1.12 <sup>-41</sup> .		1.1.1.1.1.1.	1. 1. 19	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	<u> </u>
Volume Total	395	13	88	499	223	284						
Volume Left	59	0	88	0	4	74				-		
Volume Right	0	13	0	62	97	66					1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
cSH	1065	1700	1199	1700	243	123						
Volume to Capacity	0.06	0.01	0.07	0.29	0.92	2.31	ere -90 1	Constant Marine	* **			í.
Queue Length 95th (ft)	4	0	6	0	200	611						
Control Delay (s)	1.8	0.0	8.2	0.0	82.2	671.5			4 41 - MA #			
Lane LOS	A		A		F	F						
Approach Delay (s)	1.7	1022. 1	1.2	9	82.2	671.5	• · · • · · · · · · · · ·		(1114) - F		-	
Approach LOS	2 2 8 M 12		5.8.80 "COM		F	F	na a n	in anna i an	1997 - Ywei Ywei Ing		1.1.64	10 A. A.
intersection Summary			1.11	ter e ana			4		1. I.A.		Frank	
Average Delay			139.9									
ntersection Capacity Utilization	n		88.5%	ICL	J Level o	f Service	1.41.4		Е		*.	2.4
Analysis Period (min)			15				10.00					
						17 8				A1.		

# HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 202: 3rd St & OR 38

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday FM Peak Hour

	A	$\rightarrow$	X	5		Ą.	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR.	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBI
Lane Configurations		\$			\$	5		\$			\$	
Volume (veh/h)	94	399	15	4	435	20	17	20	5	32	21	9
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop		-	Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	111	420	.18	5	458	24	20	24	6	38	25	10
Pedestrians									λ.			
Lane Width (ft)									· .			
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type	×	None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (ft)											ai ini-	1
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	481			438			1236	1141	429	1135	1126	458
vC1, stage 1 conf vol										(M)	1997 - 1997 1997 - 1997	1 Same
vC2, stage 2 conf vol				10								isteril e
vCu, unblocked vol	481	1	Y = 41 Y 4	438	2 1 0		1236	1141	429	1135	1126	458
C, single (s)	4.1	the left of	n a se caso	41			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)	at the second	45.43.64.94.00	18 N. 198							a (activa)	(a) in second (	*) (s) ( *** ) ** (
F (s)	2.2	13.445.9	a constructions	2.2	1		3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
00 queue free %	90			100			81	87	99	74	87	82
cM capacity (veh/h)	1081	e esta e sua.	an an a'	1122			104	179	626	147	183	603
Direction, Lane #	EB1	WB 1	WB 2.	NB 1	- SB 1, -	an the second	Transfer and an		nex (	1		1221
/olume Total	548	463	24	49	168					- Contract		
/olume Left	111	5	0	20	38							
/olume Right	18	0	24	6	106							
SH	1081	1122	1700	149	297							
olume to Capacity	0.10	0.00	0.01	0.33	0.57	<i>b</i> .			2.			
Queue Length 95th (ft)	9	0	• 0	34	81							
Control Delay (s)	2.7	0.1	0.0	40.9	31.8							
ane LOS	A	A		E	D		1		1.5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	** ***=E	
pproach Delay (s)	2.7	0.1	2.4	40.9	31.8			26-8	* * * *			
pproach LOS			1.000 M.0000	E	D				11 A 44			
itersection Summary				6 64. <sup>2</sup> .			•					
verage Delay			7.1						1			
ntersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		74.7%	ICI	J Level of	Service	4		D			3
nalysis Period (min)			15									131

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## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 203: 6th St & OR 38

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Movement         EBT         EBR         WBL         WBL         NBL         NBR           Lane Configurations         \$p         4         \$pd			V	5	\$	4	P	
Lane Configurations       Image: Step Step Step Step Step Step Step Step	nent	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR	
Volume (veh/h)     509     29     9     598     16     15       Sign Control     Free     Stop     Free     Stop       Grade     0%     0%     0%       Peak Hour Factor     0.95     0.85     0.85     0.85     0.85       Hourly flow rate (vph)     536     34     11     629     19     18       Pedestrians     Lane Width (ft)     Walking Speed (ft/s)     Percent Blockage     Right turn flare (veh)       Median storage veh)     Upstream Signal (ft)     None     None       Ac, conflicting volume     570     1203     553       C/C1, stage 1 conf vol     C/C2, stage 2 conf vol     C/C2, stage 2 conf vol       C/C2, stage 2 conf vol     570     1203     553       C/C3, stage 1 conf vol     570     1203     553       C/C4, stage 2 conf vol     570     1203     553       C/C4, stage 1 conf vol     570     1203     553       C/C4, stage 1 conf vol     570     1203     553       C/C4, stage 2 conf vol     570     1203     553       C/C4, stage 1 conf vol     570     1203     553       C/C4, stage 1 conf vol     570     1203     553       O queue free %     99     91     97 <td></td> <td>ß</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>â</td> <td>M</td> <td></td> <td></td>		ß			â	M		
Sign Control         Free         Free         Stop           Grade         0%         0%         0%         0%           Peak Hour Factor         0.95         0.85         0.95         0.85         0.85           Hourly flow rate (vph)         536         34         11         629         19         13           Pedestrians         Image: Stop         16         629         19         13           Perdestrians         Image: Stop         11         629         19         13           Perdestrians         Image: Stop         None         None         None           Median storage veh)         Valians         None         None         None           Median storage veh)         Valians         570         1203         553           C2, stage 1 conf vol         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap           C3, stage 1 conf vol         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap           C4, stage 1 conf vol         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap           C4, stage 1 conf vol         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap         Image: Stap           <			29	9			15	
Grade         0%         0%         0%         0%           Peak Hour Factor         0.95         0.85         0.95         0.85         0.85           Hourty flow rate (vph)         536         34         11         629         19         13           Pedestrians         Lane Width (ft)         Walking Speed (ft/s)         Percent Blockage         Right turn flare (veh)         None         None           Median storage veh)         Upstream signal (ft)         None         None         Velockage           C2, stage 2 conf vol         .         .         .         .         .           V2, stage 2 conf vol         .         .         .         .         .         .           C2, stage 2 conf vol         .         .         .         .         .         .         .           C2, stage 2 conf vol         .						Stop		
Peak Hour Factor       0.95       0.85       0.95       0.85       0.85         Hourly flow rate (vph)       536       34       11       629       19       18         Pedestrians       Lane Width (ft)       Walking Speed (ft/s)       Percent Blockage       Right um flare (veh)       None       None         Median type       None       None       None       More       None         Median storage veh)       Upstream signal (ft)       Xx, platoon unblocked       ZC, singt 2 conf vol       ZC2, stage 2 conf vol       ZC		0%			0%			1 I I
Pedestrians         Lane Width (ft)         Walking Speed (ft/s)         Percent Blockage         Right turn flare (veh)         Median storage veh)         Upstream isinginal (ft)         oX, platoon unblocked         //C, conflicting volume       570         //C, stage 1 conf vol         //C2, stage 2 conf vol         //C2, stage 2 conf vol         //C2, stage 2 conf vol         //C1, stage 1 conf vol         //C2, stage 2 conf vol         //C2, stage 3         F (s)       2.2         0 queue free %       99         99       91         97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003         1003       201         533         Direction; Lane #       EB1         VB1       NB1         /olume Total       570         640       36         folume toft       0         0       11         19       19         /olume Right       34       0         8H       1700       103         SH       0       1         outme to Capacity       0.3       19.3	four Factor		0.85	0.85			0.85	
Pedestrians         Lane Widh (ft)         Walking Speed (ft/s)         Percent Blockage         Right turn flare (veh)         Median storage veh)         Upstream isinginal (ft)         DX, platoon unblocked         /Cc, conflicting volume       570         /C2, stage 1 conf vol         /C2, stage 2 conf vol         /C2, stage 1 conf vol         /C1, stage 1 conf vol         /C2, stage 1 conf vol         /C2, stage (s)         F (s)       2.2         0 queue free %       99         99       91         97       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003         1003       201         533       533         Direction; Lane #       EB1         WB1       NB 1         Yolume Right       34       0         Nontel Delay (s)       0.01       0.13         yueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1         Yolume Right       0.	flow rate (vph)		34	11	629	19	18	1.3.2
Walking Speed (ft/s)         Percent Blockage         Right turn flare (veh)         Median storage veh)         Upstream signal (ft)         X, platoon unblocked         G, conflicting volume       570         VC1, stage 1 conf vol         VC2, stage 2 conf vol         VC2, stage 2 conf vol         VC2, stage 2 conf vol         VC2, unblocked vol       570         V 20       553         C, stage (s)         F (s)       2.2         Stage (s)         F (s)       2.2         O queue free %       99         99       91         M cepacity (veh/h)       1003         1003       201         Stage (s)       570         F (s)       2.2         3.3       0         Olqueue free %       99         91       97         M cepacity (veh/h)       1003         1003       201         533       533         Virrection, Lane #       EB1         VB1       NB 1         Volume Total       570         640       36         Olume Right       34								
Walking Speed (ft/s)         Percent Blockage         Right turn flare (veh)         Wedian storage veh)         Jpstream signal (ft)         X, platon unblocked         C, conflicting volume       570         C2, stage 2 conf vol         C2, stage 2 conf vol         C2, stage 2 conf vol         C2, stage 3         C3, stage 1 conf vol         C4, unblocked vol         Single (s)         C4, stage 1 conf vol         C5, stage 2 conf vol         C2, stage 2 conf vol         C2, stage 2 conf vol         C2, stage 3         F (s)       2.2         3.3         0 queue free %         99       91         M cepacity (veh/h)       1003         1003       201         533         Vincetion, Lane #       EB1         WB1       NB1         folume Total       570         640       36         folume to Capacity       0.34         0.1       1         19       10         04ume to Capacity       0.34         0.0       0.3         104       0 <t< td=""><td>Vidth (ft)</td><td>- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>an a share a</td></t<>	Vidth (ft)	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1						an a share a
Percent Blockage       None       None         Right furn flare (veh)       None       None         Median storage veh)       Upstream signal (ft)       Different signal (ft)         DX, platoon unblocked       570       1203       553         C1, stage 1 conf vol       570       1203       553         C2, stage 1 conf vol								
Right turn flare (veh)       None       None         Median storage veh)       Jpstream signal (ft)       X, platoon unblocked         XC, conflicting volume       570       1203       553         CC, stage 1 conf vol								
Wedian type         None         None           Viedian storage veh)         Jpstream signal (it)         Jpstream signal (it)           DX, platoon unblocked         C, conflicting volume         570         1203         553           C1, stage 1 conf vol								
Wedian storage veh)       Jpstream signal (ft)         XX, platoon unblocked       570       1203       553         C1, stage 1 conf vol       62       570       1203       553         C2, stage 2 conf vol       70       1203       553         Cu, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         C, stage 1 conf vol       70       1203       553         Cu, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         C, stage (s)       7       640       62         F (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         O queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Virection, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         olume Total       570       640       36         olume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C         opproach L		Vone		~	None			
Jpstream signal (ft)         xX, platoon unblocked         CC, conflicting volume       570       1203       553         C1, stage 1 conf vol         C2, stage 2 conf vol       -       -         C4, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         C, single (s)       4.1       6.4       6.2         C, 2 stage (s)       -       -       -         F (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         0 queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB1       WB 1       NB 1         'olume Total       570       640       36         olume Left       0       11       19         olume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       -         pproach LOS       C       C		22/63						
DX, platoon unblocked       570       1203       553         CC, conflicting volume       570       1203       553         CQ, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         Cu, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         C, single (s)       4.1       6.4       6.2         C, 2 stage (s)       553       6.3       6.3         F (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3       0         0 queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         Yolume Total       570       640       36         Yolume Left       0       11       19         Yolume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         Yolume Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         Yolume Left       0.0       0.3       19.3								
IC, conflicting volume       570       1203       553         IC1, stage 1 conf vol       IC2, stage 2 conf vol       IC2, stage 2 conf vol         IC2, stage 2 conf vol       570       1203       553         C, single (s)       4.1       6.4       6.2         C, 2 stage (s)       IC2       3.5       3.3         F (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         O queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         Volume Total       570       640       36         Iolume Left       0       11       19         Iolume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         Iolume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       C         pproach LOS       C       C								and the second second
C1, stage 1 conf vol         C2, stage 2 conf vol         Cu, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         C, single (s)       4.1       6.4       6.2         C, 2 stage (s) $F(s)$ 2.2       3.5       3.3         0 queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Virection, Lane #:       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         Volume Total       570       640       36         olume Total       570       640       36         olume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       C         pproach LOS       C       C				570		1203	553	i a a state of a state of the s
C2, stage 2 conf vol       570       1203       553         Cu, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         C, single (s)       4.1       6.4       6.2         C, 2 stage (s)       7       7       7         F (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         0 queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         Yolume Total       570       640       36         Yolume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       C         pproach LoS       C       C         tersection Summary       C       C				010		1200	000	in a set of the set of
Cu, unblocked vol       570       1203       553         C, single (s)       4.1       6.4       6.2         C, 2 stage (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         O queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         Volume Total       570       640       36         olume Left       0       11       19         olume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       C         opproach Lols       C       C       C         opproach LOS       C       C       C		interior i			-			- $        -$
C: single (s)       4.1       6.4       6.2         C: 2 stage (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         O queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #:       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         Volume Total       570       640       36         o'olume Left       0       11       19         o'olume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         opproach Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3		46.6.6	255	570		1203	553	and the state of t
C, 2 stage (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         O queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         /olume Total       570       640       36         /olume Left       0       11       19         /olume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         /olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       C         pproach LOS       C       C	and all a comment of large 1 is seen a							
F (s)       2.2       3.5       3.3         00 queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         /olume Total       570       640       36         /olume Left       0       11       19         /olume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         olume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       C         pproach LOS       C       C		(441-94) Te		4.1		0.4	0,2	See a set of a part of the property of the set of the set of
00 queue free %       99       91       97         M capacity (veh/h)       1003       201       533         Direction, Lane #       EB 1       WB 1       NB 1         Yolume Total       570       640       36         Yolume Left       0       11       19         Yolume Right       34       0       18         SH       1700       1003       288         Yolume to Capacity       0.34       0.01       0.13         ueue Length 95th (ft)       0       1       11         ontrol Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         ane LOS       A       C       C         pproach Delay (s)       0.0       0.3       19.3         pproach LOS       C       C	19e (s)			22		25	22	الاستعادية والمتعالية المعادية المتعادية
M capacity (veh/h)         1003         201         533           Direction, Lane #         EB 1         WB 1         NB 1           Yolume Total         570         640         36           Yolume Left         0         11         19           Yolume Right         34         0         18           SH         1700         1003         288           Yolume to Capacity         0.34         0.01         0.13           ueue Length 95th (ft)         0         1         11           ontrol Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           ane LOS         A         C           pproach Delay (s)         0.0         0.3           pproach LOS         C	in from 0/		$\tau = \sigma$			1 1 4 5 7 5		y in the solution proves the state of the solution of the solu
Direction, Lane #         EB 1         WB 1         NB 1           /olume Total         570         640         36           /olume Left         0         11         19           /olume Right         34         0         18           SH         1700         1003         288           /olume to Capacity         0.34         0.01         0.13           tueue Length 95th (ft)         0         1         11           control Delay (s)         0.00         0.3         19.3           ane LOS         A         C           pproach Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           pproach LOS         C         C		a la e	100		+			we assume a subscription of the second state
Yolume Total         570         640         36           Yolume Left         0         11         19           Yolume Right         34         0         18           SH         1700         1003         288           Yolume to Capacity         0.34         0.01         0.13           ueue Length 95th (ft)         0         1         11           ontrol Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           ane LOS         A         C           pproach Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           optroach LOS         C         C	THE REPORT OF A DECK	******		04 44 9444	a an	201		a de la companya de La companya de la comp
olume Left         0         11         19           olume Right         34         0         18           SH         1700         1003         288           olume to Capacity         0.34         0.01         0.13           ueue Length 95th (ft)         0         1         11           ontrol Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           ane LOS         A         C           oproach Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           oproach LOS         C         C					10		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
olume Right         34         0         18           SH         1700         1003         288           olume to Capacity         0.34         0.01         0.13           ueue Length 95th (ft)         0         1         11           ontrol Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           ane LOS         A         C           oproach Delay (s)         0.0         0.3           oproach LOS         C		20.00						
SH     1700     1003     288       olume to Capacity     0.34     0.01     0.13       ueue Length 95th (ft)     0     1     11       ontrol Delay (s)     0.0     0.3     19.3       ane LOS     A     C       oproach Delay (s)     0.0     0.3       oproach LOS     C								a state and an array of the
olume to Capacity         0.34         0.01         0.13           iueue Length 95th (ft)         0         1         11           ontrol Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           ane LOS         A         C           pproach Delay (s)         0.0         0.3         19.3           optroach LOS         C         C           tersection Summary         C         C			and the second second				1	
ueue Length 95th (ft) 0 1 11 ontrol Delay (s) 0.0 0.3 19.3 ane LOS Â C oproach Delay (s) 0.0 0.3 19.3 oproach LOS C tersection Summary								
ontrol Delay (s) 0.0 0.3 19.3 ane LOS A C oproach Delay (s) 0.0 0.3 19.3 oproach LOS C tersection Summary	to Capacity 0	0.34	0.01					and the second second
ane LOS A C pproach Delay (s) 0.0 0.3 19.3 pproach LOS C tersection Summary	ength 95th (ft)							
pproach Delay (s) 0.0 0.3 19.3 pproach LOS C tersection Summary		0.0	0.3	19.3				the second second second second
pproach LOS C tersection Summary								
pproach LOS C tersection Summary	h Delay (s)	0.0	0.3	19.3				
	h LOS		1000	С				
	ion Summary	1.1.1.2		3.37	N. Y.	1997	1.1.1.1	
U.				0.7				
tersection Capacity Utilization 52.0% ICU Level of Service A		19		52.0%	icu	Level of	Service	A

### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 204: OR 38 & E Railroad Ave

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

		A	$\rightarrow$	V	5		2	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	1
Movement		EBL	EBT	ËBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations			\$			\$			4			4	
Volume (veh/h)		27	538		3	613	1	5	0	0	0	0	40
Sign Control			Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade			0%		5	0%		13 (A)	0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor		0.95	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)		28	566	9	4	645	1	6	0	0	0	0	47
Pedestrians				1.04								÷	
Lane Width (ft)				10. EL									
Walking Speed (fl/s)												200 200.9	
Percent Blockage		9.5											
Right turn flare (veh)													
Median type			None			None							
Median storage veh)				-							100		
Upstream signal (ft)			1.1.1			-	0.0				1-1		
pX, platoon unblocked			11. ž. i				- a; -	- UNERS				5 5 5 5 5 S	2
vC, conflicting volume		646			576			1328	1281	571	1281	1285	646
vC1, stage 1 confvol					()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()()	(1.4.4.) (							1.1
vC2, stage 2 conf vol				the band of		*** · ~ · · · · · · · · · · · ·						****	
vCu, unblocked vol		646			576			1328	1281	571	1281	1285	646
IC, single (s)		4.1			4.1		****	7.1	65	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)						and the second			e en e		464 4.54		
tF (s)		2.2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.2		1. 1.	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %		97			100			95	100	100	100	100	90
cM capacity (veh/h)		939			998	and test		116	160	520	139	159	472
Direction, Lane #	123	EB 1	WB 1	NB1	SB1					1			6000
Volume Total		604	650	6 6	47		and the second	* 12 5 5 5					
Volume Left		28	4	6	0								
Volume Right		9	1	0	47				-				
cSH		939	998	116	472								
Volume to Capacity		0.03	0.00	0.05	0.10								
Queue Length 95th (ft)		2	0	4	8								
Control Delay (s)	,	0.8	0.1	37.7	13.5								
Lane LOS		A	А	E	В								
Approach Delay (s)		0.8	0.1	37.7	13.5		(a) <sup>2</sup>	Carl					
Approach LOS				E	В								
Intersection Summary	19	1. 194.7	1 1.1		14.3	0.4.26	124.35	Contrad St.	<u>.</u>	12.21.24		1444	
Average Delay				1.1									
Intersection Capacity Utili	zation	1- 1-	1.9 m 4.mm m	63.4%	IC	U Level of	Service	11.22 3		В			1. I.
Analysis Period (min)				15		10 18 C 1							
						2					12		*1270   15 I
	10.127		21.7. 2	3.3 11							10 - H-	m)	1

Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 6/27/2012

Synchro 8 - Report Page 4

### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 205: W Railroad Ave & OR 38

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		N	5	\$	A	1	Ŷ	P	12	Ŷ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBI
Lane Configurations		ŵ			\$			44			\$	
Volume (veh/h)	0	556	12	13	646	3	5	1	13	4	3	
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%	•		0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.8
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	585	14	15	680	4	6	1	15	5	4	
Pedestrians	~ ~			-le	144. 8							
Lane Width (ft)	43. A.			3	1.24				×.			
Walking Speed (ft/s)	10 A											
Percent Blockage		8 8 8										
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)		Hono			TIGING							
Upstream signal (ft)												
pX, platoon unblocked		÷	194111	*	(4) (4)							
vC, conflicting volume	684	2 - W	3.51.71	599	897	1. <u>199</u>	1310	1306	592	1321	1312	682
vC1, stage 1 conf vol	004			000			1010	1000	002	1021	1012	002
C2, stage 2 conf vol				5 5 5 1	41. 199	6 mm + 1	1.5.00					
VCu, unblocked vol	684	4.7. IALA 4004		599	the base	e maint	1310	1306	592	1321	1312	682
industrial of anisotic state and a line of a line of a line of a	4.1	(i) (i) = (i) (i)		4.1	•	mail him get a	7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
C, single (s)	44.1				a si di	est site	··· ···	0.0	0.2	1.1	0.0	0.2
C, 2 stage (s)	2.2	* A.	-	22		er. Compa	3.5	10	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
F (s)		4.45	<i>w</i>	2.2 98	1947 - 1944 1947 - 1944	a second a second	96	4.0 99	97	96	4.0 98	99
0 queue free %	100	4. 40		978							156	
M capacity (veh/h)	910		in the second second				131	157	506	127	100	450
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB-1	SB 1			2.271.0	4	1.1	1		12 14
/olume Total	599	699	22	12 5		4						
/olume Left	0	15	6									
/olume Right	14	4	15	4								
SH	910	978	271	175	-							
olume to Capacity	0.00	0.02	0.08	0.07								
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	1	7	5								
Control Delay (s)	0.0	0.4	19.5	27.1								
ane LOS	1.2. (0.192	A	С	D						1.1.1		
pproach Delay (s)	0.0	0.4	19.5	27.1	Contract of the Party of the Pa	• ·		· · ·		+* N 1. H		
pproach LOS	and show that that many a	and the second second second	С	D				1.1.1.10		*		
tersection Summary	·		32610		1-215	191.23			الدرير ا	100	194.4	17
verage Delay			0.8									
tersection Capacity Utilization	on		58.4%	ICU	Level of	Service		• • • •	B			
nalysis Period (min)	S 5 55 5		15	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	* 100 S. S. S. S.	10 2						

## HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 206: US 101 & Laurel Ave

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

		A	$\rightarrow$	V	5		R	4	Ŷ	P	6	ł	4
Movement		EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configur	rations		\$			୍ଦିକ	-		\$P			谷谷	
Volume (veh/h	n)	0	0	5	5	0	1	8	781	11	Ō	903	1
Sign Control			Stop			Stop			Free			Free	
Grade			0%		-10 I.e.	0%			0%	1		0%	
Peak Hour Fa	ctor	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.95	0.85	0.95	0.95	0.85
Hourly flow rat	te (vph)	0	0	6	6	Ō	1	8	822	13	0	951	4
Pedestrians													
Lane Width (ft	)												-
Walking Spee	d (fl/s)		12										
Percent Block							C COMPC TH						
Right turn flare													
Median type	· · ·			i tei	*				None			None	
Median storag	e veh)								18 9 18 1 K 1	1.141			
Upstream sign						1.08		500		(4)		398	
oX, platoon un								-					
vC, conflicting		1381	1804	477	1327	1799	418	954			835		
/C1, stage 1 c		1001	1001	1.000		1100	110		10.4.9		000		
C2, stage 2 c					270 T	n 195			and the second second	* E *	10.0000.0	+	
Cu, unblocke		1381	1804	477	1327	1799	418	954			835	11.1.1	(9) (A)
C, single (s)		75	6.5	6.9	7.5	6.5	6.9	4.1		-	4.1	5+1 ×	84
C, 2 stage (s)	ery 200		-1 y-1	history and			And Saltin of	Tel	electric Server in		- 14 A		a server a s
F (s)		3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3	2.2	1 → m = f = (m→1)		2.2	6 a 14	
0 queue free	0/_	100	100	99	95	100	100	99		e se	100	e 11	$AF_{i}=0.175$
M capacity (ve		102	78	534	111	78	584	716	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the form	794		8.16,
of how the second of a				a (#. 198.)s		the sector as that more	a the newspace.	110	and a second			- 11 EAL - 14	; ******
Direction, Lane	#	EB 1	WB1	NB 1	NB 2	SB1	SB 2		14 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1. 19 a. 19	114440	<u>i</u>
*** ***** * * * * ***		6		419	424	634	320			× *			
/olume Left		. 0	6	8	0	. 0	0						
/olume Right		6	1	0	13	0							
SH	····· ·	534	129	716	1700	1700	1700		1.1.1.1				
olume to Cap		0.01	0.05	0.01	0.25	0.37	0.19		47 1 Koma	a			
Queue Length		1	4	1	0	0	0			- 14			- 10-1
Control Delay (	s)	11.8	34.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	(a) = 164			1.124		
ane LOS	A PARA IN TURCH	В	D	A									
pproach Delay	y (s)	11.8	34.6	0.2		0.0			5 . E				
pproach LOS		В	D										
ntersection Sur	mmary	<u> </u>											$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1+\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
verage Delay				0.3						et as			
ntersection Ca		tion		41.5%	ICL	J Level of	Service	-		A			
nalysis Period	(min)			15	Contra de la	and the state of the	and the second second						

### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 207: US 101 & 10th St

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	5	. 4	· Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	
Movement	WBI	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	<ul> <li>Communication of the second state /li></ul>
Lane Configurations	Y		谷珍			谷	
Volume (veh/h)	17			27	7	887	
Sign Control	Stop	)	Free		1.1	Free	
Grade	0%		0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	
Hourly flow rate (vph)	18	8 8	818	28	7	934	
Pedestrians							
Lane Width (ft)							
Walking Speed (ft/s)				-			
Percent Blockage							
Right turn flare (veh)							
Median type			None			None	
Median storage veh)							
Upstream signal (ft)						534	
pX, platoon unblocked							
vC, conflicting volume	1314	423			846		
vC1, stage 1 conf vol							
vC2, stage 2 conf vol			-				
vCu, unblocked vol	1314	423			846		
tC, single (s)	6.8	6.9	-		4.1		
tC, 2 stage (s)							
tF (s)	3.5	3.3			2.2		
p0 queue free %	88	99	0.0		99		
cM capacity (veh/h)	148	579			786		and a second
Direction, Lane #	WB.1	NB 1	NB 2	SB 1	SB 2 :		and the second
Volume Total	26	545	301	319	622		in the second
Volume Left	18	0	0	. 7	0		
Volume Right	8	0	28	0	0		
cSH	195	1700	1700	786	1700		
Volume to Capacity	0.14	0.32	0.18	0.01	0.37		
Queue Length 95th (ft)	11	0	. 0	1	0		and and a second se
Control Delay (s)	26.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	And the street	a serie a serie a serie a
Lane LOS	D			А			
Approach Delay (s)	26.4	0.0	1.1	0.1			and the second sec
Approach LOS	D						The Lorent ender the second
Intersection Summary		125-1	÷	1.51	1.200	(J. 18.	
Average Delay			0.4				Calley second of a state of second of a
Intersection Capacity Utilization	1		41.9%	ICI	J Level of	Service	A
Analysis Period (min)			15				
					_		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

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### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 208: Winchester Ave & 10th St

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

Movement Lane Configurations Volume (veh/h) Sign Control	EBL 9 0.85	EBT ¢î 314 Free	₩BT Î> 330	WBR	SBL	SBR	1 (3) (3 - 3 - 6) = 0 (3 - 5) (40)
Lane Configurations Volume (veh/h)		314			bet		
					PA.		
Sign Control	0.85	Free		17	7	8	
	0.85		Free		Stop		
Grade	0.85	0%	0%		0%		
Peak Hour Factor		0.90	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85	
Hourly flow rate (vph)	11	349	367	20	8	9	1970
Pedestrians							
Lane Width (ft)							
Walking Speed (fl/s)							
Percent Blockage							
Right turn flare (veh)							
Median type		None	None				
Median storage veh)		11-11-0					
Upstream signal (ft)							- AND A LOW TO A REAL OF
pX, platoon unblocked							
vC, conflicting volume	387				747	377	
vC1, stage 1 confvol	001				1.41	011	
vC2, stage 2 confvol			1.2				
vCu, unblocked vol	387	9.9.000	100	-	747	377	
tC, single (s)	4.1				6.4	6.2	Product and the registration of the rest o
tČ, 2 stage (s)	T.1		-777	12 1 22 1		0.2	a service and a service and
tF (s)	2.2	er 6	1.0		3.5	3.3	<ul> <li>The second s</li></ul>
p0 queue free %	99	2.1.2	a strat		98	99	an an ann allan ann an an Ar
	1172				377	670	
cM capacity (veh/h)					211	9	
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1.	SB 1		#	1.11	
Volume Total	359	387	18				a server a
Volume Left	11	0	8				
Volume Right	0	20	9				
cSH	1172	1700	492				terana terana di terana di
Volume to Capacity	0.01	0.23	0.04				and the second se
Queue Length 95th (ft)	1	0	3				
Control Delay (s)	0.3	0.0	12.6				a second se
_ane LOS	A		В			-	a - 11 Da marga, bi waala a waa tarr
Approach Delay (s)	0.3	0.0	12.6	ante	e de la caractería		
Approach LOS			В				
ntersection Summary	्रहरत	4. 7.2	法财产	(*	1200		
Average Delay			0.4				110 12
ntersection Capacity Utilization			35.8%	ICL	Level of	Service	A
Analysis Period (min)			15				

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HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 209: E Railroad Ave & Winchester Ave

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		V	5	$\Rightarrow$	A.	P	Ŷ	P	6	Ŷ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		ß			र्ल						4	
Volume (veh/h)	0	279	.12	3	299	0	8	Ö	5	0	0	C
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	310	14	4	332	0	9	0	6	0	0	0
Pedestrians		5 200	a <sup>212</sup>					1				
Lane Width (ft)		A.5	-				-	1 1 1	10	* 13.891	b (j) a character	1.2
Walking Speed (ft/s)								1. + . +t.				
Percent Blockage						~			1 7 1			
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type	1.4 (A) = (A = 1)	None	2		None			e 41=-			i de les la	+
Median storage veh)	A.1	None			NOTIC			1 X -	1		) • • •	( stant)
Upstream signal (ft)	10 H	÷ .	22.2	1.10			8 6 10			4 . 1.15 <del>1</del>		
pX, platoon unblocked								- 11-	(m. 1977)			1. 1997
C, conflicting volume	332		e	324		10	656	656	317	662	663	332
C1, stage 1 conf vol	002			524			000	000	311	002	003	552
a provide a first an			14 24				a			a la magai	en (101 mm/100 m	
/C2, stage 2 conf vol		a		204			CEC	CEC	047	000	000	200
the state what he was an ended and and a state in the second state of the second state	332 4.1		$\ -\bar{v}(-\bar{v})-\bar{v}\rangle$	324 4.1	- X		656	656	317	662	663	332
C, single (s)		e i de	10.0	4.1		5 4	7.1	6.5	6.2		6.5	6.2
C, 2 stage (s)												
F (s)	2.2	~		2.2	100		3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
0 queue free %	100			100	4.1		98	100	99	100	100	100
M capacity (veh/h)	1227			1236	1.17 1.72	100	378	384	723	371	380	709
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	SB 1						And the second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5-11-	
olume Total	324	336	0							14 N		1
olume Left	0	4	0				1.4 . 4.4			-		
olume Right	14	0	0			2						
SH	1700	1236	1700		24.6.74							
olume to Capacity	0.19	0.00	0.00					A				Sec. 1
lueue Length 95th (ft)	0	0	0	10.00				A 100 A				
ontrol Delay (s)	0.0	0.1	0.0	o na ev			A 8					
ane LOS		A	А									
pproach Delay (s) pproach LOS	0.0	0.1	0.0 A	1				100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 -			na kanalaran ja sa	
tersection Summary	and the second	101.59	A. 26 2 144	······································			10 - 12 4	3 - 1 - 5 - 5	11.1.1.T.T	······	L.M. S.A.	10.00
verage Delay	1967 B. 196	1454 B. 191	Err	- 35 triz 132	1.2.96.96.2	1929 - <u>19</u> -1929	elva hijihtti	1	1	Y. Servia	1997 - 1997	2 - 2 - 1
tersection Capacity Utilizatio	n		Err%	ïcu	Level of	Service		e sere e p	- н	41	8,8 99 (8) (8	
nalysis Period (min)	· · ·			100	Level UI	Cervice	n	11(914-134)	. Here			
alysis Feliou (min)	6 A. 1	(a)	15	3	÷ (3)					10	14	
5 S.					1 3		0	4.1				

HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis	
210: Winchester Ave & W Railroad Ave	

	A		V	5	₽ 	4	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ą	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		\$			4			(i)			els.	
Volume (veh/h)	3	294	23	11	318	3	25	1	5	1	3	3
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.90	, 0.85	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	4	327	27	13	353	4	29	1	6	1	4	4
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (ft)						-						
Walking Speed (fl/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)										-		
Upstream signal (ft)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	357			354			734	730	340	735	742	355
vC1, stage 1 confvol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol		- 1							- 1			المد داد دما
vCu, unblocked vol	357			354	and t		734	730	340	735	742	355
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6,5	6.2
1C, 2 stage (s)				1 F					* 10 F.		1	
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	100			99	-		91	100	99	100	99	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	1202		-	1205	39.		328	344	702	328	339	689
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB1	NB 1	SB 1	19 M 12		12.2	1.1	- -			- 1 (1) - 1
Volume Total	357	370	36	8								and an
Volume Left	4	13	29	1								
Volume Right	27	4	6	4								
cSH	1202	1205	360	431								
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.01	0.10	0.02								
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	1	8	1								
Control Delay (s)	0.1	0.4	16.1	13.5				-				
Lane LOS	А	A	С	В								
Approach Delay (s)	0.1	0.4	16.1	13.5			** ** * *	2.2.5	Parts -	-	स्थातः च सारण्ड २.२	I
Approach LOS			C	В			19.1				-11	105 C
Intersection Summary				14 : KAN	7.72			1922			1110	1
Average Delay			1.1									
Intersection Capacity Utilization												
Analysis Period (min)	n		40.1%	ICL	J Level of	Service			A	· · · ·		1

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#### HCM Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 211: US 101 & OR 38

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	. A	->	V	1	4	4	4	Ŷ	P	6	$\downarrow$	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4		5	谷谷		5	谷谷	
Volume (vph)	70	54	107	408	54	0	92	352	15	174	363	64
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750	1750
Total Lost time (s)		4.0			4.0		4.0	5.0		4.0	5.0	
Lane Util. Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	0.95		1.00	0.95	
Frt		0.94			1.00		1.00	0.99		1.00	0.98	
Flt Protected		0.99			0.96		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		1584			1432	18. (8.54)	1630	3040		1630	3011	
Flt Permitted		0.96			0.96		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		1548			1432		1630	3040		1630	3011	1.1.1
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	74	.57	113	429	57	0	97	371	16	183	382	67.
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	11	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	Ó	221	0	0	486	Ó	97	385	0	183	438	0
Heavy Vehicles (%)	2%	2%	2%	19%	2%	2%	2%	9%	2%	2%	9%	2%
Tum Type	Perm	NA		Split	NA		Prot	NA	- 11 a.e 110 a sec 1 -	Prot	NA	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Protected Phases	Sec. Sec.	4		8	8		1	6		5	2	
Permitted Phases	4	COLUMN TRACT					1		Le auren	10.14	1	than 3
Actuated Green, G (s)		20.1			43.9		10.2	19.9	1000	16.6	26.3	
Effective Green, g (s)		20.1	· · · · · ·		43.9		10.2	19.9		16.6	26.3	(I)
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.17		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	0.37		0.09	0.17		0.14	0.22	-
Clearance Time (s)	-	4.0		-	4.0		4.0	5.0		4.0	5.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	4 11.1	2.5			2.5		2.5	6.1		2.5	6.1	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		265		1.10 - 2.1 - 2.1 - 2.1	535	a 16 17. 647, * * * * *	141	515	1	230	674	Conc. (
v/s Ratio Prot			414 - 415 <b>- 414 - 414</b>		c0.34		0.06	c0.13		c0.11	0.15	24.0
//s Ratio Perm	1.000.01	c0.14			-	1.11						
//c Ratio		0.83			0.91		0.69	0.75		0.80	0.65	
Uniform Delay, d1		47.1			34.9		52.1	46.4		48.8	41.4	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00	•	1.00	1.00	
ncremental Delay, d2		19.3			19.1		12.0	7.9		16.6	3.6	
Delay (s)		66.4			54.0		64.1	54.3		65.4	45.1	
evel of Service		E			D		E	D		E	D	5. 1.
Approach Delay (s)		66.4			54.0	100 A		56.2		(a.	51.0	
Approach LOS		Ē		1900 - 19900 - 19900 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 -	D	e dan ser e		Ē			D	* *
ntersection Summary			125 1.2	14.4.5.		2.00.92	63.23 63.23	1. Alter	and with	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10 12 1	
ICM Average Control Delay	el Alteria		55.2	HC	M Level o	f Service	1		Ē		· ·	1.1.1
ICM Volume to Capacity ratio		an general second sets and design	0.84	ar 10-1 1 - 11-1 - 1 - 1 - 1		Carl for and a clar and an	denne e e constant	enaar (Bittiger (Are	( 450 - 14 St 4		** *	(0.00, 1988)
ctuated Cycle Length (s)			117.5	Sun	n of lost til	me (s)			17.0			
ntersection Capacity Utilization	en en el		7.7%		Level of			a ver ta b	D			
nalysis Period (min)		e and de	15	• • • • •		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			-			е. 11

c Critical Lane Group

### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 212: Laurel Ave & OR 38

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A	$\rightarrow$	X	5	\$	4	4	ĵ	P	6	Å	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	ÉBR	ŴBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		\$			\$	0.1		\$				-
Volume (veh/h)	4	565	0	8	646	1	0	0	1	1	.0	ł
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	5	595	0	9	680	1	0	0	1	1	0	6
Pedestrians						110 20-04	1		20. 2 3			11 5
Lane Width (ft)		с.									5 5 5 5	
Walking Speed (fl/s)											10 C 10 C	
Percent Blockage	ĩ											
Right turn flare (veh)					×							
Median type		None		1.64	None							
Median storage veh)			30					4.6				
Upstream signal (ft)		-			* **C+Pm	10 10 t	9 · · · ·					
oX, platoon unblocked						14 14 14		2				
C, conflicting volume	681			595	18	10 million (10 million)	1309	1304	595	1305	1304	681
C1, stage 1 confvol							10.000	100.1		0.000	10000	
C2, stage 2 confvol		10.000		100	(1) £) € ( ★ ( ★ ( ↓ ) )) : =		1	90 - 1 - 1 - 1	с. — К			. 1
/Cu, unblocked vol	681	1 2 4	24(1) () <b>5</b> 4-3(()4()	595	( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	) mine - ter - + + + +	1309	1304	595	1305	1304	681
C, single (s)	4.1	14.4	- 1.1 ml o	4.1			7.1	6.6	6.2	7.1	6.7	6.2
C, 2 stage (s)	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		ala (n. 14) 44	a shini ay			- an him have	a and the sec		e - e didada		
F (s)	2.2	1.4.4	245.4.10	2.2	er and Le	a para di kanan	3.5	4.1	3.3	3.5	4.2	3.3
0 queue free %	99	1.1	5 A A	99		and adapt	100	100	100	99	100	99
M capacity (veh/h)	911			981	a 4	al 2011 A 2 A	133	149	504	135	146	451
		10014	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	110,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			001	100		
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1			in Pel C			<u> 200 -</u>		<u>3-1</u>
/olume Left	599	691	1	1		×	e 1:					
	5	9	0	1			× .	0.585		0.1		
/olume Right	0	1	1	6							QC.	
SH	911	981	504	325		-	1.11	- 7 -				÷.
olume to Capacity	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	24 - 1 - 16-4			u	dage of the			
ueue Length 95th (ft)	0	1	0	2								
Control Delay (s)	0.1	0.3	12.2	16.3		ر ایند و بو سرور پسرور	ana tanar	ten en e	* .*	-		-1
ane LOS	A	А	В	С								100 C
pproach Delay (s)	0.1	0.3	12.2	16.3		2 · · · ·	P		() ministrational	e all comment	- 104.4	Sec. 1
pproach LOS	8		В	С								
tersection Summary								123.44				<u>7</u> 99
verage Delay		110	0.3							8		
tersection Capacity Utilizatio	n	5	2.7%	ICL	Level of	Service			A			1
nalysis Period (min)			15									

### HCM Unsignalized Intersection Capacity Analysis 213: Myrtle Ave & OR 38

2033 Total Traffic Conditions Preferred Alternative - Weekday PM Peak Hour

	A		. >	5	4	R	4	Ŷ	P	6	Ą	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBF	R WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBF
Lane Configurations		谷			Ą				4		4	
Volume (veh/h)	0			) 0		0	0	0	319	1	0	
Sign Control		Free			Free		-	Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%	1		0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.85	0.85		0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.85	0.85	0.85
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	285			689	0	0	Ò	336	1	0	1
Pedestrians						÷.						
Lane Width (ft)												
Walking Speed (ft/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (ft)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	689			285		1	975	974	285	1310	974	689
vC1, stage 1 conf vol								5.1	200	1010		
vC2, stage 2 conf vol						-	(* ÷) ÷				10.00	
vCu, unblocked vol	689			285	1 64	in the	975	974	285	1310	974	689
tC) single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6,2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)					1 A.A.					100	0.0	0.14
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	100			100			100	100	55	98	100	100
cM capacity (veh/h)	905	1.1.1		1278	-	••	230	252	754	75	252	445
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB1	NB 1	SB1					17 T	<u></u>	12 7	haranad .
Volume Total	285	689	336	2	1		es an les		for posters.			U.F.
Volume Left	0	0	0	1								
Volume Right	0	0	336	1								
SH	1700	1700	754	129			11					
/olume to Capacity	0.17	0.41	0.45	0.02		per ar i ra		· *				
Queue Length 95th (ft)	0	0	58	1	10 0							
Control Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	13.5	33.4	21 14 x 23	10.00					14.9	
ane LOS	0.0	0.0	В	D	343							
pproach Delay (s)	0.0	0.0	13.5	33.4	<ol> <li>in an i</li> </ol>	** ***** ***			a + 12 4 4	term attention		n + -
Approach LOS	0.0		В	D	4	ii - ii		112		10		
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### **APPENDIX C: DESCRIPTION OF FUNDING OPTIONS**

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#### APPENDIX C – DESCRIPTION OF FUNDING OPTIONS

The construction cost of a new streets, parks and storm drainage systems in downtown are well beyond the limitations of the City's general fund resources. The City is consequently dependent on other forms of revenue to finance the types of projects contained in the plan.

#### **User** Fees

The City of Reedsport currently charges user fees for public use of boat launch facilities but such fees tend to cover only a small portion of local operations and maintenance activities. Increasing user fees or applying new types of user fees (e.g., fees for utilizing community park/picnic areas or marina slips) could be considered as means to enhance local operating revenues, but would now require voter approval and not likely result in adequate revenues for major land acquisition or facilities expansion. Hence, other types of funding techniques (described below) may be more appropriate for planned boardwalk, trails and natural areas facilities and capital improvements.

#### System Development Charges

Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 223.297 – 223.314 provide "a uniform framework for the imposition of system development charges by governmental units" and establish "that the charges may be used only for capital improvements."

System Development Charge (SDC) ordinances can include: (1) a reimbursement fee, intended to recover an equitable share of the cost of facilities already constructed or under construction; and/or (2) an improvement fee, intended to recover a fair share of future, planned, capital improvements needed to increase the capacity of the system. The statutes (ORS 222.299) define "capital improvements" as facilities or assets used for:

- Water supply, treatment and distribution;
- Waste water collection, transmission, treatment and disposal;
- Drainage and flood control;
- Transportation; or
- Parks and recreation.

System Development Charges cannot be used for operation or routine maintenance.

Reedsport may apply SDC funding to designated downtown capital improvements that enhance capacity as required to address future growth needs. Potentially applicable downtown facilities include streets, public parking, pedestrian facilities, and storm drainage and flood control improvements.

Due to the relatively low levels of new residential, commercial and industrial development anticipated in the City of Reedsport over the planning horizon, SDCs are not expected to be a major source of near-term funding for

downtown improvements. Enactment of SDCs would require voter approval under the revised City Charter Amendment passed by Reedsport voters in May 2012.

#### Local Improvement District (LID)

Cities in Oregon have the statutory authority to establish local improvement districts and levy special assessments on the benefited property to pay for improvements. These are payable in annual installments for up to 30 years. LIDs are generally used for capital improvement projects that benefit numerous large tenants and/or private property owners. The formation of LID districts could be considered as a potential primary source of funding downtown streetscape improvements because there will be direct benefits to multiple property owners. A legal opinion is needed to determine if a local LID that is not a citywide fee increase would require voter approval.

#### Zone of Benefit District (ZBD).

Similar to Local Improvement Districts, cities can require future downtown developers, within a designated zone of benefit district (ZBD), to partially reimburse the city for capital improvement that were funded in advance of planned redevelopment efforts. This payment would be made directly to the City, only if the developer/applicant seeks a building permit or development approval within 15 years of formation of the ZBD. A legal opinion is needed to determine if a local ZBD that is not a citywide fee increase would require voter approval.

#### Urban Renewal District (URD)

At the discretion of the City of Reedsport's Urban Renewal Agency, there may be opportunities to utilize funding from the existing downtown Urban Renewal District (URD) for eligible economic development improvements. In many cases, URD funds are combined with other local funding sources (e.g., LIDs) to leverage non-local grants or loans. Based on discussions with city staff, the existing URD funds are very limited so funding from existing URD revenues would be an ancillary source (not a primary source) of funds for capital facilities. Formation of URDs do not typically require voter approval. However, a legal opinion is needed to determine if a local URD that does not directly result in a citywide tax increase requires voter approval.

#### Economic Improvement District (EID)

Cities may establish an Economic Improvement District (EID) or business improvement district (BID) to create additional revenue for targeted infrastructure improvements or enhanced operating/advertising services (e.g., public safety or marketing within downtown). EIDs require the formation of a special benefit district area, identification of improvements and services to be funded, along with an assessment mechanism and methodology report that is subject to approval by the majority of property owners within the district. In Oregon, most EIDs are limited to relatively small annual assessments and used to enhance maintenance and marketing activities. A legal opinion is needed to determine if a local EID that is not a citywide fee increase would require voter approval.

#### **Parking Districts**

Several cities in Oregon have established special parking districts in their downtown areas (including Bend, The Dalles, Salem, Ashland, etc.) with revenues derived from parking fees and citations. Parking districts are generally intended to enhance the overall parking efficiency and management within downtown locations. Funds may be combined with other sources of local funding and used for parking system and operational improvements, such as development of new public off-street parking facilities and parking area maintenance activities. A legal opinion is needed to determine if a local parking district that is not a citywide fee increase would require voter approval.

#### Utility Fees and Connection Charges

Utility rates and connection charges are a common way to raise local revenues to pay for required infrastructure facilities and operations but require approval and adoption by the City Council or utility district and must meet state and local regulations. Utility fees for street lighting, transportation, parks or storm drainage facilities are utilized by several cities in Oregon, including La Grande, Lake Oswego and Medford. An increase in utility fees would now require voter approval per the revised Reedsport City Charter approved in May 2012.

#### **Donations and Corporate Sponsorships**

Reedsport has a long history of working with non-profit foundations for civic improvements, such as the Umpqua Discovery Center. Other examples from around the state of Oregon include a \$500,000 grant from the Meyer Memorial Trust (for investments in the Pendleton Roundup facilities), and the Ashland Parks Foundation (for various parks and trail projects). These and other foundations along with corporate and individual donations or sponsorships could become a source of funding for unique downtown streetscape and artwork improvement.

#### **ISSUING DEBT**

At present, the City of Reedsport is not in a financial position to pay for needed capital improvements with fund reserves or taxes. Absent assisted funding and low-cost loan programs, the City may have to rely on conventional state public works loans or local bond issues to finance the construction of its proposed capital program. There are some benefits to this form of financing. First, as with all debt, it spreads capital costs over the term of the loan. Furthermore, loans and bonds implement a level of equity by dissipating the burden among current and future customers. Finally, loans and bonds allow flexibility that the aforementioned assisted programs do not through repayment options.

#### **Revenue Bonds**

Revenue Bonds are, by definition, backed by the revenue of a utility or enterprise fund. Because the payment stream is less secured than tax backed bonds, revenue bonds carry higher interest rates than G.O. bonds. This differential, however, may be minimal.

Revenue bonds are perhaps the most common source of funding for construction of major public facility or utility projects. To issue revenue bonds, the City will be required to commit to certain security conditions related to repayment, specifically reserve and coverage requirements for annual rate revenues. These conditions are included in the bond resolution to be adopted by the City and essentially impose certain conservative financial practices on the City as a way of making the bonds more secure. A revenue bond that is based on a new tax or fee increase would require voter approval per the Reedsport City Charter Amendment approved by voters in May 2012.

#### General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds offer attractive conditions relative to revenue bonds. G.O. bonds are issued against the City's general fund and taxing authority. G.O. bonds offer slightly lower interest rates than revenue bonds, being backed by the City's tax base. From the investor's perspective, tax backed debt is more secure. These bonds also carry no additional coverage requirement, allowing the City to collect revenues necessary to meet annual debt service with no additional financial consequences. G.O. bonds can be politically unpalatable if the municipality's constituency doesn't support the project purpose.

Other dedicated revenues may repay general obligation bonds issued against the taxing authority of the City. This arrangement takes advantage of the more favorable terms, while still requiring system users to repay the debt. The General Fund would ultimately remain responsible for debt repayment should rate revenues prove insufficient. GO bonds that are based on a property tax increase would require voter approval.

#### FEDERAL AND STATE LOANS AND GRANTS

Federal and state grant programs, once readily available for financial assistance, were mostly eliminated or replaced by low-cost loan programs. Remaining grant programs are generally limited in application, lightly funded and heavily subscribed. Nonetheless, the economic benefit of grants and low-interest loans can make the effort of applying worthwhile.

Common special programs identified as potential funding sources are summarized below:

#### Bank Loans

The City of Reedsport may utilize private bank loans or state loans to make strategic capital facility upgrades. Given the City's limited operating revenues, bank loans would only be viable for smaller budget improvements that promise rapid return on the investment. State loan Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan - Description of Funding Options (Appendix C)

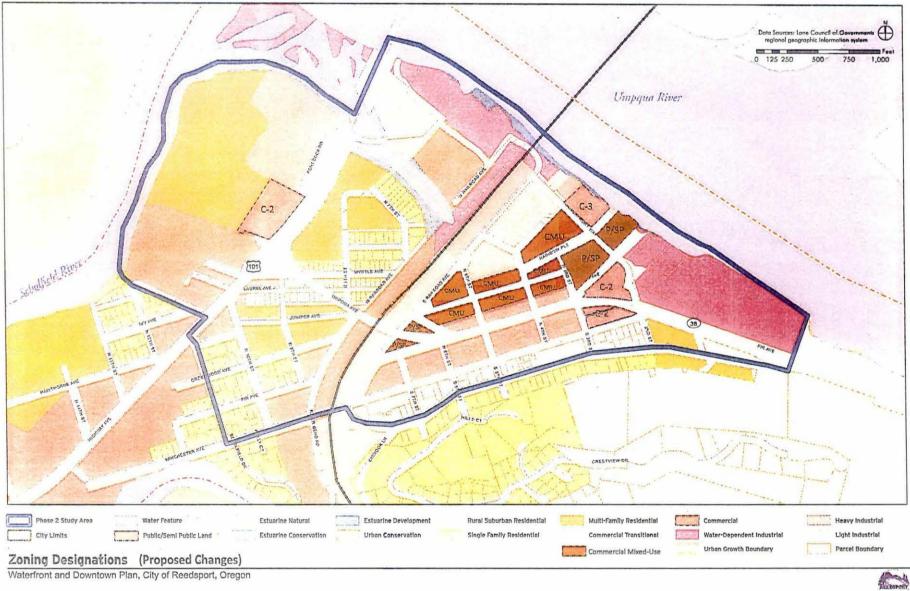
funds available from Business Oregon currently include the Special Public Works Fund, and the Oregon Bond Bank. Special Public Works funds are available on a competitive basis to public agencies and can fund projects of up to \$3.0 million, but require well-secured loan guarantees from the applicants. Oregon Bond Bank funds are available if other funding alternatives are not available.

#### Grants

Federal and state grants could potentially fund some of the capital improvement projects and initiatives recommended in this plan. The City of Reedsport can leverage local dollars as a match for non-local grant funding.



# Plan and Zone Map Amendments



Waterfront and Downtown Plan, City of Reedsport, Oregon



Comprehensive Plan Changes Waterfront and Downtown Plan, City of Reedsport, Oregon

August 2012





## Commercial Mixed Use (CMU) Zone

10.72.190 (CMU) Commercial Mixed-Use zone.

Section 10.72.190.10 Purpose

To implement the Reedsport Waterfront and Downtown Plan by providing for a wide range of employment and residential uses close to the waterfront and downtown core.

Section 10.72.190.20 Permitted Uses

In the CMU Zone, the following uses and their accessory buildings and uses are permitted subject to the general provisions and exceptions set forth by this Ordinance:

#### 1. Residential Buildings and Uses

- a. Condominiums.
- b. Multifamily dwellings and townhouses.
- c. Single family/multifamily dwellings located above a commercial building.

#### 2. Commercial Buildings and Uses

- a. Antique shop.
- b. Art shop gallery, studio, supplies.
- c. Book store.
- d. Business and professional offices.
- e. Clubs, lodges and assembly halls.
- f. Delicatessen.
- g. Gift shop.
- h. Grocery store limited to 2,500 square feet.
- i. Handicraft shop.
- j. Hotel, motel.
- k. Laundromat.
- 1. Medical and dental clinics.
- m. Mercantile.
- n. Novelties and curious shop.
- o. Pharmacy.
- p. Photography gallery.
- q. Places of amusement such as billiard parlors, taverns, bowling alleys, dance halls and games of skill and science.
- r. Pottery sales.
- s. Public and semipublic buildings and uses.
- t. Restaurant.

- u. Sporting goods, retail.
- v. Temporary mobile commercial uses such as vendors.
- w. Other uses similar to the above.
- <u>Industrial Buildings and Uses</u> Industrial uses are to be primarily conducted within a building or structure and only be allowed if the use does not emit: continues, frequent or repetitive noises or vibrations; or, noxious or toxic fumes, odors or emissions.
  - a. Brewery, distillery or winery.
  - b. Building supply store less than (20,000) square feet in size.
  - c. Light fabrication and repair shops.
  - d. The manufacture, compounding, processing, packaging or treatment of such products as bakery goods, candy, cosmetics, dairy products, drugs, electronic and communications components and supplies, leather and leather products, lumber and wood products, building specialties, objects or specialty items, perfumes, toiletries, soft drinks, food products, except for fish, sauerkraut, vinegar, yeast and rendering of fats and oils.
  - e. Wholesale business sales room.

#### Section 1072.190.30 Uses Permitted With Standards

In the CMU zone, the following uses and activities are permitted subject to specified standards and general provisions and exceptions set forth by this Ordinance.

1. Preexisting or lawfully established uses existing on January 1, 2013.

#### Section 10.72.190.30 Buildings and Uses Permitted Conditionally

In the CMU zone, the following uses and activities and their accessory buildings and uses are permitted subject to the provisions of Chapter 10.96.

- 1. Residential Buildings and Uses
  - a. One single family dwelling where adjacent properties within a 100 feet are predominately developed with uses other than single family dwellings.
- 2. Commercial Buildings and Uses
  - a. Veterinary Clinic provided the use shall be conducted wholly within enclosed structures and there shall be no outside animal runs.
- 3. Industrial Buildings and Uses
  - a. Light Industrial uses as specified in 10.72.090 not specifically listed in Section 10.72.190.20.3.

#### Section 10.72.190.40 Property Development Standards

- 1. Area: No Standard established.
- 2. Coverage: Full coverage is allowable.

- 3. Setbacks:
  - a. Front Yard: Front yards shall not be required, except for buildings fronting onto Greenwood Ave. or Rainbow Plaza (Street) as follows:
    - Building Orientation Where a new building or major remodel of existing building is proposed fronting on Greenwood Ave. or Rainbow Plaza (Street) is shall be placed within ten (10) feet of said street right-of-way and have primary entrance(s) oriented towards the street.
      - ✓ "Fronting" for the purposes of this section means facing or abutting a public rightof-way, not an alley.
  - b. Side Yard: Side yards shall not be required; except that where side yards are created they shall be a minimum of three (3) feet.
  - c. Rear Yard: No structural development shall be allowed within ten (10) feet of the centerline of an alley.
- 4. Height: No structure shall exceed a height of 45 feet.
- 5. Signs: Signs shall be allowed as specified in Section 10.76.040 (C-2).
- 6. Parking: Parking shall be provided as specified in Section 10.76.020, except that the Community Development Planner may reduce the number of required automobile parking spaces, as follows:
  - a. A reduction of one (1) off-street parking space is permitted for every one (1) space of on-street parking\* abutting the subject site; and
  - b. A reduction of one (1) off-street parking space is permitted for every two (2) bicycle parking spaces (e.g., one U-style rack) provided on or adjacent to the subject site, not to exceed a total reduction of two (2) automobile parking spaces.
  - c. Off-street parking shall not be placed between any new building and the street right-of-way for Greenwood Avenue or Rainbow Plaza (Street).

\* "On-street parking space" for the purpose of this section means a surfaced area within the public street right-of-way of not less than twenty-two (22) feet in length by eight (8) feet in width that is approved by the roadway authority for parking. lsport · Avenue 7467-159**7** 



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DEPT OF APR 0.4 2013 LAND CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

ATTN: PLAN AMENDMENT SPECIALIST DEPT OF LAND CONSERVATION & DEV. 635 CAPITOL STREET NE, SUITE 150 SALEM, OR 97301-2540