Increasing Transitional Compliance in a Young Girl wit Autism Clare McCann, Lindsay Glugatch, M.A., BCBA

hartcenter

Introduction

- Autism core symptoms include rigid repetitive behavior and deficits in social communication.
- Transitions from activities can be challenging for young children with ASD
- Past studies have found that providing children with autism visual supports in transitions has led to a decrease in latency (Dettmer et al, 2000).
- Video based preference assessment provided us an accurate activity hierarchy allowing the child to transition from low to high preference activities
- Identifying transitional strategies can help the progression of compliance in students with autism for transitioning during school or at home.

Research Question

Is there a functional relation between intervention type and decreased latency of clean up time for transitions for the following intervention strategies: (a) choices, (b) transitional warnings, (c) going from low to high preference activity, or (d) a combined intervention package?

Dependent Measure

Dependent Variable. Latency of clean up time

Latency: duration of time in seconds from the direction "clean up" until the child started to clean

UD. (specialconnection.ku.edu)

Methods

Participant. Anna is a four year-old multi-racial girl diagnosed with autism. She speaks in one to word utterances and has high receptive language skills.

Design. An alternating treatments design is in progress to assess the differences between the four interventions including (a) choices, (b) transitional warnings, (c) going from low to high preference activity, or (d) a combined intervention package.

Procedure. Established an activity hierarchy through a video based preference assessment. Randomly selected intervention order each session. Latency from prompt given to first move to clean up activity from subject was measured.



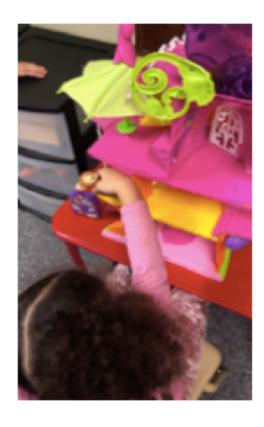


Figure 1. Example of video based preference assessment to identify preferred social activities.

Hierarchy from video based preference assessment:

- 1. Playhouse
- 2. Paint/ Kitchen
- 3. Bee
- 4. Piano

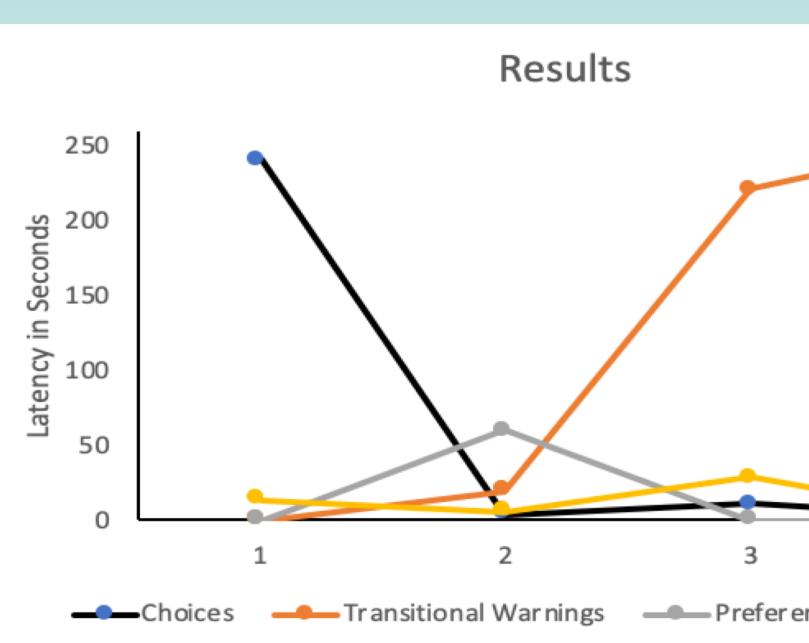


Figure 2. Latency in seconds for A up during transitions

Discussion

Results

- Transition probes are still being re to identify the strongest interventic
- While not finalized, results indicate intervention: a combination of choi warnings and low to high preferen consistent with the lowest latency.
- This study can help us identify that transitional intervention routine ma promising approach for young chil autism.

Significance

- Identify the most efficient intervent to implement for young children wi
- Increase compliance with transition and at home settings

<text></text>
4
nce Packaged
ecorded in order on strategies
e the packaged lice, transitional lice will remain
at a packaged ay be the most Idren with
tion strategy ith ASD
ns in school