

MEASURING GEOGRAPHICALLY CONCENTRATED POVERTY
IN U.S. METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1990-2000

by

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A THESIS

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In recent years, researchers have taken a particular interest in the spatial concentration of poverty due to evidence suggesting that people living within certain densities of poverty are more likely to experience certain problems or what have become known as neighborhood effects. This analysis is a quantitative study, focused on describing changes in poverty concentration between 1990 and 2000 in United States metropolitan areas. The study reports changes seen at the commonly used 40% poverty concentration threshold between 1990 and 2000, while at the same time considering other concentration thresholds and how changing the threshold by which we evaluate poverty informs the general trends policy makers receive information about when changes in poverty occur.

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Measuring income and the concept of poverty thresholds play an important role in society. These measurements assist policy makers and researchers in categorizing income information and informing decisions about how leaders will address poverty in systematic ways. In recent years, researchers have taken a particular interest in the spatial concentration of poverty due to evidence suggesting that people living within certain densities of poverty are more likely to experience certain problems. Upon the release of new decennial census data, research quickly follows reporting changes in the spatial concentration of poverty.

In 2003, Jargowsky reported that high-poverty concentration significantly and dramatically declined. This report should have been of particular interest to policy makers as it marked a reverse in the trend of increasing high-poverty seen between 1970 and 1990. Concentrated high-poverty, as Jargowsky (2003) references, refers to a 40% poverty concentration threshold within a geographic area. The 40% threshold is commonly referred to as high- or extreme-poverty concentration and is a widely accepted threshold of what constitutes high-poverty (Greene, 1991; Coulton, Chow, Wang & Su, 1996; Galster 2005). This paper contributes to the body of literature describing changes in poverty concentration between 1990 and 2000 in metropolitan areas of the United States. Additionally, this paper seeks to inform the question of

how does the measure researchers use when analyzing poverty concentration impact the information policy makers receive about trends in poverty concentration change over a given period of time.

CHAPTER II

BACKGROUND

Poverty Construction

The United States uses an income based poverty index, adjusted for family size, to identify whether individuals have enough monetary resources to meet their basic needs. Developed in the mid-twentieth century by Mollie Orshansky, the poverty rate is adjusted for inflation annually, but otherwise remains largely unchanged from its inception (Fisher, 1992). Orshansky's poverty measure has several weaknesses. Some weaknesses, such as the measurement being based on after-tax income but being applied to before-tax income data from the census were known at its acceptance as the U.S. standard measure in the 1950's. Other issues with the measure have arisen over time as the United States has changed. These issues include work patterns of families with children changing, composition of families and households changing, changes in prices based on geographic areas over time, increasing medical care costs, changes in tax rates, changes in the provision of in-kind benefits, and an increased standard of living over time (Citro & Robert, 1995).

Ricketts and Sawhill (1988) note the issues surrounding Orshansky's measure, but also the coherence that having a standard measure has given debates about poverty. A common poverty threshold and decades of data using the same variable has given researchers a significant body of data to analyze in regard to the way that low economic status affects well-being. Studies on the

impacts of poverty show direct links between individuals living in low-income environments, particularly children, and the expectation of having lower levels of general well-being and access to opportunity (Massey & Eggers, 1990; Brooks-Gunn & Duncan, 1997; Squires & Kubrin, 2005; Schweitzer & Stephenson, 2007).

Concentrated Poverty Construction

As the interest in how poverty affects the well-being of individuals has increased, so to have the approaches and vocabulary for discussing poverty. William J. Wilson (1987) was one of the pioneers in the discussion of measuring and describing low-income environments, suggesting ties between the 'underclass' and 30 percent poverty concentration. Wilson used census tract data as a proxy for neighborhoods and completed one of the first semi-comprehensive analyses of poverty in the United States. Wilson used poverty concentration thresholds in neighborhoods as a way to describe patterns of economic movement across space and time.

Jargowsky (1997) explains that while Wilson, and many others, used a 30 percent concentration threshold to signify high- or extreme poverty, 40% has been the common standard (Citro & Michael, 1995; Jargowsky & Bane, 1991; Madden, 1996). The development of this new standard for "high-poverty" may be linked to 40% concentration being the highest concentration level the Census Bureau publishes aggregate figures for, or to a 40% concentration level most closely matching neighborhoods knowledgeable locals identified as having concentrated poverty (Jargowsky, 1997; Sessoms & Wolch, 2008). Jargowsky (1997) suggested the appropriate high-poverty threshold is "properly chosen

when it achieves the greatest predictive validity,” given that the way poverty is measured can make it look bigger or smaller (p. 11). Jargowsky (1997) suggested that predictive validity exists when both experienced observers, such as service providers, and the high-poverty concentration threshold identify the same neighborhoods as high-poverty.

Interestingly, using a 40% concentration threshold has limited predictive validity of the problems, or neighborhood effects, one might expect those living in concentrated poverty to experience. For some neighborhood effects, researchers have found non-linear patterns and that the effects of increased numbers of impoverished inhabitants are indecipherable until concentrations begin to exceed anywhere between five and 20 percent concentration (Krivo & Peterson, 1996; Vartanian, 1999). However, the exact concentration threshold where neighborhood effects of poverty for a given variable can be seen differs depending on the variable (Jencks & Mayer, 1990; Leventhal & Brooks-Gunn, 2000; Galster, 2005). Research suggests that people living within an area of 40% poverty concentration may experience slightly higher exposure to neighborhood effects, but that neighborhood effects on crime were minimally higher for people living in high-poverty areas, as opposed to people living in areas with 20%-39% concentrated poverty (Krivo & Peterson, 1996).

Additionally, Sessoms and Wolch (2008) provide a clear example of how a 40% poverty concentration may not provide the predictive validity Jargowsky (1997) proposes it does. Sessoms and Wolch, through a case study of concentrated poverty in Los Angeles, illustrates the way that many high-poverty

neighborhoods do not represent the dilapidated, blight filled environment Jargowsky suggests to be true of 40% concentration poverty.

Jargowsky's 1997 work provides those interested in U.S. poverty with a comprehensive analysis of nationwide changes in poverty between 1970 and 1990. Jargowsky, in 2003, published an analysis of the aggregate change in neighborhood level concentrated poverty of United States metropolitan areas from 1990 to 2000, reporting a "dramatic" decrease in high-poverty neighborhoods (2003, p. 1). Jargowsky used official U.S. poverty guidelines to define poverty, census tracts as a proxy for neighborhoods and a 40% concentration level within a census tract to signify "high-poverty" tracts (2003). Given that the Census Bureau utilizes census tracts as a grouping tool for a rough quantity of people and metropolitan statistical areas come into existence when population centers reach a minimum threshold, 50,000 people, research that looks at these two variables over time must find some way to reconcile the boundary changes that occur over time. Jargowsky accommodated for geographical boundary changes by using 2000 metropolitan statistical area boundaries to interpret both the 1990 and 2000 data, while using 1990 census tract boundaries to interpret the data from 1990 and 2000 census tract boundaries to interpret the data from 2000 (2003).

Shortly after Jargowsky's analysis of change in poverty concentration between 1990 and 2000 was published, Pettit and Kingsley (2003) published a similar study. While Pettit and Kingsley focused their analysis on neighborhoods, or census tracts, with a 30 percent poverty concentration, they also provide a general description of changes that occurred at the mid-ranges of

poverty concentration. Unlike Jargowsky, Pettit and Kingsley used consistent geographic boundaries across time by gathering census data from the Neighborhood Change Database. However, their findings lend evidence to the same trends in poverty movement that Jargowsky (2003) found: decreases in poverty concentration levels above 30 percent, while the absolute number of people living in poverty rose (2003).

This analysis will extend and compliment both Jargowsky's (2003) and Pettit and Kingsley's (2003) analysis of changes in the geographic concentration of poverty between 1990 and 2000 by examining how reports on poverty change differ when different concentrations of poverty are used to qualify the change. As Jargowsky (1997) states, "poverty can be made to look bigger or smaller depending on how it is measured" (p. 10).

CHAPTER III

METHODOLOGY

This study describes the population changes seen at multiple poverty concentration thresholds and how changing the threshold by which we evaluate poverty informs the general trends policy makers receive information about when changes in poverty occur. With neighborhood effects presenting at much lower levels than the commonly studied high-poverty threshold, policy makers should be advised on a broader perspective of how poverty concentration has changed.

Data & Measurement

Data for this study was obtained from the Neighborhood Change Database. The Neighborhood Change Database provides census tract level data from the U.S. Census long-form for 1970 to 2000. Data can be retrieved from the Neighborhood Change Database according to the geographical boundaries at the time of the census, or normalized to 2000 geographical boundaries. This study uses data from 1990 and 2000, interpreting both sets of data through the geographical boundaries in place at the time of the 2000 Census; both for census tracts and metropolitan areas.

Four primary concepts must be articulated for this discussion: regions, metropolitan areas, neighborhoods and poverty.

- Regions: Due to some trends in growth and movement varying by smaller geographic levels than the national level, regions are used to discuss

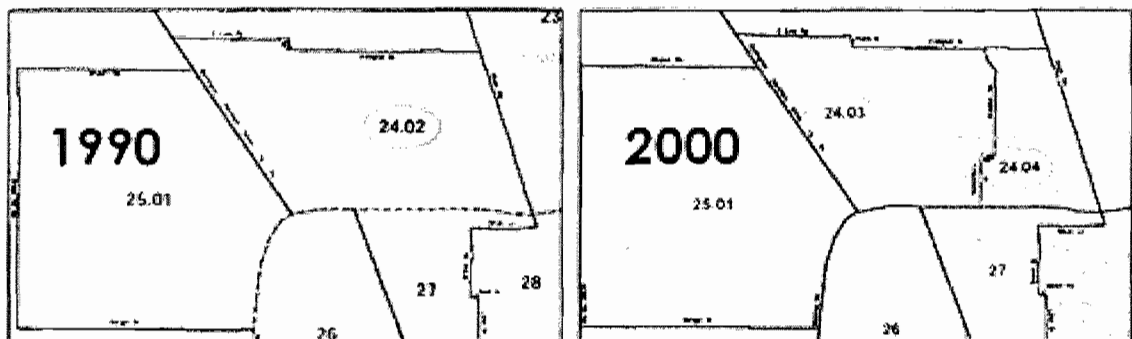
changes in smaller geographic areas. Census Bureau region classifications are used when grouping states into regions in this study.

- **Metropolitan Areas:** The Census Bureau defines three primary types of metropolitan areas: stand-alone Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSAs) and Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSAs). This study includes 100% of MSAs and PMSAs, but does not address CMSAs and other metropolitan area divisions due to their inability to represent unified housing and labor markets and inconsistency across the nation. Definitions of metropolitan areas from 2000 are applied to both 1990 census data and 2000 census data, for a total of 331 metropolitan areas.
- **Neighborhoods:** Continuing with common practice in this field, census tracts are used as proxies for neighborhoods. Given that census tract boundaries experience change over time, one must address this change in data analysis. Census tract boundaries from the year 2000 are used to interpret both 2000 and 1990 census data.
- **Poverty:** The official U.S. poverty guidelines are used to define poverty. These guidelines are referenced in the long form of the decennial census and within the Neighborhood Change Database.

The Neighborhood Change Database provides researchers with a unique tool in the way that it allows a person to analyze census data from 1970 to 2000, all mapped to the same geographic boundaries. The mapping techniques used in creating the Neighborhood Change Database are superior to earlier attempts to create standardized geographic boundaries across multiple census

years due to the geographic information system (GIS) technology that has been developed over the last decade. Previous attempts to remap census boundaries over multiple census years did not have the geographic information system technology to weight data at the census block level, and distributed census tract data into equal parts when tracts were divided. With Neighborhood Change Database, one has the ability to match both census tracts across census years and larger geographic boundaries. Figure 1 provides one example of how census tract boundaries changed between 1990 and 2000. The Neighborhood Change Database allows a person to look at 1990 census data as though tract 24.02 had been divided into tracts 24.03 and 24.04 at that time. Due to ability to apply the same geographic boundaries to both 1990 and 2000 census data, the number of census tracts in the analysis is the same for both census years.

Figure 1. Example of Census Tract Boundary Changes Between 1990 and 2000



Analysis

This analysis is a quantitative study and focuses on describing changes in poverty concentration between 1990 and 2000. Analysis began by identifying general characteristics about poverty in 1990 and 2000, including the general

locations and numbers of people living in poverty, and changes in poverty concentration at five percent increments. See Appendix A for changes in poverty concentration ranges. Poverty concentration for each tract was identified by calculating the number of people that poverty status was determined for within a census tract and proportion of those living in poverty.

Changes in the number of census tracts, number of people living in those tracts and the poverty rate for 40% poverty concentration were then calculated. The total population of a census tract was used to identify the number of people living in tracts with 40% poverty concentration. The concentrated poverty rate was determined by identifying the number of people living in poverty within a metropolitan area and the proportion of those living in 40 or greater percent poverty concentration. These methods were then used to identify the same measures at 30 percent and 50% poverty concentration thresholds.

CHAPTER IV

FINDINGS

National Changes in Population Between 1990 and 2000

Between 1990 and 2000 the United States saw 13% change in overall population growth (see Table 1). Metropolitan areas grew somewhat faster than non-metropolitan areas, with over four-fifths (84%) of the increase in population between 1990 and 2000 living in urban areas. Four out of five people in the United States lived in metropolitan areas in 1990, a trend that continued into 2000. During the 1990's, the number of poor living in the United States grew by over 2.7 million people, a 7% change (see Table 2). However, both metropolitan and non-metropolitan areas saw a decline in the poverty rate, or proportion of poor living in those areas (see Table 3). While the national average for metropolitan areas saw a decline in poverty rate (-6% change) and a more than a 10 percentage point increase in the absolute number of poor, non-metropolitan areas saw both a decline in the poverty rate (-15% change) and a decline in the absolute number of poor (-6% change). See Appendix B for population, poverty population and poverty rate changes by metropolitan area.

Table 1. Change in Population by Metropolitan Area Status, 1990-2000

Area	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Non-Metro Areas	50,297,478	55,428,213	5,130,735	10.2%
Metro Areas	198,412,381	225,993,693	27,581,312	13.9%
U.S. Total	248,709,859	281,421,906	32,712,047	13.2%

Table 2. Change in the Number of Poor by Metropolitan Area Status, 1990-2000

Area	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Non-Metro Areas	8,312,686	7,805,832	-506,854	-6.1%
Metro Areas	23,430,202	26,093,980	2,663,778	11.4%
U.S. Total	31,742,888	33,899,812	2,156,924	6.8%

Table 3. Change in Poverty Rate by Metropolitan Area Status, 1990-2000

Area	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Non-Metro Areas	16.5%	14.1%	-2.4%	-14.8%
Metro Areas	11.8%	11.5%	-0.3%	-2.2%
U.S. Total	12.8%	12.0%	-0.8%	-5.6%

Due to four out of five people living in metropolitan areas, national trends of movement between different poverty concentration ranges (see Figures 2, 4, and 6) reflect movement and changes within metropolitan areas (see Figures 3, 5, and 7). However, given the small non-metropolitan population and differences seen between national population distribution (see Figure 4) and metropolitan area population distribution (see Figure 5), it is evident that metropolitan and non-metropolitan areas experience different poverty movement in the same time periods. An example of these differences can be seen in the way that poverty concentration ranges between 20% to 35% concentration experienced negative growth nationally and positive growth in metropolitan areas. Similarly, census tracts patterns of poverty concentration movement (see Figures 2 and 3) and poverty concentration movement among the number of poor (see Figures 6 and 7) evidence different patterns of movement in metropolitan and non-metropolitan areas between 1990 and 2000. See Appendices C, D and E for concentrated poverty changes by metropolitan area.

Figure 2. Change in Number of Metropolitan and Non-Metropolitan Census Tracts by Poverty Concentration within Tract, 1990-2000 (n=65,443)

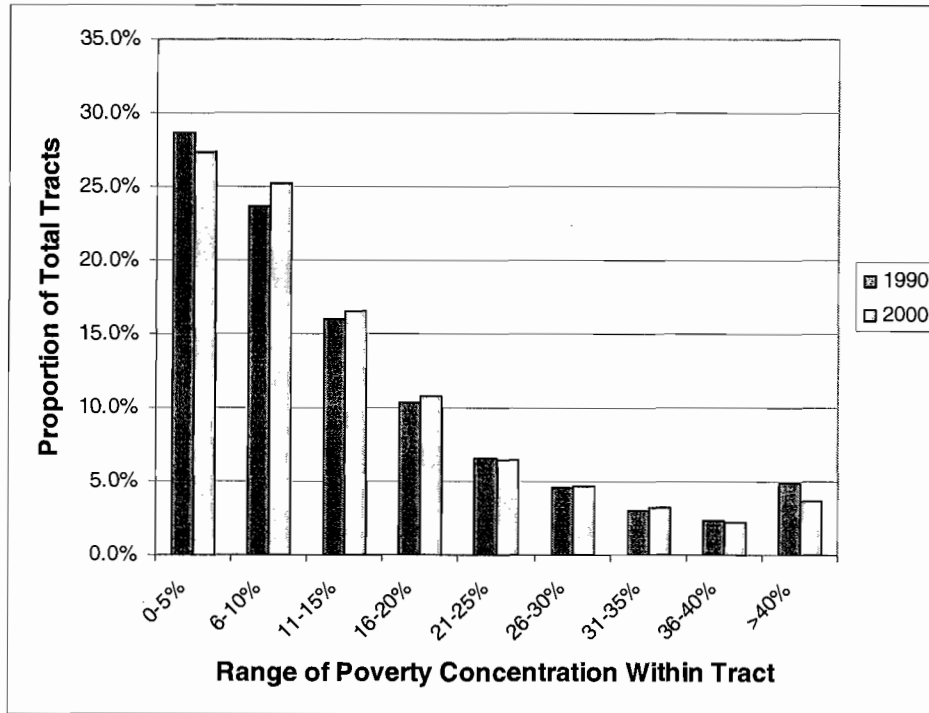


Figure 3. Change in Number of Metropolitan Census Tracts by Poverty Concentration within Tract, 1990-2000 (n=51,467)

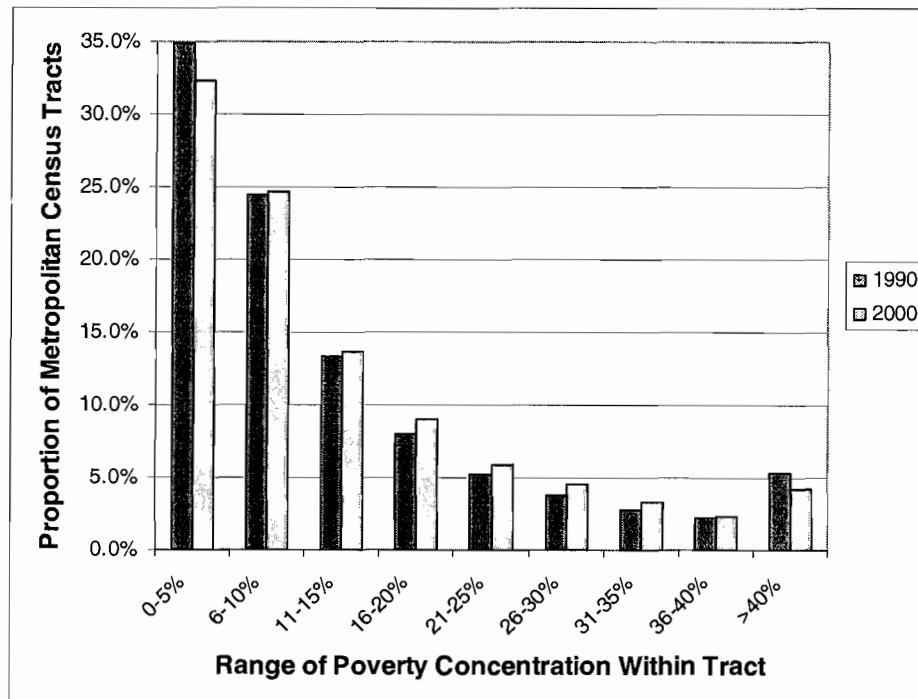


Figure 4. Change in Metropolitan and Non-Metropolitan Area Populations by Poverty Concentration within Tract, 1990-2000

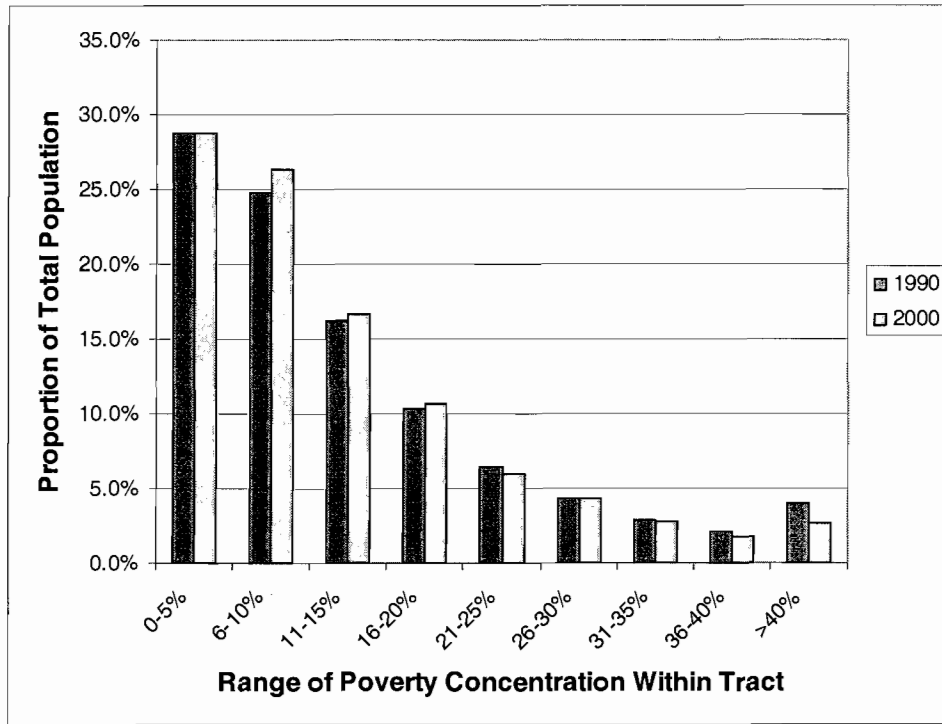


Figure 5. Change in Metropolitan Area Population by Poverty Concentration within Tract, 1990-2000

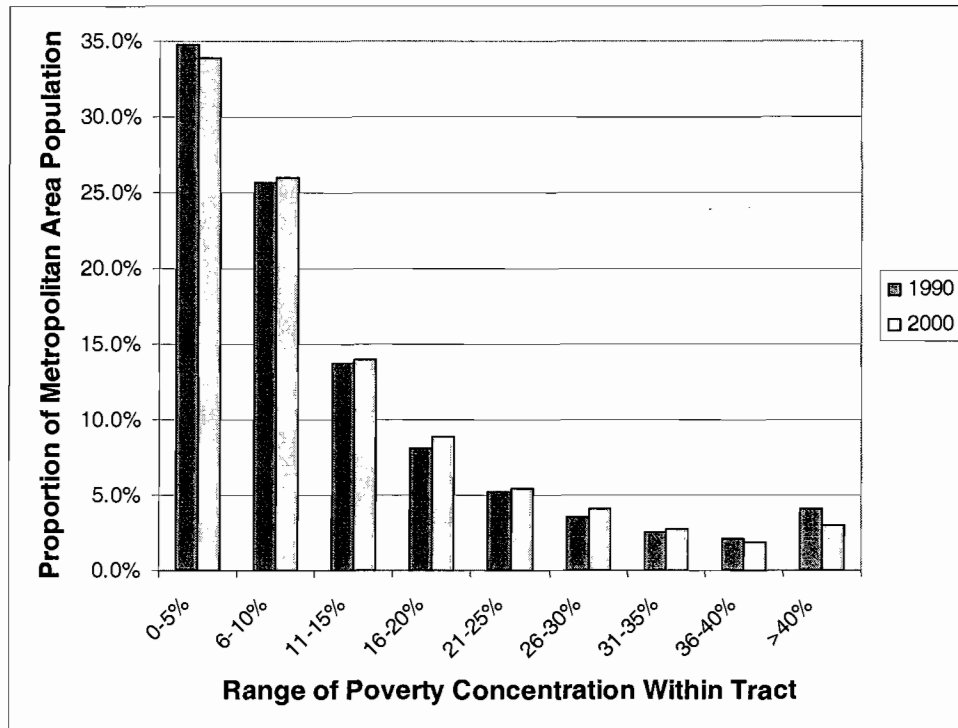


Figure 6. Change in Number of Metropolitan and Non-Metropolitan Poor by Poverty Concentration within Tract, 1990-2000

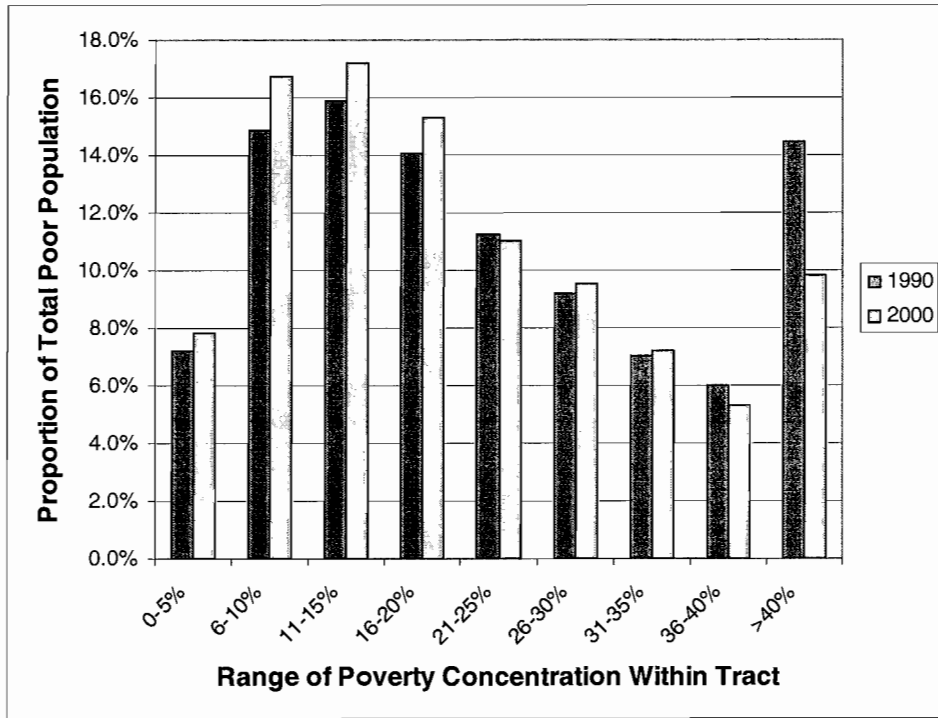
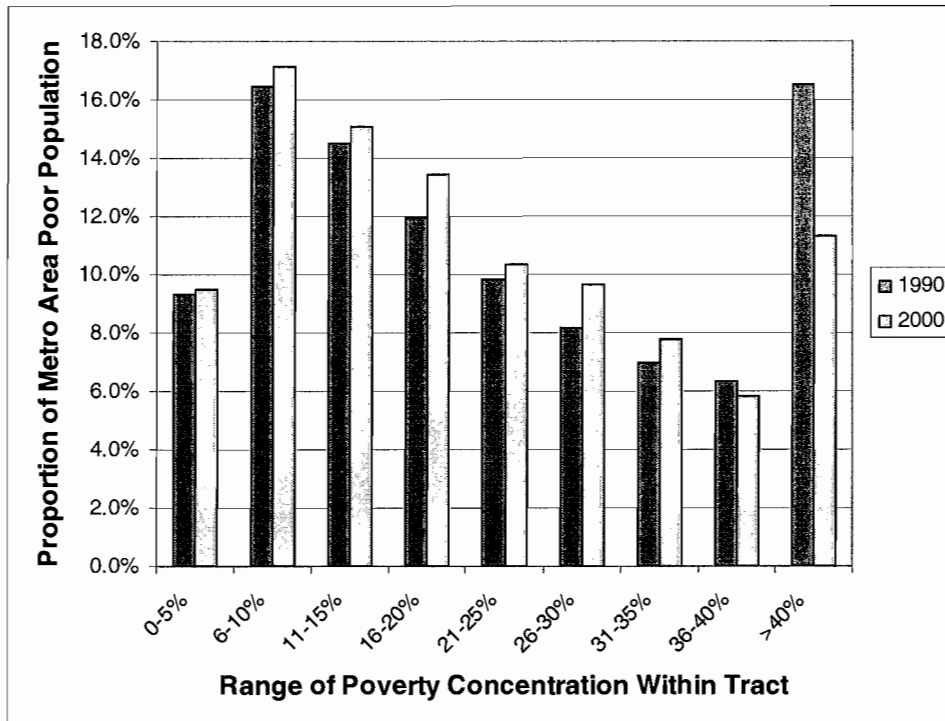


Figure 7. Change in Number of Metropolitan Poor by Poverty Concentration within Tract, 1990-2000



The absolute number of census tracts, population and population living in poverty in metropolitan areas declined in census tracts with zero to 5% poverty concentration and census tracts with greater than 35% poverty concentration. Metropolitan census tracts with 5% to 35% poverty concentration saw increases in the absolute number of census tracts, population and population living in poverty in metropolitan areas. The most dramatic declines occurred in areas with 40% concentration or greater, with negative 22% change in growth of census tracts, negative 30% change in population growth and negative 32% change in poverty population growth. While these areas with high levels of poverty concentration saw the greatest declines, metropolitan areas with 26% to 35% poverty concentration saw the highest rates of growth in the number of census tracts, population and population living in poverty throughout metropolitan areas.

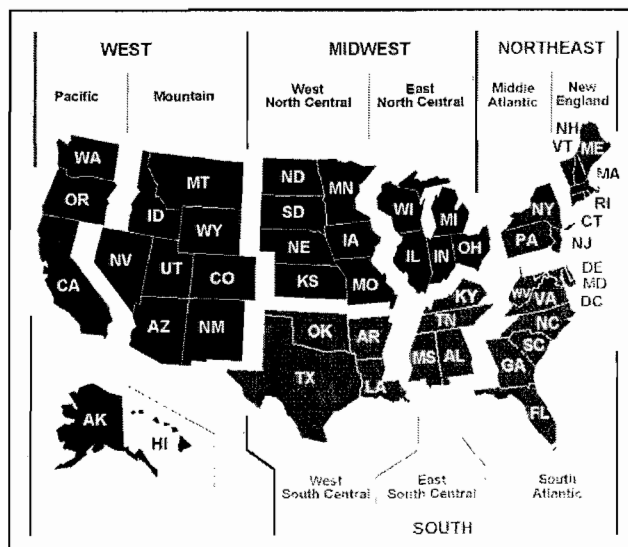
Regional Changes in Metropolitan Population

Regionally, the United States saw distinctly different trends in population and poverty growth (Table 4). See Figure 8 for regional divisions. Population in the West grew the most at more than twice the rate of the Midwest and more than three times the rate of the Northeast. The population in the South grew at nearly the same pace as the West, although slightly less.

Table 4. Percent Change of Metropolitan Area Population, Poverty and Poverty Rate by Region, 1990-2000

Region	Population	Poverty	Poverty Rate
West	19.6%	26.7%	5.6%
South	19.3%	9.5%	-8.4%
NE	5.6%	15.0%	9.0%
Midwest	8.8%	-5.7%	-13.3%

Figure 8. U.S. Census Regions and Divisions



The number of poor saw the most divergent trends in growth rates regionally (Table 4), with the Midwest experiencing growth of negative 6% change and the West leading in poverty growth at 27% change. While the South had the second highest rate of population growth at 19% change, it had the second lowest rate of poverty growth at 10% change. The Northeast followed a reverse pattern, with the lowest rate of population growth (6% change) and the second highest rate of poverty growth (15% change).

Regional poverty rate changes reflected the patterns of population and poverty growth. The Northeast saw the highest poverty rate growth, echoing the fact that the region's rate of poverty growth (15% change) was almost triple the rate of population growth (6% change). Nearly three out of four metropolitan areas (72%) in the northeast region of the United States saw growth in their poverty rate. Two out of five metropolitan areas (40%) in the West saw growth in their poverty rate, with the whole region seeing an overall increase in the poverty rate. The Midwest's poverty rate grew negatively at a higher rate (-13%

change) than the population grew positively (9% change), indicating movement of poor residents to other regions. Nearly three-quarters (73%) of metropolitan areas in the Midwest had negative growth in their poverty rate, and half of metropolitan areas (51%) in the South had negative growth in their poverty rate.

Distinct differences in population, the population living in poverty and the poverty rate existed within regions as well. The West, for example, saw average poverty growth in Pacific states at 25% change, nearly double that of Mountain states (14% change). This was reflected in the poverty rates, with Mountain states having negative growth in the poverty rate of almost 10% change and Pacific states seeing growth of almost 10% change. Individual states also saw differing trends in change.

40% Poverty Concentration in Metropolitan Areas

Between 1990 and 2000 the absolute number of census tracts with 40% poverty concentration or greater decreased by 589 tracts (Table 5). This represents 20% change over the decade. The absolute number of people living in 40% poverty concentration decreased by more than 1.5 million people, just over 17% change. The percentage of poor living in 40% poverty concentration census tracts, or 40% concentrated poverty rate, went down by five percentage points, which constitutes 30% change. These trends, similar to national poverty trends, represent population growth that is outpacing poverty growth. On average, the population in metropolitan areas grew faster than the number of poor. Given that national trends in poverty movement show movement of poor from non-metropolitan areas to metropolitan areas and that the national

poverty rate for metropolitan areas decreased by only 2% change, the 40% concentrated poverty rate decreased in a larger than average way.

Table 5. 40% Poverty Concentration: Change in Number of Census Tracts, Population and 40% Concentrated Poverty Rate, 1990-2000

Measure	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
# of Census Tracts	2,943	2,354	-589	-20.0%
Population Living in 40% Poverty Concentration	8,960,818	7,403,281	-1,557,537	-17.4%
% of Poor Living in 40% Poverty Concentration Tracts	17.6%	12.4%	-5.2%	-29.5%

Regionally, the Midwest and South saw the greatest decreases in 40% concentration poverty and the Northeast saw the greatest increases. In both the Midwest and South, six out of ten (59%) metropolitan areas decreased in the number of census tracts with 40% concentration poverty and seven out of ten metropolitan areas decreased in the number of people living in 40% concentration poverty (69% in the Midwest and 71% in the South). The number of metropolitan areas in the South with a decreasing poverty rate was 11% greater than the Midwest (69%) at 80%. These trends in decreasing 40% poverty concentration are juxtaposed with roughly half of metropolitan areas in the Northeast seeing increases in the number of census tracts (45%) and population (50%) in 40% concentration poverty, and the 40% concentrated poverty rate increasing in over a third (37%) of metropolitan areas in the Northeast. The West had fewer metropolitan areas that increased in the number of 40% poverty concentration census tracts (28%) and population (40%), but similar to the Northeast, also had a third (34%) of the metropolitan areas in the region with increasing 40% concentrated poverty rates.

30% Poverty Concentration in Metropolitan Areas

Similar to areas with 40% poverty concentration, the absolute number of census tracts with 30% poverty concentration or greater decreased between 1990 and 2000. The reduction of 266 census tracts with greater than 30% poverty concentration represents less than 5% change over the decade (Table 6). The absolute number of people living in 30% poverty concentration essentially remained the same, which in a time of population growth means the concentrated poverty rate decreased. The 30% concentrated poverty rate decreased at a slightly lower rate than the 40% concentrated poverty rate, at just under 5% change. A large number of the total poor live in 30% poverty concentration: in 1990 one would expect to see one in four poor people living in 30% poverty concentration and in 2000 one would expect to see one in five poor people living in 30% poverty concentration.

Table 6. 30% Poverty Concentration: Change in Number of Census Tracts, Population and 30% Concentrated Poverty Rate, 1990-2000

Measure	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
# of Census Tracts	5,703	5,491	-212	-3.7%
Population Living in 30% Poverty Concentration	18,841,866	18,841,600	-266	0.0%
% of Poor Living in 30% Poverty Concentration Tracts	31.4%	26.7%	-4.7%	-15.0%

At the 30% poverty concentration level, the Midwest and South also saw the greatest decreases in the number of metropolitan areas that had fewer 30% poverty concentration census tracts, less population living in this poverty concentration and 30% concentrated poverty rates, although more variation existed between the two regions. Roughly three out of four (73%) cities in the Midwest had decreases in the number of 30% poverty concentration census

tracts, while closer to half of cities (55%) in the South followed the same pattern. In the Midwest, 86% of metropolitan areas saw decreases in the number of people living in 30% poverty concentration, while only two-thirds (66%) of metropolitan areas in the South saw decreases in the number of people living in 30% poverty concentration. However, the South outpaced the Midwest in relation to the numbers of metropolitan areas with decreased concentrated poverty rates. Four out of five (81%) metropolitan areas in the South saw decreases in the 30% concentration poverty rate, and closer to three out of four (77%) cities in the Midwest saw decreases in the 30% concentrated poverty rate.

The Northeast and West regions both had 65% of metropolitan areas with increases in the number of people living in 30% poverty concentration. In the Northeast, the number of metropolitan areas with increases in 30% poverty concentration census tracts was consistent with the population at 65%, but the West only saw 40% of metropolitan areas increase in the number of 30% poverty concentration census tracts. Increases in the 30% concentrated poverty rate in the Northeast also outpaced the west, with two out of five (42%) cities in the Northeast seeing increases in the 30% concentrated poverty rate and only one-third (34%) of cities in the West seeing increases.

50% Poverty Concentration in Metropolitan Areas

Imbedded in the reports on 40% poverty concentration are the people who live in higher poverty concentration levels. In 2000, almost two out of five (38%) tracts included in 40% poverty concentration reports, were tracts with 50% poverty concentration or greater. One-third (34%) of the population living 40% poverty concentration, also lived in areas with 50% poverty concentration

or more. This number is down from the two out of five people living in areas with 50% poverty concentration or more in 1990. Overall, the number of census tracts, population and 50% concentrated poverty rate all decreased at rates of change more than ten percentage points greater than 40% poverty concentration (Table 8).

Table 7. 50% Poverty Concentration: Change in Number of Census Tracts, Population and 50% Concentrated Poverty Rate, 1990-2000

Measure	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
# of Census Tracts	1,302	904	-398	-30.6%
Population Living in 50% Poverty Concentration	3,652,168	2,503,673	-1,148,495	-31.4%
% of Poor Living in 50% Poverty Concentration Tracts	8.2%	4.7%	-3.5%	-42.4%

Table 8. National Summary of U.S. Metropolitan Area Concentrated Poverty Change, 1990-2000

Poverty Concentration	Population in Tracts				Concentrated Poverty Rate			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
50% Concentration	3,652,168	2,503,673	-1,148,495	-31.4%	8.2%	4.7%	-3.5%	-42.4%
45% Concentration	5,793,041	4,241,998	-1,551,043	-26.8%	12.2%	7.6%	-4.6%	-37.9%
40% Concentration	8,960,818	7,403,281	-1,557,537	-17.4%	17.6%	12.4%	-5.2%	-29.5%
35% Concentration	13,248,473	12,043,636	-1,204,837	-9.1%	24.1%	18.6%	-5.5%	-22.7%
30% Concentration	18,841,866	18,841,600	-266	0.0%	31.4%	26.7%	-4.7%	-15.0%
25% Concentration	26,664,802	28,661,749	1,996,947	7.5%	40.1%	36.5%	-3.6%	-9.0%
20% Concentration	37,745,871	42,414,024	4,668,153	12.4%	50.1%	47.6%	-2.5%	-5.0%

Upon looking at Table 8, one may assume the outlook to be more positive than it truly is. Table 8 gives the impression that concentrated poverty rates across the nation decreased down to 20% concentration. While this is technically true, it does not give an accurate depiction of what happened between 1990 and 2000 in specific ranges of poverty concentration. From Table 9, one can see the impact of overlap in concentration levels become apparent when concentration ranges are broken apart. When the reverberations of

decreases in very high concentration levels are removed from a concentrated poverty range, such as 30% to 34% poverty concentration, one sees that there was a 20% increase in the number of people living in tracts with that range of poverty concentration and a 10% increase in the concentrated poverty rate.

Table 9. National Summary of U.S. Metropolitan Area Concentrated Poverty Change by Concentration Range, 1990-2000

Poverty Concentration Range	Population in Tracts				Poverty Rate			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
50%	3,652,168	2,503,673	-1,148,495	-31.4%	8.2%	4.7%	-3.5%	-42.4%
45-49%	2,140,873	1,738,325	-402,548	-18.8%	4.0%	2.9%	-1.2%	-28.8%
40-44%	3,167,777	3,161,283	-6,494	-0.2%	5.4%	4.8%	-0.6%	-11.4%
35-39%	4,287,655	4,640,355	352,700	8.2%	6.5%	6.3%	-0.2%	-3.5%
30-34%	5,593,393	6,797,964	1,204,571	21.5%	7.3%	8.0%	0.7%	10.0%
25-29%	7,822,936	9,820,149	1,997,213	25.5%	8.7%	9.8%	1.2%	13.3%
20-24%	11,081,069	13,752,275	2,671,206	24.1%	10.0%	11.1%	1.1%	11.1%

Also not captured in the tables above, is that the fact that many metropolitan areas did not have any tracts at the 50% poverty concentration level, both in 1990 and 2000. Due to this phenomenon, a higher percentage of metropolitan areas in all regions experienced no decline in the number of census tracts, the population or the 50% concentrated poverty rate. Regionally, many of the same trends seen at 40% poverty concentration are also present at 50% poverty concentration. The South saw the greatest proportion of metropolitan areas with declines in the number of census tracts (46%), the population (54%) and the 50% concentrated poverty rate (56%), with the Midwest close behind (45%, 51%, 54%, respectively). The Northeast and West saw similarly large proportions of metropolitan areas with increases in all three categories (22%, 23%, 22%, respectively, in the Northeast versus 22%, 31%, 22% in the West). However, the South closely trailed in the percent of metropolitan areas that saw growth in the number of 50% poverty

concentration census tracts (17%), the population (20%) and the 50% concentrated poverty rate (15%). In absolute numbers, the South had more metropolitan areas see growth in 50% poverty concentration than the Northeast or West; a fact that did not hold true at 40% poverty concentration.

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

Poverty became less concentrated between 1990 and 2000, as previous studies have also shown. Concentrated poverty rates had negative growth down to the 20% concentration level, with the highest poverty concentration areas seeing the greatest change. This reduction in poverty concentration between 1990 and 2000 marked a distinct reversal of poverty concentration trends seen between 1970 and 1990.

Although decreases in the number of people living in higher levels of poverty concentration and concentrated poverty rates were seen between 1990 and 2000, movement from higher levels of poverty concentration coincided with increases the number of tracts and amount of people living in moderate poverty concentrations levels. With the absolute number of poor increasing between 1990 and 2000, and the number of people living in 30% poverty concentration or greater decreasing, the number of areas with moderate poverty concentration grew. One of the implications of having more moderate poverty concentration census tracts is that more non-poor people are experiencing the impact of moderate poverty concentration. Additionally, the number of very-low poverty concentration areas decreased during this time period.

Studies like those of Jargowsky (2003) and Pettit and Kingsley (2003) are paramount in identifying the types of changes in poverty concentration that have occurred over time. However, looking at any one measure in isolation

presents an incomplete picture of the changes in poverty movement that occurred over a specific time period. Looking at one measure of poverty in isolation, particularly in the policy arena, limits the applicability of the research. Poverty concentration thresholds that have been accepted as common standards for measurement may bear little relation to the policy issue being discussed.

While policy makers at the national level must address the issues of poverty across the nation, one must be careful to avoid a one-size-fits-all approach to concentrated poverty as different parts of the country are contemporaneously experiencing different trends in poverty concentration changes. Additionally, one must consider how the measurement being used impacts the ensuing reports, and evaluate the measurement level in relation to the issue at hand. Jargowsky completed his study of concentrated poverty change between 1990 and 2000 in part for “anxious” policymakers; however, policy makers must be careful before generalizing these findings to all areas of the United State or all social ills (2003, p. 2). As this study has shown, the threshold by which poverty concentration is measured changes the reports one sees.

Policy makers need sound information that conveys the incidence of poverty concentration in a manner that accurately reflects the number of people experiencing lower levels of general well-being and decreased access to opportunity that result from neighborhood effects. When discussing neighborhood effects or issues related to concentrated poverty, the threshold by which poverty concentration is measured should relate to the particular issue

being discussed. The difficulty in this conversation is that current research suggests that neighborhood effects present at varying levels, not just the commonly studied higher poverty concentration levels.

These findings suggest that future research is needed to learn more about what is happening at lower poverty concentration levels. In addition to indentifying the changes that occurred at lower poverty concentration levels between 1990 and 2000, other avenues for research include looking at census data from 1970 to 1990 and how changes in lower poverty concentration levels compare over the last several decades, or indentifying whether increases in concentrated poverty were as robust between 1970 and 1990 when different measures are used.

APPENDIX A

CROSS-TABULATION OF POVERTY CONCENTRATION CHANGE BY RANGE

		2000 Poverty Concentration Range*									Row Total
		0-5%	6-10%	11-15%	16-20%	21-25%	26-30%	31-35%	36-40%	>40%	
1990 Poverty Concentration Range	0-5%	53.30%	38.10%	6.60%	1.50%	0.20%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	100.00%
	6-10%	11.20%	45.60%	29.00%	10.80%	2.40%	0.60%	0.30%	0.00%	0.10%	100.00%
	11-15%	1.30%	18.00%	36.10%	27.10%	11.90%	4.10%	1.00%	0.30%	0.20%	100.00%
	16-20%	0.20%	4.20%	19.90%	33.00%	23.10%	12.70%	4.90%	1.20%	0.70%	100.00%
	21-25%	0.10%	0.90%	6.40%	21.50%	26.60%	27.30%	11.40%	3.70%	2.10%	100.00%
	26-30%	0.00%	0.30%	1.60%	9.40%	21.60%	27.90%	21.70%	9.90%	7.60%	100.00%
	31-35%	0.00%	0.10%	0.30%	3.50%	11.80%	23.20%	26.20%	18.60%	16.20%	100.00%
	36-40%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	1.10%	4.80%	13.90%	24.50%	27.00%	28.60%	100.00%
	>40%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.50%	1.30%	5.00%	11.50%	16.30%	65.20%	100.00%

*Metropolitan area census tracts weighted by 2000 population.

APPENDIX B
CHANGES IN POPULATION BY METROPOLITAN AREA

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Abilene, TX	119,655	126,555	6,900	5.8%	17,421	17,630	209	1.2%	0.17	0.17	0.00	0.0%
Akron, OH	657,574	694,960	37,386	5.7%	77,384	66,386	-10,998	-14.2%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
Albany, GA	112,561	120,822	8,261	7.3%	24,956	24,932	-24	-0.1%	0.25	0.25	0.00	0.0%
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	861,425	875,583	14,158	1.6%	72,858	79,785	6,927	9.5%	0.09	0.11	0.02	22.2%
Albuquerque, NM	589,132	712,738	123,606	21.0%	86,987	96,640	9,653	11.1%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Alexandria, LA	131,556	126,337	-5,219	-4.0%	28,276	25,097	-3,179	-11.2%	0.24	0.22	-0.02	-8.3%
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA	594,953	637,958	43,005	7.2%	43,207	54,008	10,801	25.0%	0.08	0.10	0.02	25.0%
Altoona, PA	130,543	129,144	-1,399	-1.1%	18,015	15,840	-2,175	-12.1%	0.15	0.14	-0.01	-6.7%
Amarillo, TX	187,547	217,858	30,311	16.2%	29,438	28,739	-699	-2.4%	0.17	0.15	-0.02	-11.8%
Anchorage, AK	226,338	260,283	33,945	15.0%	15,614	18,682	3,068	19.6%	0.07	0.08	0.01	14.3%
Ann Arbor, MI	490,058	578,736	88,678	18.1%	45,596	45,018	-578	-1.3%	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.0%
Anniston, AL	116,034	112,249	-3,785	-3.3%	17,384	17,695	311	1.8%	0.17	0.19	0.02	11.8%
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	315,121	358,365	43,244	13.7%	21,975	18,766	-3,209	-14.6%	0.08	0.06	-0.02	-25.0%
Asheville, NC	191,562	225,965	34,403	18.0%	22,621	25,800	3,179	14.1%	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.0%
Athens, GA	126,261	153,444	27,183	21.5%	26,130	30,989	4,859	18.6%	0.23	0.23	0.00	0.0%
Atlanta, GA	2,959,952	4,112,198	1,152,246	38.9%	294,981	379,924	84,943	28.8%	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.0%
Atlantic-Cape May, NJ	319,416	354,878	35,462	11.1%	28,134	34,455	6,321	22.5%	0.09	0.11	0.02	22.2%
Auburn-Opelika, AL	87,146	115,092	27,946	32.1%	20,534	24,119	3,585	17.5%	0.27	0.27	0.00	0.0%
Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC	415,184	477,441	62,257	15.0%	60,835	68,597	7,762	12.8%	0.16	0.17	0.01	6.3%
Austin-San Marcos, TX	846,162	1,249,763	403,601	47.7%	129,933	134,589	4,656	3.6%	0.16	0.12	-0.04	-25.0%
Bakersfield, CA	543,478	661,645	118,167	21.7%	89,312	130,949	41,637	46.6%	0.15	0.19	0.04	26.7%
Baltimore, MD	2,382,508	2,552,994	170,486	7.2%	233,501	243,792	10,291	4.4%	0.11	0.12	0.01	9.1%
Bangor, ME	93,405	92,849	-556	-0.6%	10,886	11,594	708	6.5%	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.0%
Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA	134,930	162,571	27,641	20.5%	9,492	10,556	1,064	11.2%	0.08	0.07	-0.01	-12.5%
Baton Rouge, LA	528,264	602,894	74,630	14.1%	96,743	94,987	-1,756	-1.8%	0.20	0.18	-0.02	-10.0%
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	361,225	385,090	23,865	6.6%	64,062	57,974	-6,088	-9.5%	0.19	0.17	-0.02	-10.5%
Bellingham, WA	127,780	166,814	39,034	30.5%	15,142	23,003	7,861	51.9%	0.13	0.15	0.02	15.4%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Benton Harbor, MI	161,378	162,453	1,075	0.7%	23,281	20,202	-3,079	-13.2%	0.15	0.13	-0.02	-13.3%
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	1,278,440	1,373,167	94,727	7.4%	76,487	102,489	26,002	34.0%	0.07	0.08	0.01	14.3%
Billings, MT	113,419	129,352	15,933	14.0%	13,435	14,032	597	4.4%	0.12	0.11	-0.01	-8.3%
Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagoula, MS	312,369	363,988	51,619	16.5%	55,557	49,238	-6,319	-11.4%	0.20	0.16	-0.04	-20.0%
Binghamton, NY	264,497	252,320	-12,177	-4.6%	26,353	28,854	2,501	9.5%	0.12	0.14	0.02	16.7%
Birmingham, AL	840,139	921,106	80,967	9.6%	124,281	118,120	-6,161	-5.0%	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.0%
Bismarck, ND	83,831	94,719	10,888	13.0%	8,702	7,623	-1,079	-12.4%	0.11	0.09	-0.02	-18.2%
Bloomington, IN	108,979	120,563	11,584	10.6%	18,212	20,095	1,883	10.3%	0.20	0.21	0.01	5.0%
Bloomington-Normal, IL	129,180	150,433	21,253	16.5%	13,973	13,488	-485	-3.5%	0.13	0.11	-0.02	-15.4%
Boise City, ID	295,852	432,345	136,493	46.1%	31,011	37,909	6,898	22.2%	0.11	0.10	-0.01	-9.1%
Boston, MA-NH	3,226,844	3,405,985	179,141	5.6%	253,070	281,884	28,814	11.4%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%
Boulder-Longmont, CO	225,339	291,288	65,949	29.3%	23,738	26,818	3,080	13.0%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Brazoria, TX	191,707	241,767	50,060	26.1%	18,909	23,465	4,556	24.1%	0.10	0.11	0.01	10.0%
Bremerton, WA	189,730	231,969	42,239	22.3%	17,120	19,601	2,481	14.5%	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.0%
Bridgeport, CT	443,722	459,479	15,757	3.6%	33,864	37,005	3,141	9.3%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%
Brockton, MA	236,409	255,459	19,050	8.1%	18,233	19,058	825	4.5%	0.09	0.08	-0.01	-11.1%
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, TX	260,120	335,227	75,107	28.9%	101,360	109,288	7,928	7.8%	0.40	0.34	-0.06	-15.0%
Bryan-College Station, TX	121,862	152,415	30,553	25.1%	29,200	37,417	8,217	28.1%	0.30	0.30	0.00	0.0%
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	1,189,287	1,170,111	-19,176	-1.6%	138,888	135,192	-3,696	-2.7%	0.13	0.14	0.01	7.7%
Burlington, VT	152,556	170,570	18,014	11.8%	12,736	13,996	1,260	9.9%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Canton-Massillon, OH	394,106	406,934	12,828	3.3%	42,796	37,110	-5,686	-13.3%	0.13	0.11	-0.02	-15.4%
Casper, WY	61,226	66,533	5,307	8.7%	6,979	7,695	716	10.3%	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.0%
Cedar Rapids, IA	168,768	191,701	22,933	13.6%	14,187	12,150	-2,037	-14.4%	0.10	0.07	-0.03	-30.0%
Champaign-Urbana, IL	173,024	179,669	6,645	3.8%	24,127	26,460	2,333	9.7%	0.18	0.17	-0.01	-5.6%
Charleston-North Charleston, SC	506,875	549,033	42,158	8.3%	73,538	74,504	966	1.3%	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.0%
Charleston, WV	250,454	251,662	1,208	0.5%	36,537	33,159	-3,378	-9.2%	0.16	0.15	-0.01	-6.3%
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	1,161,741	1,499,293	337,552	29.1%	109,084	137,215	28,131	25.8%	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living in Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Charlottesville, VA	131,107	159,576	28,469	21.7%	16,248	17,290	1,042	6.4%	0.15	0.16	0.01	6.7%
Chattanooga, TN-GA	424,197	465,161	40,964	9.7%	55,479	54,011	-1,468	-2.6%	0.16	0.15	-0.01	-6.3%
Cheyenne, WY	73,142	81,607	8,465	11.6%	7,566	7,104	-462	-6.1%	0.11	0.09	-0.02	-18.2%
Chicago, IL	7,410,858	8,272,768	861,910	11.6%	821,207	853,800	32,593	4.0%	0.14	0.13	-0.01	-7.1%
Chico-Paradise, CA	182,120	203,171	21,051	11.6%	33,453	39,148	5,695	17.0%	0.19	0.20	0.01	5.3%
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	1,525,968	1,646,395	120,427	7.9%	173,509	156,307	-17,202	-9.9%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY	169,483	207,033	37,550	22.2%	22,640	22,917	277	1.2%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH	2,201,989	2,250,871	48,882	2.2%	258,900	238,660	-20,240	-7.8%	0.15	0.14	-0.01	-6.7%
Colorado Springs, CO	397,014	516,929	119,915	30.2%	39,519	40,318	799	2.0%	0.11	0.09	-0.02	-18.2%
Columbia, MO	112,362	135,454	23,092	20.6%	16,887	18,366	1,479	8.8%	0.22	0.20	-0.02	-9.1%
Columbia, SC	453,242	536,691	83,449	18.4%	49,738	59,717	9,979	20.1%	0.14	0.15	0.01	7.1%
Columbus, GA-AL	260,860	274,624	13,764	5.3%	44,873	40,464	-4,409	-9.8%	0.20	0.19	-0.01	-5.0%
Columbus, OH	1,345,451	1,540,157	194,706	14.5%	154,950	150,819	-4,131	-2.7%	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.0%
Corpus Christi, TX	349,894	380,783	30,889	8.8%	74,214	67,901	-6,313	-8.5%	0.22	0.19	-0.03	-13.6%
Corvallis, OR	70,810	78,153	7,343	10.4%	10,006	10,665	659	6.6%	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.0%
Cumberland, MD-WV	101,643	102,008	365	0.4%	15,736	14,041	-1,695	-10.8%	0.16	0.15	-0.01	-6.3%
Dallas, TX	2,676,243	3,519,176	842,933	31.5%	322,605	384,146	61,541	19.1%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%
Danbury, CT	193,610	217,980	24,370	12.6%	6,712	9,479	2,767	41.2%	0.03	0.04	0.01	33.3%
Danville, VA	108,711	110,156	1,445	1.3%	16,548	16,586	38	0.2%	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.0%
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL	350,861	359,062	8,201	2.3%	42,276	35,890	-6,386	-15.1%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
Dayton-Springfield, OH	951,271	950,558	-713	-0.1%	110,204	94,872	-15,332	-13.9%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%
Daytona Beach, FL	399,413	493,175	93,762	23.5%	46,226	54,194	7,968	17.2%	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.0%
Decatur, AL	131,555	145,867	14,312	10.9%	18,027	18,747	720	4.0%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Decatur, IL	117,206	114,706	-2,500	-2.1%	14,531	14,316	-215	-1.5%	0.15	0.17	0.02	13.3%
Denver, CO	1,622,980	2,109,282	486,302	30.0%	155,581	168,363	12,782	8.2%	0.09	0.08	-0.01	-11.1%
Des Moines, IA	392,928	456,022	63,094	16.1%	33,760	33,274	-486	-1.4%	0.09	0.08	-0.01	-11.1%
Detroit, MI	4,266,654	4,441,551	174,897	4.1%	553,055	469,575	-83,480	-15.1%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Dothan, AL	130,963	137,916	6,953	5.3%	20,246	20,286	40	0.2%	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.0%
Dover, DE	110,992	126,697	15,705	14.1%	12,071	13,083	1,012	8.4%	0.12	0.11	-0.01	-8.3%
Dubuque, IA	86,403	89,143	2,740	3.2%	8,528	6,639	-1,889	-22.2%	0.11	0.08	-0.03	-27.3%
Duluth-Superior, MN-WI	239,971	243,815	3,844	1.6%	33,234	27,816	-5,418	-16.3%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Dutchess County, NY	259,461	280,150	20,689	8.0%	12,997	19,858	6,861	52.8%	0.06	0.08	0.02	33.3%
Eau Claire, WI	137,543	148,337	10,794	7.8%	18,169	14,023	-4,146	-22.8%	0.14	0.11	-0.03	-21.4%
El Paso, TX	591,610	679,622	88,012	14.9%	155,297	158,722	3,425	2.2%	0.27	0.25	-0.02	-7.4%
Elkhart-Goshen, IN	156,266	182,791	26,525	17.0%	10,777	14,058	3,281	30.4%	0.08	0.09	0.01	12.5%
Elmira, NY	95,195	91,070	-4,125	-4.3%	10,247	11,063	816	8.0%	0.14	0.16	0.02	14.3%
Enid, OK	56,735	57,813	1,078	1.9%	7,747	7,820	73	0.9%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Erie, PA	275,572	280,843	5,271	1.9%	34,223	32,108	-2,115	-6.2%	0.14	0.13	-0.01	-7.1%
Eugene-Springfield, OR	282,912	322,959	40,047	14.2%	39,838	45,423	5,585	14.0%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Evansville-Henderson, IN-KY	278,991	296,195	17,204	6.2%	31,086	28,530	-2,556	-8.2%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%
Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN	153,295	174,367	21,072	13.7%	18,976	18,259	-717	-3.8%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
Fayetteville, NC	274,566	302,963	28,397	10.3%	36,495	36,391	-104	-0.3%	0.17	0.16	-0.01	-5.9%
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR	210,908	311,121	100,213	47.5%	25,149	37,305	12,156	48.3%	0.12	0.14	0.02	16.7%
Fitchburg-Leominster, MA	139,312	143,538	4,226	3.0%	12,408	14,116	1,708	13.8%	0.10	0.11	0.01	10.0%
Flagstaff, AZ-UT	101,760	122,366	20,606	20.2%	21,641	21,083	-558	-2.6%	0.24	0.20	-0.04	-16.7%
Flint, MI	430,460	436,141	5,681	1.3%	70,023	56,480	-13,543	-19.3%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Florence, AL	131,327	142,950	11,623	8.9%	19,083	20,034	951	5.0%	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.0%
Florence, SC	114,344	125,761	11,417	10.0%	22,500	20,063	-2,437	-10.8%	0.19	0.17	-0.02	-10.5%
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO	186,135	251,494	65,359	35.1%	21,467	22,600	1,133	5.3%	0.12	0.09	-0.03	-25.0%
Fort Lauderdale, FL	1,255,485	1,623,018	367,533	29.3%	126,307	184,589	58,282	46.1%	0.10	0.12	0.02	20.0%
Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL	335,114	440,888	105,774	31.6%	30,267	42,316	12,049	39.8%	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.0%
Fort Pierce-Port St. Lucie, FL	251,072	319,426	68,354	27.2%	27,427	36,308	8,881	32.4%	0.10	0.12	0.02	20.0%
Fort Smith, AR-OK	175,910	207,290	31,380	17.8%	27,917	30,523	2,606	9.3%	0.16	0.15	-0.01	-6.3%
Fort Walton Beach, FL	143,776	170,498	26,722	18.6%	14,183	14,562	379	2.7%	0.11	0.09	-0.02	-18.2%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Fort Wayne, IN	456,280	502,141	45,861	10.1%	34,307	40,243	5,936	17.3%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	1,361,036	1,702,625	341,589	25.1%	147,176	171,930	24,754	16.8%	0.12	0.11	-0.01	-8.3%
Fresno, CA	755,580	922,516	166,936	22.1%	155,607	203,599	47,992	30.8%	0.19	0.22	0.03	15.8%
Gadsden, AL	99,840	103,459	3,619	3.6%	16,242	15,938	-304	-1.9%	0.19	0.19	0.00	0.0%
Gainesville, FL	181,598	217,955	36,357	20.0%	40,073	46,939	6,866	17.1%	0.24	0.22	-0.02	-8.3%
Galveston-Texas City, TX	217,399	250,158	32,759	15.1%	33,165	32,510	-655	-2.0%	0.17	0.16	-0.01	-5.9%
Gary, IN	604,529	631,362	26,833	4.4%	72,509	66,881	-5,628	-7.8%	0.15	0.13	-0.02	-13.3%
Glens Falls, NY	118,539	124,345	5,806	4.9%	10,640	11,429	789	7.4%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Goldensboro, NC	104,666	113,329	8,663	8.3%	14,816	15,097	281	1.9%	0.18	0.17	-0.01	-5.6%
Grand Forks, ND-MN	103,181	97,478	-5,703	-5.5%	12,493	10,906	-1,587	-12.7%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%
Grand Junction, CO	93,145	116,255	23,110	24.8%	13,791	11,651	-2,140	-15.5%	0.16	0.11	-0.05	-31.3%
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI	937,891	1,088,514	150,623	16.1%	87,629	88,878	1,249	1.4%	0.11	0.10	-0.01	-9.1%
Great Falls, MT	77,691	80,357	2,666	3.4%	10,332	10,605	273	2.6%	0.17	0.16	-0.01	-5.9%
Greeley, CO	131,821	180,936	49,115	37.3%	19,594	22,019	2,425	12.4%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Green Bay, WI	194,593	226,778	32,185	16.5%	17,357	15,123	-2,234	-12.9%	0.10	0.09	-0.01	-10.0%
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC	1,050,304	1,251,509	201,205	19.2%	100,866	127,104	26,238	26.0%	0.11	0.12	0.01	9.1%
Greenville, NC	107,924	133,798	25,874	24.0%	22,651	26,001	3,350	14.8%	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.0%
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson, SC	830,209	962,441	132,232	15.9%	93,110	110,239	17,129	18.4%	0.13	0.14	0.01	7.7%
Hagerstown, MD	121,393	131,923	10,530	8.7%	10,574	11,697	1,123	10.6%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Hamilton-Middletown, OH	291,479	332,807	41,328	14.2%	29,788	27,946	-1,842	-6.2%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA	587,987	629,401	41,414	7.0%	44,486	48,822	4,336	9.7%	0.08	0.09	0.01	12.5%
Hartford, CT	1,158,264	1,183,803	25,539	2.2%	80,419	95,375	14,956	18.6%	0.08	0.10	0.02	25.0%
Hattiesburg, MS	98,738	111,674	12,936	13.1%	23,269	20,239	-3,030	-13.0%	0.28	0.24	-0.04	-14.3%
Hickory-Morgantown-Lenoir, NC	292,408	341,851	49,443	16.9%	25,821	32,802	6,981	27.0%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%
Honolulu, HI	836,231	876,156	39,925	4.8%	60,092	83,937	23,845	39.7%	0.08	0.11	0.03	37.5%
Houma, LA	182,842	194,477	11,635	6.4%	42,457	34,167	-8,290	-19.5%	0.23	0.18	-0.05	-21.7%
Houston, TX	3,322,153	4,177,646	855,493	25.8%	494,484	572,410	77,926	15.8%	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH	312,529	315,538	3,009	1.0%	62,190	56,332	-5,858	-9.4%	0.22	0.21	-0.01	-4.5%
Huntsville, AL	293,048	342,376	49,328	16.8%	32,613	36,179	3,566	10.9%	0.12	0.13	0.01	8.3%
Indianapolis, IN	1,380,491	1,607,486	226,995	16.4%	133,450	134,618	1,168	0.9%	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.0%
Iowa City, IA	96,119	111,006	14,887	15.5%	14,899	15,406	507	3.4%	0.18	0.17	-0.01	-5.6%
Jackson, MI	149,756	158,422	8,666	5.8%	16,880	13,417	-3,463	-20.5%	0.15	0.11	-0.04	-26.7%
Jackson, MS	395,396	440,801	45,405	11.5%	74,031	68,810	-5,221	-7.1%	0.20	0.19	-0.01	-5.0%
Jackson, TN	90,802	107,377	16,575	18.3%	15,072	14,414	-658	-4.4%	0.17	0.15	-0.02	-11.8%
Jacksonville, FL	906,728	1,100,491	193,763	21.4%	104,725	115,155	10,430	10.0%	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.0%
Jacksonville, NC	149,838	150,355	517	0.3%	13,950	16,917	2,967	21.3%	0.12	0.13	0.01	8.3%
Jamestown, NY	141,895	139,750	-2,145	-1.5%	18,818	18,530	-288	-1.5%	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.0%
Janesville-Beloit, WI	139,510	152,307	12,797	9.2%	13,425	10,880	-2,545	-19.0%	0.10	0.08	-0.02	-20.0%
Jersey City, NJ	553,099	608,975	55,876	10.1%	81,171	93,149	11,978	14.8%	0.15	0.16	0.01	6.7%
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA	436,047	480,091	44,044	10.1%	67,804	65,822	-1,982	-2.9%	0.16	0.15	-0.01	-6.3%
Johnstown, PA	241,247	232,621	-8,626	-3.6%	32,954	27,148	-5,806	-17.6%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Jonesboro, AR	68,956	82,148	13,192	19.1%	11,319	12,246	927	8.2%	0.18	0.17	-0.01	-5.6%
Joplin, MO	134,910	157,322	22,412	16.6%	19,660	20,819	1,159	5.9%	0.15	0.14	-0.01	-6.7%
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek, MI	429,453	452,851	23,398	5.4%	57,945	50,911	-7,034	-12.1%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
Kankakee, IL	96,255	103,833	7,578	7.9%	12,312	11,445	-867	-7.0%	0.15	0.13	-0.02	-13.3%
Kansas City, MO-KS	1,582,874	1,776,062	193,188	12.2%	152,421	147,703	-4,718	-3.1%	0.12	0.11	-0.01	-8.3%
Kenosha, WI	128,181	149,577	21,396	16.7%	12,818	10,915	-1,903	-14.8%	0.11	0.09	-0.02	-18.2%
Killeen-Temple, TX	255,429	312,952	57,523	22.5%	33,268	33,088	-180	-0.5%	0.15	0.13	-0.02	-13.3%
Knoxville, TN	586,027	687,249	101,222	17.3%	79,415	80,742	1,327	1.7%	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.0%
Kokomo, IN	96,946	101,541	4,595	4.7%	10,208	8,786	-1,422	-13.9%	0.11	0.09	-0.02	-18.2%
La Crosse, WI-MN	116,401	126,838	10,437	9.0%	14,108	12,105	-2,003	-14.2%	0.13	0.11	-0.02	-15.4%
Lafayette, IN	344,953	385,647	40,694	11.8%	89,743	78,870	-10,873	-12.1%	0.27	0.21	-0.06	-22.2%
Lafayette, LA	161,572	182,821	21,249	13.2%	19,239	23,391	4,152	21.6%	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.0%
Lake Charles, LA	168,134	183,577	15,443	9.2%	30,490	27,582	-2,908	-9.5%	0.19	0.16	-0.03	-15.8%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL	405,383	483,924	78,541	19.4%	51,205	60,953	9,748	19.0%	0.14	0.15	0.01	7.1%
Lancaster, PA	422,822	470,658	47,836	11.3%	32,637	35,553	2,916	8.9%	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.0%
Lansing-East Lansing, MI	432,674	447,728	15,054	3.5%	53,152	47,332	-5,820	-10.9%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Laredo, TX	133,240	193,117	59,877	44.9%	50,115	59,339	9,224	18.4%	0.39	0.33	-0.06	-15.4%
Las Cruces, NM	135,510	174,682	39,172	28.9%	34,676	43,054	8,378	24.2%	0.28	0.26	-0.02	-7.1%
Las Vegas, NV-AZ	852,735	1,563,282	710,547	83.3%	91,620	170,561	78,941	86.2%	0.08	0.10	0.02	25.0%
Lawrence, KS	81,798	99,962	18,164	22.2%	15,012	14,486	-526	-3.5%	0.19	0.15	-0.04	-21.1%
Lawrence, MA-NH	353,409	396,230	42,821	12.1%	32,555	33,887	1,332	4.1%	0.11	0.10	-0.01	-9.1%
Lawton, OK	111,486	114,996	3,510	3.1%	16,266	16,276	10	0.1%	0.19	0.19	0.00	0.0%
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	95,333	93,078	-2,255	-2.4%	10,404	10,097	-307	-3.0%	0.12	0.13	0.01	8.3%
Lexington, KY	405,936	479,198	73,262	18.0%	58,148	57,390	-758	-1.3%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Lima, OH	154,340	155,084	744	0.5%	15,995	15,188	-807	-5.0%	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.0%
Lincoln, NE	213,640	250,291	36,651	17.2%	21,342	22,722	1,380	6.5%	0.12	0.13	0.01	8.3%
Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR	513,117	583,845	70,728	13.8%	67,629	68,842	1,213	1.8%	0.15	0.14	-0.01	-6.7%
Longview-Marshall, TX	193,801	208,780	14,979	7.7%	34,083	31,557	-2,526	-7.4%	0.19	0.17	-0.02	-10.5%
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	8,862,508	9,519,338	656,830	7.4%	1,308,221	1,674,599	366,378	28.0%	0.15	0.18	0.03	20.0%
Louisville, KY-IN	948,828	1,025,598	76,770	8.1%	119,117	109,575	-9,542	-8.0%	0.14	0.13	-0.01	-7.1%
Lowell, MA-NH	280,589	301,686	21,097	7.5%	23,275	23,584	309	1.3%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Lubbock, TX	222,636	242,628	19,992	9.0%	40,411	41,542	1,131	2.8%	0.19	0.18	-0.01	-5.3%
Lynchburg, VA	193,930	214,911	20,981	10.8%	21,336	23,353	2,017	9.5%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Macon, GA	290,909	322,549	31,640	10.9%	46,712	48,441	1,729	3.7%	0.20	0.21	0.01	5.0%
Madison, WI	367,085	426,526	59,441	16.2%	36,889	38,815	1,926	5.2%	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.0%
Manchester, NH	173,692	198,378	24,686	14.2%	10,829	13,609	2,780	25.7%	0.08	0.09	0.01	12.5%
Mansfield, OH	174,007	175,818	1,811	1.0%	19,234	17,772	-1,462	-7.6%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	383,546	569,463	185,917	48.5%	159,217	201,865	42,648	26.8%	0.42	0.35	-0.07	-16.7%
Medford-Ashland, OR	146,389	181,269	34,880	23.8%	18,925	22,269	3,344	17.7%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL	398,979	476,230	77,251	19.4%	35,814	44,218	8,404	23.5%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Memphis, TN-AR-MS	1,007,306	1,135,614	128,308	12.7%	180,987	170,813	-10,174	-5.6%	0.20	0.19	-0.01	-5.0%
Merced, CA	178,400	210,554	32,154	18.0%	34,813	45,059	10,246	29.4%	0.20	0.22	0.02	10.0%
Miami, FL	1,937,094	2,253,362	316,268	16.3%	341,260	396,995	55,735	16.3%	0.18	0.19	0.01	5.6%
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	1,019,789	1,169,641	149,852	14.7%	41,988	62,293	20,305	48.4%	0.04	0.06	0.02	50.0%
Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI	1,432,149	1,500,741	68,592	4.8%	162,152	155,664	-6,488	-4.0%	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.0%
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	2,538,831	2,968,806	429,975	16.9%	201,383	195,253	-6,130	-3.0%	0.09	0.08	-0.01	-11.1%
Missoula, MT	78,687	95,802	17,115	21.8%	12,864	13,691	827	6.4%	0.19	0.17	-0.02	-10.5%
Mobile, AL	476,924	540,258	63,334	13.3%	93,260	86,567	-6,693	-7.2%	0.22	0.20	-0.02	-9.1%
Modesto, CA	370,521	446,997	76,476	20.6%	51,336	70,406	19,070	37.1%	0.14	0.16	0.02	14.3%
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	986,409	1,126,217	139,808	14.2%	52,836	73,187	20,351	38.5%	0.06	0.07	0.01	16.7%
Monroe, LA	142,191	147,250	5,059	3.6%	33,776	29,515	-4,261	-12.6%	0.27	0.25	-0.02	-7.4%
Montgomery, AL	292,517	333,055	40,538	13.9%	48,011	47,734	-277	-0.6%	0.18	0.17	-0.01	-5.6%
Muncie, IN	119,659	118,769	-890	-0.7%	18,698	16,862	-1,836	-9.8%	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.0%
Myrtle Beach, SC	144,052	196,629	52,577	36.5%	21,357	23,356	1,999	9.4%	0.15	0.13	-0.02	-13.3%
Naples, FL	152,101	251,377	99,276	65.3%	15,760	25,449	9,689	61.5%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Nashua, NH	171,107	194,191	23,084	13.5%	8,098	8,877	779	9.6%	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.0%
Nashville, TN	984,985	1,231,311	246,326	25.0%	108,160	120,820	12,660	11.7%	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.0%
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	2,609,106	2,753,913	144,807	5.6%	108,580	151,802	43,222	39.8%	0.04	0.05	0.01	25.0%
New Bedford, MA	175,705	175,198	-507	-0.3%	20,320	22,617	2,297	11.3%	0.13	0.16	0.03	23.1%
New Haven-Meriden, CT	530,240	542,069	11,829	2.2%	41,857	50,606	8,749	20.9%	0.09	0.11	0.02	22.2%
New London-Norwich, CT-RI	290,765	293,566	2,801	1.0%	17,697	18,660	963	5.4%	0.06	0.07	0.01	16.7%
New Orleans, LA	1,285,271	1,337,726	52,455	4.1%	268,662	241,075	-27,587	-10.3%	0.24	0.21	-0.03	-12.5%
New York, NY	8,546,951	9,314,235	767,284	9.0%	1,462,737	1,778,787	316,050	21.6%	0.17	0.19	0.02	11.8%
Newark, NJ	1,915,729	2,032,989	117,260	6.1%	164,971	192,382	27,411	16.6%	0.10	0.12	0.02	20.0%
Newburgh, NY-PA	335,380	387,669	52,289	15.6%	29,428	37,850	8,422	28.6%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News, VA-NC	1,443,243	1,569,541	126,298	8.8%	156,910	159,515	2,605	1.7%	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.0%
Oakland, CA	2,082,914	2,392,557	309,643	14.9%	189,878	228,379	38,501	20.3%	0.10	0.11	0.01	10.0%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Ocala, FL	194,833	258,916	64,083	32.9%	27,794	32,918	5,124	18.4%	0.15	0.14	-0.01	-6.7%
Odessa-Midland, TX	225,545	237,132	11,587	5.1%	39,369	37,068	-2,301	-5.8%	0.18	0.17	-0.01	-5.6%
Oklahoma City, OK	958,839	1,083,346	124,507	13.0%	129,557	142,050	12,493	9.6%	0.15	0.16	0.01	6.7%
Olympia, WA	161,238	207,355	46,117	28.6%	15,907	17,992	2,085	13.1%	0.10	0.09	-0.01	-10.0%
Omaha, NE-IA	639,580	716,998	77,418	12.1%	59,539	59,168	-371	-0.6%	0.10	0.09	-0.01	-10.0%
Orange County, CA	2,411,201	2,846,289	435,088	18.0%	200,893	289,475	88,582	44.1%	0.08	0.09	0.01	12.5%
Orlando, FL	1,224,851	1,644,561	419,710	34.3%	120,578	172,476	51,898	43.0%	0.10	0.11	0.01	10.0%
Owensboro, KY	87,189	91,545	4,356	5.0%	13,179	11,024	-2,155	-16.4%	0.16	0.13	-0.03	-18.8%
Panama City, FL	126,994	148,217	21,223	16.7%	17,910	18,882	972	5.4%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH	149,169	151,237	2,068	1.4%	20,426	18,981	-1,445	-7.1%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Pensacola, FL	344,407	412,153	67,746	19.7%	54,385	53,260	-1,125	-2.1%	0.18	0.16	-0.02	-11.1%
Peoria-Pekin, IL	339,172	347,387	8,215	2.4%	39,080	33,511	-5,569	-14.3%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	4,922,259	5,100,931	178,672	3.6%	499,950	552,173	52,223	10.4%	0.10	0.11	0.01	10.0%
Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	2,238,480	3,251,876	1,013,396	45.3%	283,508	383,484	99,976	35.3%	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.0%
Pine Bluff, AR	85,487	84,278	-1,209	-1.4%	19,410	16,203	-3,207	-16.5%	0.23	0.20	-0.03	-13.0%
Pittsburgh, PA	2,394,811	2,358,695	-36,116	-1.5%	283,440	248,640	-34,800	-12.3%	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.0%
Pittsfield, MA	89,515	85,671	-3,844	-4.3%	7,250	7,819	569	7.8%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%
Pocatello, ID	66,026	75,565	9,539	14.4%	8,944	10,181	1,237	13.8%	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.0%
Portland, ME	221,422	243,544	22,122	10.0%	17,170	18,866	1,696	9.9%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA	1,515,449	1,918,009	402,560	26.6%	147,212	178,528	31,316	21.3%	0.11	0.10	-0.01	-9.1%
Portsmouth-Rochester, NH-ME	224,100	241,542	17,442	7.8%	14,070	17,058	2,988	21.2%	0.07	0.08	0.01	14.3%
Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA	1,134,365	1,188,613	54,248	4.8%	104,733	135,463	30,730	29.3%	0.10	0.13	0.03	30.0%
Provo-Orem, UT	263,593	368,536	104,943	39.8%	39,097	43,270	4,173	10.7%	0.14	0.12	-0.02	-14.3%
Pueblo, CO	123,051	141,472	18,421	15.0%	24,318	20,449	-3,869	-15.9%	0.21	0.17	-0.04	-19.0%
Punta Gorda, FL	110,975	141,627	30,652	27.6%	8,154	11,419	3,265	40.0%	0.08	0.09	0.01	12.5%
Racine, WI	175,034	188,831	13,797	7.9%	17,500	15,491	-2,009	-11.5%	0.12	0.10	-0.02	-16.7%
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC	855,339	1,187,941	332,602	38.9%	86,850	117,472	30,622	35.3%	0.12	0.13	0.01	8.3%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Rapid City, SD	81,343	88,565	7,222	8.9%	10,285	9,967	-318	-3.1%	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.0%
Reading, PA	336,575	373,638	37,063	11.0%	26,224	34,201	7,977	30.4%	0.09	0.12	0.03	33.3%
Redding, CA	147,035	163,256	16,221	11.0%	19,839	24,556	4,717	23.8%	0.14	0.16	0.02	14.3%
Reno, NV	254,667	339,486	84,819	33.3%	23,457	33,318	9,861	42.0%	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.0%
Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA	150,033	191,822	41,789	27.9%	20,893	23,797	2,904	13.9%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%
Richmond-Petersburg, VA	865,642	996,512	130,870	15.1%	81,707	89,389	7,682	9.4%	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.0%
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	2,588,786	3,254,821	666,035	25.7%	306,432	477,496	171,064	55.8%	0.12	0.15	0.03	25.0%
Roanoke, VA	224,477	235,932	11,455	5.1%	21,029	21,629	600	2.9%	0.11	0.13	0.02	18.2%
Rochester, MN	106,471	124,277	17,806	16.7%	7,156	7,806	650	9.1%	0.09	0.06	-0.03	-33.3%
Rochester, NY	1,062,468	1,098,201	35,733	3.4%	98,739	109,237	10,498	10.6%	0.13	0.14	0.01	7.7%
Rockford, IL	329,675	371,236	41,561	12.6%	30,607	32,731	2,124	6.9%	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.0%
Rocky Mount, NC	133,235	143,026	9,791	7.3%	21,860	22,161	301	1.4%	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.0%
Sacramento, CA	1,340,008	1,628,197	288,189	21.5%	148,447	195,135	46,688	31.5%	0.10	0.12	0.02	20.0%
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI	399,320	403,070	3,750	0.9%	58,072	46,026	-12,046	-20.7%	0.16	0.13	-0.03	-18.8%
St. Cloud, MN	148,976	167,392	18,416	12.4%	16,852	13,434	-3,418	-20.3%	0.13	0.10	-0.03	-23.1%
St. Joseph, MO	97,714	102,490	4,776	4.9%	14,395	11,317	-3,078	-21.4%	0.17	0.13	-0.04	-23.5%
St. Louis, MO-IL	2,492,529	2,603,607	111,078	4.5%	263,337	253,785	-9,552	-3.6%	0.12	0.13	0.01	8.3%
Salem, OR	278,020	347,214	69,194	24.9%	35,115	44,047	8,932	25.4%	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.0%
Salinas, CA	355,660	401,762	46,102	13.0%	38,819	51,692	12,873	33.2%	0.11	0.12	0.01	9.1%
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	1,072,228	1,333,914	261,686	24.4%	99,666	100,720	1,054	1.1%	0.10	0.08	-0.02	-20.0%
San Angelo, TX	98,458	104,010	5,552	5.6%	16,100	15,193	-907	-5.6%	0.20	0.18	-0.02	-10.0%
San Antonio, TX	1,324,747	1,592,383	267,636	20.2%	252,304	234,478	-17,826	-7.1%	0.19	0.16	-0.03	-15.8%
San Diego, CA	2,498,012	2,813,833	315,821	12.6%	271,395	338,399	67,004	24.7%	0.11	0.12	0.01	9.1%
San Francisco, CA	1,603,678	1,731,183	127,505	8.0%	141,964	142,878	914	0.6%	0.09	0.08	-0.01	-11.1%
San Jose, CA	1,497,576	1,682,585	185,009	12.4%	109,808	124,470	14,662	13.4%	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.0%
San Luis Obispo-Atascadero-Paso Robles, CA	217,161	246,681	29,520	13.6%	26,370	29,775	3,405	12.9%	0.13	0.15	0.02	15.4%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living in Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	369,608	399,347	29,739	8.0%	45,224	55,086	9,862	21.8%	0.12	0.14	0.02	16.7%
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	229,733	255,602	25,869	11.3%	23,770	29,383	5,613	23.6%	0.11	0.12	0.01	9.1%
Santa Fe, NM	117,043	147,635	30,592	26.1%	12,997	15,775	2,778	21.4%	0.11	0.10	-0.01	-9.1%
Santa Rosa, CA	388,222	458,614	70,392	18.1%	29,040	36,349	7,309	25.2%	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.0%
Sarasota-Bradenton, FL	489,487	589,959	100,472	20.5%	40,176	50,921	10,745	26.7%	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.0%
Savannah, GA	258,060	293,000	34,940	13.5%	41,262	41,216	-46	-0.1%	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.0%
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, PA	638,466	624,776	-13,690	-2.1%	67,786	66,626	-1,160	-1.7%	0.11	0.12	0.01	9.1%
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA	2,032,571	2,414,616	382,045	18.8%	151,900	188,465	36,565	24.1%	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.0%
Sharon, PA	121,003	120,293	-710	-0.6%	14,809	13,092	-1,717	-11.6%	0.15	0.14	-0.01	-6.7%
Sheboygan, WI	103,877	112,646	8,769	8.4%	6,557	5,658	-899	-13.7%	0.07	0.05	-0.02	-28.6%
Sherman-Denison, TX	95,020	110,595	15,575	16.4%	12,771	12,109	-662	-5.2%	0.17	0.13	-0.04	-23.5%
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	376,330	392,302	15,972	4.2%	82,467	73,345	-9,122	-11.1%	0.25	0.23	-0.02	-8.0%
Sioux City, IA-NE	115,018	124,130	9,112	7.9%	14,774	12,698	-2,076	-14.1%	0.14	0.13	-0.01	-7.1%
Sioux Falls, SD	139,236	172,412	33,176	23.8%	10,542	11,843	1,301	12.3%	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.0%
South Bend, IN	247,052	265,559	18,507	7.5%	22,648	26,226	3,578	15.8%	0.12	0.13	0.01	8.3%
Spokane, WA	361,366	417,939	56,573	15.7%	48,026	49,859	1,833	3.8%	0.14	0.13	-0.01	-7.1%
Springfield, IL	189,550	201,437	11,887	6.3%	18,433	18,351	-82	-0.4%	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.0%
Springfield, MO	264,344	325,721	61,377	23.2%	35,434	36,937	1,503	4.2%	0.15	0.13	-0.02	-13.3%
Springfield, MA	590,263	594,784	4,521	0.8%	70,760	77,177	6,417	9.1%	0.14	0.15	0.01	7.1%
Stamford-Norwalk, CT	329,942	353,556	23,614	7.2%	14,753	19,799	5,046	34.2%	0.04	0.06	0.02	50.0%
State College, PA	123,786	135,758	11,972	9.7%	19,747	22,742	2,995	15.2%	0.20	0.21	0.01	5.0%
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	142,523	132,008	-10,515	-7.4%	20,761	17,304	-3,457	-16.7%	0.16	0.15	-0.01	-6.3%
Stockton-Lodi, CA	480,628	563,598	82,970	17.3%	73,162	97,105	23,943	32.7%	0.15	0.18	0.03	20.0%
Sumter, SC	102,637	104,646	2,009	2.0%	19,550	16,451	-3,099	-15.9%	0.23	0.19	-0.04	-17.4%
Syracuse, NY	742,177	732,117	-10,060	-1.4%	73,880	85,535	11,655	15.8%	0.11	0.14	0.03	27.3%
Tacoma, WA	586,787	700,820	114,033	19.4%	64,085	71,316	7,231	11.3%	0.12	0.11	-0.01	-8.3%
Tallahassee, FL	233,598	284,539	50,941	21.8%	41,801	49,587	7,786	18.6%	0.21	0.20	-0.01	-4.8%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living In Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	2,067,963	2,395,997	328,034	15.9%	230,720	262,439	31,719	13.7%	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.0%
Terre Haute, IN	147,585	149,192	1,607	1.1%	19,095	17,578	-1,517	-7.9%	0.15	0.16	0.01	6.7%
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	120,132	129,749	9,617	8.0%	22,019	22,230	211	1.0%	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.0%
Toledo, OH	614,128	618,203	4,075	0.7%	82,795	75,184	-7,611	-9.2%	0.17	0.15	-0.02	-11.8%
Topeka, KS	160,975	169,871	8,896	5.5%	15,734	15,824	90	0.6%	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.0%
Trenton, NJ	326,031	350,761	24,730	7.6%	23,091	28,570	5,479	23.7%	0.08	0.10	0.02	25.0%
Tucson, AZ	666,885	843,746	176,861	26.5%	111,881	120,778	8,897	8.0%	0.16	0.14	-0.02	-12.5%
Tulsa, OK	708,955	803,235	94,280	13.3%	91,606	89,722	-1,884	-2.1%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-7.7%
Tuscaloosa, AL	150,523	164,875	14,352	9.5%	28,300	26,633	-1,667	-5.9%	0.19	0.18	-0.01	-5.3%
Tyler, TX	151,309	174,706	23,397	15.5%	24,428	23,543	-885	-3.6%	0.18	0.15	-0.03	-16.7%
Utica-Rome, NY	316,633	299,896	-16,737	-5.3%	36,656	36,685	29	0.1%	0.13	0.15	0.02	15.4%
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	450,479	518,821	68,342	15.2%	31,606	41,257	9,651	30.5%	0.08	0.10	0.02	25.0%
Ventura, CA	669,016	753,197	84,181	12.6%	47,740	68,540	20,800	43.6%	0.07	0.09	0.02	28.6%
Victoria, TX	74,361	84,088	9,727	13.1%	12,925	10,681	-2,244	-17.4%	0.20	0.15	-0.05	-25.0%
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	138,053	146,438	8,385	6.1%	17,086	20,367	3,281	19.2%	0.13	0.14	0.01	7.7%
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	311,921	368,021	56,100	18.0%	69,124	86,572	17,448	25.2%	0.23	0.25	0.02	8.7%
Waco, TX	189,123	213,517	24,394	12.9%	37,296	35,977	-1,319	-3.5%	0.22	0.20	-0.02	-9.1%
Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV	4,223,153	4,923,153	700,000	16.6%	270,157	358,316	88,159	32.6%	0.07	0.09	0.02	28.6%
Waterbury, CT	221,629	229,064	7,435	3.4%	16,300	21,567	5,267	32.3%	0.08	0.11	0.03	37.5%
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	123,798	128,012	4,214	3.4%	17,932	16,050	-1,882	-10.5%	0.17	0.14	-0.03	-17.6%
Wausau, WI	115,400	125,834	10,434	9.0%	9,036	8,163	-873	-9.7%	0.08	0.07	-0.01	-12.5%
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL	863,521	1,131,184	267,663	31.0%	78,907	110,430	31,523	39.9%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%
Wheeling, WV-OH	159,301	153,172	-6,129	-3.8%	25,353	22,630	-2,723	-10.7%	0.18	0.18	0.00	0.0%
Wichita, KS	485,269	545,220	59,951	12.4%	49,960	48,802	-1,158	-2.3%	0.11	0.10	-0.01	-9.1%
Wichita Falls, TX	130,351	140,518	10,167	7.8%	19,226	16,684	-2,542	-13.2%	0.18	0.15	-0.03	-16.7%
Williamsport, PA	118,710	120,044	1,334	1.1%	13,180	13,205	25	0.2%	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.0%
Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD	513,294	586,216	72,922	14.2%	37,474	46,776	9,302	24.8%	0.09	0.10	0.01	11.1%

Metropolitan Area	Population				Number of People Living in Poverty				Average Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Wilmington, NC	171,268	233,450	62,182	36.3%	24,144	29,540	5,396	22.3%	0.16	0.15	-0.01	-6.3%
Worcester, MA-CT	476,221	508,982	32,761	6.9%	39,556	48,097	8,541	21.6%	0.10	0.12	0.02	20.0%
Yakima, WA	188,823	222,581	33,758	17.9%	37,486	43,070	5,584	14.9%	0.22	0.21	-0.01	-4.5%
Yolo, CA	141,799	168,660	26,861	18.9%	23,428	29,787	6,359	27.1%	0.16	0.18	0.02	12.5%
York, PA	339,574	381,751	42,177	12.4%	21,203	25,269	4,066	19.2%	0.08	0.09	0.01	12.5%
Youngstown-Warren, OH	600,975	594,746	-6,229	-1.0%	84,125	66,594	-17,531	-20.8%	0.17	0.15	-0.02	-11.8%
Yuba City, CA	122,643	139,149	16,506	13.5%	20,770	24,236	3,466	16.7%	0.16	0.17	0.01	6.3%
Yuma, AZ	106,896	160,026	53,130	49.7%	20,551	29,670	9,119	44.4%	0.20	0.19	-0.01	-5.0%
Non Metro Area Total	50,297,478	55,428,213	5,130,735	10.2%	8,312,686	7,805,832	-506,854	-6.1%	0.17	0.15	-0.02	-14.4%
Metro Area Total	198,412,381	225,993,693	27,581,312	13.9%	23,430,202	26,093,980	2,663,778	11.4%	0.12	0.12	0.00	-2.4%
U.S. Total	248,709,859	281,421,906	32,712,047	13.2%	31,742,888	33,899,812	2,156,924	6.8%	0.13	0.12	-0.01	-5.6%

APPENDIX C
CENSUS TRACT CHANGES BY POVERTY CONCENTRATION

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Abilene, TX	6	5	-1	-16.7%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Akron, OH	29	19	-10	-34.5%	19	8	-11	-57.9%	6	1	-5	-83.3%
Albany, GA	12	13	1	8.3%	9	8	-1	-11.1%	7	5	-2	-28.6%
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	8	20	12	150.0%	2	6	4	200.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Albuquerque, NM	21	19	-2	-9.5%	6	5	-1	-16.7%	4	1	-3	-75.0%
Alexandria, LA	12	8	-4	-33.3%	6	5	-1	-16.7%	3	2	-1	-33.3%
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA	7	10	3	42.9%	2	5	3	150.0%	0	2	2	N/A
Altoona, PA	2	3	1	50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	N/A
Amarillo, TX	11	7	-4	-36.4%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Anchorage, AK	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Ann Arbor, MI	13	11	-2	-15.4%	9	8	-1	-11.1%	4	4	0	0.0%
Anniston, AL	5	4	-1	-20.0%	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	1	1	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Asheville, NC	5	3	-2	-40.0%	2	2	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Athens, GA	10	11	1	10.0%	5	8	3	60.0%	4	5	1	25.0%
Atlanta, GA	65	54	-11	-16.9%	35	31	-4	-11.4%	20	12	-8	-40.0%
Atlantic-Cape May, NJ	5	6	1	20.0%	2	4	2	100.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Auburn-Opelika, AL	8	8	0	0.0%	6	6	0	0.0%	3	3	0	0.0%
Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC	13	12	-1	-7.7%	7	7	0	0.0%	4	2	-2	-50.0%
Austin-San Marcos, TX	40	19	-21	-52.5%	16	8	-8	-50.0%	5	4	-1	-20.0%
Bakersfield, CA	19	32	13	68.4%	4	13	9	225.0%	1	3	2	200.0%
Baltimore, MD	66	73	7	10.6%	37	34	-3	-8.1%	19	14	-5	-26.3%
Bangor, ME	2	1	-1	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Baton Rouge, LA	31	29	-2	-6.5%	17	12	-5	-29.4%	10	4	-6	-60.0%
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	23	22	-1	-4.3%	10	4	-6	-60.0%	3	1	-2	-66.7%
Bellingham, WA	1	2	1	100.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Benton Harbor, MI	7	6	-1	-14.3%	5	4	-1	-20.0%	4	2	-2	-50.0%
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	9	12	3	33.3%	1	6	5	500.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Billings, MT	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagoula, MS	13	7	-6	-46.2%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	4	1	-3	-75.0%
Binghamton, NY	4	8	4	100.0%	2	3	1	50.0%	0	0	0	N/A
Birmingham, AL	24	27	3	12.5%	15	11	-4	-26.7%	8	4	-4	-50.0%
Bismarck, ND	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Bloomington, IN	6	6	0	0.0%	4	6	2	50.0%	3	3	0	0.0%
Bloomington-Normal, IL	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Boise City, ID	1	1	0	0.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Boston, MA-NH	39	40	1	2.6%	13	14	1	7.7%	4	4	0	0.0%
Boulder-Longmont, CO	6	4	-2	-33.3%	1	2	1	100.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Brazoria, TX	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Bremerton, WA	1	2	1	100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Bridgeport, CT	8	9	1	12.5%	2	3	1	50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Brockton, MA	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, TX	67	53	-14	-20.9%	46	28	-18	-39.1%	24	12	-12	-50.0%
Bryan-College Station, TX	13	14	1	7.7%	9	10	1	11.1%	2	3	1	50.0%
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	41	40	-1	-2.4%	26	19	-7	-26.9%	7	7	0	0.0%
Burlington, VT	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Canton-Massillon, OH	9	5	-4	-44.4%	5	2	-3	-60.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Casper, WY	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Cedar Rapids, IA	2	0	-2	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Champaign-Urbana, IL	9	8	-1	-11.1%	4	4	0	0.0%	2	4	2	100.0%
Charleston-North Charleston, SC	16	19	3	18.8%	11	12	1	9.1%	6	4	-2	-33.3%
Charleston, WV	6	3	-3	-50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	20	16	-4	-20.0%	11	4	-7	-63.6%	4	1	-3	-75.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Charlottesville, VA	4	6	2	50.0%	3	3	0	0.0%	2	3	1	50.0%
Chattanooga, TN-GA	14	10	-4	-28.6%	5	4	-1	-20.0%	4	3	-1	-25.0%
Cheyenne, WY	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Chicago, IL	309	254	-55	-17.8%	193	117	-76	-39.4%	105	66	-39	-37.1%
Chico-Paradise, CA	11	9	-2	-18.2%	4	7	3	75.0%	0	2	2	N/A
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	46	49	3	6.5%	30	24	-6	-20.0%	21	13	-8	-38.1%
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY	6	5	-1	-16.7%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH	139	124	-15	-10.8%	72	54	-18	-25.0%	45	23	-22	-48.9%
Colorado Springs, CO	2	1	-1	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Columbia, MO	9	8	-1	-11.1%	7	5	-2	-28.6%	3	3	0	0.0%
Columbia, SC	12	14	2	16.7%	11	9	-2	-18.2%	3	3	0	0.0%
Columbus, GA-AL	14	18	4	28.6%	12	10	-2	-16.7%	8	7	-1	-12.5%
Columbus, OH	44	32	-12	-27.3%	22	13	-9	-40.9%	12	8	-4	-33.3%
Corpus Christi, TX	22	16	-6	-27.3%	10	8	-2	-20.0%	5	2	-3	-60.0%
Corvallis, OR	5	5	0	0.0%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Cumberland, MD-WV	3	1	-2	-66.7%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dallas, TX	76	47	-29	-38.2%	34	18	-16	-47.1%	13	8	-5	-38.5%
Danbury, CT	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Danville, VA	3	3	0	0.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL	11	6	-5	-45.5%	5	2	-3	-60.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Dayton-Springfield, OH	30	24	-6	-20.0%	18	8	-10	-55.6%	6	2	-4	-66.7%
Daytona Beach, FL	5	7	2	40.0%	2	2	0	0.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Decatur, AL	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Decatur, IL	7	6	-1	-14.3%	3	6	3	100.0%	1	3	2	200.0%
Denver, CO	31	10	-21	-67.7%	10	2	-8	-80.0%	4	1	-3	-75.0%
Des Moines, IA	5	3	-2	-40.0%	3	0	-3	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Detroit, MI	215	173	-42	-19.5%	148	55	-93	-62.8%	51	15	-36	-70.6%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Dothan, AL	5	5	0	0.0%	3	0	-3	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dover, DE	1	0	-1	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dubuque, IA	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Duluth-Superior, MN-WI	12	10	-2	-16.7%	6	5	-1	-16.7%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dutchess County, NY	1	3	2	200.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Eau Claire, WI	4	2	-2	-50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
El Paso, TX	56	45	-11	-19.6%	26	16	-10	-38.5%	10	9	-1	-10.0%
Elkhart-Goshen, IN	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Elmira, NY	1	4	3	300.0%	1	2	1	100.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Enid, OK	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Erie, PA	10	10	0	0.0%	5	2	-3	-60.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Eugene-Springfield, OR	5	5	0	0.0%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Evansville-Henderson, IN-KY	10	5	-5	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fayetteville, NC	5	5	0	0.0%	4	4	0	0.0%	3	1	-2	-66.7%
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR	2	3	1	50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Fitchburg-Leominster, MA	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Flagstaff, AZ-UT	8	6	-2	-25.0%	7	2	-5	-71.4%	5	1	-4	-80.0%
Flint, MI	25	22	-3	-12.0%	15	9	-6	-40.0%	6	3	-3	-50.0%
Florence, AL	5	6	1	20.0%	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Florence, SC	6	4	-2	-33.3%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Fort Lauderdale, FL	14	19	5	35.7%	4	6	2	50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL	4	4	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Fort Pierce-Port St. Lucie, FL	4	3	-1	-25.0%	2	3	1	50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Fort Smith, AR-OK	2	1	-1	-50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fort Walton Beach, FL	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Fort Wayne, IN	5	2	-3	-60.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	1	2	1	100.0%
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	32	25	-7	-21.9%	14	8	-6	-42.9%	4	3	-1	-25.0%
Fresno, CA	42	46	4	9.5%	21	27	6	28.6%	4	10	6	150.0%
Gadsden, AL	3	6	3	100.0%	1	2	1	100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Gainesville, FL	12	13	1	8.3%	11	7	-4	-36.4%	4	5	1	25.0%
Galveston-Texas City, TX	10	7	-3	-30.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	1	2	1	100.0%
Gary, IN	23	18	-5	-21.7%	11	9	-2	-18.2%	4	2	-2	-50.0%
Glens Falls, NY	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Goldsboro, NC	3	3	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Grand Forks, ND-MN	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Grand Junction, CO	3	0	-3	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI	24	11	-13	-54.2%	10	3	-7	-70.0%	4	1	-3	-75.0%
Great Falls, MT	4	3	-1	-25.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Greeley, CO	6	4	-2	-33.3%	3	1	-2	-66.7%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Green Bay, WI	3	1	-2	-66.7%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC	18	18	0	0.0%	6	6	0	0.0%	2	3	1	50.0%
Greenville, NC	5	4	-1	-20.0%	2	3	1	50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson, SC	15	17	2	13.3%	9	8	-1	-11.1%	3	2	-1	-33.3%
Hagerstown, MD	1	2	1	100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Hamilton-Middletown, OH	10	7	-3	-30.0%	4	3	-1	-25.0%	2	2	0	0.0%
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA	7	9	2	28.6%	2	3	1	50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Hartford, CT	18	34	16	88.9%	9	8	-1	-11.1%	8	2	-6	-75.0%
Hattiesburg, MS	9	7	-2	-22.2%	5	4	-1	-20.0%	5	1	-4	-80.0%
Hickory-Morganton-Lenoir, NC	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Honolulu, HI	6	9	3	50.0%	5	6	1	20.0%	4	3	-1	-25.0%
Houma, LA	9	4	-5	-55.6%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Houston, TX	111	95	-16	-14.4%	45	25	-20	-44.4%	12	5	-7	-58.3%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH	17	13	-4	-23.5%	5	3	-2	-40.0%	3	3	0	0.0%
Huntsville, AL	4	5	1	25.0%	4	4	0	0.0%	3	3	0	0.0%
Indianapolis, IN	29	21	-8	-27.6%	11	3	-8	-72.7%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Iowa City, IA	5	3	-2	-40.0%	3	3	0	0.0%	2	2	0	0.0%
Jackson, MI	6	3	-3	-50.0%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Jackson, MS	31	30	-1	-3.2%	17	9	-8	-47.1%	10	4	-6	-60.0%
Jackson, TN	5	5	0	0.0%	4	3	-1	-25.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Jacksonville, FL	20	17	-3	-15.0%	9	8	-1	-11.1%	3	4	1	33.3%
Jacksonville, NC	1	1	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Jamestown, NY	3	4	1	33.3%	3	0	-3	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Janesville-Beloit, WI	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Jersey City, NJ	9	7	-2	-22.2%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA	6	6	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Johnstown, PA	7	7	0	0.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Jonesboro, AR	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Joplin, MO	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek, MI	17	11	-6	-35.3%	7	4	-3	-42.9%	3	1	-2	-66.7%
Kankakee, IL	4	4	0	0.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Kansas City, MO-KS	53	40	-13	-24.5%	23	14	-9	-39.1%	12	3	-9	-75.0%
Kenosha, WI	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Killeen-Temple, TX	6	5	-1	-16.7%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Knoxville, TN	18	21	3	16.7%	8	10	2	25.0%	6	6	0	0.0%
Kokomo, IN	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
La Crosse, WI-MN	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	2	0	0.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Lafayette, IN	33	17	-16	-48.5%	17	6	-11	-64.7%	6	0	-6	-100.0%
Lafayette, LA	7	5	-2	-28.6%	6	4	-2	-33.3%	4	3	-1	-25.0%
Lake Charles, LA	6	5	-1	-16.7%	4	1	-3	-75.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL	5	8	3	60.0%	1	2	1	100.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Lancaster, PA	6	6	0	0.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Lansing-East Lansing, MI	15	14	-1	-6.7%	9	5	-4	-44.4%	6	5	-1	-16.7%
Laredo, TX	23	20	-3	-13.0%	16	11	-5	-31.3%	11	2	-9	-81.8%
Las Cruces, NM	15	15	0	0.0%	9	3	-6	-66.7%	1	1	0	0.0%
Las Vegas, NV-AZ	10	16	6	60.0%	5	2	-3	-60.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Lawrence, KS	2	2	0	0.0%	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Lawrence, MA-NH	12	7	-5	-41.7%	5	1	-4	-80.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Lawton, OK	6	6	0	0.0%	1	2	1	100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	2	3	1	50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Lexington, KY	16	13	-3	-18.8%	6	7	1	16.7%	1	3	2	200.0%
Lima, OH	5	8	3	60.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Lincoln, NE	6	7	1	16.7%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	3	2	-1	-33.3%
Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR	18	14	-4	-22.2%	4	3	-1	-25.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Longview-Marshall, TX	7	3	-4	-57.1%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	262	381	119	45.4%	76	139	63	82.9%	18	37	19	105.6%
Louisville, KY-IN	30	22	-8	-26.7%	12	12	0	0.0%	7	6	-1	-14.3%
Lowell, MA-NH	6	6	0	0.0%	4	1	-3	-75.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Lubbock, TX	12	10	-2	-16.7%	8	2	-6	-75.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Lynchburg, VA	5	3	-2	-40.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	1	2	1	100.0%
Macon, GA	17	18	1	5.9%	12	9	-3	-25.0%	4	4	0	0.0%
Madison, WI	6	5	-1	-16.7%	4	3	-1	-25.0%	3	3	0	0.0%
Manchester, NH	2	2	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Mansfield, OH	4	2	-2	-50.0%	3	0	-3	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	63	55	-8	-12.7%	51	37	-14	-27.5%	29	10	-19	-65.5%
Medford-Ashland, OR	1	3	2	200.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL	3	4	1	33.3%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Memphis, TN-AR-MS	66	67	1	1.5%	52	40	-12	-23.1%	22	18	-4	-18.2%
Merced, CA	8	10	2	25.0%	5	4	-1	-20.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Miami, FL	62	64	2	3.2%	38	33	-5	-13.2%	15	13	-2	-13.3%
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	1	5	4	400.0%	0	3	3	N/A	0	1	1	N/A
Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI	73	79	6	8.2%	58	45	-13	-22.4%	35	14	-21	-60.0%
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	52	32	-20	-38.5%	34	16	-18	-52.9%	10	2	-8	-80.0%
Missoula, MT	3	3	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Mobile, AL	35	30	-5	-14.3%	23	16	-7	-30.4%	13	9	-4	-30.8%
Modesto, CA	5	10	5	100.0%	1	2	1	100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	4	8	4	100.0%	0	3	3	N/A	0	1	1	N/A
Monroe, LA	15	15	0	0.0%	11	11	0	0.0%	9	6	-3	-33.3%
Montgomery, AL	12	12	0	0.0%	10	6	-4	-40.0%	4	3	-1	-25.0%
Muncie, IN	8	8	0	0.0%	4	4	0	0.0%	1	3	2	200.0%
Myrtle Beach, SC	5	2	-3	-60.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Naples, FL	5	5	0	0.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Nashua, NH	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Nashville, TN	23	19	-4	-17.4%	10	8	-2	-20.0%	7	3	-4	-57.1%
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	1	1	N/A
New Bedford, MA	3	8	5	166.7%	0	2	2	N/A	0	0	0	N/A
New Haven-Meriden, CT	9	10	1	11.1%	3	4	1	33.3%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
New London-Norwich, CT-RI	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	N/A
New Orleans, LA	128	111	-17	-13.3%	70	51	-19	-27.1%	35	18	-17	-48.6%
New York, NY	474	523	49	10.3%	285	267	-18	-6.3%	128	100	-28	-21.9%
Newark, NJ	46	51	5	10.9%	21	24	3	14.3%	7	11	4	57.1%
Newburgh, NY-PA	3	6	3	100.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	2	0	0.0%
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC	34	30	-4	-11.8%	21	18	-3	-14.3%	12	10	-2	-16.7%
Oakland, CA	27	27	0	0.0%	10	12	2	20.0%	4	5	1	25.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Ocala, FL	2	3	1	50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Odessa-Midland, TX	12	10	-2	-16.7%	7	0	-7	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Oklahoma City, OK	41	41	0	0.0%	24	21	-3	-12.5%	10	8	-2	-20.0%
Olympia, WA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Omaha, NE-IA	19	12	-7	-36.8%	6	3	-3	-50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Orange County, CA	8	16	8	100.0%	1	2	1	100.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Orlando, FL	13	11	-2	-15.4%	5	6	1	20.0%	2	3	1	50.0%
Owensboro, KY	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Panama City, FL	5	3	-2	-40.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Pensacola, FL	13	9	-4	-30.8%	5	2	-3	-60.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Peoria-Pekin, IL	10	12	2	20.0%	5	9	4	80.0%	3	3	0	0.0%
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	117	147	30	25.6%	70	68	-2	-2.9%	32	28	-4	-12.5%
Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	71	69	-2	-2.8%	39	32	-7	-17.9%	21	17	-4	-19.0%
Pine Bluff, AR	8	7	-1	-12.5%	4	3	-1	-25.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Pittsburgh, PA	61	57	-4	-6.6%	30	28	-2	-6.7%	14	15	1	7.1%
Pittsfield, MA	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Pocatello, ID	2	2	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Portland, ME	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	0	-2	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA	16	12	-4	-25.0%	10	4	-6	-60.0%	4	2	-2	-50.0%
Portsmouth-Rochester, NH-ME	0	2	2	N/A	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA	16	29	13	81.3%	3	9	6	200.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Provo-Orem, UT	10	9	-1	-10.0%	7	5	-2	-28.6%	6	4	-2	-33.3%
Pueblo, CO	15	5	-10	-66.7%	5	1	-4	-80.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Punta Gorda, FL	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Racine, WI	6	3	-3	-50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC	16	21	5	31.3%	8	6	-2	-25.0%	6	3	-3	-50.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Rapid City, SD	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Reading, PA	6	11	5	83.3%	2	4	2	100.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Redding, CA	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Reno, NV	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA	4	3	-1	-25.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Richmond-Petersburg, VA	19	22	3	15.8%	10	6	-4	-40.0%	8	4	-4	-50.0%
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	29	65	36	124.1%	6	18	12	200.0%	1	4	3	300.0%
Roanoke, VA	5	8	3	60.0%	2	3	1	50.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Rochester, MN	1	0	-1	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Rochester, NY	35	43	8	22.9%	19	21	2	10.5%	7	5	-2	-28.6%
Rockford, IL	7	6	-1	-14.3%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
Rocky Mount, NC	3	4	1	33.3%	1	2	1	100.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Sacramento, CA	19	28	9	47.4%	5	6	1	20.0%	2	3	1	50.0%
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI	11	10	-1	-9.1%	8	7	-1	-12.5%	6	2	-4	-66.7%
St. Cloud, MN	3	3	0	0.0%	2	2	0	0.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
St. Joseph, MO	5	1	-4	-80.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
St. Louis, MO-IL	70	62	-8	-11.4%	33	29	-4	-12.1%	14	13	-1	-7.1%
Salem, OR	0	2	2	N/A	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Salinas, CA	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	17	11	-6	-35.3%	7	5	-2	-28.6%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
San Angelo, TX	5	3	-2	-40.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%
San Antonio, TX	69	44	-25	-36.2%	36	14	-22	-61.1%	13	1	-12	-92.3%
San Diego, CA	43	48	5	11.6%	10	18	8	80.0%	0	3	3	N/A
San Francisco, CA	12	6	-6	-50.0%	6	1	-5	-83.3%	1	1	0	0.0%
San Jose, CA	7	2	-5	-71.4%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
San Luis Obispo-Atascadero-Paso Robles, CA	2	4	2	100.0%	2	3	1	50.0%	2	3	1	50.0%
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	5	5	0	0.0%	4	4	0	0.0%	3	3	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Santa Fe, NM	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Santa Rosa, CA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Sarasota-Bradenton, FL	3	5	2	66.7%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Savannah, GA	19	15	-4	-21.1%	10	9	-1	-10.0%	5	6	1	20.0%
Scranton—Wilkes-Barre—Hazleton, PA	6	6	0	0.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	0	0	0	0.0%
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA	14	11	-3	-21.4%	8	4	-4	-50.0%	3	1	-2	-66.7%
Sharon, PA	4	3	-1	-25.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Sheboygan, WI	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Sherman-Denison, TX	2	0	-2	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	32	29	-3	-9.4%	20	18	-2	-10.0%	10	6	-4	-40.0%
Sioux City, IA-NE	3	3	0	0.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Sioux Falls, SD	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
South Bend, IN	6	6	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Spokane, WA	10	8	-2	-20.0%	4	1	-3	-75.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Springfield, IL	6	5	-1	-16.7%	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Springfield, MO	7	4	-3	-42.9%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	3	2	-1	-33.3%
Springfield, MA	15	18	3	20.0%	11	11	0	0.0%	6	5	-1	-16.7%
Stamford-Norwalk, CT	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
State College, PA	6	6	0	0.0%	6	6	0	0.0%	3	5	2	66.7%
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	3	3	0	0.0%	2	2	0	0.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Stockton-Lodi, CA	16	24	8	50.0%	5	8	3	60.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Sumter, SC	8	2	-6	-75.0%	3	0	-3	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Syracuse, NY	17	28	11	64.7%	11	12	1	9.1%	6	6	0	0.0%
Tacoma, WA	7	6	-1	-14.3%	5	3	-2	-40.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Tallahassee, FL	14	12	-2	-14.3%	10	9	-1	-10.0%	5	5	0	0.0%
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	36	32	-4	-11.1%	15	11	-4	-26.7%	10	5	-5	-50.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Terre Haute, IN	6	6	0	0.0%	2	3	1	50.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	5	6	1	20.0%	2	3	1	50.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Toledo, OH	37	29	-8	-21.6%	19	9	-10	-52.6%	9	4	-5	-55.6%
Topeka, KS	3	3	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Trenton, NJ	3	4	1	33.3%	1	2	1	100.0%	0	1	1	N/A
Tucson, AZ	30	27	-3	-10.0%	17	9	-8	-47.1%	11	2	-9	-81.8%
Tulsa, OK	20	14	-6	-30.0%	10	6	-4	-40.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Tuscaloosa, AL	7	9	2	28.6%	4	3	-1	-25.0%	2	2	0	0.0%
Tyler, TX	6	4	-2	-33.3%	4	0	-4	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Utica-Rome, NY	9	13	4	44.4%	3	8	5	166.7%	0	1	1	N/A
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	0	2	2	N/A	0	1	1	N/A	0	1	1	N/A
Ventura, CA	4	4	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Victoria, TX	4	0	-4	-100.0%	2	0	-2	-100.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	3	3	0	0.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	14	24	10	71.4%	5	7	2	40.0%	2	1	-1	-50.0%
Waco, TX	14	11	-3	-21.4%	9	7	-2	-22.2%	5	6	1	20.0%
Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV	38	46	8	21.1%	12	24	12	100.0%	4	10	6	150.0%
Waterbury, CT	2	4	2	100.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	7	4	-3	-42.9%	2	1	-1	-50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Wausau, WI	1	0	-1	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL	13	17	4	30.8%	5	7	2	40.0%	0	3	3	N/A
Wheeling, WV-OH	7	7	0	0.0%	0	3	3	N/A	0	1	1	N/A
Wichita, KS	11	6	-5	-45.5%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Wichita Falls, TX	7	3	-4	-57.1%	4	1	-3	-75.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Williamsport, PA	2	2	0	0.0%	1	1	0	0.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%
Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD	7	11	4	57.1%	3	7	4	133.3%	1	3	2	200.0%
Wilmington, NC	8	5	-3	-37.5%	4	2	-2	-50.0%	1	0	-1	-100.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Worcester, MA-CT	8	13	5	62.5%	4	6	2	50.0%	2	3	1	50.0%
Yakima, WA	9	8	-1	-11.1%	5	2	-3	-60.0%	1	1	0	0.0%
Yolo, CA	6	7	1	16.7%	1	1	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
York, PA	3	5	2	66.7%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Youngstown-Warren, OH	28	25	-3	-10.7%	18	8	-10	-55.6%	7	3	-4	-57.1%
Yuba City, CA	2	2	0	0.0%	0	1	1	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Yuma, AZ	11	6	-5	-45.5%	3	2	-1	-33.3%	0	0	0	0.0%
Non Metro Area Total	1,509	911	-598	-39.6%	525	277	-248	-47.2%	207	92	-115	-55.6%
Metro Area Total	5,703	5,491	-212	-3.7%	2,943	2,354	-589	-20.0%	1,302	904	-398	-30.6%
U.S. Total	7,212	6,402	-810	-11.2%	3,468	2,631	-837	-24.1%	1,509	996	-513	-34.0%

APPENDIX D
POPULATION CHANGE BY POVERTY CONCENTRATION

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Abilene, TX	12,534	9,403	-3,131	-25.0%	1,319	592	-727	-55.1%	0	592	592	N/A
Akron, OH	80,159	50,488	-29,671	-37.0%	50,862	23,237	-27,625	-54.3%	13,729	901	-12,828	-93.4%
Albany, GA	31,390	40,468	9,078	28.9%	23,725	21,465	-2,260	-9.5%	16,135	10,899	-5,236	-32.5%
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	32,825	56,383	23,558	71.8%	8,654	12,986	4,332	50.1%	0	2,204	2,204	N/A
Albuquerque, NM	69,790	62,626	-7,164	-10.3%	11,724	20,163	8,439	72.0%	6,045	2,958	-3,087	-51.1%
Alexandria, LA	41,740	23,948	-17,792	-42.6%	15,672	11,808	-3,864	-24.7%	8,205	5,044	-3,161	-38.5%
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA	20,885	31,380	10,495	50.3%	9,521	14,694	5,173	54.3%	0	2,490	2,490	N/A
Altoona, PA	4,853	7,873	3,020	62.2%	1,702	1,666	-36	-2.1%	0	0	0	0.0%
Amarillo, TX	27,018	16,741	-10,277	-38.0%	6,985	3,012	-3,973	-56.9%	2,516	0	-2,516	-100.0%
Anchorage, AK	0	1,436	1,436	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Ann Arbor, MI	52,959	42,340	-10,619	-20.1%	39,017	28,997	-10,020	-25.7%	24,613	20,957	-3,656	-14.9%
Anniston, AL	15,676	10,484	-5,192	-33.1%	6,124	5,056	-1,068	-17.4%	2,764	2,439	-325	-11.8%
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	5,892	5,614	-278	-4.7%	5,892	5,614	-278	-4.7%	0	0	0	0.0%
Asheville, NC	8,791	5,814	-2,977	-33.9%	2,298	4,482	2,184	95.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Athens, GA	33,332	40,043	6,711	20.1%	19,237	31,231	11,994	62.3%	16,742	19,055	2,313	13.8%
Atlanta, GA	192,989	167,182	-25,807	-13.4%	92,034	92,238	204	0.2%	48,649	30,159	-18,490	-38.0%
Atlantic-Cape May, NJ	13,877	15,088	1,211	8.7%	5,893	9,765	3,872	65.7%	0	1,994	1,994	N/A
Auburn-Opelika, AL	29,597	33,190	3,593	12.1%	22,113	23,936	1,823	8.2%	11,451	12,333	882	7.7%
Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC	43,437	38,686	-4,751	-10.9%	22,132	18,097	-4,035	-18.2%	14,154	4,588	-9,566	-67.6%
Austin-San Marcos, TX	150,420	90,700	-59,720	-39.7%	55,369	47,249	-8,120	-14.7%	20,346	21,809	1,463	7.2%
Bakersfield, CA	84,678	174,514	89,836	106.1%	22,333	64,837	42,504	190.3%	7,181	18,662	11,481	159.9%
Baltimore, MD	218,336	198,077	-20,259	-9.3%	108,167	79,448	-28,719	-26.6%	52,469	32,150	-20,319	-38.7%
Bangor, ME	6,880	4,241	-2,639	-38.4%	1,132	4,241	3,109	274.6%	0	0	0	0.0%
Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Baton Rouge, LA	122,208	115,152	-7,056	-5.8%	68,212	50,989	-17,223	-25.2%	41,870	14,568	-27,302	-65.2%
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	71,993	64,161	-7,832	-10.9%	27,624	7,754	-19,870	-71.9%	8,231	2,028	-6,203	-75.4%
Bellingham, WA	5,941	15,661	9,720	163.6%	5,941	6,890	949	16.0%	0	6,890	6,890	N/A

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Benton Harbor, MI	21,186	15,588	-5,598	-26.4%	15,716	9,690	-6,026	-38.3%	11,417	4,532	-6,885	-60.3%
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	29,423	43,293	13,870	47.1%	4,241	15,487	11,246	265.2%	0	376	376	N/A
Billings, MT	6,547	7,216	669	10.2%	3,300	3,592	292	8.8%	0	0	0	0.0%
Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagoula, MS	33,489	19,298	-14,191	-42.4%	9,305	873	-8,432	-90.6%	9,305	850	-8,455	-90.9%
Binghamton, NY	8,810	21,067	12,257	139.1%	5,261	5,540	279	5.3%	0	0	0	0.0%
Birmingham, AL	109,537	100,625	-8,912	-8.1%	60,983	37,508	-23,475	-38.5%	32,339	13,450	-18,889	-58.4%
Bismarck, ND	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Bloomington, IN	33,908	32,689	-1,219	-3.6%	23,665	32,689	9,024	38.1%	15,070	14,427	-643	-4.3%
Bloomington-Normal, IL	18,699	10,706	-7,993	-42.7%	11,609	10,706	-903	-7.8%	8,288	7,764	-524	-6.3%
Boise City, ID	3,335	2,853	-482	-14.5%	3,335	0	-3,335	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Boston, MA-NH	124,655	137,698	13,043	10.5%	31,209	36,634	5,425	17.4%	7,959	10,189	2,230	28.0%
Boulder-Longmont, CO	27,911	15,913	-11,998	-43.0%	5,530	6,758	1,228	22.2%	5,530	5,226	-304	-5.5%
Brazoria, TX	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Bremerton, WA	4,504	7,306	2,802	62.2%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Bridgeport, CT	23,208	18,433	-4,775	-20.6%	4,703	6,268	1,565	33.3%	4,703	1,183	-3,520	-74.8%
Brockton, MA	2,856	2,199	-657	-23.0%	0	2,199	2,199	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, TX	202,286	203,838	1,552	0.8%	137,985	92,850	-45,135	-32.7%	65,957	39,367	-26,590	-40.3%
Bryan-College Station, TX	55,389	72,629	17,240	31.1%	40,587	51,680	11,093	27.3%	13,578	19,351	5,773	42.5%
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	140,405	117,163	-23,242	-16.6%	73,682	51,260	-22,422	-30.4%	15,422	14,846	-576	-3.7%
Burlington, VT	7,131	3,935	-3,196	-44.8%	0	3,935	3,935	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Canton-Massillon, OH	28,689	14,056	-14,633	-51.0%	9,873	4,295	-5,578	-56.5%	4,274	2,906	-1,368	-32.0%
Casper, WY	3,050	3,692	642	21.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Cedar Rapids, IA	5,027	0	-5,027	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Champaign-Urbana, IL	32,610	31,371	-1,239	-3.8%	24,536	22,451	-2,085	-8.5%	13,773	22,451	8,678	63.0%
Charleston-North Charleston, SC	46,165	44,798	-1,367	-3.0%	27,261	29,167	1,906	7.0%	15,436	7,333	-8,103	-52.5%
Charleston, WV	14,610	4,985	-9,625	-65.9%	3,847	1,431	-2,416	-62.8%	2,065	1,431	-634	-30.7%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	49,322	44,001	-5,321	-10.8%	27,865	7,321	-20,544	-73.7%	9,862	1,711	-8,151	-82.7%
Charlottesville, VA	13,708	15,523	1,815	13.2%	10,631	8,858	-1,773	-16.7%	7,775	8,858	1,083	13.9%
Chattanooga, TN-GA	34,561	23,036	-11,525	-33.3%	14,241	11,433	-2,808	-19.7%	11,407	8,409	-2,998	-26.3%
Cheyenne, WY	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Chicago, IL	781,554	639,679	-141,875	-18.2%	437,218	244,764	-192,454	-44.0%	213,232	118,867	-94,365	-44.3%
Chico-Paradise, CA	46,362	40,434	-5,928	-12.8%	16,089	32,815	16,726	104.0%	0	8,752	8,752	N/A
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	121,613	112,397	-9,216	-7.6%	73,039	52,681	-20,358	-27.9%	50,671	28,654	-22,017	-43.5%
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY	20,284	13,435	-6,849	-33.8%	3,050	2,590	-460	-15.1%	0	0	0	0.0%
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH	280,035	235,406	-44,629	-15.9%	111,011	81,212	-29,799	-26.8%	59,353	33,185	-26,168	-44.1%
Colorado Springs, CO	4,205	1,851	-2,354	-56.0%	1,640	1,851	211	12.9%	0	0	0	0.0%
Columbia, MO	26,896	22,755	-4,141	-15.4%	21,260	17,221	-4,039	-19.0%	11,535	7,458	-4,077	-35.3%
Columbia, SC	27,356	35,193	7,837	28.6%	24,702	21,440	-3,262	-13.2%	7,569	7,978	409	5.4%
Columbus, GA-AL	34,744	39,629	4,885	14.1%	28,294	19,087	-9,207	-32.5%	20,044	13,275	-6,769	-33.8%
Columbus, OH	154,916	97,670	-57,246	-37.0%	80,116	38,858	-41,258	-51.5%	44,686	23,894	-20,792	-46.5%
Corpus Christi, TX	99,948	59,240	-40,708	-40.7%	40,126	26,801	-13,325	-33.2%	19,769	3,864	-15,905	-80.5%
Corvallis, OR	17,608	15,940	-1,668	-9.5%	16,358	7,124	-9,234	-56.4%	0	3,826	3,826	N/A
Cumberland, MD-WV	9,510	4,869	-4,641	-48.8%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dallas, TX	267,482	171,764	-95,718	-35.8%	98,687	52,275	-46,412	-47.0%	31,985	16,924	-15,061	-47.1%
Danbury, CT	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Danville, VA	8,523	9,595	1,072	12.6%	2,383	0	-2,383	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL	24,867	13,933	-10,934	-44.0%	10,790	4,270	-6,520	-60.4%	2,986	2,185	-801	-26.8%
Dayton-Springfield, OH	100,231	70,757	-29,474	-29.4%	54,589	23,295	-31,294	-57.3%	19,448	9,906	-9,542	-49.1%
Daytona Beach, FL	20,284	23,272	2,988	14.7%	9,188	5,846	-3,342	-36.4%	3,262	0	-3,262	-100.0%
Decatur, AL	5,680	3,129	-2,551	-44.9%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Decatur, IL	15,145	11,450	-3,695	-24.4%	4,874	11,450	6,576	134.9%	1,876	2,373	497	26.5%
Denver, CO	104,370	36,663	-67,707	-64.9%	29,336	4,553	-24,783	-84.5%	8,243	1,509	-6,734	-81.7%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Des Moines, IA	16,396	11,721	-4,675	-28.5%	11,707	0	-11,707	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Detroit, MI	678,679	466,976	-211,703	-31.2%	436,478	112,484	-323,994	-74.2%	129,255	23,504	-105,751	-81.8%
Dothan, AL	18,619	15,910	-2,709	-14.5%	9,256	0	-9,256	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dover, DE	1,556	0	-1,556	-100.0%	1,556	0	-1,556	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dubuque, IA	3,097	0	-3,097	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Duluth-Superior, MN-WI	18,433	16,732	-1,701	-9.2%	9,168	7,002	-2,166	-23.6%	0	0	0	0.0%
Dutchess County, NY	1,879	6,609	4,730	251.7%	0	1,855	1,855	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Eau Claire, WI	13,719	7,428	-6,291	-45.9%	7,960	5,307	-2,653	-33.3%	0	0	0	0.0%
El Paso, TX	254,726	230,834	-23,892	-9.4%	114,706	66,426	-48,280	-42.1%	45,431	30,645	-14,786	-32.5%
Elkhart-Goshen, IN	5,113	4,891	-222	-4.3%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Elmira, NY	2,445	10,147	7,702	315.0%	2,445	2,712	267	10.9%	2,445	655	-1,790	-73.2%
Enid, OK	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Erie, PA	32,472	30,993	-1,479	-4.6%	13,082	4,397	-8,685	-66.4%	5,302	0	-5,302	-100.0%
Eugene-Springfield, OR	19,665	22,499	2,834	14.4%	16,190	9,509	-6,681	-41.3%	5,686	5,286	-400	-7.0%
Evansville-Henderson, IN-KY	27,028	11,401	-15,627	-57.8%	2,751	917	-1,834	-66.7%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN	14,739	6,818	-7,921	-53.7%	6,119	5,210	-909	-14.9%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fayetteville, NC	10,523	13,120	2,597	24.7%	8,952	7,479	-1,473	-16.5%	5,795	2,673	-3,122	-53.9%
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR	8,322	13,199	4,877	58.6%	5,254	3,181	-2,073	-39.5%	0	3,181	3,181	N/A
Fitchburg-Leominster, MA	0	1,695	1,695	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Flagstaff, AZ-UT	29,792	24,067	-5,725	-19.2%	22,622	3,032	-19,590	-86.6%	19,657	34	-19,623	-99.8%
Flint, MI	89,338	64,069	-25,269	-28.3%	51,633	20,018	-31,615	-61.2%	20,530	3,862	-16,668	-81.2%
Florence, AL	12,294	12,279	-15	-0.1%	4,487	3,766	-721	-16.1%	2,188	1,745	-443	-20.2%
Florence, SC	27,430	17,649	-9,781	-35.7%	10,567	3,686	-6,881	-65.1%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO	19,285	13,345	-5,940	-30.8%	5,297	7,819	2,522	47.6%	5,297	0	-5,297	-100.0%
Fort Lauderdale, FL	59,219	85,009	25,790	43.6%	19,392	28,511	9,119	47.0%	4,060	3,458	-602	-14.8%
Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL	17,410	15,187	-2,223	-12.8%	4,307	4,843	536	12.4%	0	4,843	4,843	0.0%
Fort Pierce-Port St. Lucie, FL	20,907	11,516	-9,391	-44.9%	13,435	11,516	-1,919	-14.3%	13,435	6,288	-7,147	-53.2%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Fort Smith, AR-OK	7,158	2,572	-4,586	-64.1%	2,235	0	-2,235	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fort Walton Beach, FL	0	2,874	2,874	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Fort Wayne, IN	9,504	2,415	-7,089	-74.6%	4,995	2,415	-2,580	-51.7%	685	2,415	1,730	252.6%
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	89,654	75,090	-14,564	-16.2%	36,532	17,939	-18,593	-50.9%	9,678	5,660	-4,018	-41.5%
Fresno, CA	204,933	257,432	52,499	25.6%	114,234	147,408	33,174	29.0%	24,461	46,543	22,082	90.3%
Gadsden, AL	6,675	10,472	3,797	56.9%	1,482	4,295	2,813	189.8%	0	0	0	0.0%
Gainesville, FL	53,431	76,097	22,666	42.4%	45,602	44,912	-690	-1.5%	22,583	33,134	10,551	46.7%
Galveston-Texas City, TX	24,013	16,692	-7,321	-30.5%	6,802	4,583	-2,219	-32.6%	3,837	4,583	746	19.4%
Gary, IN	59,552	45,472	-14,080	-23.6%	25,787	18,815	-6,972	-27.0%	10,125	3,581	-6,544	-64.6%
Glens Falls, NY	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Goldensboro, NC	11,467	6,599	-4,868	-42.5%	495	575	80	16.2%	0	0	0	0.0%
Grand Forks, ND-MN	6,019	5,004	-1,015	-16.9%	0	5,004	5,004	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Grand Junction, CO	6,466	0	-6,466	-100.0%	1,046	0	-1,046	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI	71,594	28,884	-42,710	-59.7%	21,512	5,668	-15,844	-73.7%	6,223	1,606	-4,617	-74.2%
Great Falls, MT	6,879	5,216	-1,663	-24.2%	2,540	686	-1,854	-73.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Greeley, CO	17,824	16,850	-974	-5.5%	8,031	3,378	-4,653	-57.9%	5,948	3,378	-2,570	-43.2%
Green Bay, WI	7,594	1,936	-5,658	-74.5%	2,133	1,936	-197	-9.2%	0	1,936	1,936	N/A
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC	49,377	51,875	2,498	5.1%	19,339	18,206	-1,133	-5.9%	4,696	6,225	1,529	32.6%
Greenville, NC	25,075	20,299	-4,776	-19.0%	8,564	17,290	8,726	101.9%	0	0	0	0.0%
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson, SC	35,675	39,070	3,395	9.5%	21,413	19,887	-1,526	-7.1%	2,243	1,705	-538	-24.0%
Hagerstown, MD	2,239	5,583	3,344	149.4%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Hamilton-Middletown, OH	30,414	21,452	-8,962	-29.5%	21,343	13,457	-7,886	-36.9%	12,051	12,681	630	5.2%
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA	27,176	31,265	4,089	15.0%	12,542	9,473	-3,069	-24.5%	5,658	0	-5,658	-100.0%
Hartford, CT	51,245	88,262	37,017	72.2%	26,679	19,758	-6,921	-25.9%	22,875	4,803	-18,072	-79.0%
Hattiesburg, MS	30,745	24,283	-6,462	-21.0%	17,273	14,424	-2,849	-16.5%	17,273	1,113	-16,160	-93.6%
Hickory-Morganton-Lenoir, NC	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Honolulu, HI	7,042	20,577	13,535	192.2%	4,865	7,895	3,030	62.3%	3,222	4,813	1,591	49.4%
Houma, LA	38,303	18,936	-19,367	-50.6%	9,521	2,523	-6,998	-73.5%	0	0	0	0.0%
Houston, TX	432,768	416,727	-16,041	-3.7%	166,530	86,879	-79,651	-47.8%	36,895	14,881	-22,014	-59.7%
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH	46,397	31,692	-14,705	-31.7%	12,063	5,437	-6,626	-54.9%	5,561	5,437	-124	-2.2%
Huntsville, AL	10,572	11,238	666	6.3%	10,572	8,433	-2,139	-20.2%	8,983	4,937	-4,046	-45.0%
Indianapolis, IN	79,229	53,867	-25,362	-32.0%	27,875	4,997	-22,878	-82.1%	5,952	0	-5,952	-100.0%
Iowa City, IA	22,708	14,180	-8,528	-37.6%	14,638	14,180	-458	-3.1%	10,341	10,327	-14	-0.1%
Jackson, MI	14,634	6,805	-7,829	-53.5%	8,398	3,863	-4,535	-54.0%	2,422	0	-2,422	-100.0%
Jackson, MS	103,745	90,919	-12,826	-12.4%	53,815	22,587	-31,228	-58.0%	27,654	7,255	-20,399	-73.8%
Jackson, TN	14,474	13,369	-1,105	-7.6%	11,461	7,754	-3,707	-32.3%	6,196	0	-6,196	-100.0%
Jacksonville, FL	73,904	51,076	-22,828	-30.9%	22,708	20,935	-1,773	-7.8%	5,825	7,285	1,460	25.1%
Jacksonville, NC	1,384	1,244	-140	-10.1%	0	1,244	1,244	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Jamestown, NY	9,086	8,533	-553	-6.1%	9,086	0	-9,086	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Janesville-Beloit, WI	5,613	2,049	-3,564	-63.5%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Jersey City, NJ	31,615	29,733	-1,882	-6.0%	13,180	6,530	-6,650	-50.5%	4,658	0	-4,658	-100.0%
Johnson City-Kingsport- Bristol, TN-VA	24,572	20,672	-3,900	-15.9%	0	2,056	2,056	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Johnstown, PA	11,674	10,743	-931	-8.0%	3,888	1,352	-2,536	-65.2%	0	0	0	0.0%
Jonesboro, AR	9,874	5,629	-4,245	-43.0%	0	5,629	5,629	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Joplin, MO	4,487	0	-4,487	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek, MI	63,206	41,389	-21,817	-34.5%	30,637	19,492	-11,145	-36.4%	12,087	7,245	-4,842	-40.1%
Kankakee, IL	14,077	13,359	-718	-5.1%	5,979	0	-5,979	-100.0%	5,979	0	-5,979	-100.0%
Kansas City, MO-KS	96,404	79,400	-17,004	-17.6%	32,721	18,144	-14,577	-44.5%	12,100	786	-11,314	-93.5%
Kenosha, WI	5,507	3,824	-1,683	-30.6%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Killeen-Temple, TX	15,655	11,536	-4,119	-26.3%	5,396	1,712	-3,684	-68.3%	0	0	0	0.0%
Knoxville, TN	48,075	55,798	7,723	16.1%	24,959	26,329	1,370	5.5%	20,217	17,619	-2,598	-12.9%
Kokomo, IN	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
La Crosse, WI-MN	10,884	9,991	-893	-8.2%	10,305	9,991	-314	-3.0%	10,305	0	-10,305	-100.0%
Lafayette, IN	146,456	74,301	-72,155	-49.3%	68,080	28,022	-40,058	-58.8%	20,629	0	-20,629	-100.0%
Lafayette, LA	29,396	20,507	-8,889	-30.2%	26,354	18,128	-8,226	-31.2%	22,328	15,003	-7,325	-32.8%
Lake Charles, LA	19,311	14,514	-4,797	-24.8%	9,892	1,875	-8,017	-81.0%	5,058	0	-5,058	-100.0%
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL	15,351	20,754	5,403	35.2%	2,650	3,013	363	13.7%	0	2,635	2,635	N/A
Lancaster, PA	20,371	19,835	-536	-2.6%	5,424	3,555	-1,869	-34.5%	0	0	0	0.0%
Lansing-East Lansing, MI	42,171	38,809	-3,362	-8.0%	23,018	18,875	-4,143	-18.0%	15,357	18,875	3,518	22.9%
Laredo, TX	92,609	108,948	16,339	17.6%	66,059	55,431	-10,628	-16.1%	39,797	15,181	-24,616	-61.9%
Las Cruces, NM	54,077	74,457	20,380	37.7%	30,295	18,604	-11,691	-38.6%	4,520	2,816	-1,704	-37.7%
Las Vegas, NV-AZ	39,083	76,642	37,559	96.1%	14,649	3,528	-11,121	-75.9%	7,364	0	-7,364	-100.0%
Lawrence, KS	11,941	12,698	757	6.3%	11,941	12,698	757	6.3%	4,890	5,952	1,062	21.7%
Lawrence, MA-NH	36,678	19,084	-17,594	-48.0%	12,656	1,722	-10,934	-86.4%	3,838	0	-3,838	-100.0%
Lawton, OK	12,550	11,031	-1,519	-12.1%	2,410	2,491	81	3.4%	2,410	0	-2,410	-100.0%
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	5,978	6,379	401	6.7%	1,613	1,318	-295	-18.3%	0	0	0	0.0%
Lexington, KY	61,581	37,325	-24,256	-39.4%	21,652	17,748	-3,904	-18.0%	3,392	6,389	2,997	88.4%
Lima, OH	11,951	14,870	2,919	24.4%	3,653	1,640	-2,013	-55.1%	0	0	0	0.0%
Lincoln, NE	15,561	17,996	2,435	15.6%	4,951	5,225	274	5.5%	4,951	5,225	274	5.5%
Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR	50,232	37,918	-12,314	-24.5%	13,167	4,732	-8,435	-64.1%	3,628	2,922	-706	-19.5%
Longview-Marshall, TX	29,454	11,920	-17,534	-59.5%	3,072	0	-3,072	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	1,096,679	1,667,597	570,918	52.1%	281,470	566,750	285,280	101.4%	58,294	129,466	71,172	122.1%
Louisville, KY-IN	104,337	68,330	-36,007	-34.5%	38,398	37,950	-448	-1.2%	24,537	18,209	-6,328	-25.8%
Lowell, MA-NH	18,261	17,080	-1,181	-6.5%	11,792	2,576	-9,216	-78.2%	2,927	2,576	-351	-12.0%
Lubbock, TX	43,631	33,614	-10,017	-23.0%	22,800	5,533	-17,267	-75.7%	7,634	0	-7,634	-100.0%
Lynchburg, VA	10,543	4,546	-5,997	-56.9%	5,044	1,287	-3,757	-74.5%	1,053	1,287	234	22.2%
Macon, GA	47,650	43,431	-4,219	-8.9%	29,479	16,433	-13,046	-44.3%	7,738	6,220	-1,518	-19.6%
Madison, WI	39,926	35,653	-4,273	-10.7%	27,744	23,036	-4,708	-17.0%	21,768	23,036	1,268	5.8%
Manchester, NH	3,838	4,303	465	12.1%	0	2,456	2,456	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Mansfield, OH	7,171	6,193	-978	-13.6%	3,474	0	-3,474	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	303,768	395,166	91,398	30.1%	239,039	267,354	28,315	11.8%	132,811	74,933	-57,878	-43.6%
Medford-Ashland, OR	1,904	9,163	7,259	381.3%	1,904	2,116	212	11.1%	0	0	0	0.0%
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL	11,418	10,330	-1,088	-9.5%	4,268	3,530	-738	-17.3%	0	0	0	0.0%
Memphis, TN-AR-MS	208,279	187,968	-20,311	-9.8%	145,660	79,686	-65,974	-45.3%	51,094	25,266	-25,828	-50.5%
Merced, CA	25,401	39,912	14,511	57.1%	17,151	15,608	-1,543	-9.0%	0	4,073	4,073	N/A
Miami, FL	305,089	329,455	24,366	8.0%	167,240	141,322	-25,918	-15.5%	58,110	40,975	-17,135	-29.5%
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	3,300	18,245	14,945	452.9%	0	14,020	14,020	N/A	0	3,245	3,245	N/A
Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI	181,716	180,746	-970	-0.5%	140,825	83,558	-57,267	-40.7%	74,131	23,889	-50,242	-67.8%
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	126,211	96,099	-30,112	-23.9%	84,270	49,767	-34,503	-40.9%	20,216	2,022	-18,194	-90.0%
Missoula, MT	9,507	11,536	2,029	21.3%	2,268	2,108	-160	-7.1%	0	0	0	0.0%
Mobile, AL	95,974	71,985	-23,989	-25.0%	60,046	35,752	-24,294	-40.5%	36,008	23,158	-12,850	-35.7%
Modesto, CA	21,242	46,167	24,925	117.3%	2,963	9,370	6,407	216.2%	2,963	0	-2,963	-100.0%
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	13,873	30,913	17,040	122.8%	0	12,045	12,045	N/A	0	5,018	5,018	N/A
Monroe, LA	44,304	40,289	-4,015	-9.1%	34,782	26,575	-8,207	-23.6%	26,926	14,210	-12,716	-47.2%
Montgomery, AL	41,628	37,531	-4,097	-9.8%	33,347	17,983	-15,364	-46.1%	16,545	8,375	-8,170	-49.4%
Muncie, IN	19,228	21,349	2,121	11.0%	11,175	14,004	2,829	25.3%	3,606	9,363	5,757	159.7%
Myrtle Beach, SC	17,090	4,837	-12,253	-71.7%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Naples, FL	17,218	23,314	6,096	35.4%	7,956	8,087	131	1.6%	6,848	3,383	-3,465	-50.6%
Nashua, NH	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Nashville, TN	70,949	57,523	-13,426	-18.9%	32,214	28,645	-3,569	-11.1%	22,490	9,049	-13,441	-59.8%
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	10,345	7,423	-2,922	-28.2%	8,933	189	-8,744	-97.9%	0	189	189	N/A
New Bedford, MA	8,427	20,496	12,069	143.2%	0	4,409	4,409	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
New Haven-Meriden, CT	42,326	37,801	-4,525	-10.7%	10,857	18,368	7,511	69.2%	1,655	0	-1,655	-100.0%
New London-Norwich, CT-RI	3,958	4,351	393	9.9%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
New Orleans, LA	331,540	279,404	-52,136	-15.7%	175,580	114,858	-60,722	-34.6%	76,440	40,999	-35,441	-46.4%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
New York, NY	1,751,846	2,152,267	400,421	22.9%	980,825	1,021,590	40,765	4.2%	391,745	322,954	-68,791	-17.6%
Newark, NJ	137,067	134,031	-3,036	-2.2%	54,723	55,740	1,017	1.9%	14,470	21,666	7,196	49.7%
Newburgh, NY-PA	13,825	31,722	17,897	129.5%	13,825	14,367	542	3.9%	8,146	14,367	6,221	76.4%
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News, VA-NC	103,577	78,667	-24,910	-24.0%	62,390	46,121	-16,269	-26.1%	35,358	24,399	-10,959	-31.0%
Oakland, CA	96,524	100,027	3,503	3.6%	29,117	33,772	4,655	16.0%	8,739	15,977	7,238	82.8%
Ocala, FL	6,522	9,809	3,287	50.4%	6,522	1,986	-4,536	-69.5%	0	0	0	0.0%
Odessa-Midland, TX	42,607	30,965	-11,642	-27.3%	22,320	0	-22,320	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Oklahoma City, OK	78,151	81,607	3,456	4.4%	40,855	35,254	-5,601	-13.7%	18,064	3,745	-14,319	-79.3%
Olympia, WA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Omaha, NE-IA	47,194	31,790	-15,404	-32.6%	16,885	7,336	-9,549	-56.6%	5,424	2,894	-2,530	-46.6%
Orange County, CA	42,245	96,715	54,470	128.9%	95	2,982	2,887	3038.9%	95	2,762	2,667	2807.4%
Orlando, FL	45,372	45,004	-368	-0.8%	16,773	24,661	7,888	47.0%	5,891	8,655	2,764	46.9%
Owensboro, KY	14,426	5,659	-8,767	-60.8%	3,641	0	-3,641	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Panama City, FL	15,838	9,605	-6,233	-39.4%	4,104	1,747	-2,357	-57.4%	0	0	0	0.0%
Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH	3,727	3,736	9	0.2%	3,119	685	-2,434	-78.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Pensacola, FL	42,003	25,079	-16,924	-40.3%	12,938	6,512	-6,426	-49.7%	5,271	0	-5,271	-100.0%
Peoria-Pekin, IL	25,509	26,698	1,189	4.7%	11,748	18,224	6,476	55.1%	6,516	5,885	-631	-9.7%
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	463,076	580,870	117,794	25.4%	241,095	244,805	3,710	1.5%	106,501	88,092	-18,409	-17.3%
Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	226,774	263,508	36,734	16.2%	98,227	95,207	-3,020	-3.1%	42,316	41,326	-990	-2.3%
Pine Bluff, AR	28,607	22,623	-5,984	-20.9%	15,576	8,541	-7,035	-45.2%	0	0	0	0.0%
Pittsburgh, PA	160,806	122,942	-37,864	-23.5%	68,124	52,504	-15,620	-22.9%	28,788	23,961	-4,827	-16.8%
Pittsfield, MA	89	0	-89	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Pocatello, ID	4,335	5,133	798	18.4%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Portland, ME	7,324	5,049	-2,275	-31.1%	4,593	0	-4,593	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA	35,116	25,163	-9,953	-28.3%	15,341	8,213	-7,128	-46.5%	2,869	3,129	260	9.1%
Portsmouth-Rochester, NH-ME	0	10,164	10,164	N/A	0	7,564	7,564	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA	58,329	121,763	63,434	108.8%	8,008	34,321	26,313	328.6%	2,220	0	-2,220	-100.0%
Provo-Orem, UT	42,691	45,485	2,794	6.5%	27,893	26,385	-1,508	-5.4%	24,621	21,969	-2,652	-10.8%
Pueblo, CO	35,553	11,796	-23,757	-66.8%	8,006	1,441	-6,565	-82.0%	0	1,441	1,441	N/A
Punta Gorda, FL	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Racine, WI	22,456	5,557	-16,899	-75.3%	4,602	640	-3,962	-86.1%	628	640	12	1.9%
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC	47,825	80,567	32,742	68.5%	23,369	20,590	-2,779	-11.9%	16,132	15,984	-148	-0.9%
Rapid City, SD	0	3,104	3,104	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Reading, PA	18,247	34,139	15,892	87.1%	7,076	14,193	7,117	100.6%	3,309	3,243	-66	-2.0%
Redding, CA	2,220	1,606	-614	-27.7%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Reno, NV	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA	20,459	21,290	831	4.1%	3,664	0	-3,664	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Richmond-Petersburg, VA	55,954	59,388	3,434	6.1%	24,501	19,388	-5,113	-20.9%	17,500	14,218	-3,282	-18.8%
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	114,634	296,041	181,407	158.2%	22,523	81,058	58,535	259.9%	932	18,131	17,199	1845.4%
Roanoke, VA	16,158	23,534	7,376	45.6%	4,929	4,070	-859	-17.4%	0	389	389	N/A
Rochester, MN	850	0	-850	-100.0%	850	0	-850	-100.0%	850	0	-850	-100.0%
Rochester, NY	86,365	99,577	13,212	15.3%	40,265	48,123	7,858	19.5%	11,565	11,351	-214	-1.9%
Rockford, IL	19,438	15,521	-3,917	-20.2%	9,676	6,476	-3,200	-33.1%	6,342	0	-6,342	-100.0%
Rocky Mount, NC	8,844	12,239	3,395	38.4%	331	729	398	120.2%	0	319	319	N/A
Sacramento, CA	89,775	129,168	39,393	43.9%	18,294	26,098	7,804	42.7%	6,361	8,831	2,470	38.8%
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI	40,088	30,291	-9,797	-24.4%	25,510	21,920	-3,590	-14.1%	19,674	4,449	-15,225	-77.4%
St. Cloud, MN	11,237	10,743	-494	-4.4%	10,709	8,209	-2,500	-23.3%	3,598	0	-3,598	-100.0%
St. Joseph, MO	12,287	2,737	-9,550	-77.7%	2,936	0	-2,936	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
St. Louis, MO-IL	237,178	161,801	-75,377	-31.8%	105,533	75,722	-29,811	-28.2%	43,970	31,428	-12,542	-28.5%
Salem, OR	0	8,816	8,816	N/A	0	3,428	3,428	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Salinas, CA	10,756	2,018	-8,738	-81.2%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	39,383	17,487	-21,896	-55.6%	10,115	7,192	-2,923	-28.9%	2,557	1,341	-1,216	-47.6%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
San Angelo, TX	16,846	7,139	-9,707	-57.6%	2,778	1,572	-1,206	-43.4%	2,778	0	-2,778	-100.0%
San Antonio, TX	302,961	189,077	-113,884	-37.6%	155,851	46,929	-108,922	-69.9%	57,823	2,250	-55,573	-96.1%
San Diego, CA	179,405	210,288	30,883	17.2%	40,086	71,734	31,648	79.0%	0	4,240	4,240	N/A
San Francisco, CA	32,474	26,441	-6,033	-18.6%	12,228	4,657	-7,571	-61.9%	23	4,657	4,634	20147.8%
San Jose, CA	26,935	7,537	-19,398	-72.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
San Luis Obispo-Atascadero-Paso Robles, CA	9,292	13,214	3,922	42.2%	9,292	9,593	301	3.2%	9,292	9,593	301	3.2%
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	26,010	26,706	696	2.7%	19,857	20,671	814	4.1%	14,116	14,680	564	4.0%
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Santa Fe, NM	3,475	3,481	6	0.2%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Santa Rosa, CA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Sarasota-Bradenton, FL	11,786	24,493	12,707	107.8%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Savannah, GA	40,114	25,693	-14,421	-36.0%	16,194	12,495	-3,699	-22.8%	7,962	7,806	-156	-2.0%
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, PA	21,761	20,479	-1,282	-5.9%	9,958	8,426	-1,532	-15.4%	0	0	0	0.0%
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA	49,618	44,479	-5,139	-10.4%	24,742	14,659	-10,083	-40.8%	5,708	1,952	-3,756	-65.8%
Sharon, PA	7,865	3,753	-4,112	-52.3%	4,363	2,341	-2,022	-46.3%	2,432	1,554	-878	-36.1%
Sheboygan, WI	909	0	-909	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Sherman-Denison, TX	2,581	0	-2,581	-100.0%	325	0	-325	-100.0%	325	0	-325	-100.0%
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	109,946	85,699	-24,247	-22.1%	65,827	40,872	-24,955	-37.9%	19,270	9,441	-9,829	-51.0%
Sioux City, IA-NE	6,526	4,744	-1,782	-27.3%	4,517	48	-4,469	-98.9%	0	48	48	N/A
Sioux Falls, SD	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
South Bend, IN	12,014	11,259	-755	-6.3%	1,525	1,809	284	18.6%	0	0	0	0.0%
Spokane, WA	32,884	27,459	-5,425	-16.5%	10,061	2,306	-7,755	-77.1%	2,150	0	-2,150	-100.0%
Springfield, IL	14,130	12,403	-1,727	-12.2%	4,000	5,215	1,215	30.4%	1,222	1,860	638	52.2%
Springfield, MO	26,113	15,948	-10,165	-38.9%	13,163	6,046	-7,117	-54.1%	7,210	6,046	-1,164	-16.1%
Springfield, MA	61,427	61,123	-304	-0.5%	44,095	34,928	-9,167	-20.8%	20,086	14,301	-5,785	-28.8%
Stamford-Norwalk, CT	0	3,075	3,075	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
State College, PA	25,533	28,966	3,433	13.4%	25,533	28,966	3,433	13.4%	12,277	22,588	10,311	84.0%
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	5,915	7,283	1,368	23.1%	4,834	3,302	-1,532	-31.7%	4,834	1,282	-3,552	-73.5%
Stockton-Lodi, CA	62,841	111,532	48,691	77.5%	25,858	39,958	14,100	54.5%	5,646	4,566	-1,080	-19.1%
Sumter, SC	26,169	6,560	-19,609	-74.9%	10,545	0	-10,545	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Syracuse, NY	52,125	72,500	20,375	39.1%	37,696	34,983	-2,713	-7.2%	22,669	18,684	-3,985	-17.6%
Tacoma, WA	22,693	17,964	-4,729	-20.8%	12,745	8,190	-4,555	-35.7%	6,794	2,802	-3,992	-58.8%
Tallahassee, FL	56,957	56,743	-214	-0.4%	36,036	43,236	7,200	20.0%	17,602	23,992	6,390	36.3%
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	113,751	100,597	-13,154	-11.6%	41,019	29,623	-11,396	-27.8%	26,750	11,797	-14,953	-55.9%
Terre Haute, IN	13,467	13,573	106	0.8%	3,006	9,520	6,514	216.7%	360	2,989	2,629	730.3%
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	16,742	18,385	1,643	9.8%	5,521	8,291	2,770	50.2%	5,521	1,985	-3,536	-64.0%
Toledo, OH	111,983	76,502	-35,481	-31.7%	53,171	23,336	-29,835	-56.1%	22,857	11,224	-11,633	-50.9%
Topeka, KS	11,312	8,040	-3,272	-28.9%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Trenton, NJ	10,003	10,358	355	3.5%	5,110	4,771	-339	-6.6%	0	1,435	1,435	N/A
Tucson, AZ	113,887	125,224	11,337	10.0%	57,650	35,833	-21,817	-37.8%	30,569	2,773	-27,796	-90.9%
Tulsa, OK	55,508	36,033	-19,475	-35.1%	28,170	14,367	-13,803	-49.0%	4,700	2,238	-2,462	-52.4%
Tuscaloosa, AL	35,052	35,520	468	1.3%	23,259	10,712	-12,547	-53.9%	13,617	9,219	-4,398	-32.3%
Tyler, TX	17,271	13,561	-3,710	-21.5%	10,391	0	-10,391	-100.0%	2,521	0	-2,521	-100.0%
Utica-Rome, NY	22,713	24,051	1,338	5.9%	5,715	12,638	6,923	121.1%	0	53	53	N/A
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	0	4,088	4,088	N/A	0	1,102	1,102	N/A	0	1,102	1,102	N/A
Ventura, CA	9,912	15,336	5,424	54.7%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Victoria, TX	9,396	0	-9,396	-100.0%	4,373	0	-4,373	-100.0%	2,423	0	-2,423	-100.0%
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	9,455	12,712	3,257	34.4%	4,282	0	-4,282	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	61,160	113,880	52,720	86.2%	18,606	33,602	14,996	80.6%	4,302	884	-3,418	-79.5%
Waco, TX	51,675	41,100	-10,575	-20.5%	33,038	24,758	-8,280	-25.1%	17,099	21,101	4,002	23.4%
Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV	122,162	143,224	21,062	17.2%	30,490	77,648	47,158	154.7%	3,799	24,084	20,285	534.0%
Waterbury, CT	7,116	12,431	5,315	74.7%	0	4,788	4,788	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	21,312	14,326	-6,986	-32.8%	3,461	8,255	4,794	138.5%	1,624	0	-1,624	-100.0%
Wausau, WI	3,476	0	-3,476	-100.0%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL	42,992	56,947	13,955	32.5%	15,641	19,940	4,299	27.5%	0	5,003	5,003	N/A
Wheeling, WV-OH	9,913	7,111	-2,802	-28.3%	0	3,078	3,078	N/A	0	527	527	N/A
Wichita, KS	33,664	14,447	-19,217	-57.1%	13,223	5,492	-7,731	-58.5%	2,700	0	-2,700	-100.0%
Wichita Falls, TX	16,217	6,117	-10,100	-62.3%	8,854	2,508	-6,346	-71.7%	2,030	0	-2,030	-100.0%
Williamsport, PA	7,054	7,359	305	4.3%	1,466	2,313	847	57.8%	1,466	0	-1,466	-100.0%
Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD	10,524	30,276	19,752	187.7%	4,470	21,184	16,714	373.9%	1,572	10,544	8,972	570.7%
Wilmington, NC	18,433	10,686	-7,747	-42.0%	9,004	4,310	-4,694	-52.1%	3,202	0	-3,202	-100.0%
Worcester, MA-CT	21,212	43,635	22,423	105.7%	8,320	14,976	6,656	80.0%	3,834	4,504	670	17.5%
Yakima, WA	42,065	52,436	10,371	24.7%	21,179	12,395	-8,784	-41.5%	2,473	2,778	305	12.3%
Yolo, CA	29,308	37,622	8,314	28.4%	6,330	6,584	254	4.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
York, PA	7,883	12,970	5,087	64.5%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0%
Youngstown-Warren, OH	63,411	53,446	-9,965	-15.7%	36,429	11,712	-24,717	-67.8%	16,389	3,454	-12,935	-78.9%
Yuba City, CA	13,311	13,826	515	3.9%	0	8,483	8,483	N/A	0	0	0	0.0%
Yuma, AZ	31,934	27,765	-4,169	-13.1%	10,353	7,406	-2,947	-28.5%	0	0	0	0.0%
Non Metro Area Total	5,300,299	3,308,571	-1,991,728	-37.6%	1,808,216	967,854	-840,362	-46.5%	748,205	324,465	-423,740	-56.6%
Metro Area Total	18,841,866	18,841,600	-266	0.0%	8,960,818	7,403,281	-1,557,537	-17.4%	3,652,168	2,503,673	-1,148,495	-31.4%
U.S. Total	24,142,165	22,150,171	-1,991,994	-8.3%	10,769,034	8,371,135	-2,397,899	-22.3%	4,400,373	2,828,138	-1,572,235	-35.7%

APPENDIX E

CONCENTRATED POVERTY RATE CHANGE BY POVERTY CONCENTRATION

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Abilene, TX	22.8%	18.1%	-4.6%	-20.3%	3.3%	2.2%	-1.1%	-33.1%	0.0%	2.2%	2.2%	N/A
Akron, OH	37.2%	23.8%	-13.4%	-36.1%	24.4%	10.7%	-13.8%	-56.3%	7.7%	0.8%	-7.0%	-90.3%
Albany, GA	59.5%	62.6%	3.1%	5.2%	49.9%	38.9%	-11.0%	-22.1%	36.0%	23.0%	-13.1%	-36.2%
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	15.6%	21.3%	5.7%	36.5%	4.9%	7.0%	2.1%	42.2%	0.0%	1.4%	1.4%	N/A
Albuquerque, NM	29.2%	22.6%	-6.5%	-22.3%	6.8%	8.9%	2.1%	31.4%	3.9%	2.0%	-1.9%	-48.7%
Alexandria, LA	55.4%	39.4%	-16.0%	-28.9%	26.4%	22.6%	-3.8%	-14.3%	15.2%	10.4%	-4.7%	-31.2%
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA	15.5%	20.0%	4.4%	28.6%	8.0%	10.2%	2.2%	27.0%	0.0%	2.4%	2.4%	N/A
Altoona, PA	9.6%	17.5%	7.9%	82.5%	3.8%	4.3%	0.5%	12.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Amarillo, TX	32.7%	20.2%	-12.5%	-38.2%	11.0%	4.3%	-6.7%	-61.3%	4.5%	0.0%	-4.5%	-100.0%
Anchorage, AK	0.0%	1.5%	1.5%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Ann Arbor, MI	35.6%	30.6%	-5.1%	-14.2%	26.9%	25.2%	-1.7%	-6.3%	17.0%	17.3%	0.3%	1.7%
Anniston, AL	33.9%	20.7%	-13.1%	-38.7%	17.0%	10.5%	-6.5%	-38.3%	8.5%	6.5%	-1.9%	-23.0%
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	4.9%	5.3%	0.3%	6.9%	4.9%	5.3%	0.3%	6.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Asheville, NC	13.2%	8.4%	-4.8%	-36.5%	4.1%	7.2%	3.2%	78.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Athens, GA	44.5%	50.4%	5.9%	13.3%	26.1%	40.5%	14.4%	54.9%	22.0%	24.5%	2.5%	11.4%
Atlanta, GA	26.6%	17.6%	-9.0%	-33.8%	15.3%	11.1%	-4.2%	-27.5%	9.9%	4.6%	-5.3%	-53.2%
Atlantic-Cape May, NJ	18.7%	14.4%	-4.3%	-23.0%	8.9%	9.4%	0.5%	5.6%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	N/A
Auburn-Opelika, AL	61.7%	57.7%	-4.0%	-6.5%	49.9%	44.4%	-5.5%	-11.1%	34.8%	24.5%	-10.2%	-29.5%
Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC	29.5%	22.4%	-7.1%	-24.0%	17.6%	12.3%	-5.2%	-29.9%	12.0%	3.9%	-8.1%	-67.7%
Austin-San Marcos, TX	40.0%	23.4%	-16.7%	-41.7%	17.4%	13.1%	-4.4%	-25.1%	6.2%	8.7%	2.5%	40.8%
Bakersfield, CA	33.5%	49.5%	16.0%	47.8%	11.5%	22.0%	10.5%	90.7%	4.0%	7.5%	3.4%	84.7%
Baltimore, MD	38.4%	30.2%	-8.2%	-21.4%	22.6%	14.1%	-8.6%	-37.9%	12.4%	6.5%	-5.9%	-47.8%
Bangor, ME	7.2%	5.2%	-2.0%	-28.2%	3.0%	5.2%	2.2%	74.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Baton Rouge, LA	49.8%	42.8%	-7.0%	-14.1%	31.5%	21.2%	-10.3%	-32.7%	20.8%	4.5%	-16.4%	-78.6%
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	42.6%	38.2%	-4.4%	-10.4%	20.2%	6.1%	-14.2%	-70.0%	6.9%	1.8%	-5.1%	-73.6%
Bellingham, WA	9.8%	19.7%	9.9%	101.6%	9.8%	8.2%	-1.5%	-15.8%	0.0%	8.2%	8.2%	N/A

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Benton Harbor, MI	45.3%	33.0%	-12.3%	-27.2%	37.3%	23.5%	-13.8%	-37.1%	29.4%	12.0%	-17.4%	-59.2%
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	12.9%	15.0%	2.1%	16.7%	2.3%	6.3%	4.0%	171.6%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	N/A
Billings, MT	16.8%	18.0%	1.2%	7.0%	9.4%	9.9%	0.5%	5.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagoula, MS	22.6%	11.9%	-10.7%	-47.4%	8.4%	0.1%	-8.3%	-99.3%	8.4%	0.0%	-8.3%	-99.5%
Binghamton, NY	13.3%	24.0%	10.7%	81.0%	8.3%	7.3%	-1.0%	-12.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Birmingham, AL	36.4%	31.7%	-4.7%	-12.9%	23.4%	14.1%	-9.3%	-39.7%	13.9%	5.7%	-8.2%	-59.0%
Bismarck, ND	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bloomington, IN	50.9%	50.1%	-0.8%	-1.5%	32.1%	50.1%	18.0%	56.3%	26.6%	25.5%	-1.1%	-4.0%
Bloomington-Normal, IL	29.0%	13.2%	-15.8%	-54.6%	13.7%	13.2%	-0.6%	-4.1%	4.4%	4.1%	-0.3%	-6.4%
Boise City, ID	4.2%	2.2%	-2.0%	-47.5%	4.2%	0.0%	-4.2%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Boston, MA-NH	16.2%	15.8%	-0.4%	-2.5%	4.9%	4.7%	-0.1%	-2.2%	0.9%	0.7%	-0.2%	-18.7%
Boulder-Longmont, CO	34.5%	22.7%	-11.8%	-34.3%	10.3%	11.7%	1.4%	13.2%	10.3%	9.4%	-0.9%	-9.1%
Brazoria, TX	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bremerton, WA	9.8%	11.9%	2.1%	21.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bridgeport, CT	26.5%	19.2%	-7.3%	-27.5%	8.1%	7.8%	-0.3%	-3.8%	8.1%	1.9%	-6.2%	-76.4%
Brockton, MA	5.2%	4.6%	-0.6%	-10.7%	0.0%	4.6%	4.6%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, TX	89.9%	75.7%	-14.2%	-15.8%	67.6%	40.9%	-26.7%	-39.4%	37.2%	19.8%	-17.5%	-46.9%
Bryan-College Station, TX	62.4%	69.4%	7.0%	11.3%	44.9%	51.6%	6.7%	14.9%	5.9%	14.8%	8.9%	150.4%
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	40.3%	33.4%	-6.8%	-17.0%	23.7%	16.9%	-6.8%	-28.9%	5.5%	5.7%	0.2%	4.5%
Burlington, VT	18.3%	10.9%	-7.4%	-40.6%	0.0%	10.9%	10.9%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Canton-Massillon, OH	25.3%	14.3%	-11.0%	-43.6%	11.0%	6.2%	-4.8%	-43.8%	5.7%	4.8%	-0.9%	-15.5%
Casper, WY	13.9%	14.2%	0.3%	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cedar Rapids, IA	10.4%	0.0%	-10.4%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Champaign-Urbana, IL	48.5%	49.8%	1.3%	2.8%	37.1%	40.7%	3.6%	9.7%	28.5%	40.7%	12.2%	43.0%
Charleston-North Charleston, SC	25.3%	23.5%	-1.7%	-6.9%	17.6%	16.5%	-1.1%	-6.2%	11.7%	4.6%	-7.1%	-60.4%
Charleston, WV	14.4%	5.5%	-8.8%	-61.6%	5.0%	2.2%	-2.8%	-56.0%	3.0%	2.2%	-0.8%	-25.5%
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	16.5%	9.4%	-7.1%	-43.1%	10.9%	2.1%	-8.8%	-81.1%	4.1%	0.3%	-3.8%	-92.5%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Charlottesville, VA	35.3%	39.3%	4.0%	11.5%	29.2%	25.8%	-3.4%	-11.8%	22.4%	25.8%	3.3%	14.8%
Chattanooga, TN-GA	25.3%	18.3%	-7.0%	-27.6%	14.4%	11.7%	-2.7%	-18.6%	12.0%	9.0%	-3.0%	-25.1%
Cheyenne, WY	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Chicago, IL	41.5%	29.7%	-11.8%	-28.4%	27.6%	14.1%	-13.5%	-49.0%	15.8%	8.1%	-7.7%	-48.6%
Chico-Paradise, CA	48.7%	41.3%	-7.5%	-15.4%	18.6%	35.0%	16.4%	88.0%	0.0%	11.0%	11.0%	N/A
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	32.7%	28.6%	-4.2%	-12.7%	24.0%	16.5%	-7.5%	-31.1%	19.1%	10.5%	-8.6%	-45.0%
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY	29.6%	17.8%	-11.8%	-39.9%	4.1%	3.1%	-1.1%	-25.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH	45.0%	37.5%	-7.6%	-16.8%	23.0%	16.1%	-6.9%	-30.0%	14.5%	7.7%	-6.8%	-46.8%
Colorado Springs, CO	3.8%	1.6%	-2.2%	-58.4%	1.7%	1.6%	-0.1%	-8.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Columbia, MO	47.5%	44.6%	-2.9%	-6.2%	37.3%	34.4%	-2.9%	-7.7%	14.2%	15.0%	0.8%	5.6%
Columbia, SC	18.7%	19.0%	0.3%	1.4%	18.2%	11.6%	-6.6%	-36.2%	4.9%	4.3%	-0.6%	-11.6%
Columbus, GA-AL	38.4%	41.3%	2.9%	7.5%	33.7%	24.0%	-9.7%	-28.9%	25.8%	17.4%	-8.4%	-32.5%
Columbus, OH	42.0%	26.2%	-15.8%	-37.6%	25.7%	13.0%	-12.7%	-49.4%	16.1%	8.7%	-7.4%	-45.9%
Corpus Christi, TX	52.5%	33.8%	-18.7%	-35.7%	26.6%	17.4%	-9.2%	-34.6%	14.6%	3.5%	-11.1%	-76.1%
Corvallis, OR	47.8%	44.7%	-3.0%	-6.3%	43.8%	21.3%	-22.6%	-51.5%	0.0%	11.0%	11.0%	N/A
Cumberland, MD-WV	20.2%	8.5%	-11.7%	-57.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dallas, TX	31.7%	15.7%	-16.0%	-50.4%	14.4%	5.6%	-8.9%	-61.5%	6.1%	2.6%	-3.5%	-57.4%
Danbury, CT	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Danville, VA	17.5%	20.1%	2.6%	14.8%	5.7%	0.0%	-5.7%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL	22.2%	14.9%	-7.4%	-33.1%	11.7%	5.4%	-6.3%	-53.6%	3.5%	3.0%	-0.4%	-12.5%
Dayton-Springfield, OH	36.0%	23.8%	-12.3%	-34.1%	22.5%	7.2%	-15.2%	-67.8%	8.8%	2.0%	-6.8%	-76.9%
Daytona Beach, FL	15.5%	13.4%	-2.1%	-13.8%	8.8%	3.7%	-5.1%	-57.7%	3.5%	0.0%	-3.5%	-100.0%
Decatur, AL	9.3%	5.0%	-4.3%	-46.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Decatur, IL	39.2%	33.1%	-6.1%	-15.6%	15.3%	33.1%	17.8%	116.3%	7.0%	8.6%	1.7%	23.9%
Denver, CO	25.5%	8.0%	-17.5%	-68.8%	8.9%	1.5%	-7.4%	-83.1%	3.3%	0.6%	-2.6%	-80.3%
Des Moines, IA	17.9%	11.0%	-6.9%	-38.7%	13.7%	0.0%	-13.7%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Detroit, MI	52.1%	35.9%	-16.2%	-31.2%	37.2%	10.7%	-26.5%	-71.3%	12.9%	2.6%	-10.3%	-79.5%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Dothan, AL	31.9%	25.2%	-6.8%	-21.2%	18.2%	0.0%	-18.2%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dover, DE	2.0%	0.0%	-2.0%	-100.0%	2.0%	0.0%	-2.0%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dubuque, IA	10.6%	0.0%	-10.6%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Duluth-Superior, MN-WI	21.2%	19.5%	-1.7%	-8.1%	12.0%	10.9%	-1.1%	-9.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Dutchess County, NY	4.5%	12.2%	7.7%	170.3%	0.0%	4.1%	4.1%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Eau Claire, WI	24.1%	20.8%	-3.3%	-13.6%	19.6%	16.3%	-3.2%	-16.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
El Paso, TX	66.6%	55.5%	-11.1%	-16.7%	36.9%	20.4%	-16.5%	-44.7%	17.5%	11.0%	-6.5%	-37.0%
Elkhart-Goshen, IN	14.1%	10.3%	-3.8%	-27.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Elmira, NY	11.8%	28.4%	16.6%	141.2%	11.8%	8.8%	-2.9%	-24.9%	11.8%	1.9%	-9.8%	-83.6%
Enid, OK	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Erie, PA	34.3%	30.3%	-4.0%	-11.7%	17.8%	4.5%	-13.3%	-74.7%	8.8%	0.0%	-8.8%	-100.0%
Eugene-Springfield, OR	17.9%	17.9%	0.0%	0.1%	17.1%	10.0%	-7.1%	-41.4%	7.3%	5.8%	-1.4%	-19.8%
Evansville-Henderson, IN-KY	27.5%	11.9%	-15.6%	-56.7%	3.3%	0.5%	-2.7%	-83.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN	17.5%	8.0%	-9.5%	-54.4%	6.5%	5.2%	-1.2%	-18.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fayetteville, NC	14.1%	13.4%	-0.7%	-5.2%	12.8%	8.8%	-4.0%	-31.2%	9.4%	3.7%	-5.7%	-60.8%
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR	12.2%	9.1%	-3.1%	-25.5%	7.8%	0.9%	-7.0%	-88.8%	0.0%	0.9%	0.9%	N/A
Fitchburg-Leominster, MA	0.0%	4.1%	4.1%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Flagstaff, AZ-UT	54.0%	39.3%	-14.8%	-27.3%	42.2%	6.8%	-35.4%	-83.9%	37.4%	0.2%	-37.2%	-99.6%
Flint, MI	52.1%	42.0%	-10.1%	-19.4%	33.9%	15.8%	-18.1%	-53.4%	15.0%	3.9%	-11.1%	-74.1%
Florence, AL	25.0%	22.1%	-2.9%	-11.5%	11.7%	9.5%	-2.2%	-19.2%	6.7%	5.0%	-1.7%	-25.6%
Florence, SC	45.4%	29.5%	-15.9%	-35.0%	20.0%	7.9%	-12.1%	-60.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO	25.4%	17.0%	-8.4%	-33.2%	3.9%	14.8%	10.9%	283.7%	3.9%	0.0%	-3.9%	-100.0%
Fort Lauderdale, FL	17.4%	16.1%	-1.3%	-7.6%	6.8%	6.6%	-0.1%	-2.1%	1.9%	1.0%	-0.9%	-47.2%
Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL	20.3%	14.5%	-5.9%	-28.9%	6.9%	6.6%	-0.3%	-3.9%	0.0%	6.6%	6.6%	N/A
Fort Pierce-Port St. Lucie, FL	33.8%	16.7%	-17.1%	-50.5%	25.4%	16.7%	-8.6%	-34.0%	25.4%	9.7%	-15.7%	-61.8%
Fort Smith, AR-OK	8.5%	2.5%	-6.0%	-70.7%	2.9%	0.0%	-2.9%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Fort Walton Beach, FL	0.0%	5.9%	5.9%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Fort Wayne, IN	10.8%	3.2%	-7.6%	-70.3%	7.0%	3.2%	-3.8%	-54.1%	1.3%	3.2%	1.9%	143.7%
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	22.4%	14.8%	-7.6%	-34.0%	10.8%	4.2%	-6.6%	-60.9%	3.7%	1.8%	-1.9%	-51.1%
Fresno, CA	51.1%	50.8%	-0.3%	-0.5%	31.9%	33.6%	1.7%	5.2%	8.2%	11.9%	3.7%	45.9%
Gadsden, AL	16.7%	23.4%	6.7%	39.9%	4.2%	11.4%	7.2%	169.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gainesville, FL	51.1%	63.8%	12.8%	25.0%	44.0%	43.0%	-1.0%	-2.3%	20.0%	31.2%	11.2%	55.9%
Galveston-Texas City, TX	27.6%	18.1%	-9.5%	-34.4%	10.9%	7.4%	-3.5%	-32.0%	8.1%	7.4%	-0.8%	-9.4%
Gary, IN	33.8%	25.0%	-8.8%	-26.0%	18.0%	12.2%	-5.8%	-32.2%	8.4%	2.7%	-5.7%	-67.9%
Glens Falls, NY	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Goldensboro, NC	24.5%	15.2%	-9.3%	-37.8%	1.1%	1.2%	0.1%	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grand Forks, ND-MN	7.2%	8.3%	1.1%	15.2%	0.0%	8.3%	8.3%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grand Junction, CO	15.2%	0.0%	-15.2%	-100.0%	3.2%	0.0%	-3.2%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI	29.4%	11.5%	-17.9%	-60.9%	11.4%	2.8%	-8.5%	-75.2%	3.7%	0.9%	-2.8%	-75.9%
Great Falls, MT	22.5%	17.6%	-4.9%	-21.9%	9.9%	3.1%	-6.9%	-69.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Greeley, CO	28.4%	25.4%	-3.0%	-10.7%	12.4%	6.1%	-6.3%	-51.0%	8.4%	6.1%	-2.3%	-27.4%
Green Bay, WI	14.8%	0.1%	-14.7%	-99.2%	4.8%	0.1%	-4.7%	-97.5%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	N/A
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC	16.0%	14.5%	-1.6%	-9.9%	7.8%	5.7%	-2.1%	-26.5%	1.8%	2.0%	0.2%	10.0%
Greenville, NC	41.9%	32.3%	-9.6%	-23.0%	15.9%	28.7%	12.7%	79.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson, SC	14.3%	13.4%	-1.0%	-6.7%	9.7%	7.5%	-2.2%	-22.6%	1.2%	0.8%	-0.4%	-32.1%
Hagerstown, MD	7.9%	14.9%	7.1%	89.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hamilton-Middletown, OH	36.2%	26.3%	-9.9%	-27.4%	25.2%	17.0%	-8.3%	-32.7%	11.8%	15.9%	4.1%	34.8%
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA	23.2%	21.0%	-2.2%	-9.6%	12.5%	8.3%	-4.2%	-33.6%	6.4%	0.0%	-6.4%	-100.0%
Hartford, CT	28.1%	32.6%	4.5%	15.9%	17.5%	10.0%	-7.5%	-42.8%	15.4%	2.7%	-12.7%	-82.7%
Hattiesburg, MS	52.1%	37.8%	-14.4%	-27.5%	33.6%	23.1%	-10.5%	-31.4%	33.6%	2.3%	-31.3%	-93.1%
Hickory-Morganton-Lenoir, NC	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Honolulu, HI	5.7%	9.7%	4.0%	70.0%	4.6%	4.8%	0.2%	3.7%	3.4%	3.2%	-0.2%	-5.3%
Houma, LA	31.6%	18.1%	-13.5%	-42.8%	9.4%	3.2%	-6.3%	-66.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Houston, TX	32.7%	25.3%	-7.4%	-22.7%	15.4%	6.4%	-9.0%	-58.6%	4.2%	1.5%	-2.7%	-65.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH	26.3%	19.3%	-6.9%	-26.4%	7.7%	3.7%	-4.0%	-52.5%	3.1%	3.7%	0.5%	17.2%
Huntsville, AL	16.8%	14.1%	-2.8%	-16.4%	16.8%	11.8%	-5.0%	-29.9%	14.8%	7.6%	-7.2%	-48.7%
Indianapolis, IN	20.4%	13.4%	-7.0%	-34.2%	8.3%	1.6%	-6.7%	-80.8%	1.2%	0.0%	-1.2%	-100.0%
Iowa City, IA	54.9%	39.4%	-15.6%	-28.3%	36.6%	39.4%	2.8%	7.6%	25.0%	28.8%	3.8%	15.3%
Jackson, MI	35.6%	19.4%	-16.3%	-45.7%	24.1%	12.1%	-12.1%	-50.0%	8.9%	0.0%	-8.9%	-100.0%
Jackson, MS	56.1%	46.2%	-9.9%	-17.7%	34.4%	13.6%	-20.8%	-60.5%	18.5%	3.8%	-14.7%	-79.4%
Jackson, TN	40.8%	32.6%	-8.2%	-20.0%	33.1%	20.1%	-13.0%	-39.3%	19.5%	0.0%	-19.5%	-100.0%
Jacksonville, FL	26.8%	16.1%	-10.7%	-39.9%	10.1%	7.7%	-2.4%	-24.0%	3.1%	2.6%	-0.5%	-16.6%
Jacksonville, NC	3.2%	2.8%	-0.4%	-13.1%	0.0%	2.8%	2.8%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Jamestown, NY	14.7%	10.8%	-3.9%	-26.6%	14.7%	0.0%	-14.7%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Janesville-Beloit, WI	12.6%	3.2%	-9.4%	-74.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Jersey City, NJ	14.6%	10.5%	-4.0%	-27.6%	7.1%	3.3%	-3.8%	-54.0%	2.9%	0.0%	-2.9%	-100.0%
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA	11.6%	9.5%	-2.0%	-17.7%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Johnstown, PA	13.6%	13.6%	0.0%	0.0%	5.6%	2.0%	-3.6%	-64.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Jonesboro, AR	24.1%	16.1%	-8.0%	-33.3%	0.0%	16.1%	16.1%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Joplin, MO	6.8%	0.0%	-6.8%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek, MI	38.7%	24.8%	-13.9%	-36.0%	20.3%	11.2%	-9.1%	-44.8%	11.1%	1.3%	-9.8%	-88.4%
Kankakee, IL	44.6%	37.2%	-7.4%	-16.5%	24.6%	0.0%	-24.6%	-100.0%	24.6%	0.0%	-24.6%	-100.0%
Kansas City, MO-KS	23.7%	18.9%	-4.8%	-20.1%	10.0%	5.1%	-4.8%	-48.5%	4.4%	0.3%	-4.1%	-93.4%
Kenosha, WI	14.7%	10.3%	-4.3%	-29.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Killeen-Temple, TX	16.0%	10.7%	-5.3%	-33.0%	6.4%	2.2%	-4.2%	-65.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Knoxville, TN	21.2%	24.0%	2.8%	13.2%	11.5%	12.0%	0.5%	4.2%	9.1%	7.4%	-1.7%	-18.3%
Kokomo, IN	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
La Crosse, WI-MN	27.7%	23.8%	-3.8%	-13.8%	26.5%	23.8%	-2.7%	-10.0%	26.5%	0.0%	-26.5%	-100.0%
Lafayette, IN	61.8%	34.1%	-27.7%	-44.8%	32.8%	15.4%	-17.4%	-53.0%	11.2%	0.0%	-11.2%	-100.0%
Lafayette, LA	42.8%	36.9%	-5.9%	-13.8%	38.2%	33.4%	-4.8%	-12.5%	31.1%	27.5%	-3.6%	-11.6%
Lake Charles, LA	27.4%	17.9%	-9.5%	-34.7%	16.3%	3.2%	-13.1%	-80.2%	8.8%	0.0%	-8.8%	-100.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL	10.5%	12.1%	1.6%	15.3%	2.5%	2.5%	-0.1%	-2.1%	0.0%	2.2%	2.2%	N/A
Lancaster, PA	21.6%	17.8%	-3.8%	-17.4%	7.4%	4.0%	-3.3%	-45.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Lansing-East Lansing, MI	33.7%	26.4%	-7.2%	-21.4%	21.9%	12.8%	-9.1%	-41.4%	15.9%	12.8%	-3.1%	-19.3%
Laredo, TX	84.2%	75.5%	-8.7%	-10.4%	64.8%	43.0%	-21.8%	-33.6%	40.2%	14.4%	-25.7%	-64.1%
Las Cruces, NM	58.3%	61.0%	2.7%	4.6%	34.2%	16.9%	-17.4%	-50.7%	3.8%	1.5%	-2.3%	-60.6%
Las Vegas, NV-AZ	15.7%	14.5%	-1.2%	-7.8%	7.8%	0.8%	-6.9%	-89.2%	4.6%	0.0%	-4.6%	-100.0%
Lawrence, KS	25.0%	23.4%	-1.6%	-6.2%	25.0%	23.4%	-1.6%	-6.2%	7.9%	7.9%	0.0%	-0.3%
Lawrence, MA-NH	42.3%	19.7%	-22.7%	-53.6%	18.2%	2.4%	-15.8%	-86.7%	6.3%	0.0%	-6.3%	-100.0%
Lawton, OK	27.6%	22.6%	-5.0%	-18.2%	8.7%	5.8%	-3.0%	-33.8%	8.7%	0.0%	-8.7%	-100.0%
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	21.6%	24.5%	2.9%	13.4%	7.3%	6.0%	-1.3%	-17.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Lexington, KY	31.4%	20.7%	-10.8%	-34.2%	12.6%	12.3%	-0.3%	-2.1%	3.6%	4.3%	0.6%	17.7%
Lima, OH	28.6%	32.6%	3.9%	13.8%	9.7%	4.5%	-5.3%	-54.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Lincoln, NE	24.9%	17.3%	-7.5%	-30.3%	8.8%	0.2%	-8.5%	-97.5%	8.8%	0.2%	-8.5%	-97.5%
Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR	26.9%	20.2%	-6.7%	-24.9%	8.8%	3.3%	-5.4%	-61.9%	3.0%	2.1%	-0.9%	-29.5%
Longview-Marshall, TX	27.5%	12.5%	-15.0%	-54.7%	3.8%	0.0%	-3.8%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	30.1%	37.3%	7.2%	23.8%	9.5%	15.0%	5.6%	59.1%	2.2%	3.8%	1.6%	74.8%
Louisville, KY-IN	36.3%	26.6%	-9.7%	-26.6%	18.2%	17.9%	-0.2%	-1.3%	13.3%	10.1%	-3.2%	-24.0%
Lowell, MA-NH	28.9%	24.2%	-4.6%	-16.1%	20.8%	5.8%	-14.9%	-71.9%	6.6%	5.8%	-0.8%	-12.1%
Lubbock, TX	42.1%	28.6%	-13.5%	-32.0%	24.1%	5.6%	-18.5%	-76.9%	8.8%	0.0%	-8.8%	-100.0%
Lynchburg, VA	11.1%	5.4%	-5.7%	-51.1%	7.7%	0.8%	-6.9%	-89.1%	0.1%	0.8%	0.7%	539.5%
Macon, GA	38.8%	33.1%	-5.7%	-14.6%	25.9%	14.9%	-11.0%	-42.4%	8.5%	5.5%	-3.0%	-35.2%
Madison, WI	39.7%	35.1%	-4.6%	-11.7%	29.7%	25.1%	-4.6%	-15.6%	23.3%	25.1%	1.8%	7.8%
Manchester, NH	11.7%	11.3%	-0.4%	-3.7%	0.0%	7.1%	7.1%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Mansfield, OH	13.8%	7.7%	-6.1%	-44.2%	7.1%	0.0%	-7.1%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	89.9%	83.5%	-6.4%	-7.1%	75.6%	61.5%	-14.1%	-18.6%	45.9%	20.4%	-25.5%	-55.6%
Medford-Ashland, OR	4.0%	12.6%	8.6%	215.2%	4.0%	3.7%	-0.3%	-6.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL	13.0%	8.2%	-4.8%	-37.1%	5.8%	3.4%	-2.4%	-41.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Memphis, TN-AR-MS	51.6%	42.5%	-9.1%	-17.6%	39.9%	21.5%	-18.5%	-46.2%	17.4%	8.2%	-9.2%	-53.1%
Merced, CA	28.4%	33.3%	4.9%	17.2%	20.9%	16.6%	-4.3%	-20.8%	0.0%	4.6%	4.6%	N/A
Miami, FL	36.4%	31.2%	-5.3%	-14.4%	22.9%	15.9%	-7.0%	-30.7%	9.4%	5.6%	-3.9%	-40.9%
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ	3.0%	9.2%	6.2%	207.2%	0.0%	6.9%	6.9%	N/A	0.0%	0.8%	0.8%	N/A
Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI	51.9%	44.1%	-7.8%	-15.0%	43.3%	23.4%	-19.9%	-45.9%	25.5%	6.9%	-18.6%	-72.9%
Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	25.0%	16.7%	-8.3%	-33.4%	18.0%	9.1%	-8.9%	-49.7%	5.7%	0.5%	-5.1%	-90.4%
Missoula, MT	24.6%	24.4%	-0.2%	-0.7%	6.2%	6.5%	0.3%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Mobile, AL	46.4%	35.4%	-11.0%	-23.6%	33.9%	21.1%	-12.9%	-37.9%	23.1%	14.9%	-8.2%	-35.4%
Modesto, CA	14.8%	23.4%	8.6%	57.8%	3.0%	5.8%	2.8%	92.7%	3.0%	0.0%	-3.0%	-100.0%
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	7.9%	16.3%	8.4%	107.1%	0.0%	7.5%	7.5%	N/A	0.0%	3.2%	3.2%	N/A
Monroe, LA	62.7%	57.2%	-5.5%	-8.7%	54.5%	42.7%	-11.9%	-21.7%	45.1%	25.5%	-19.6%	-43.4%
Montgomery, AL	38.9%	31.6%	-7.4%	-18.9%	34.1%	19.7%	-14.4%	-42.3%	19.0%	10.8%	-8.2%	-43.1%
Muncie, IN	43.2%	40.5%	-2.7%	-6.2%	27.8%	26.7%	-1.2%	-4.1%	9.4%	13.9%	4.4%	47.1%
Myrtle Beach, SC	26.3%	6.0%	-20.3%	-77.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Naples, FL	48.8%	34.8%	-13.9%	-28.6%	27.8%	14.2%	-13.6%	-48.9%	24.6%	6.8%	-17.8%	-72.3%
Nashua, NH	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Nashville, TN	24.7%	16.5%	-8.2%	-33.3%	14.8%	9.1%	-5.7%	-38.6%	11.1%	4.8%	-6.3%	-56.6%
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	0.6%	0.2%	-0.4%	-70.3%	0.5%	0.0%	-0.5%	-94.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
New Bedford, MA	14.5%	32.2%	17.7%	121.4%	0.0%	8.5%	8.5%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
New Haven-Meriden, CT	29.5%	26.4%	-3.1%	-10.4%	10.5%	13.8%	3.3%	32.0%	2.0%	0.0%	-2.0%	-100.0%
New London-Norwich, CT-RI	6.0%	5.6%	-0.4%	-7.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
New Orleans, LA	54.6%	45.7%	-8.9%	-16.2%	35.1%	22.8%	-12.3%	-35.0%	19.5%	11.3%	-8.2%	-42.1%
New York, NY	49.8%	47.6%	-2.2%	-4.5%	31.8%	26.6%	-5.3%	-16.5%	14.3%	9.7%	-4.6%	-32.4%
Newark, NJ	31.2%	25.2%	-6.0%	-19.1%	14.3%	12.4%	-1.9%	-13.3%	4.6%	5.8%	1.2%	25.9%
Newburgh, NY-PA	24.5%	36.6%	12.0%	49.1%	24.5%	21.6%	-2.9%	-11.8%	16.1%	21.6%	5.5%	34.5%
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC	29.1%	20.1%	-9.0%	-31.0%	20.0%	14.1%	-5.9%	-29.5%	13.2%	8.3%	-4.9%	-37.3%
Oakland, CA	17.0%	15.7%	-1.4%	-8.0%	5.9%	6.4%	0.5%	7.6%	2.5%	3.0%	0.5%	20.4%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Ocala, FL	11.0%	10.9%	-0.1%	-0.7%	11.0%	2.6%	-8.3%	-76.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Odessa-Midland, TX	42.0%	26.4%	-15.6%	-37.1%	25.8%	0.0%	-25.8%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Oklahoma City, OK	22.7%	20.0%	-2.7%	-11.8%	13.4%	9.5%	-4.0%	-29.6%	5.9%	1.4%	-4.5%	-75.9%
Olympia, WA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Omaha, NE-IA	28.5%	18.0%	-10.5%	-36.9%	12.2%	4.2%	-8.0%	-65.2%	3.7%	2.4%	-1.3%	-34.3%
Orange County, CA	6.5%	11.1%	4.6%	71.2%	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	2320.4%	0.0%	0.7%	0.6%	2202.3%
Orlando, FL	14.6%	10.3%	-4.2%	-29.1%	6.5%	6.4%	-0.1%	-1.2%	2.4%	2.7%	0.2%	9.3%
Owensboro, KY	38.7%	17.6%	-21.1%	-54.6%	11.0%	0.0%	-11.0%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Panama City, FL	29.9%	15.4%	-14.5%	-48.4%	8.8%	3.7%	-5.1%	-58.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH	7.0%	6.9%	-0.1%	-1.5%	6.1%	1.4%	-4.7%	-77.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pensacola, FL	27.3%	14.2%	-13.1%	-48.1%	11.0%	5.2%	-5.7%	-52.2%	5.0%	0.0%	-5.0%	-100.0%
Peoria-Pekin, IL	28.3%	33.0%	4.7%	16.7%	16.7%	24.2%	7.5%	45.1%	10.7%	8.7%	-2.0%	-18.7%
Philadelphia, PA-NJ	37.8%	39.6%	1.8%	4.8%	23.0%	19.9%	-3.1%	-13.5%	11.7%	7.9%	-3.8%	-32.4%
Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	30.9%	25.7%	-5.3%	-17.0%	16.0%	10.9%	-5.1%	-32.1%	7.5%	5.7%	-1.8%	-23.8%
Pine Bluff, AR	56.5%	47.9%	-8.5%	-15.1%	34.0%	19.2%	-14.8%	-43.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pittsburgh, PA	22.1%	17.7%	-4.4%	-19.7%	12.0%	9.1%	-2.9%	-24.1%	6.5%	4.8%	-1.7%	-25.7%
Pittsfield, MA	0.4%	0.0%	-0.4%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pocatello, ID	17.1%	17.3%	0.1%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Portland, ME	15.8%	9.9%	-5.9%	-37.2%	11.0%	0.0%	-11.0%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA	9.1%	4.7%	-4.4%	-48.8%	4.4%	1.7%	-2.7%	-61.5%	0.9%	0.7%	-0.2%	-22.4%
Portsmouth-Rochester, NH-ME	0.0%	13.1%	13.1%	N/A	0.0%	8.2%	8.2%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA	18.0%	30.4%	12.4%	68.7%	3.0%	10.2%	7.1%	234.0%	0.8%	0.0%	-0.8%	-100.0%
Provo-Orem, UT	42.8%	44.2%	1.4%	3.2%	29.9%	28.9%	-1.0%	-3.4%	26.4%	24.0%	-2.4%	-9.2%
Pueblo, CO	50.8%	17.3%	-33.5%	-66.0%	14.0%	0.5%	-13.5%	-96.2%	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%	N/A
Punta Gorda, FL	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Racine, WI	46.5%	13.0%	-33.6%	-72.1%	13.0%	1.9%	-11.1%	-85.1%	2.8%	1.9%	-0.9%	-32.2%
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC	17.2%	19.4%	2.2%	12.7%	7.3%	5.3%	-2.0%	-26.8%	6.0%	3.7%	-2.3%	-37.6%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Rapid City, SD	0.0%	10.8%	10.8%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Reading, PA	26.5%	38.3%	11.8%	44.5%	12.4%	18.8%	6.4%	51.8%	6.5%	4.8%	-1.7%	-26.2%
Redding, CA	3.1%	2.1%	-1.0%	-31.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Reno, NV	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA	33.2%	29.0%	-4.2%	-12.7%	7.6%	0.0%	-7.6%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Richmond-Petersburg, VA	29.1%	24.3%	-4.8%	-16.5%	15.5%	10.4%	-5.1%	-33.0%	12.3%	8.0%	-4.3%	-34.7%
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	12.8%	22.6%	9.8%	76.6%	3.2%	7.7%	4.5%	141.7%	0.0%	2.2%	2.2%	112088.2%
Roanoke, VA	26.4%	35.2%	8.7%	32.9%	8.8%	6.0%	-2.8%	-31.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Rochester, MN	0.1%	0.0%	-0.1%	-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	-0.1%	-100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	-0.1%	-100.0%
Rochester, NY	30.9%	32.9%	2.1%	6.7%	18.4%	18.2%	-0.1%	-0.7%	6.0%	4.2%	-1.9%	-30.8%
Rockford, IL	26.8%	18.2%	-8.6%	-32.1%	16.2%	8.6%	-7.6%	-46.8%	11.3%	0.0%	-11.3%	-100.0%
Rocky Mount, NC	12.3%	18.9%	6.6%	54.0%	0.6%	1.5%	0.9%	141.7%	0.0%	0.8%	0.8%	N/A
Sacramento, CA	21.2%	23.5%	2.3%	10.8%	5.3%	5.4%	0.1%	1.8%	2.1%	1.7%	-0.4%	-20.1%
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI	31.0%	27.3%	-3.7%	-12.0%	22.7%	21.0%	-1.7%	-7.5%	18.6%	5.0%	-13.6%	-73.0%
St. Cloud, MN	23.0%	23.7%	0.7%	3.0%	22.1%	22.1%	0.0%	0.2%	3.4%	0.0%	-3.4%	-100.0%
St. Joseph, MO	29.4%	7.7%	-21.7%	-73.8%	9.6%	0.0%	-9.6%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
St. Louis, MO-IL	36.3%	25.0%	-11.3%	-31.2%	19.8%	13.8%	-6.0%	-30.3%	9.8%	6.4%	-3.3%	-34.0%
Salem, OR	0.0%	4.5%	4.5%	N/A	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Salinas, CA	9.0%	1.2%	-7.8%	-87.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	13.9%	6.3%	-7.6%	-54.8%	4.7%	3.1%	-1.6%	-33.4%	1.9%	0.9%	-1.0%	-50.9%
San Angelo, TX	39.0%	17.1%	-21.9%	-56.2%	8.7%	4.9%	-3.7%	-43.1%	8.7%	0.0%	-8.7%	-100.0%
San Antonio, TX	48.9%	27.6%	-21.4%	-43.6%	29.4%	8.2%	-21.2%	-72.2%	12.3%	0.6%	-11.8%	-95.5%
San Diego, CA	22.8%	22.6%	-0.2%	-0.9%	6.3%	9.1%	2.7%	43.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%	N/A
San Francisco, CA	8.0%	6.2%	-1.8%	-22.2%	3.7%	1.7%	-2.0%	-54.7%	0.0%	1.7%	1.7%	10233.5%
San Jose, CA	7.3%	1.6%	-5.8%	-78.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
San Luis Obispo-Atascadero-Paso Robles, CA	13.0%	15.9%	2.9%	22.6%	13.0%	12.1%	-0.8%	-6.3%	13.0%	12.1%	-0.8%	-6.3%
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	23.6%	21.0%	-2.6%	-10.8%	18.7%	17.2%	-1.5%	-7.9%	17.1%	15.7%	-1.3%	-7.8%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Santa Fe, NM	8.3%	7.1%	-1.2%	-14.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Santa Rosa, CA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sarasota-Bradenton, FL	9.1%	15.3%	6.1%	67.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Savannah, GA	42.1%	25.7%	-16.4%	-39.0%	21.8%	15.1%	-6.7%	-30.9%	13.2%	10.7%	-2.5%	-18.9%
Scranton—Wilkes-Barre—Hazleton, PA	8.5%	8.5%	0.0%	0.4%	4.0%	3.7%	-0.4%	-8.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA	10.6%	6.9%	-3.7%	-34.5%	5.0%	2.4%	-2.6%	-51.4%	2.0%	0.5%	-1.5%	-74.1%
Sharon, PA	20.9%	12.3%	-8.6%	-41.2%	13.5%	8.7%	-4.7%	-35.2%	8.2%	5.9%	-2.3%	-28.0%
Sheboygan, WI	3.8%	0.0%	-3.8%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sherman-Denison, TX	7.3%	0.0%	-7.3%	-100.0%	1.2%	0.0%	-1.2%	-100.0%	1.2%	0.0%	-1.2%	-100.0%
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	56.2%	46.1%	-10.1%	-18.0%	38.5%	25.2%	-13.3%	-34.6%	13.6%	7.4%	-6.3%	-46.0%
Sioux City, IA-NE	18.5%	12.6%	-5.8%	-31.5%	13.6%	0.2%	-13.3%	-98.4%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	N/A
Sioux Falls, SD	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
South Bend, IN	18.4%	13.8%	-4.6%	-24.8%	3.0%	2.7%	-0.3%	-9.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Spokane, WA	22.7%	16.9%	-5.8%	-25.5%	8.5%	2.0%	-6.4%	-75.8%	2.3%	0.0%	-2.3%	-100.0%
Springfield, IL	28.1%	25.7%	-2.4%	-8.4%	10.8%	13.1%	2.3%	20.9%	4.5%	5.9%	1.4%	30.3%
Springfield, MO	22.1%	11.8%	-10.3%	-46.6%	11.2%	3.6%	-7.6%	-67.9%	4.5%	3.6%	-0.9%	-20.3%
Springfield, MA	36.5%	33.1%	-3.4%	-9.2%	28.7%	21.6%	-7.1%	-24.7%	15.2%	9.6%	-5.5%	-36.6%
Stamford-Norwalk, CT	0.0%	4.6%	4.6%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
State College, PA	50.3%	49.5%	-0.8%	-1.6%	50.3%	49.5%	-0.8%	-1.6%	36.1%	47.1%	11.0%	30.4%
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	12.0%	15.2%	3.2%	26.5%	10.4%	8.2%	-2.2%	-21.6%	10.4%	3.7%	-6.7%	-64.4%
Stockton-Lodi, CA	33.1%	42.2%	9.1%	27.4%	15.2%	17.1%	1.9%	12.2%	3.9%	2.4%	-1.4%	-37.4%
Sumter, SC	46.2%	12.1%	-34.1%	-73.8%	22.1%	0.0%	-22.1%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Syracuse, NY	27.0%	30.8%	3.8%	14.1%	20.1%	16.9%	-3.2%	-15.9%	11.4%	8.6%	-2.8%	-24.9%
Tacoma, WA	15.9%	9.4%	-6.4%	-40.4%	10.1%	4.7%	-5.4%	-53.4%	6.3%	2.3%	-4.1%	-64.4%
Tallahassee, FL	49.8%	47.8%	-2.0%	-4.0%	34.2%	39.8%	5.6%	16.4%	16.3%	23.9%	7.6%	46.8%
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	19.2%	13.9%	-5.4%	-27.9%	9.1%	5.5%	-3.5%	-38.9%	6.4%	2.7%	-3.8%	-58.7%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Terre Haute, IN	25.5%	21.0%	-4.5%	-17.6%	6.5%	14.4%	7.9%	122.6%	0.7%	0.0%	-0.6%	-94.0%
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	31.2%	30.2%	-1.0%	-3.2%	13.4%	16.2%	2.8%	21.0%	13.4%	4.5%	-8.9%	-66.7%
Toledo, OH	48.1%	34.1%	-13.9%	-28.9%	25.0%	10.6%	-14.3%	-57.4%	9.3%	3.9%	-5.4%	-58.3%
Topeka, KS	23.0%	16.2%	-6.7%	-29.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Trenton, NJ	15.7%	14.6%	-1.1%	-7.1%	7.9%	7.6%	-0.3%	-4.3%	0.0%	2.6%	2.6%	N/A
Tucson, AZ	40.0%	35.4%	-4.6%	-11.5%	22.8%	10.8%	-12.0%	-52.7%	12.9%	1.3%	-11.6%	-90.1%
Tulsa, OK	22.3%	14.4%	-7.9%	-35.3%	12.9%	6.7%	-6.1%	-47.5%	2.7%	1.3%	-1.4%	-53.2%
Tuscaloosa, AL	44.5%	40.5%	-4.1%	-9.1%	29.1%	16.1%	-13.0%	-44.8%	14.1%	13.5%	-0.5%	-3.8%
Tyler, TX	27.2%	17.6%	-9.6%	-35.2%	18.0%	0.0%	-18.0%	-100.0%	4.5%	0.0%	-4.5%	-100.0%
Utica-Rome, NY	22.5%	24.2%	1.6%	7.2%	6.8%	14.3%	7.5%	111.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	N/A
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	0.0%	2.4%	2.4%	N/A	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	N/A	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	N/A
Ventura, CA	6.5%	7.2%	0.7%	11.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Victoria, TX	28.9%	0.0%	-28.9%	-100.0%	15.6%	0.0%	-15.6%	-100.0%	9.5%	0.0%	-9.5%	-100.0%
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	20.7%	16.2%	-4.5%	-21.9%	10.0%	0.0%	-10.0%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	31.8%	48.0%	16.1%	50.7%	11.6%	16.0%	4.4%	38.1%	2.5%	0.1%	-2.4%	-95.3%
Waco, TX	56.8%	45.8%	-10.9%	-19.3%	40.8%	30.8%	-10.0%	-24.4%	22.6%	26.5%	3.9%	17.1%
Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV	14.2%	13.6%	-0.6%	-4.0%	4.2%	7.6%	3.4%	80.3%	0.7%	2.7%	2.0%	293.5%
Waterbury, CT	13.3%	20.4%	7.2%	54.1%	0.0%	9.1%	9.1%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	36.3%	23.9%	-12.4%	-34.1%	9.3%	11.1%	1.8%	19.7%	4.7%	0.0%	-4.7%	-100.0%
Wausau, WI	12.0%	0.0%	-12.0%	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL	19.9%	18.4%	-1.5%	-7.3%	8.7%	7.8%	-1.0%	-11.0%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	N/A
Wheeling, WV-OH	12.9%	12.2%	-0.7%	-5.3%	0.0%	6.3%	6.3%	N/A	0.0%	1.3%	1.3%	N/A
Wichita, KS	25.2%	11.4%	-13.7%	-54.6%	11.3%	4.9%	-6.4%	-56.7%	2.7%	0.0%	-2.7%	-100.0%
Wichita Falls, TX	32.7%	12.6%	-20.1%	-61.4%	20.5%	5.8%	-14.7%	-71.6%	5.0%	0.0%	-5.0%	-100.0%
Williamsport, PA	18.8%	20.0%	1.2%	6.1%	5.5%	6.1%	0.5%	9.7%	5.5%	0.0%	-5.5%	-100.0%
Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD	10.9%	21.2%	10.3%	94.7%	5.3%	15.2%	9.9%	188.2%	2.8%	7.5%	4.7%	170.1%
Wilmington, NC	29.6%	13.8%	-15.8%	-53.5%	17.3%	6.2%	-11.1%	-64.1%	7.0%	0.0%	-7.0%	-100.0%

Metropolitan Area	30% Poverty Concentration				40% Poverty Concentration				50% Poverty Concentration			
	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change	1990	2000	Absolute Change	% Change
Worcester, MA-CT	19.8%	31.9%	12.1%	61.2%	10.2%	13.1%	2.9%	28.1%	5.9%	4.9%	-1.0%	-17.4%
Yakima, WA	42.4%	43.7%	1.3%	3.0%	23.5%	11.5%	-12.0%	-51.1%	2.9%	2.3%	-0.6%	-19.5%
Yolo, CA	39.7%	39.4%	-0.2%	-0.6%	8.6%	6.1%	-2.5%	-29.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
York, PA	13.6%	17.0%	3.4%	25.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Youngstown-Warren, OH	31.0%	26.3%	-4.6%	-14.9%	20.4%	6.8%	-13.6%	-66.6%	10.0%	2.1%	-7.9%	-78.8%
Yuba City, CA	20.9%	21.2%	0.2%	1.2%	0.0%	13.7%	13.7%	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Yuma, AZ	56.5%	34.2%	-22.2%	-39.4%	21.0%	10.8%	-10.1%	-48.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Non Metro Area Total	23.2%	14.8%	-8.4%	-36.2%	9.7%	5.3%	-4.4%	-45.4%	4.5%	2.0%	-2.5%	-55.6%
Metro Area Total	31.4%	26.7%	-4.7%	-15.0%	17.6%	12.4%	-5.2%	-29.5%	8.2%	4.7%	-3.5%	-42.7%
U.S. Total	29.3%	23.9%	-5.4%	-18.4%	15.5%	10.8%	-4.7%	-30.3%	7.2%	4.1%	-3.1%	-43.1%

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